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(54) Title: INSECTICIDAL PROTEIN TOXINS FROM PHOTORHABDUS

(57) Abstract

Proteins from the genus *Photorhabdus* are toxic to insects upon exposure. *Photorhabdus luminescens* (formerly *Xenorhabdus luminescens*) have been found in mammalian clinical samples and as a bacterial symbiont of entomopathogenic nematodes of genus *Heterorhabditis*. These protein toxins can be applied to, or genetically engineered into, insect larvae food and plants for insect control.

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INSECTICIDAL PROTEIN TOXINS FROM PHOTORHABDUS

Cross-reference to Related Application

This patent application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/743,699 filed on November 6, 1996, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/705,484 filed on August 28, 1996, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/608,423 filed February 28, 1996, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/395,947 filed February 28, 1995, which was a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/063,615 filed May 18, 1993. This application is also a continuation-in-part of provisional U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 60/007,255 filed November 6, 1995.

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to toxins isolated from bacteria 20 and the use of said toxins as insecticides.

Background of the Invention

Many insects are widely regarded as pests to homeowners, to

picnickers, to gardeners, and to farmers and others whose
investments in agricultural products are often destroyed or
diminished as a result of insect damage to field crops.

Particularly in areas where the growing season is short,
significant insect damage can mean the loss of all profits to

growers and a dramatic decrease in crop yield. Scarce supply of
particular agricultural products invariably results in higher costs
to food processors and, then, to the ultimate consumers of food
plants and products derived from those plants.

Preventing insect damage to crops and flowers and eliminating the nuisance of insect pests have typically relied on strong organic pesticides and insecticides with broad toxicities. These synthetic products have come under attack by the general population as being too harsh on the environment and on those exposed to such agents. Similarly in non-agricultural settings, homeowners would be satisfied to have insects avoid their homes or outdoor meals without needing to kill the insects.

The extensive use of chemical insecticides has raised environmental and health concerns for farmers, companies that

produce the insecticides, government agencies, public interest groups, and the public in general. The development of less intrusive pest management strategies has been spurred along both by societal concern for the environment and by the development of biological tools which exploit mechanisms of insect management. Biological control agents present a promising alternative to chemical insecticides.

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Organisms at every evolutionary development level have devised means to enhance their own success and survival. The use of biological molecules as tools of defense and aggression is known throughout the animal and plant kingdoms. In addition, the relatively new tools of the genetic engineer allow modifications to biological insecticides to accomplish particular solutions to particular problems.

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One such agent, Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt), is an effective insecticidal agent, and is widely commercially used as such. In fact, the insecticidal agent of the Bt bacterium is a protein which has such limited toxicity, it can be used on human food crops on the day of harvest. To non-targeted organisms, the Bt toxin is a digestible non-toxic protein.

Another known class of biological insect control agents are certain genera of nematodes known to be vectors of transmission for insect-killing bacterial symbionts. Nematodes containing insecticidal bacteria invade insect larvae. The bacteria then kill the larvae. The nematodes reproduce in the larval cadaver. The nematode progeny then eat the cadaver from within. The bacteria-containing nematode progeny thus produced can then invade additional larvae.

In the past, insecticidal nematodes in the Steinernema and Heterorhabditis genera were used as insect control agents.

Apparently, each genus of nematode hosts a particular species of bacterium. In nematodes of the Heterorhabditis genus, the symbiotic bacterium is Photorhabdus luminescens.

Although these nematodes are effective insect control agents, it is presently difficult, expensive, and inefficient to produce, maintain, and distribute nematodes for insect control.

It has been known in the art that one may isolate an insecticidal toxin from *Photorhabdus luminescens* that has activity only when injected into Lepidopteran and Coleopteran insect larvae. This has made it impossible to effectively exploit the insecticidal properties of the nematode or its bacterial symbiont. What would be useful would be a more practical, less labor-intensive wide-area delivery method of an insecticidal toxin which would retain its

biological properties after delivery. It would be quite desirous to discover toxins with oral activity produced by the genus *Photorhabdus*. The isolation and use of these toxins are desirous due to efficacious reasons. Until applicants' discoveries, these toxins had not been isolated or characterized.

Summary of the Invention

The native toxins are protein complexes that are produced and secreted by growing bacteria cells of the genus Photorhabdus, of interest are the proteins produced by the species Photorhabdus luminescens. The protein complexes, with a molecular size of approximately 1,000 kDa, can be separated by SDS-PAGE gel analysis into numerous component proteins. The toxins contain no hemolysin, lipase, type C phospholipase, or nuclease activities. The toxins exhibit significant toxicity upon exposure administration to a number of insects.

The present invention provides an easily administered insecticidal protein as well as the expression of toxin in a heterologous system.

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The present invention also provides a method for delivering insecticidal toxins that are functional active and effective against many orders of insects.

Objects, advantages, and features of the present invention will become apparent from the following specification.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 is an illustration of a match of cloned DNA isolates 30 used as a part of sequence genes for the toxin of the present invention.

Fig. 2 is a map of three plasmids used in the sequencing process.

Fig. 3 is a map illustrating the inter-relationship of several partial DNA fragments.

Fig. 4 is an illustration of a homology analysis between the protein sequences of TcbAii and TcaBii proteins.

Fig. 5 is a phenogram of *Photorhabdus* strains. Relationship of *Photorhabdus* Strains was defined by rep-PCR.

The upper axis of Fig. 5 measures the percentage similarity of strains based on scoring of rep-PCR products (i.e., 0.0 [no similarity] to 1.0 [100% similarity]). At the right axis, the numbers and letters indicate the various strains tested; 14=W-14,

15.50 1.20 年 15.57 15.50 15.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 16.50 1

Hm=Hm, H9=H9, 7=WX-7, 1=WX-1, 2=WX-2, 88=HP88, NC-1=NC-1, 4=WX-4, 9=WX-9, 8=WX-8, 10=WX-10, WIR=WIR, 3=WX-3, 11=WX-11, 5=WX-5, 6=WX-6, 12=WX-12, x14=WX-14, 15=WX-15, Hb=Hb, B2=B2, 48 through 52=ATCC 43948 through ATCC 43952. Vertical lines separating horizontal lines indicate the degree of relatedness (as read from the extrapolated intersection of the vertical line with the upper axis) between strains or groups of strains at the base of the horizontal lines (e.g., strain W-14 is approximately 60% similar to strains H9 and Hm).

Fig. 6 is an illustration of the genomic maps of the W-14 Strain.

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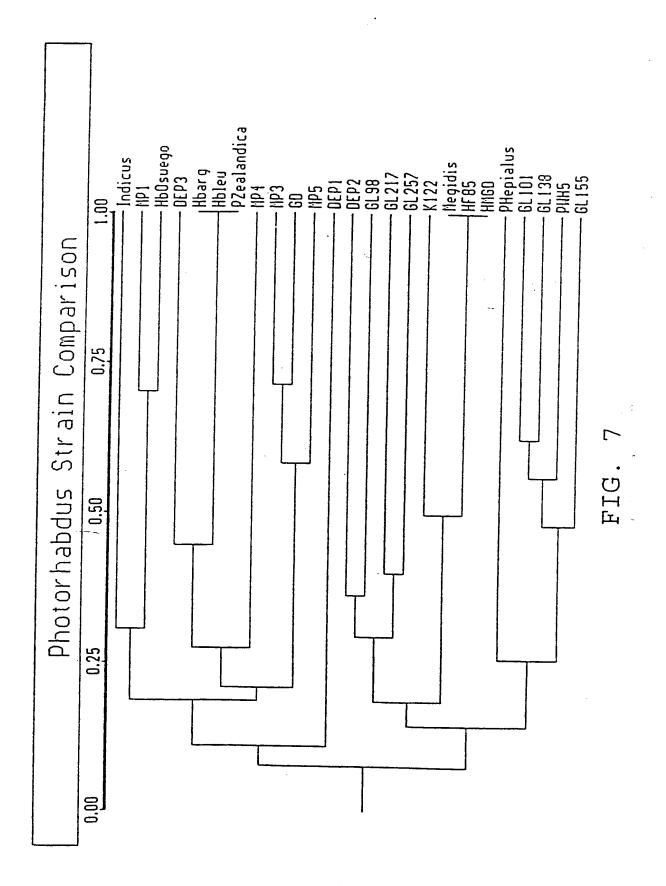
Fig. 6A is an illustration of the tca and tcb loci and primary gene products.

Fig. 7 is a phenogram of Photorhabdus strains as defined by rep-PCR. The upper axis of Fig. 7 measures the percentage 15 similarity of strains based on scoring of rep-PCR products (i.e., 0.0 [no similarity] to 1.0 [100% similarity]). At the right axis, the numbers and letters indicate the various strains tested. Vertical lines separating horizontal lines indicate the degree of relatedness (as read from the extrapolated intersection of the 20 vertical line with the upper axis) between strains or groups of strains at the base of the horizontal lines (e.g., strain Indicus is approximately 30% similar to strains MP1 and HB Oswego). Note that the Photorhabdus strains on the phenogram are as follows: 14 = W-14; Hm = Hm; H9 = H9; 7 = WX-7; 1 = WX-1; 2 = WX-2; 88 = HP88; 25 NC1 = NC-1; 4 = WX-4; 9 = WX-9; 8 = WX-8; 10 = WX-10; 30 = W30; WIR = WIR; 3 - WX-3; 11 = WX-11; 5 = WX-5; 6 = WX-6; 12 = WX-12; 15 =WX - 15; X14 = WX - 14; Hb = Hb; B2 = B2; 48 = ATCC 43948; 49 = ATCC43949; 50 = ATCC 43950; 51 = ATCC 43951; 52 = ATCC 43952. 30

Detailed Description of the Invention

The present inventions are directed to the discovery of a unique class of insecticidal protein toxins from the genus Photorhabdus that have oral toxicity against insects. A unique feature of Photorhabdus is its bioluminescence. Photorhabdus may be isolated from a variety of sources. One such source is nematodes, more particularly nematodes of the genus

40 Heterorhabditis. Another such source is from human clinical samples from wounds, see Farmer et al. 1989 J. Clin. Microbiol. 27



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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/07657

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| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. | | | | |
| Υ | WILSON et al. Laboratory tests of the potential of entopathogenic nematodes for the control of field slugs. Journal of invertebrate Pathology. 1994, Vol. 64, pages 182-187. | | | | | |
| Υ | CLARKE et al. Virulence mechanisms of Photorhabdus sp. strain K122 toward wax moth larvae. Journal of Invertebrate Pathology. 1995, Vol. 66, pages 149-155. | | | | | |
| Y | VAECK et al. Transgenic plants protected from insect attack. Nature. July 1987, vol. 328, pages 33-37. | 1-99 | | | | |
| Furth | ner documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. | | | | | |
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/07657

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| A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER: IPC (6): | | |
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| A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER: US CL: | | |
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pp. 1594-1600. These saprohytic strains are deposited in the American Type Culture Collection (Rockville, MD) ATCC #s 43948, 43949, 43950, 43951, and 43952, and are incorporated herein by reference. It is possible that other sources could harbor *Photorhabdus* bacteria that produce insecticidal toxins. Such sources in the environment could be either terrestrial or aquatic based.

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The genus Photorhabdus is taxonomically defined as a member of the Family Enterobacteriaceae, although it has certain traits atypical of this family. For example, strains of this genus are 10 nitrate reduction negative, yellow and red pigment producing and bioluminescent. This latter trait is otherwise unknown within the Enterobacteriaceae. Photorhabdus has only recently been described as a genus separate from the Xenorhabdus (Boemare et al., 1993 Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 43, 249-255). This differentiation is based on 15 DNA-DNA hybridization studies, phenotypic differences (e.g., presence (Photorhabdus) or absence (Xenorhabdus) of catalase and bioluminescence) and the Family of the nematode host (Xenorhabdus; Steinernematidae, Photorhabdus; Heterorhabditidae). Comparative, cellular fatty-acid analyses (Janse et al. 1990, Lett. Appl. 20 Microbiol 10, 131-135; Suzuki et al. 1990, J. Gen. Appl. Microbiol., 36, 393-401) support the separation of Photorhabdus from Xenorhabdus.

In order to establish that the strain collection disclosed herein was comprised of Photorhabdus strains, the strains were 25 characterized based on recognized traits which define Photorhabdus and differentiate it from other Enterobacteriaceae and Xenorhabdus (Farmer, 1984 Bergey's Manual of Systemic Bacteriology Vol. 1 pp.510-511; Akhurst and Boemare 1988, J. Gen. Microbiol. 134 pp. 1835-1845; Boemare et al. 1993 Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 43 30 pp. 249-255, which are incorporated herein by reference). traits studied were the following: gram stain negative rods, organism size, colony pigmentation, inclusion bodies, presence of catalase, ability to reduce nitrate, bioluminescence, dye uptake, gelatin hydrolysis, growth on selective media, growth temperature, 35 survival under anerobic conditions and motility. Fatty acid analysis was used to confirm that the strains herein all belong to the single genus Photorhabdus.

Currently, the bacterial genus *Photorhabdus* is comprised of a single defined species, *Photorhabdus luminescens* (ATCC Type strain #29999, Poinar et al., 1977, Nematologica 23, 97-102). A variety of related strains have been described in the literature (e.g., Akhurst et al. 1988 J. Gen. Microbiol., 134, 1835-1845; Boemare

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et al. 1993 Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 43 pp. 249-255; Putz et al. 1990, Appl. Environ. Microbiol., 56, 181-186). Numerous Photorhabdus strains have been characterized herein. Because there is currently only one species (luminescens) defined within the genus Photorhabdus, the luminescens species traits were used to characterize the strains herein. As can be seen in Fig. 5, these strains are quite diverse. It is not unforeseen that in the future there may be other Photorhabdus species that will have some of the attributes of the luminescens species as well as some different characteristics that are presently not defined as a trait of Photorhabdus luminescens. However, the scope of the invention herein is to any Photorhabdus species or strains which produce proteins that have functional activity as insect control agents, regardless of other traits and characteristics.

15 Furthermore, as is demonstrated herein, the bacteria of the genus *Photorhabdus* produce proteins that have functional activity as defined herein. Of particular interest are proteins produced by the species *Photorhabdus luminescens*. The inventions herein should in no way be limited to the strains which are disclosed herein.

These strains illustrate for the first time that proteins produced by diverse isolates of *Photorhabdus* are toxic upon exposure to insects. Thus, included within the inventions described herein are the strains specified herein and any mutants thereof, as well as any strains or species of the genus *Photorhabdus* that have the functional activity described herein.

There are several terms that are used herein that have a particular meaning and are as follows:

By "functional activity" it is meant herein that the protein

10 toxin(s) function as insect control agents in that the proteins are orally active, or have a toxic effect, or are able to disrupt or deter feeding, which may or may not cause death of the insect.

When an insect comes into contact with an effective amount of toxin delivered via transgenic plant expression, formulated protein compositions(s), sprayable protein composition(s), a bait matrix or other delivery system, the results are typically death of the insect, or the insects do not feed upon the source which makes the toxins available to the insects.

40 By the use of the term "genetic material" herein, it is meant to include all genes, nucleic acid, DNA and RNA.

By "homolog" it is meant an amino acid sequence that is identified as possessing homology to a reference W-14 toxin polypeptide amino acid sequence.

By "homology" it is meant an amino acid sequence that has a similarity index of at least 33% and/or an identity index of at least 26% to a reference W-14 toxin polypeptide amino acid sequence, as scored by the GAP algorithm using the BlOsum 62 protein scoring matrix (Wisconsin Package Version 9.0, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Madison, WI).

By "identity" is meant an amino acid sequence that contains an identical residue at a given position, following alignment with a reference W-14 toxin polypeptide amino acid sequence by the GAP algorithm.

The protein toxins discussed herein are typically referred to as "insecticides". By insecticides it is meant herein that the protein toxins have a "functional activity" as further defined herein and are used as insect control agents.

By the use of the term "oligonucleotides" it is meant a macromolecule consisting of a short chain of nucleotides of either RNA or DNA. Such length could be at least one nucleotide, but typically are in the range of about 10 to about 12 nucleotides. The determination of the length of the oligonucleotide is well within the skill of an artisan and should not be a limitation herein. Therefore, oligonucleotides may be less than 10 or greater than 12.

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By the use of the term "Photorhabdus toxin" it is meant any protein produced by a Photorhabdus microorganism strain which has functional activity against insects, where the Photorhabdustoxin could be formulated as a sprayable composition, expressed by a transgenic plant, formulated as a bait matrix, delivered via baculovirus, or delivered by any other applicable host or delivery system.

By the use of the term "toxic" or "toxicity" as used herein it is 40 meant that the toxins produced by *Photorhabdus* have "functional activity" as defined herein.

By "truncated peptide" it is meant herein to include any peptide that is fragment(s) of the peptides observed to have functional activity.

By "substantial sequence homology" is meant either: a DNA fragment having a nucleotide sequence sufficiently similar to another DNA fragment to produce a protein having similar biochemical properties; or a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence sufficiently similar to another polypeptide to exhibit similar biochemical properties.

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Fermentation broths from selected strains reported in Table 20 were used to determine the following: breadth of insecticidal toxin production by the *Photorhabdus* genus, the insecticidal spectrum of these toxins, and to provide source material to purify the toxin complexes. The strains characterized herein have been shown to have oral toxicity against a variety of insect orders. Such insect orders include but are not limited to *Coleoptera*, *Homoptera*, *Lepidoptera*, *Diptera*, *Acarina*, *Hymenoptera* and *Dictyoptera*.

20 As with other bacterial toxins, the rate of mutation of the bacteria in a population causes many related toxins slightly different in sequence to exist. Toxins of interest here are those which produce protein complexes toxic to a variety of insects upon exposure, as described herein. Preferably, the toxins are active 25 against Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Homopotera, Diptera, Hymenoptera, Dictyoptera and Acarina. The inventions herein are intended to capture the protein toxins homologous to protein toxins produced by the strains herein and any derivative strains thereof, as well as any protein toxins produced by Photorhabdus. These homologous 30 proteins may differ in sequence, but do not differ in function from those toxins described herein. Homologous toxins are meant to include protein complexes of between 300 kDa to 2,000 kDa and are comprised of at least two (2) subunits, where a subunit is a peptide which may or may not be the same as the other subunit. 35 Various protein subunits have been identified and are taught in the Examples herein. Typically, the protein subunits are between about 18 kDa to about 230 kDa; between about 160 kDa to about 230 kDa; 100 kDa to 160 kDa; about 80 kDa to about 100 kDa; and about 50 kDa to about 80 kDa.

As discussed above, some *Photorhabdus* strains can be isolated from nematodes. Some nematodes, elongated cylindrical parasitic worms of the phylum *Nematoda*, have evolved an ability to exploit insect larvae as a favored growth environment. The insect larvae

provide a source of food for growing nematodes and an environment in which to reproduce. One dramatic effect that follows invasion of larvae by certain nematodes is larval death. Larval death results from the presence of, in certain nematodes, bacteria that produce an insecticidal toxin which arrests larval growth and inhibits feeding activity.

Interestingly, it appears that each genus of insect parasitic nematode hosts a particular species of bacterium, uniquely adapted for symbiotic growth with that nematode. In the interim since this research was initiated, the name of the bacterial genus Xenorhabdus was reclassified into the Xenorhabdus and the Photorhabdus.

Bacteria of the genus Photorhabdus are characterized as being symbionts of Heterorhabditus nematodes while Xenorhabdus species are symbionts of the Steinernema species. This change in nomenclature is reflected in this specification, but in no way should a change in nomenclature alter the scope of the inventions described herein.

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The peptides and genes that are disclosed herein are named according to the guidelines recently published in the Journal of Bacteriology "Instructions to Authors" p. i-xii (Jan. 1996), which is incorporated herein by reference. The following peptides and genes were isolated from *Photorhabdus* strain W-14.

Table 1
Peptide/Gene Nomenclature
Toxin Complex

A . 6 30 000

| I Peptide Name | Peptide Sequence ID No.* | Gene Name | 4 Gene Sequence ID No.* |
|----------------------|--|--------------|-------------------------|
| Name | - Jequence 12 no. | | Doquesio 12 No. |
| tca genomic region | | | } |
| TCaA | 34 ° | tcaA | 33 |
| TcaAi | pro-peptide | tcaA | - |
| TcaAii | [15]*, 34° | tcaA | - |
| } | [4] ^a , 35 ^c | tcaA | |
| TcaAiii | [62] a | tcaA | |
| TcaAiv | • • • • | | 25 |
| TcaB | [3] ^a , (19, 20) ^b , 26 ^c [3] ^a , (19, 20) ^b , 28 ^c | tcaB tcaB | 25 27 |
| TcaBi | | | ₹ . |
| TcaBii | [5] ^a , 30 ^c | tcaB | 29 |
| TcaC | [2]*, 32° | tcaC | 31 |
| tcb genomic region | | | |
| TcbA | 12 ^c , [16] ^a , (21, | tcbA | 11 |
| | 22, 23, 24) ^b | | |
| TcbAi | pro-peptide | tcbA | <u></u> |
| TcbAii | [1] ^a , (21, 22, 23, | t <i>cbA</i> | 52 |
| 102.11 | 24) ^b , 53 ^c | A-43 | E.4 |
| TcbA _{iii} | [40] ^a , 55 ^c | <i>tcbA</i> | 54 |
| | | | |
| tcc genomic region | [8] ^a , 57 ^c | tccA | 56 |
| TCCB | [7]ª, 59° | tccB | 58 |
| TeeC | 61° | tccC | 60 |
| | | | |
| tcd genomic region | (17, 18, 37, 38, | tcdA . | (36) ^d , 46 |
| 1 car | 39, 42, 43) ^b , 47 ^c | | (33, , 13 |
| TcdA; | pro-peptide | tcdA | - |
| TcdAii | [13] ^a , (17, 18, 37, | tcdA | 48 |
| | 38, 39) ^b , 49 ^c | | 5.3 |
| TcdA _{iii} | [41] ^a , (42, 43) ^b , 51 ^c | tcdA | 50 |
| TcdB | [14]* | tc dB | - |

^{*}Sequence ID No.'s in brackets are peptide N-termini;

The sequences listed above are grouped by genomic region. More specifically, the *Photorhabdus luminesence* bacteria (W-14) has at least four distinct genomic regions- tca, tcb, tcc and tcd. As can be seen in Table 1, peptide products are produced from these distinct genomic regions. Furthermore, as illustrated in the Examples, specifically Examples 15 and 21, individual gene products produced from three genomic regions are associated with insect activity. There is also considerable homology between these four genomic regions.

^bNumbers in parentheses are N-termini of internal peptide tryptic fragments

^{&#}x27;deduced from gene sequence

¹⁰ dinternal gene fragment

As is further illustrated in the Examples, the tcbA gene was expressed in E. coli as two possible biological active protein fragments (TcbA and TcbAii/iii). The tcdA gene was also expressed in E. coli. As illustrated in Example 16, when the native unprocessed TcbA toxin was treated with the endogeneous metalloproteases or insect gut contents containing proteases, the TcbA protein toxin was processed into smaller subunits that were less than the size of the native peptides and Southern Corn Rootworm activity increased. The smaller toxin peptides remained associated as part of a toxin complex. It may be desirable in some situations to increase activation of the toxin(s) by proteolytic processing or using truncated peptides. Thus, it may be more desirable to use truncated peptide(s) in some applications, i.e., commercial transgenic plant applications.

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In addition to the W-14 strain, there are other species within the Photorhabdus genus that have functional activity which is differential (specifically see Tables 20 and 36). Even though there is differential activity, the amino acid sequences in some cases have substantial sequence homology. Moreover, the molecular probes indicate that some genes contained in the strains are homologous to the genes contained in the W-14 strain. In fact all of the strains illustrated herein have one or more homologs of W-14 toxin genes. The antibody data in Example 26 and the N-terminal sequence data in Example 25 further support the conclusion that there is homology and identity (based on amino acid sequence) between the protein toxin(s) produced by these strains. At the molecular level, the W-14 gene probes indicated that the homologs or the W-14 genes themselves (Tables 37, 38, and 39) are dispersed throughout the Photorhabdus genus. Further, it is possible that new toxin genes exist in other strains which are not homologous to W-14, but maintain overall protein attributes (see specifically Examples 14 and 25).

Even though there is homology or identity between toxin genes produced by the *Photorhabdus* strains, the strains themselves are quite diverse. Using polymerase chain reaction technology further discussed in Example 22, most of the strains illustrated herein are quite distinguishable. For example as can be seen in Figs. 5, the percentage relative similarity of some of the strains, such as HP88 and NC-1, was about 0.8, which indicates that the strains are similar, while HP88 and Hb was about 0.1, which indicates substantial diversity. Therefore, even though the insect toxin genes or gene products that the strains produce are the same or similar, the strains themselves are diverse.

In view of the data further disclosed in the Examples and discussions herein, it is clear that a new and unique family of insecticidal protein toxin(s) has been discovered. It has been further illustrated herein that these toxin(s) widely exist within bacterial strains of the Photorhabdus genus. It may also be the case that these toxin genes widely exist within the family Enterobacteracaea. Antibodies prepared as described in Example 21 or gene probes prepared as described in Example 25 may be used to further screen for bacterial strains within the family Enterobacteracaea that produce the homologous toxin(s) that have functional activity. It may also be the case that specific primer sets exist that could facilitate the identification of new genes within the Photorhabdus genus or family Enterobacteracaea.

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As stated above, the antibodies may be used to rapidly screen bacteria of the genus Photorhabdus or the family Enterbacteracaea for homologous toxin products as illustrated in Example 26. Those skilled in the art are quite familiar with the use of antibodies as an analysis or screening tool (see US Patent No. 5,430,137, which is incorporated herein by reference). Moreover, it is generally 20 accepted in the literature that antibodies are elicited against 6 to 20 amino acid residue segments that tend to occupy exposed surface of polypeptides (Current Protocols in Immunology, Coligan et al, National Institutes of Health, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.). Usually the amino acid consist of contiguous amino acid residues, however, 25 in certain cases they may be formed by non-contiguous amino acids that are constrained by specific conformation. The amino acid segments recognized by antibodies are highly specific and commonly referred to epitopes. The amino acid fragment can be generated by chemical and/or enzymatic cleavage of the native protein, by 30 automated, solid-phase peptide synthesis, or by production from genetic engineering organisms. Polypeptide fragments can be isolated by a variety and/or combination of HPLC and FPLC chromatographic methods known in the art. Selection of polypeptide fragment can be aided by the use of algorithms, for example Kyte and 35 Doolittle, 1982, Journal of Molecular Biology 157: 105-132 and Chou and Fasman, 1974, Biochemistry 13: 222-245, that predict those sequences most likely to exposed on the surface of the protein. preparation of immunogen containing the polypeptide fragment of interest, in general, polypeptides are covalently coupled using chemical reactions to carrier proteins such as keyhole limpet 40 hemocyanin via free amino (lysine), sulfhydyl (cysteine), phenolic (tyrosine) or carboxylic (aspartate or glutamate) groups. Immunogen with an adjuvant is injected in animals, such as mice or rabbits, or

chickens to elicit an immune response against the immunogen. Analysis of antibody titer in antisera of inject animals against polypeptide fragment can be determined by a variety of immunological methods such as ELISA and Western blot. Alternatively, monoclonal antibodies can be prepared using spleen cells of the injected animal for fusion with tumor cells to produce immortalized hybridomas cells producing a single antibody species. Hybridomas cells are screened using immunological methods to select lines that produce a specific antibody to the polypeptide fragment of interest. Purification of antibodies from different sources can be performed by a variety of antigen affinity or antibody affinity columns or other chromatographic HPLC or FPLC methods.

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The toxins described herein are quite unique in that the toxins have functional activity, which is key to developing an insect management strategy. In developing an insect management strategy, it is possible to delay or circumvent the protein degradation process by injecting a protein directly into an organism, avoiding its digestive tract. In such cases, the protein administered to the organism will retain its function until it is denatured, non-specifically degraded, or eliminated by the immune * system in higher organisms. Injection into insects of an insecticidal toxin has potential application only in the laboratory, and then only on large insects which are easily injected. The observation that the insecticidal protein toxins herein described exhibits their toxic activity after oral ingestion or contact with the toxins permits the development of an insect management plan based solely on the ability to incorporate the protein toxins into the insect diet. Such a plan could result in the production of insect baits.

The Photorhabdus toxins may be administered to insects in a purified form. The toxins may also be delivered in amounts from about 1 to about 100 mg / liter of broth. This may vary upon formulation condition, conditions of the inoculum source, techniques for isolation of the toxin, and the like. The toxins may be administered as an exudate secretion or cellular protein originally expressed in a heterologous prokaryotic or eukaryotic host. Bacteria are typically the hosts in which proteins are expressed. Eukaryotic hosts could include but are not limited to plants, insects and yeast. Alternatively, the toxins may be produced in bacteria or transgenic plants in the field or in the insect by a baculovirus vector. Typically the toxins will be introduced to the insect by incorporating one or more of the toxins into the insects' feed.

Complete lethality to feeding insects is useful but is not required to achieve useful toxicity. If the insects avoid the toxin or cease feeding, that avoidance will be useful in some applications, even if the effects are sublethal. For example, if insect resistant transgenic crop plants are desired, a reluctance of insects to feed on the plants is as useful as lethal toxicity to the insects since the ultimate objective is protection of the plants rather than killing the insect.

There are many other ways in which toxins can be incorporated into an insect's diet. As an example, it is possible to adulterate the larval food source with the toxic protein by spraying the food with a protein solution, as disclosed herein. Alternatively, the purified protein could be genetically engineered into an otherwise harmless bacterium, which could then be grown in culture, and either applied to the food source or allowed to reside in the soil in an area in which insect eradication was desirable. Also, the protein could be genetically engineered directly into an insect food source. For instance, the major food source of many insect larvae is plant material.

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20 By incorporating genetic material that encodes the insecticidal properties of the Photorhabdus toxins into the genome of a plant eaten by a particular insect pest, the adult or larvae would die after consuming the food plant. Numerous members of the monocotyledonous and dictyledenous genera have been transformed. 25 Transgenic agronmonic crops as well as fruits and vegetables are of commercial interest. Such crops include but are not limited to maize, rice, soybeans, canola, sunflower, alfalfa, sorghum, wheat, cotton, peanuts, tomatoes, potatoes, and the like. Several techniques exist for introducing foreign genetic material into 30 plant cells, and for obtaining plants that stably maintain and express the introduced gene. Such techniques include acceleration of genetic material coated onto microparticles directly into cells (U.S. Patents 4,945,050 to Cornell and 5,141,131 to DowElanco). Plants may be transformed using Agrobacterium technology, see U.S. 35 Patent 5,177,010 to University of Toledo, 5,104,310 to Texas A&M, European Patent Application 0131624B1, European Patent Applications 120516, 159418B1 and 176,112 to Schilperoot, U.S. Patents 5,149,645, 5,469,976, 5,464,763 and 4,940,838 and 4,693,976 to Schilperoot, European Patent Applications 116718, 290799, 320500 40 all to MaxPlanck, European Patent Applications 604662 and 627752 to Japan Tobacco, European Patent Applications 0267159, and 0292435 and U.S. Patent 5,231,019 all to Ciba Geigy, U.S. Patents 5,463,174 and 4,762,785 both to Calgene, and U.S. Patents 5,004,863 and

5,159,135 both to Agracetus. Other transformation technology includes whiskers technology, see U.S. Patents 5,302,523 and 5,464,765 both to Zeneca. Electroporation technology has also been used to transform plants, see WO 87/06614 to Boyce Thompson Institute, 5,472,869 and 5,384,253 both to Dekalb, WO9209696 and WO9321335 both to PGS. All of these transformation patents and publications are incorporated by reference. In addition to numerous technologies for transforming plants, the type of tissue which is contacted with the foreign genes may vary as well. Such tissue would include but would not be limited to embryogenic tissue, callus tissue type I and II, hypocotyl, meristem, and the like. Almost all plant tissues may be transformed during dedifferentiation using appropriate techniques within the skill of an artisan.

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Another variable is the choice of a selectable marker. The preference for a particular marker is at the discretion of the artisan, but any of the following selectable markers may be used along with any other gene not listed herein which could function as a selectable marker. Such selectable markers include but are not limited to aminoglycoside phosphotransferase gene of transposon Tn5 (Aph II) which encodes resistance to the antibiotics kanamycin, neomycin and G418, as well as those genes which code for resistance or tolerance to glyphosate; hygromycin; methotrexate; phosphinothricin (bialophos); imidazolinones, sulfonylureas and triazolopyrimidine herbicides, such as chlorosulfuron; bromoxynil, dalapon and the like.

In addition to a selectable marker, it may be desirous to use a reporter gene. In some instances a reporter gene may be used without a selectable marker. Reporter genes are genes which are typically not present or expressed in the recipient organism or tissue. The reporter gene typically encodes for a protein which provides for some phenotypic change or enzymatic property. Examples of such genes are provided in K. Weising et al. Ann. Rev. Genetics, 22, 421 (1988), which is incorporated herein by reference. A preferred reporter gene is the glucuronidase (GUS) gene.

Regardless of transformation technique, the gene is preferably incorporated into a gene transfer vector adapted to express the *Photorhabdus* toxins in the plant cell by including in the vector a plant promoter. In addition to plant promoters, promoters from a variety of sources can be used efficiently in plant cells to express foreign genes. For example, promoters of bacterial origin, such as the octopine synthase promoter, the nopaline synthase

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promoter, the mannopine synthase promoter; promoters of viral origin, such as the cauliflower mosaic virus (35S and 19S), reengineered 35S, known as 35T (see PCT/US96/16582, WO 97/13402 published April 17, 1997, which is incorporated herein by reference) and the like may be used. Plant promoters include, but are not limited to ribulose-1,6-bisphosphate (RUBP) carboxylase small subunit (ssu), beta-conglycinin promoter, phaseolin promoter, ADH promoter, heat-shock promoters and tissue specific promoters. Promoters may also contain certain enhancer sequence elements that may improve the transcription efficiency. Typical enhancers include but are not limited to Adh-intron 1 and Adh-intron 6. Constitutive promoters may be used. Constitutive promoters direct continuous gene expression in all cells types and at all times (e.g., actin, ubiquitin, CaMV 35S). Tissue specific promoters are responsible for gene expression in specific cell or tissue types, such as the leaves or seeds (e.g., zein, oleosin, napin, ACP) and these promoters may also be used. Promoters may also be are active during a certain stage of the plants' development as well as active in plant tissues and organs. Examples of such promoters include but are not limited to pollen-specific, embryo specific, corn silk specific, cotton fiber specific, root specific, seed endosperm specific promoters and the like.

Under certain circumstances it may be desirable to use an inducible promoter. An inducible promoter is responsible for expression of genes in response to a specific signal, such as: physical stimulus (heat shock genes); light (RUBP carboxylase); hormone (Em); metabolites; and stress. Other desirable transcription and translation elements that function in plants may be used. Numerous plant-specific gene transfer vectors are known to the art.

In addition, it is known that to obtain high expression of bacterial genes in plants it is preferred to reengineer the bacterial genes so that they are more efficiently expressed in the cytoplasm of plants. Maize is one such plant where it is preferred to reengineer the bacterial gene(s) prior to transformation to increase the expression level of the toxin in the plant. One reason for the reengineering is the very low G+C content of the native bacterial gene(s) (and consequent skewing towards high A+T content). This results in the generation of sequences mimicking or duplicating plant gene control sequences that are known to be highly A+T rich. The presence of some A+T-rich sequences within the DNA of the gene(s) introduced into plants (e.g., TATA box regions normally found in gene promoters) may result in aberrant

transcription of the gene(s). On the other hand, the presence of other regulatory sequences residing in the transcribed mRNA (e.g., polyadenylation signal sequences (AAUAAA), or sequences complementary to small nuclear RNAs involved in pre-mRNA splicing) may lead to RNA instability. Therefore, one goal in the design of reengineered bacterial gene(s), more preferably referred to as plant optimized gene(s), is to generate a DNA sequence having a higher G+C content, and preferably one close to that of plant genes coding for metabolic enzymes. Another goal in the design of the plant optimized gene(s) is to generate a DNA sequence that not only has a higher G+C content, but by modifying the sequence changes, should be made so as to not hinder translation.

An example of a plant that has a high G+C content is maize. The table below illustrates how high the G+C content is in maize. As in maize, it is thought that G+C content in other plants is also high.

Table 2
Compilation of G+C Contents of Protein Coding Regions
of Maize Genes

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| Protein Class ^a | Range %G+C | Mean %G+C ^b |
|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Metabolic Enzymes (40) | 44.4-75.3 | 59.0 (8.0) |
| Storage Proteins | | |
| Group I (23) | 46.0-51.9 | 48.1 (1.3) |
| Group II (13) | 60.4-74.3 | 67.5 (3.2) |
| Group I + II (36) | 46.0-74.3 | 55.1 (9.6) ^c |
| Structural Proteins (18) | 48.6-70.5 | 63.6 (6.7) |
| Regulatory Proteins (5) | 57.2-68.9 | 62.0 (4.9) |
| Uncharacterized Proteins (9) | 41.5-70.3 | 64.3 (7.2) |
| All Proteins (108) | 44.4-75.3 | 60.8 (5.2) |

a Number of genes in class given in parentheses.

 $^{^\}circ$ Standard deviations given in parentheses.

Combined groups mean ignored in calculation of overall mean.

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For the data in Table 2, coding regions of the genes were extracted from GenBank (Release 71) entries, and base compositions were calculated using the MacVectorTM program (IBI, New Haven, CT). Intron sequences were ignored in the calculations. Group I and II storage protein gene sequences were distinguished by their marked difference in base composition.

Due to the plasticity afforded by the redundancy of the genetic code (i.e., some amino acids are specified by more than one codon), evolution of the genomes of different organisms or classes or organisms has resulted in differential usage of redundant codons. This "codon bias" is reflected in the mean base composition of protein coding regions. For example, organisms with relatively low G+C contents utilize codons having A or T in the third position of redundant codons, whereas those having higher G+C contents utilize codons having G or C in the third position. It is thought that the presence of "minor" codons within a gene's mRNA may reduce the absolute translation rate of that mRNA, especially when the relative abundance of the charged tRNA corresponding to the minor codon is low. An extension of this is that the diminution of translation rate by individual minor codons would be at least additive for multiple minor codons. Therefore, mRNAs having high relative contents of minor codons would have correspondingly low translation rates. This rate would be reflected by the synthesis of low levels of the encoded protein.

In order to reengineer the bacterial gene(s), the codon bias of the plant is determined. The codon bias is the statistical codon distribution that the plant uses for coding its proteins. After determining the bias, the percent frequency of the codons in the gene(s) of interest is determined. The primary codons preferred by the plant should be determined as well as the second and third choice of preferred codons. The amino acid sequence of the protein of interest is reverse translated so that the resulting nucleic acid sequence codes for the same protein as the native bacterial gene, but the resulting nucleic acid sequence corresponds to the first preferred codons of the desired plant. sequence is analyzed for restriction enzyme sites that might have been created by the modification. The identified sites are further modified by replacing the codons with second or third choice preferred codons. Other sites in the sequence which could affect the transcription or translation of the gene of interest are the exon:intron 5' or 3' junctions, poly A addition signals, or RNA polymerase termination signals. The sequence is further analyzed and modified to reduce the frequency of TA or GC doublets. In

addition to the doublets, G or C sequence blocks that have more than about four residues that are the same can affect transcription of the sequence. Therefore, these blocks are also modified by replacing the codons of first or second choice, etc. with the next preferred codon of choice. It is preferred that the plant optimized gene(s) contains about 63% of first choice codons, between about 22% to about 37% second choice codons, and between 15% and 0% third choice codons, wherein the total percentage is 100%. Most preferred the plant optimized gene(s) contain about 63% of first choice codons, at least about 22% second choice codons, about 7.5% third choice codons, and about 7.5% fourth choice codons, wherein the total percentage is 100%. The method described above enables one skilled in the art to modify gene(s) that are foreign to a particular plant so that the genes are optimally expressed in plants. The method is further illustrated in application PCT/US96/16582, WO 97/13402 published April 17, 1997.

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Thus, in order to design plant optimized gene(s) the amino acid sequence of the toxins are reverse translated into a DNA sequence, utilizing a nonredundant genetic code established from a codon bias table compiled for the gene DNA sequence for the particular plant being transformed. The resulting DNA sequence, which is completely homogeneous in codon usage, is further modified to establish a DNA sequence that, besides having a higher degree of codon diversity, also contains strategically placed restriction enzyme recognition sites, desirable base composition, and a lack of sequences that might interfere with transcription of the gene, or translation of the product mRNA.

It is theorized that bacterial genes may be more easily expressed in plants if the bacterial genes are expressed in the plastids. Thus, it may be possible to express bacterial genes in plants, without optimizing the genes for plant expression, and obtain high express of the protein. See U.S. Patent Nos. 4,762,785; 5,451,513 and 5,545,817, which are incorporated herein by reference.

One of the issues regarding commercial exploiting transgenic plants is resistance management. This is of particular concern with Bacillus thuringiensis toxins. There are numerous companies commercially exploiting Bacillus thuringiensis and there has been much concern about Bt toxins becoming resistant. One strataegy for insect resistant management would be to combine the toxins produced by Photorhabdus with toxins such as Bt, vegetative insect proteins (Ciba Geigy) or other toxins. The combinations could be formulated

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for a sprayable application or could be molecular combinations. Plants could be transformed with *Photorhabdus* genes that produce insect toxins and other insect toxin genes such as *Bt* as with other insect toxin genes such as *Bt*.

European Patent Application 0400246A1 describes transformation of 2 Bt in a plant, which could be any 2 genes. Another way to produce a transgenic plant that contains more than one insect resistant gene would be to produce two plants, with each plant containing an insect resistant gene. These plants would be backcrossed using traditional plant breeding techniques to produce a plant containing more than one insect resistant gene.

In addition to producing a transformed plant containing plant optimized gene(s), there are other delivery systems where it may be desirable to reengineer the bacterial gene(s). Along the same lines, a genetically engineered, easily isolated protein toxin fusing together both a molecule attractive to insects as a food source and the insecticidal activity of the toxin may be engineered and expressed in bacteria or in eukaryotic cells using standard, well-known techniques. After purification in the laboratory such a toxic agent with "built-in" bait could be packaged inside standard insect trap housings.

Another delivery scheme is the incorporation of the genetic material of toxins into a baculovirus vector. Baculoviruses infect particular insect hosts, including those desirably targeted with the *Photorhabdus* toxins. Infectious baculovirus harboring an expression construct for the *Photorhabdus* toxins could be introduced into areas of insect infestation to thereby intoxicate or poison infected insects.

Transfer of the insecticidal properties requires nucleic acid sequences encoding the coding the amino acid sequences for the Photorhabdus toxins integrated into a protein expression vector appropriate to the host in which the vector will reside. One way to obtain a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein with insecticidal properties is to isolate the native genetic material which produces the toxins from Photorhabdus, using information deduced from the toxin's amino acid sequence, large portions of which are set forth below. As described below, methods of purifying the proteins responsible for toxin activity are also disclosed.

Using N-terminal amino acid sequence data, such as set forth below, one can construct oligonucleotides complementary to all, or a section of, the DNA bases that encode the first amino acids of the toxin. These oligonucleotides can be radiolabeled and used as

molecular probes to isolate the genetic material from a genomic genetic library built from genetic material isolated from strains of *Photorhabdus*. The genetic library can be cloned in plasmid, cosmid, phage or phagemid vectors. The library could be transformed into *Escherichia coli* and screened for toxin production by the transformed cells using antibodies raised against the toxin or direct assays for insect toxicity.

This approach requires the production of a battery of oligonucleotides, since the degenerate genetic code allows an amino acid to be encoded in the DNA by any of several three-nucleotide combinations. For example, the amino acid arginine can be encoded by nucleic acid triplets CGA, CGC, CGG, CGT, AGA, and AGG. Since one cannot predict which triplet is used at those positions in the toxin gene, one must prepare oligonucleotides with each potential triplet represented. More than one DNA molecule corresponding to a protein subunit may be necessary to construct a sufficient number of oligonucleotide probes to recover all of the protein subunits necessary to achieve oral toxicity.

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From the amino acid sequence of the purified protein, genetic materials responsible for the production of toxins can readily be isolated and cloned, in whole or in part, into an expression vector using any of several techniques well-known to one skilled in the art of molecular biology. A typical expression vector is a DNA plasmid, though other transfer means including, but not limited to, cosmids, phagemids and phage are also envisioned. In addition to features required or desired for plasmid replication, such as an origin of replication and antibiotic resistance or other form of a selectable marker such as the bar gene of Streptomyces hygroscopicus or viridochromogenes, protein expression vectors normally additionally require an expression cassette which incorporates the cis-acting sequences necessary for transcription and translation of the gene of interest. The cis-acting sequences required for expression in prokaryotes differ from those required in eukaryotes and plants.

A eukaryotic expression cassette requires a transcriptional promoter upstream (5') to the gene of interest, a transcriptional termination region such as a poly-A addition site, and a ribosome binding site upstream of the gene of interest's first codon. In bacterial cells, a useful transcriptional promoter that could be included in the vector is the T7 RNA Polymerase-binding promoter. Promoters, as previously described herein, are known to efficiently promote transcription of mRNA. Also upstream from the gene of interest the vector may include a nucleotide sequence encoding a

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signal sequence known to direct a covalently linked protein to a particular compartment of the host cells such as the cell surface.

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Insect viruses, or baculoviruses, are known to infect and adversely affect certain insects. The affect of the viruses on insects is slow, and viruses do not stop the feeding of insects. Thus viruses are not viewed as being useful as insect pest control Combining the Photorhabdus toxins genes into a baculovirus vector could provide an efficient way of transmitting the toxins while increasing the lethality of the virus. In addition, since different baculoviruses are specific to different insects, it may be possible to use a particular toxin to selectively target particularly damaging insect pests. A particularly useful vector for the toxins genes is the nuclear polyhedrosis virus. Transfer vectors using this virus have been described and are now the vectors of choice for transferring foreign genes into insects. virus-toxin gene recombinant may be constructed in an orally transmissible form. Baculoviruses normally infect insect victims through the mid-gut intestinal mucosa. The toxin gene inserted behind a strong viral coat protein promoter would be expressed and should rapidly kill the infected insect.

In addition to an insect virus or baculovirus or transgenic plant delivery system for the protein toxins of the present invention, the proteins may be encapsulated using Bacillus thuringiensis encapsulation technology such as but not limited to U.S. Patent Nos. 4,695,455; 4,695,462; 4,861,595 which are all incorporated herein by reference. Another delivery system for the protein toxins of the present invention is formulation of the protein into a bait matrix, which could then be used in above and below ground insect bait stations. Examples of such technology include but are not limited to PCT Patent Application WO 93/23998, which is incorporated herein by reference.

As is described above, it might become necessary to modify the sequence encoding the protein when expressing it in a non-native host, since the codon preferences of other hosts may differ from that of *Photorhabdus*. In such a case, translation may be quite inefficient in a new host unless compensating modifications to the coding sequence are made. Additionally, modifications to the amino acid sequence might be desirable to avoid inhibitory cross-reactivity with proteins of the new host, or to refine the insecticidal properties of the protein in the new host. A genetically modified toxin gene might encode a toxin exhibiting, for example, enhanced or reduced toxicity, altered insect

resistance development, altered stability, or modified target species specificity.

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In addition to the *Photorhabdus* genes encoding the toxins, the scope of the present invention is intended to include related nucleic acid sequences which encode amino acid biopolymers homologous to the toxin proteins and which retain the toxic effect of the *Photorhabdus* proteins in insect species after oral ingestion.

For instance, the toxins used in the present invention seem to first inhibit larval feeding before death ensues. By manipulating the nucleic acid sequence of *Photorhabdus* toxins or its controlling sequences, genetic engineers placing the toxin gene into plants could modulate its potency or its mode of action to, for example, keep the eating-inhibitory activity while eliminating the absolute toxicity to the larvae. This change could permit the transformed plant to survive until harvest without having the unnecessarily dramatic effect on the ecosystem of wiping out all target insects. All such modifications of the gene encoding the toxin, or of the protein encoded by the gene, are envisioned to fall within the scope of the present invention.

Other envisioned modifications of the nucleic acid include the addition of targeting sequences to direct the toxin to particular parts of the insect larvae for improving its efficiency.

Strains W-14, ATCC 55397, 43948, 43949, 43950, 43951, 43952

have been deposited in the American Type Culture Collection, 12301

Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD 20852 USA. Amino acid and nucleotide sequence data for the W-14 native toxin (ATCC 55397) is presented below. Isolation of the genomic DNA for the toxins from the bacterial hosts is also exemplified herein. The other strains identified herein have been deposited with the United States Department of Agriculture, 1815 North University Drive, Peoria, IL 61604.

Standard and molecular biology techniques were followed and taught in the specification herein. Additional information may be found in Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F., and Maniatis, T. (1989), Molecular Cloning. A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press; Current Protocalsin Molecular Biology, ed. F. M. Ausubel et al., (1997), which are both incorporated herein by reference.

The following abbreviations are used throughout the Examples: Tris = tris (hydroxymethyl) amino methane; SDS = sodium dodecyl sulfate; EDTA = ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, IPTG = isopropylthio-B-galactoside, X-gal = 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indoyl-B-D-galactoside,

CTAB = cetyltrimethylammonium bromide; kbp = kilobase pairs; dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP, I = 2'-deoxynucleoside 5'-triphosphates of adenine, cytosine, guanine, thymine, and inosine, respectively; ATP = adenosine 5' triphosphate.

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Example 1

<u>Purification of Toxin from Photorhabdus luminescens and</u> Demonstration of Toxicity after Oral Delivery of Purified Toxin

The insecticidal protein toxin of the present invention was purified from Photorhabdus luminescens strain W-14, ATCC Accession Number 55397. Stock cultures of Photorhabdus luminescens were maintained on petri dishes containing 2% Proteose Peptone No. 3 (i.e., PP3, Difco Laboratories, Detroit MI) in 1.5% agar, incubated at 25°C and transferred weekly. Colonies of the primary form of the bacteria were inoculated into 200 ml of PP3 broth supplemented with 0.5% polyoxyethylene sorbitan mono-stearate (Tween 60, Sigma Chemical Company, St. Louis, MO) in a one liter flask. The broth cultures were grown for 72 hours at 30°C on a rotary shaker. toxin proteins can be recovered from cultures grown in the presence or absence of Tween; however, the absence of Tween can affect the form of the bacteria grown and the profile of proteins produced by the bacteria. In the absence of Tween, a variant shift occurs insofar as the molecular weight of at least one identified toxin subunit shifts from about 200 kDa to about 185 kDa.

The 72 hour cultures were centrifuged at 10,000 x g for 30 minutes to remove cells and debris. The supernatant fraction that contained the insecticidal activity was decanted and brought to 50 mM K_2HPO_4 by adding an appropriate volume of 1.0 M K_2HPO_4 . The pH was adjusted to 8.6 by adding potassium hydroxide. This supernatant fraction was then mixed with DEAE-Sephacel (Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology) which had been equilibrated with 50 mM K_2HPO_4 . The toxic activity was adsorbed to the DEAE resin. This mixture was then poured into a 2.6 x 40 cm column and washed with 50 mM K_2HPO_4 at room temperature at a flow rate of 30 ml/hr until the effluent reached a steady baseline UV absorbance at 280 nm. The column was then washed with 150 mM KCl until the effluent again reached a steady 280 nm baseline. Finally the column was washed with 300 mM KCl and fractions were collected.

Fractions containing the toxin were pooled and filter sterilized using a 0.2 micron pore membrane filter. The toxin was then concentrated and equilibrated to 100 mM KPO $_4$, pH 6.9, using an ultrafiltration membrane with a molecular weight cutoff of 100 kDa

at 4°C (Centriprep 100, Amicon Division-W.R. Grace and Company). A 3 ml sample of the toxin concentrate was applied to the top of a 2.6 x 95 cm Sephacryl S-400 HR gel filtration column (Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology). The eluent buffer was 100 mM KPO₄, pH 6.9, which was run at a flow rate of 17 ml/hr, at 4°C. The effluent was monitored at 280 nm.

Fractions were collected and tested for toxic activity. Toxicity of chromatographic fractions was examined in a biological assay using Manduca sexta larvae. Fractions were either applied directly onto the insect diet (Gypsy moth wheat germ diet, ICN Biochemicals Division - ICN Biomedicals, Inc.) or administered by intrahemocelic injection of a 5 μ l sample through the first proleg of 4th or 5th instar larva using a 30 gauge needle. The weight of each larva within a treatment group was recorded at 24 hour intervals. Toxicity was presumed if the insect ceased feeding and died within several days of consuming treated insect diet or if death occurred within 24 hours after injection of a fraction.

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The toxic fractions were pooled and concentrated using the Centriprep-100 and were then analyzed by HPLC using a 7.5 mm x 60 cm TSK-GEL G-4000 SW gel permeation column with 100 mM potassium phosphate, pH 6.9 eluent buffer running at 0.4 ml/min. This analysis revealed the toxin protein to be contained within a single sharp peak that eluted from the column with a retention time of approximately 33.6 minutes. This retention time corresponded to an estimated molecular weight of 1,000 kDa. Peak fractions were collected for further purification while fractions not containing this protein were discarded. The peak eluted from the HPLC absorbs UV light at 218 and 280 nm but did not absorb at 405 nm. Absorbance at 405 nm was shown to be an attribute of xenorhabdin antibiotic compounds.

Electrophoresis of the pooled peak fractions in a non-denaturing agarose gel (Metaphor Agarose, FMC BioProducts) showed that two protein complexes are present in the peak. The peak material, buffered in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0, was separated on a 1.5% agarose stacking gel buffered with 100 mM Tris-HCl at pH 7.0 and 1.9% agarose resolving gel buffered with 200 mM Tris-borate at pH 8.3 under standard buffer conditions (anode buffer 1M Tris-HCl, pH 8.3; cathode buffer 0.025 M Tris, 0.192 M glycine). The gels were run at 13 mA constant current at 15°C until the phenol red tracking dye reached the end of the gel. Two protein bands were visualized in the agarose gels using Coomassie brilliant blue staining.

The slower migrating band was referred to as "protein band 1" and faster migrating band was referred to as "protein band 2." The two protein bands were present in approximately equal amounts. The Coomassie stained agarose gels were used as a guide to precisely excise the two protein bands from unstained portions of the gels. The excised pieces containing the protein bands were macerated and a small amount of sterile water was added. As a control, a portion of the gel that contained no protein was also excised and treated in the same manner as the gel pieces containing the protein.

Protein was recovered from the gel pieces by electroelution into 100 mM Tris-borate pH 8.3, at 100 volts (constant voltage) for two hours. Alternatively, protein was passively eluted from the gel pieces by adding an equal volume of 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0, to the gel pieces, then incubating at 30°C for 16 hours. This allowed the protein to diffuse from the gel into the buffer, which was then collected.

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Results of insect toxicity tests using HPLC-purified toxin (33.6 min. peak) and agarose gel purified toxin demonstrated toxicity of the extracts. Injection of 1.5 μ g of the HPLC purified protein kills within 24 hours. Both protein bands 1 and 2, recovered from agarose gels by passive elution or electroelution, were lethal upon injection. The protein concentration estimated for these samples was less than 50 ng/larva. A comparison of the weight gain and the mortality between the groups of larvae injected with protein bands 1 or 2 indicate that protein band 1 was more toxic by injection delivery.

When HPLC-purified toxin was applied to larval diet at a concentration of 7.5 $\mu g/larva$, it caused a halt in larval weight gain (24 larvae tested). The larvae begin to feed, but after consuming only a very small portion of the toxin treated diet they began to show pathological symptoms induced by the toxin and the larvae cease feeding. The insect frass became discolored and most larva showed signs of diarrhea. Significant insect mortality resulted when several 5 μg toxin doses were applied to the diet over a 7-10 day period.

Agarose-separated protein band 1 significantly inhibited larval weight gain at a dose of 200 ng/larva. Larvae fed similar concentrations of protein band 2 were not inhibited and gained weight at the same rate as the control larvae. Twelve larvae_were fed eluted protein and 45 larvae were fed protein-containing agarose pieces. These two sets of data indicate that protein band 1 was orally toxic to Manduca sexta. In this experiment it appeared that protein band 2 was not toxic to Manduca sexta.

Further analysis of protein bands 1 and 2 by SDS-PAGE under denaturing conditions showed that each band was composed of several smaller protein subunits. Proteins were visualized by Coomassie brilliant blue staining followed by silver staining to achieve maximum sensitivity.

The protein subunits in the two bands were very similar. Protein band 1 contains 8 protein subunits of 25.1, 56.2, 60.8, 65.6, 166, 171, 184 and 208 kDa. Protein band 2 had an identical profile except that the 25.1, 60.8, and 65.6 kDa proteins were not present. The 56.2, 60.8, 65.6, and 184 kDa proteins were present in the complex of protein band 1 at approximately equal concentrations and represent 80% or more of the total protein content of that complex.

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The native HPLC-purified toxin was further characterized as

15 follows. The toxin was heat labile in that after being heated to
60°C for 15 minutes it lost its ability to kill or to inhibit
weight gain when injected or fed to Manduca sexta larvae. Assays
were designed to detect lipase, type C phospholipase, nuclease or
red blood cell hemolysis activities and were performed with

20 purified toxin. None of these activities were present. Antibiotic
zone inhibition assays were also done and the purified toxin failed
to inhibit growth of Gram-negative or -positive bacteria, yeast or
filamentous fungi, indicating that the toxic is not a xenorhabdin
antibiotic.

The native HPLC-purified toxin was tested for ability to kill insects other than Manduca sexta. Table 3 lists insects killed by the HPLC-purified Photorhabdus luminescens toxin in this study.

Table 3

Insects Killed by Photorhabdus luminescens Toxin

| | Common Name | Order | Genus and species | Route of Delivery |
|----|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 35 | Tobacco horn worm | Lepidoptera | Manduca sexta | Oral and injected |
| | Mealworm | Coleoptera | Tenebrio molitor | Oral |
| 40 | Pharaoh ant | Hymenoptera | Monomorium pharoanis | Oral |
| | German cockroach | Dictyoptera | Blattella germanica | Oral and injected |
| 45 | Mosquito | Diptera | Aedes aegypti | Oral |

Further Characterization of the High Molecular Weight Toxin Complex

In yet further analysis, the toxin protein complex was subjected to further characterization from W-14 growth medium. culture conditions and initial purification steps through the S-400 HR column were identical to those described above. After isolation of the high molecular weight toxin complex from the S-400 HR column fractions, the toxic fractions were equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.6, and concentrated in the centriplus 100 (Amicon) concentrators. The protein toxin complex was then applied to a weak anion exchange (WAX) column, Vydac 301VPH575 (Hesparia, CA), at a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min. The proteins were eluted with a linear potassium chloride gradient, 0-250 mM KCl, in 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.6 for 50 min. Eight protein peaks were detected by absorbance at 280 nm.

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Bioassays using neonate southern corn rootworm (Diabrotica 15 undecimpunctata howardi, SCR) larvae and tobacco horn worm (Manduca sexta, THW) were performed on all fractions eluted from the HPLC column. THW were grown on Gypsy Moth wheat germ diet (ICN) at 25°C with a 16 hr light 8 hr dark cycle. SCR were grown on Southern Corn Rootworm Larval Insecta-Diet (BioServ) at 25°C with a 16 hr light / 8 hr dark cycle.

The highest mortality for SCR and THW larvae was observed for peak 6, which eluted with ca. 112 mM to 132mM KCl. SDS-PAGE analysis of peak 6 showed predominant peptides of 170 kDa, 66 kDa, 63 kDa, 59.5 kDa and 31 kDa. Western blot analysis was performed on peak 6 protein fraction with a mixture of polyclonal antibodies made against $TcaA_{ii}$ -syn, $TcaA_{iii}$ -syn, $TcaB_{ii}$ -syn, TcaC-syn, and $TcbA_{ii}$ -syn peptides (described in Example 21) and C5F2, a monoclonal antibody against the TcbA_{iii} peptide. Peak 6 contained immuno-reactive bands of 170 kDa, 90 kDa, 66 kDa, 59.5 kDa and 31 kDa. These are very close to the predicted sizes for the TcaC (166 kDa), TcaA; + TcaA;; (92 kDa), $TcaA_{ii}$ (66 kDa), $TcaB_{ii}$ (60 kDa) and $TcaA_{ii}$ (25 kDa), respectively. Peak 6 which was further analyzed by native agarose gel electrophoresis, as described herein, migrated as a single band with similar mobility to that of band 1.

The protein concentration of the purified peak 6 toxin protein was determined using the BCA reagents (Pierce). Dilutions of the protein were made in 10 mM Tris, pH 8.6 and applied to the diet bioassays. After 240 hours all neonate larvae on diet bioassays that received 450 ng or greater of the peak 6 protein fraction were dead. The group of larvae that received 90 ng of the same fraction

had 40% mortality. After 240 hrs the survivors that received 90 ng and 20 ng of peak 6 protein fraction were ca. 10% and 70%, respectively, of the control weight.

5 Example 2 Insecticide Utility

The Photorhabdus luminescens utility and toxicity were further characterized. Photorhabdus luminescens (strain W-14) culture broth was produced as follows. The production medium was 2% Bacto 10 Proteose Peptone Number 3 (PP3, Difco Laboratories, Detroit, Michigan) in Milli-Q° deionized water. Seed culture flasks consisted of 175 ml medium placed in a 500 ml tribaffled flask with a Delong neck, covered with a Kaput and autoclaved for 20 minutes, 15 T=250°F. Production flasks consisted of 500 mls in a 2.8 liter 500 ml tribaffled flask with a Delong neck, covered by a Shin-etsu silicon foam closure. These were autoclaved for 45 minutes, T=250°F. The seed culture was incubated at 28°C at 150 rpm in a qyrotory shaking incubator with a 2 inch throw. After 16 hours of growth, 1% of the seed culture was placed in the production flask 20 which was allowed to grow for 24 hours before harvest. Production of the toxin appears to be during log phase growth. The microbial broth was transferred to a 1L centrifuge bottle and the cellular biomass was pelleted (30 minutes at 2500 RPM at 4°C, [R.C.F. = about 25 1600] HG-4L Rotor RC3 Sorval centrifuge, Dupont, Wilmington, DE). The primary broth was chilled at 4°C for 8 - 16 hours and recentrifuged at least 2 hours (conditions above) to further clarify the broth by removal of a putative mucopolysaccharide which precipitated upon standing. (An alternative processing method 30 combined both steps and involved the use of a 16 hour clarification centrifugation, same conditions as above.) This broth was then stored at 4°C prior to bioassay or filtration.

Photorhabdus culture broth and protein toxin(s) purified from this broth showed activity (mortality and/or growth inhibition, reduced adult emergence) against a number of insects. More specifically, the activity is seen against corn rootworm (larvae and adult), Colorado potato beetle, and turf grubs, which are members of the insect order Coleoptera. Other members of the Coleoptera include wireworms, pollen beetles, flea beetles, seed beetles and weevils. Activity has also been observed against aster leafhopper, which is a member of the order, Homoptera. Other members of the Homoptera include planthoppers, pear pyslla, apple

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sucker, scale insects, whiteflies, and spittle bugs, as well as numerous host specific aphid species. The broth and purified fractions are also active against beet armyworm, cabbage looper, black cutworm, tobacco budworm, European corn borer, corn earworm, and codling moth, which are members of the order Lepidoptera. Other typical members of this order are clothes moth, Indian mealmoth, leaf rollers, cabbage worm, cotton bollworm, bagworm, Eastern tent caterpillar, sod webworm, and fall armyworm. Activity is also seen against fruitfly and mosquito larvae, which are members of the order Diptera. Other members of the order Diptera 10 are pea midge, carrot fly, cabbage root fly, turnip root fly, onion fly, crane fly, house fly, and various mosquito species. Activity is seen against carpenter ant and Argentine ant, which are members of the order that also includes fire ants, oderous house ants, and 15 little black ants.

The broth/fraction is useful for reducing populations of insects and were used in a method of inhibiting an insect population. The method may comprise applying to a locus of the insect an effective insect inactivating amount of the active described. Results are reported in Table 4.

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Activity against corn rootworm larvae was tested as follows. Photorhabdus culture broth (filter sterilized, cell-free) or purified HPLC fractions were applied directly to the surface (about 1.5 cm²) of 0.25 ml of artificial diet in 30 µl aliquots following dilution in control medium or 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0, respectively. The diet plates were allowed to air-dry in a sterile flow-hood and the wells were infested with single, neonate Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi (Southern corn rootworm, SCR) hatched from sterilized eggs, with second instar SCR grown on artificial diet or with second instar Diabrotica virgifera virgifera (Western corn rootworm, WCR) reared on corn seedlings grown in Metromix°. Second instar larvae were weighed prior to addition to the diet. The plates were sealed, placed in a humidified growth chamber and maintained at 27°C for the appropriate period (4 days for neonate and adult SCR, 2-5 days for WCR larvae, 7-14 days for second instar SCR). Mortality and weight determinations were scored as indicated. Generally, 16 insects per treatment were used in all studies. Control mortalities were as follows: neonate larvae, <5%, adult beetles, 5%.

Activity against Colorado potato beetle was tested as follows. Photorhabdus culture broth or control medium was applied to the surface (about $2.0~\rm cm^2$) of $1.5~\rm ml$ of standard artificial diet held in the wells of a 24-well tissue culture plate. Each well received

50 μ l of treatment and was allowed to air dry. Individual second instar Colorado potato beetle (*Leptinotarsa decemlineata*, CPB) larvae were then placed onto the diet and mortality was scored after 4 days. Ten larvae per treatment were used in all studies. Control mortality was 3.3%.

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Activity against Japanese beetle grubs and beetles was tested as follows. Turf grubs (Popillia japonica, 2-3rd instar) were collected from infested lawns and maintained in the laboratory in soil/peat mixture with carrot slices added as additional diet. Turf beetles were pheromone-trapped locally and maintained in the laboratory in plastic containers with maple leaves as food. Following application of undiluted Photorhabdus culture broth or control medium to corn rootworm artificial diet (30 μ l/1.54 cm², beetles) or carrot slices (larvae), both stages were placed singly in a diet well and observed for any mortality and feeding. In both cases there was a clear reduction in the amount of feeding (and feces production) observed.

Activity against mosquito larvae was tested as follows. The assay was conducted in a 96-well microtiter plate. Each well contained 200 μl of aqueous solution (Photorhabdus culture broth, control medium or H_20) and approximately 20, 1-day old larvae (Aedes aegypti). There were 6 wells per treatment. The results were read at 2 hours after infestation and did not change over the three day observation period. No control mortality was seen.

Activity against fruitflies was tested as follows. Purchased Drosophila melanogaster medium was prepared using 50% dry medium and a 50% liquid of either water, control medium or Photorhabdus culture broth. This was accomplished by placing 8.0 ml of dry medium in each of 3 rearing vials per treatment and adding 8.0 ml of the appropriate liquid. Ten late instar Drosophila melanogaster maggots were then added to each vial. The vials were held on a laboratory bench, at room temperature, under fluorescent ceiling lights. Pupal or adult counts were made after 3, 7 and 10 days of exposure. Incorporation of Photorhabdus culture broth into the diet media for fruitfly maggots caused a slight (17%) but significant reduction in day-10 adult emergence as compared to water and control medium (3% reduction).

Activity against aster leafhopper was tested as follows. The ingestion assay for aster leafhopper ($Macrosteles\ severini$) is designed to allow ingestion of the active without other external contact. The reservoir for the active/"food" solution is made by making 2 holes in the center of the bottom portion of a 35 x 10 mm Petri dish. A 2 inch Parafilm M^* square is placed across the top of

the dish and secured with an "O" ring. A 1 oz. plastic cup is then infested with approximately 7 leafhoppers and the reservoir is placed on top of the cup, Parafilm down. The test solution is then added to the reservoir through the holes. In tests using undiluted Photorhabdus culture broth, the broth and control medium were dialyzed against water to reduce control mortality. Mortality is reported at day 2 where 26.5% control mortality was seen. In the tests using purified fractions (200_mg protein/ml) a final concentration of 5% sucrose was used in all treatments to improve survivability of the aster leafhoppers. The assay was held in an incubator at 28°C, 70% RH with a 16/8 photoperiod. The assay was graded for mortality at 72 hours. Control mortality was 5.5%.

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Activity against Argentine ants was tested as follows. A 1.5 ml aliquot of 100% Photorhabdus culture broth, control medium or water was pipetted into 2.0 ml clear glass vials. The vials were plugged with a piece of cotton dental wick that was moistened with the appropriate treatment. Each vial was placed into a separate 60x16mm Petri dish with 8 to 12 adult Argentine ants (Linepithema humile). There were three replicates per treatment. Bioassay plates were held on a laboratory bench, at room temperature under fluorescent ceiling lights. Mortality readings were made after 5 days of exposure. Control mortality was 24%.

Activity against carpenter ant was tested as follows. Black carpenter ant workers (Camponotus pennsylvanicus) were collected from trees on DowElanco property in Indianapolis, IN. Tests with Photorhabdus culture broth were performed as follows. Each plastic bioassay container (7 1/8" x 3") held fifteen workers, a paper harborage and 10 ml of broth or control media in a plastic shot glass. A cotton wick delivered the treatment to the ants through a hole in the shot glass lid. All treatments contained 5% sucrose. Bioassays were held in the dark at room temperature and graded at 19 days. Control mortality was 9%. Assays delivering purified fractions utilized artificial ant diet mixed with the treatment (purified fraction or control solution) at a rate of 0.2 ml treatment/2.0 g diet in a plastic test tube. The final protein concentration of the purified fraction was less than 10 $\mu g/g$ diet. Ten ants per treatment, a water source, harborage and the treated diet were placed in sealed plastic containers and maintained in the dark at 27°C in a humidified incubator. Mortality was scored at day 10. No control mortality was seen.

Activity against various lepidopteran larvae was tested as follows. Photorhabdus culture broth or purified fractions were

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applied directly to the surface (about 1.5 cm2) of 0.25 ml of standard artificial diet in 30 µl aliquots following dilution in control medium or 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0, respectively. The diet plates were allowed to air-dry in a sterile flow-hood and the wells were infested with single, neonate larva. European corn borer (Ostrinia nubilalis) and corn earworm (Helicoverpa zea) eggs were supplied from commercial sources and hatched in-house, whereas beet armyworm (Spodoptera exigua), cabbage looper (Trichoplusia ni), tobacco budworm (Heliothis virescens), codling moth (Laspeyresia pomonella) and black cutworm (Agrotis ipsilon) larvae were supplied internally. Following infestation with larvae, the diet plates were sealed, placed in a humidified growth chamber and maintained in the dark at 27°C for the appropriate period. Mortality and weight determinations were scored at days 5-7 for Photorhabdus culture broth and days 4-7 for the purified fraction. Generally, 16 insects per treatment were used in all studies. Control mortality ranged from 4-12.5% for control medium and was less than 10% for phosphate buffer.

Table 4

Effect of Photorhabdus luminescens (Strain W-14)

Culture Broth and Purified Toxin Fraction on Mortality and Growth

Inhibition of Different Insect Orders/Species

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| Insect Order/Species | Bro | th | Purified | Fraction |
|--|---------|--------|----------|----------|
| | % Mort. | % G.I. | % Mort. | ∦ G.I. |
| COLEOPTERA | | | | |
| Corn Rootworm | | | | |
| Southern/neonate larva | 100 | na | 100 | na |
| Southern/2 nd instar | na | 38.5 | nt | nt |
| Southern/adult | 45 | nt | nt | nt |
| Western/2 nd instar | na | 35 | nt | nt |
| Colorado Potato Beetle | 93 | nt | nt | nt |
| 2 nd instar | | | | |
| Turf Grub | na | a.f. | nt | nt |
| 3 rd instar | na | a.f. | nt | nt |
| adult | | | - | |
| DIPTERA | | | | |
| <pre>Fruit Fly (adult_emergence)</pre> | 17 | nt | nt | nt |
| Mosquito larvae | 100 | na | nt | nt |
| HOMOPTERA | | | | |
| Aster Leafhopper | 96.5 | na | 100 | na |
| HYMENOPTERA | | | | |
| Argentine Ant | 75 | na | nt | na |
| Carpenter Ant | 71 | na | 100 | na |
| LEPIDOPTERA | | | | |
| Beet Armyworm | 12.5 | 36 | 18.75 | 41.4 |
| Black Cutworm | nt | nt | 0 | 71.2 |
| Cabbage Looper | nt | nt | 21.9 | 66.8 |
| Codling Moth | nt | nt | 6.25 | 45.9 |
| Corn Earworm | 56.3 | 94.2 | 97.9 | na |
| European Corn Borer | 96.7 | 98.4 | 100 | na |
| Tobacco Budworm | 13.5 | 52.5 | 19.4 | 85.6 |

Mort. = mortality, G.I. = growth inhibition,

na = not applicable, nt = not tested, a.f. = anti-feedant

Example 3

Insecticide Utility upon Soil Application

Photorhabdus luminescens (strain W-14) culture broth was shown to be active against corn rootworm when applied directly to soil or a soil-mix (Metromix*). Activity against neonate SCR and WCR in

Metromix was tested as follows (Table 5). The test was run using corn seedlings (United Agriseeds brand CL614) that were germinated in the light on moist filter paper for 6 days. After roots were approximately 3-6 cm long, a single kernel/seedling was planted in a 591 ml clear plastic cup with 50 gm of dry Metromix°. Twenty neonate SCR or WCR were then placed directly on the roots of the seedling and covered with Metromix°. Upon infestation, the seedlings were then drenched with 50 ml total volume of a diluted broth solution. After drenching, the cups were sealed and left at room temperature in the light for 7 days. Afterwards, the seedlings were washed to remove all Metromix and the roots were excised and weighed. Activity was rated as the percentage of corn root remaining relative to the control plants and as leaf damage induced by feeding. Leaf damage was scored visually and rated as either -, +, ++, or +++, with - representing no damage and +++ representing severe damage.

Activity against neonate SCR in soil was tested as follows (Table 6). The test was run using corn seedlings (United Agriseeds brand CL614) that were germinated in the light on moist filter paper for 6 days. After the roots were approximately 3-6 cm long, a single kernel/seedling was planted in a 591 ml clear plastic cup with 150 cm of soil from a field in Lebanon, IN planted the previous year with corn. This soil had not been previously treated with insecticides. Twenty neonate SCR were then placed directly on the roots of the seedling and covered with soil. After infestation, the seedlings were drenched with 50 ml total volume of a diluted broth solution. After drenching, the unsealed cups were incubated in a high relative humidity chamber (80%) at 78°F. Afterwards, the seedlings were washed to remove all soil and the roots were excised and weighed. Activity was rated as the percentage of corn root remaining relative to the control plants and as leaf damage induced by feeding. Leaf damage was scored visually and rated as either -, +, ++, or +++, with - representing no damage and +++ representing severe damage.

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Table 5

Effect of Photorhabdus luminescens (Strain W-14) Culture Broth on Rootworm Larvae after Post-Infestation Drenching (Metromix*)

| 5 | Treatment | Larvae | Leaf Damage | Root Weight (g) | % |
|----|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | Southern Corn Row | otworm - | ~ | 0.4916 ± 0.023 | 100 |
| 10 | Medium (2.0% v/v Broth (6.25%v/v) | | - | 0.4416 ± 0.029 0.4641 ± 0.081 | 100 100 |
| | Water Media (2.0% v/v) | ++ | +++ +++ | 0.1410 ± 0.006 0.1345 ± 0.028 | 28.7 30.4 |
| 15 | Broth (1.56% v/v |) + | - | 0.4830 ± 0.031 | 104 |
| | Western Corn Roo | tworm | | | |
| 20 | Water Broth (2.0% v/v) | _ | · - - | 0.4446 ± 0.019 0.4069 ± 0.026 | 100 100 |
| 20 | Water Broth (2.0% v/v) | + + | _ | 0.2202 ± 0.015 0.3879 ± 0.013 | 49 95 |

25 <u>Table 6</u>

<u>Effect of Photorhabdus luminescens (Strain W-14) Culture Broth on Southern Corn Rootworm Larvae after Post-Infestation Drenching (Soil)</u>

| 30 | Treatment | Larvae | Leaf Damage | Root Weight(g) | % |
|----|-----------------|--------|-------------|--------------------|-----|
| | Water | | - | 0.2148 ± 0.014 | 100 |
| | Broth (50% v/v) | _ | - | 0.2260 ± 0.016 | 103 |
| 35 | Water | + | +++ | 0.0916 ± 0.009 | 43 |
| | Broth (50% v/v) | + | _ | 0.2428 ± 0.032 | 113 |

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Activity of Photorhabdus luminescens (strain W-14) culture broth against second instar turf grubs in Metromix was observed in tests conducted as follows (Table 7). Approximately 50 gm of dry Metromix was added to a 591 ml clear plastic cup. The Metromix was then drenched with 50 ml total volume of a 50% (v/v) diluted Photorhabdus broth solution. The dilution of crude broth was made with water, with 50% broth being prepared by adding 25 ml of crude broth to 25 ml of water for 50 ml total volume. A 1% (w/v) solution of proteose peptone #3 (PP3), which is a 50% dilution of the normal media concentration, was used as a broth control. After drenching, five second instar turf grubs were placed on the top of the moistened Metromix. Healthy turf grub larvae burrowed rapidly into the Metromix. Those larvae that did not burrow within 1h were

removed and replaced with fresh larvae. The cups were sealed and placed in a 28°C incubator, in the dark. After seven days, larvae were removed from the Metromix and scored for mortality. Activity was rated the percentage of mortality relative to control.

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Table 7

Effect of Photorhabdus luminescens (Strain W-14) Culture Broth on
Turf Grub after Pre-Infestation Drenching (Metromix*)

| 10 | Treatment | Mortality* | Mortality % |
|----|---------------------------|------------|-------------|
| | Water | 7/15 | 47 |
| 15 | Control medium (1.0% w/v) | 12/19 | 63 |
| | Broth (50% v/v) | 17/20 | 85 |

20 *expressed as a ratio of dead/living larvae

Example 4 Insecticide Utility upon Leaf Application

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Activity of *Photorhabdus* broth against European corn borer was seen when the broth was applied directly to the surface of maize leaves (Table 8). In these assays *Photorhabdus* broth was diluted 100-fold with culture medium and applied manually to the surface of excised maize leaves at a rate of about $6.0~\mu\text{l/cm}^2$ of leaf surface. The leaves were air dried and cut into equal sized strips approximately 2 x 2 inches. The leaves were rolled, secured with paper clips and placed in 1 oz plastic shot glasses with 0.25 inch of $2\frac{\pi}{3}$ agar on the bottom surface to provide moisture. Twelve neonate European corn borers were then placed onto the rolled leaf and the cup was sealed. After incubation for 5 days at 27°C in the dark, the samples were scored for feeding damage and recovered larvae.

Table 8

Effect of Photorhabdus luminescens (Strain W-14) Culture Broth on
European Corn Borer Larvae Following Pre-Infestation Application to
Excised Maize Leaves

| Treatment | Leaf Damage | Larvae Recovered | Weight (mg) |
|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| Water | Extensive | 55/120 | 0.42 mg |
| Control Medium, | Extensive | 40/120 | 0.50 mg |
| Broth (1.0% v/v) | Trace | 3/120 | 0.15 mg |

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Activity of the culture broth against neonate tobacco budworm (Heliothis virescens) was demonstrated using a leaf dip methodology. Fresh cotton leaves were excised from the plant and leaf disks were cut with an 18.5 mm cork-borer. The disks were individually emersed in control medium (PP3) or Photorhabdus luminescens (strain W-14) culture broth which had been concentrated approximately 10-fold using an Amicon (Beverly, MA), Proflux M12 tangential filtration system with a 10 kDa filter. Excess liquid was removed and a straightened paper clip was placed through the center of the disk. The paper clip was then wedged into a plastic, 1.0 oz shot glass containing approximately 2.0 ml of 1% Agar. served to suspend the leaf disk above the agar. Following drying of the leaf disk, a single neonate tobacco budworm larva was placed on the disk and the cup was capped. The cups were then sealed in a plastic bag and placed in a darkened, 27°C incubator for 5 days. At this time the remaining larvae and leaf material were weighed to establish a measure of leaf damage (Table 9).

Table 9 Effect of Photorhabdus luminescens (Strain W-14) Culture Broth on Tobacco Budworm Neonates in a Cotton-Leaf Dip Assay

| 35 | Treatment Control leaves | Leaf Disk 55.7 ± 1.3 | Final Weights (mg) Larvae na* |
|----|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Control Medium | 34.0 ± 2.9 | 4.3 ± 0.91 |
| | Photorhabdus broth | 54.3 ± 1.4 | 0.0** |
| | * - not applicable, | ** - no live larvae | e found |

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Example 5, Part A Characterization of Toxin Peptide Components

In a subsequent analysis, the toxin protein subunits of the bands isolated as in Example 1 were resolved on a 7% SDS

polyacrylamide electrophoresis gel with a ratio of 30:0.8 (acrylamide:BIS-acrylamide). This gel matrix facilitates better resolution of the larger proteins. The gel system used to estimate the Band 1 and Band 2 subunit molecular weights in Example 1 was an 18% gel with a ratio of 38:0.18 (acrylamide:BIS-acrylamide), which allowed for a broader range of size separation, but less resolution of higher molecular weight components.

In this analysis, 10, rather than 8, protein bands were resolved. Table 10 reports the calculated molecular weights of the 10 resolved bands, and directly compares the molecular weights estimated under these conditions to those of the prior example. It is not surprising that additional bands were detected under the different separation conditions used in this example. Variations between the prior and new estimates of molecular weight are also to be expected given the differences in analytical conditions. In the analysis of this example, it is thought that the higher molecular weight estimates are more accurate than in Example 1, as a result of improved resolution. However, these are estimates based on SDS PAGE analysis, which are typically not analytically precise and result in estimates of peptides and which may have been further altered due to post- and co-translational modifications.

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Amino acid sequences were determined for the N-terminal portions of five of the 10 resolved peptides. Table 10 + correlates the molecular weight of the proteins and the identified sequences. In SEQ ID NO:2, certain analyses suggest that the proline at residue 5 may be an asparagine (asn). In SEQ ID NO:3, certain analyses suggest that the amino acid residues at positions 13 and 14 are both arginine (arg). In SEQ ID NO:4, certain analyses suggest that the amino acid residue at position 6 may be either alanine (ala) or serine (ser). In SEQ ID NO:5, certain analyses suggest that the amino acid residue at position 3 may be aspartic acid (asp).

Table .10

| | ESTIMATE | NEW ESTIMATE* | SEO. LISTING |
|----|---|--|---|
| | 208 | 200.2 kĐa | SEQ ID NO:1 |
| 5 | 184 | 175.0 kDa | SEQ ID NO:2 |
| | 65.6 | 68.1 kDa | SEQ ID NO:3 |
| | 60.8 | 65.1 kDa | SEQ ID NO:4 |
| | 56.2 | 58.3 kDa | SEQ ID NO:5 |
| | 25.1 | 23.2 kDa | SEQ ID NO:15 |
| 10 | *New estimates are beginning sequences. SDS | pased on SDS PAGE S PAGE is not ana | and are not based on lytically precise. |

Example 5. Part B Characterization of Toxin Peptide Components

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New N-terminal sequence, SEQ ID NO:15, Ala Gln Asp Gly Asn Gln Asp Thr Phe Phe Ser Gly Asn Thr, was obtained by further N-terminal sequencing of peptides isolated from Native HPLC-purified toxin as described in Example 5, Part A, above. This peptide comes from the tcaA gene. The peptide labeled TcaAii, starts at position 254 and goes to position 491, where the TcaAiii peptide starts, SEQ ID NO:4. The estimated size of the peptide based on the gene sequence is 25,240 Da.

25 <u>Example 6</u> <u>Characterization of Toxin Peptide Components</u>

In yet another analysis, the toxin protein complex was reisolated from the *Photorhabdus luminescens* growth medium (after culture without Tween) by performing a 10% - 80% ammonium sulfate precipitation followed by an ion exchange chromatography step (Mono Q) and two molecular sizing chromatography steps. These conditions were like those used in Example 1. During the first molecular sizing step, a second biologically active peak was found at about 100 ± 10 kDa. Based upon protein measurements, this fraction was 20 - 50 fold less active than the larger, or primary, active peak of about 860 ± 100 kDa (native). During this isolation experiment, a smaller active peak of about 325 ± 50 kDa that retained a considerable portion of the starting biological activity was also resolved. It is thought that the 325 kDa peak is related to or derived from the 860 kDa peak.

A 56 kDa protein was resolved in this analysis. The N-terminal sequence of this protein is presented in SEQ ID NO:6. It

is noteworthy that this protein shares significant identity and conservation with SEQ ID NO:5 at the N-terminus, suggesting that the two may be encoded by separate members of a gene family and that the proteins produced by each gene are sufficiently similar to both be operable in the insecticidal toxin complex.

A second, prominent 185 kDa protein was consistently present in amounts comparable to that of protein 3 from Table 10, and may be the same protein or protein fragment. The N-terminal sequence of this 185 kDa protein is shown at SEQ ID NO:7.

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Additional N-terminal amino acid sequence data were also obtained from isolated proteins. None of the determined N-terminal sequences appear identical to a protein identified in Table 10. Other proteins were present in isolated preparation. One such protein has an estimated molecular weight of 108 kDa and an N-terminal sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO:8. A second such protein has an estimated molecular weight of 80 kDa and an N-terminal sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO:9.

When the protein material in the approximately 325 kDa active peak was analyzed by size, bands of approximately 51, 31, 28, and 22 kDa were observed. As in all cases in which a molecular weight was determined by analysis of electrophoretic mobility, these molecular weights were subject to error effects introduced by buffer ionic strength differences, electrophoresis power differences, and the like. One of ordinary skill would understand that definitive molecular weight values cannot be determined using these standard methods and that each was subject to variation. It was hypothesized that proteins of these sizes are degradation products of the larger protein species (of approximately 200 kDa size) that were observed in the larger primary toxin complex.

Finally, several preparations included a protein having the Nterminal sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:10. This sequence was strongly homologous to known chaperonin proteins, accessory proteins known to function in the assembly of large protein complexes. Although the applicants could not ascribe such an assembly function to the protein identified in SEQ ID NO:10, it was consistent with the existence of the described toxin protein complex that such a chaperonin protein could be involved in its assembly. Moreover, although such proteins have not directly been suggested to have toxic activity, this protein may be important to determining the overall structural nature of the protein toxin, and thus, may contribute to the toxic activity or durability of the complex in vivo after oral delivery.

Subsequent analysis of the stability of the protein toxin complex to proteinase K was undertaken. It was determined that after 24 hour incubation of the complex in the presence of a 10-fold molar excess of proteinase K, activity was virtually eliminated (mortality on oral application dropped to about 5%). These data confirm the proteinaceous nature of the toxin.

The toxic activity was also retained by a dialysis membrane, again confirming the large size of the native toxin complex.

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Example 7

Isolation, Characterization and Partial Amino Acid Sequencing of Photorhabdus Toxins

Isolation and N-Terminal Amino Acid Sequencing

In a set of experiments conducted in parallel to Examples 5 and 6, ammonium sulfate precipitation of *Photorhabdus* proteins was performed by adjusting *Photorhabdus* broth, typically 2-3 liters, to a final concentration of either 10% or 20% by the slow addition of ammonium sulfate crystals. After stirring for 1 hour at 4°C, the material was centrifuged at 12,000 x g for 30 minutes. The supernatant was adjusted to 80% ammonium sulfate, stirred at 4°C for 1 hour, and centrifuged at 12,000 x g for 60 minutes. The pellet was resuspended in one-tenth the volume of 10 mM Na₂ PO₄, pH 7.0 and dialyzed against the same phosphate buffer overnight at 4°C. The dialyzed material was centrifuged at 12,000 x g for 1 hour prior to ion exchange chromatography.

A HR 16/50 Q Sepharose (Pharmacia) anion exchange column was equilibrated with 10 mM Na₂ PO₄, pH 7.0. Centrifuged, dialyzed ammonium sulfate pellet was applied to the Q Sepharose column at a rate of 1.5 ml/min and washed extensively at 3.0 ml/min with equilibration buffer until the optical density (O.D. 280) reached less than 0.100. Next, either a 60 minute NaCl gradient ranging from 0 to 0.5 M at 3 ml/min, or a series of step elutions using 0.1 M, 0.4 M and finally 1.0 NaCl for 60 minutes each was applied to the column. Fractions were pooled and concentrated using a Centriprep 100. Alternatively, proteins could be eluted by a single 0.4 M NaCl wash without prior elution with 0.1 M NaCl.

Two milliliter aliquots of concentrated Q Sepharose samples were loaded at 0.5 ml/min onto a HR 16/50 Superose 12 (Pharmacia) gel filtration column equilibrated with 10 mM Na₂ PO₄, pH 7.0. The column was washed with the same buffer for 240 min at 0.5 ml/min and 2 min samples were collected. The void volume material was

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collected and concentrated using a Centriprep 100. Two milliliter aliquots of concentrated Superose 12 samples were loaded at 0.5 ml/min onto a HR 16/50 Sepharose 4B-CL (Pharmacia) gel filtration column equilibrated with 10 mM $\rm Na_2$ $\rm PO_4$, pH 7.0. The column was washed with the same buffer for 240 min at 0.5 ml/min and 2 min samples were collected.

The excluded protein peak was subjected to a second fractionation by application to a gel filtration column that used a Sepharose CL-4B resin, which separates proteins ranging from about 30 kDa to 1000 kDa. This fraction was resolved into two peaks; a minor peak at the void volume (>1000 kDa) and a major peak which eluted at an apparent molecular weight of about 860 kDa. Over a one week period subsequent samples subjected to gel filtration showed the gradual appearance of a third peak (approximately 325 kDa) that seemed to arise from the major peak, perhaps by limited proteolysis. Bioassays performed on the three peaks showed that the void peak had no activity, while the 860 kDa toxin complex fraction was highly active, and the 325 kDa peak was less active, although quite potent. SDS PAGE analysis of Sepharose CL-4B toxin complex peaks from different fermentation productions revealed two distinct peptide patterns, denoted "P" and "S". The two patterns had marked differences in the molecular weights and concentrations of peptide components in their fractions. The "S" pattern, produced most frequently, had 4 high molecular weight peptides (> 150 kDa) while the "P" pattern had 3 high molecular weight peptides. In addition, the "S" peptide fraction was found to have 2-3 fold more activity against European Corn Borer. This shift may be related to variations in protein expression due to age of inoculum and/or other factors based on growth parameters of aged cultures.

Milligram quantities of peak toxin complex fractions determined to be "P" or "S" peptide patterns were subjected to preparative SDS PAGE, and transblotted with TRIS-glycine (SeprabuffTM to PVDF membranes (ProBlottTM, Applied Biosystems) for 3-4 hours. Blots were sent for amino acid analysis and N-terminal amino acid sequencing at Harvard MicroChem and Cambridge ProChem, respectively. Three peptides in the "S" pattern had unique N-terminal amino acid sequences compared to the sequences identified in the previous example. A 201 kDa (TcdAii) peptide set forth as SEQ ID NO:13 below shared between 33% amino acid identity and 50% similarity (similarity and identity were calculated by hand) with SEQ ID NO:1 (TcbAii) (in Table 10 vertical lines denote amino acid

identities and colons indicate conservative amino acid substitutions). A second peptide of 197 kDa, SEQ ID NO:14 (TcdB), had 42% identity and 58% similarity with SEQ ID NO:2 (TcaC) (similarity and identity were calculated by hand). Yet a third peptide of 205 kDa was denoted TcdAii. In addition, a limited Nterminal amino acid sequence, SEQ ID NO:16 (TcbA), of a peptide of at least 235 kDa was identical with the amino acid sequence, SEQ ID NO:12, deduced from a cloned gene (tcbA), SEQ ID NO:11, containing a deduced amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:1 10 This indicates that the larger 235+ kDa peptide was proteolytically processed to the 201 kDa peptide, $(TcbA_{i\,i})$, (SEQ ID NO:1) during fermentation, possibly resulting in activation of the molecule. In yet another sequence, the sequence originally reported as SEQ ID NO:5 (TcaBii) reported in Example 5 above, was 15 found to contain an aspartic acid residue (Asp) at the third position rather than glycine (Gly) and two additional amino acids Gly and Asp at the eighth and ninth positions, respectively. yet two other sequences, SEQ ID NO:2 (TcaC) and SEQ ID NO:3 (TcaB_i), additional amino acid sequence was obtained.

Densitometric quantitation was performed using a sample that was identical to the "S" preparation sent for N-terminal analysis.

This analysis showed that the 201 kDa and 197 kDa peptides represent 7.0% and 7.2%, respectively, of the total Coomassie brillant blue stained protein in the "S" pattern and are present in amounts similar to the other abundant peptides. It was speculated that these peptides may represent protein homologs, analogous to the situation found with other bacterial toxins, such as various CryI Bt toxins. These proteins vary from 40-90% similarity at their N-terminal amino acid sequence, which encompasses the toxic fragment.

Internal Amino Acid Sequencing

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To facilitate cloning of toxin peptide genes, internal amino acid sequences of selected peptides were obtained as followed.

Milligram quantities of peak 2A fractions determined to be "P" or "S" peptide patterns were subjected to preparative SDS PAGE, and transblotted with TRIS-glycine (SeprabuffTM to PVDF membranes (ProBlottTM, Applied Biosystems) for 3-4 hours. Blots were sent for amino acid analysis and N-terminal amino acid sequencing at Harvard MicroChem and Cambridge ProChem, respectively. Three peptides, referred to as TcbAii (containing SEQ ID NO:1), TcdAii, and TcaBi (containing SEQ ID NO:3) were subjected to trypsin digestion by

Harvard MicroChem followed by HPLC chromatography to separate individual peptides. N-terminal amino acid analysis was performed on selected tryptic peptide fragments. Two internal peptides were sequenced for the peptide TcdAii (205 kDa peptide) referred to as TcdAii-PT111 (SEQ ID NO:17) and TcdAii-PT79 (SEQ ID NO:18). Two internal peptides were sequenced for the peptide TcaBi (68 kDa peptide) referred to as TcaBi-PT158 (SEQ ID NO:19) and TcaBi-PT108 (SEQ ID NO:20). Four internal peptides were sequenced for the peptide TcbAii (201 kDa peptide) referred to as TcbAii-PT103 (SEQ ID NO:21), TcbAii-PT56 (SEQ ID NO:22), TcbAii-PT81(a) (SEQ ID NO:23), and TcbAii-PT81(b) (SEQ ID NO:24).

Table 11

N-Terminal Amino Acid Sequences

15 (similarity and identity were calculated by hand)

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Example 8

Construction of a Cosmid Library of Photorhabdus luminescens W-14
Genomic DNA and its Screening to Isolate Genes Encoding Peptides
Comprising the Toxic Protein Preparation

As a prerequisite for the production of Photorhabdus insect toxic proteins in heterologous hosts, and for other uses, it is necessary to isolate and characterize the genes that encode those peptides. This objective was pursued in parallel. One approach, described later, was based on the use of monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies raised against the purified toxin which were then used to isolate clones from an expression library. The other approach, described in this example, is based on the use of the N-terminal and internal amino acid sequence data to design degenerate oligonucleotides for use in PCR amplication. Either method can be used to identify DNA clones that contain the peptide-encoding genes so as to permit the isolation of the respective genes, and the determination of their DNA base sequence.

Genomic DNA Isolation

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Photorhabdus luminescens strain W-14 (ATCC accession number 55397) was grown on 2% proteose peptone #3 agar (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) and insecticidal toxin competence was maintained by repeated bioassay after passage, using the method described in Example 1 above. A 50 ml shake culture was produced in a 175 ml baffled flask in 2% proteose peptone #3 medium, grown at 28°C and 150 rpm for approximately 24 hours. 15 ml of this culture was pelleted and frozen in its medium at -20°C until it was thawed for DNA isolation. The thawed culture was centrifuged, (700 x g, 30 min) and the floating orange mucopolysaccharide material was removed. The remaining cell material was centrifuged (25,000 x g, 15 min) to pellet the bacterial cells, and the medium was removed and discarded.

Genomic DNA was isolated by an adaptation of the CTAB method 15 described in section 2.4.1 of Current Protocols in Molecular Biology (Ausubel et al. eds, John Wiley & Sons, 1994) [modified to include a salt shock and with all volumes increased 10-fold]. The pelleted bacterial cells were resuspended in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-20 HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) to a final volume of 10 ml, then 12 ml of 5 M NaCl was added; this mixture was centrifuged 20 min at 15,000 x The pellet was resuspended in 5.7 ml TE and 300 ml of 10% SDS and 60 ml of 20 mg/ml proteinase K (Gibco BRL Products, Grand Island, NY; in sterile distilled water) were added to the 25 suspension. This mixture was incubated at 37°C for 1 hr; then approximately 10 mg lysozyme (Worthington Biochemical Corp., Freehold, NJ) was added. After an additional 45 min, 1 ml of 5 M NaCl and 800 ml of CTAB/NaCl solution (10% w/v CTAB, 0.7 M NaCl) were added. This preparation was incubated 10 min at 65°C, then gently agitated and further incubated and agitated for 30 approximately 20 min to assist clearing of the cellular material. An equal volume of chloroform/isoamyl alcohol solution (24:1, y/v)was added, mixed gently and centrifuged. After two extractions with an equal volume of PCI (phenol/chloroform/isoamyl alcohol; 35 50:49:1, v/v/v; equilibrated with 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0; Intermountain Scientific Corporation, Kaysville, UT), the DNA was precipitated with 0.6 volume of isopropanol. The DNA precipitate was gently removed with a glass rod, washed twice with 70% ethanol, dried, and dissolved in 2 ml STE (10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 10 mM 40 NaCl, 1 mM EDTA). This preparation contained 2.5 mg/ml DNA, as

determined by optical density at 260 nm (i.e., OD₂₆₀).

The molecular size range of the isolated genomic DNA was evaluated for suitability for library construction. CHEF gel analysis was performed in 1.5% agarose (Seakem® LE, FMC BioProducts, Rockland, ME) gels with 0.5 X TBE buffer (44.5 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 44.5 mM H₃BO₃, 1 mM EDTA) on a BioRad CHEF-DR II apparatus with a Pulsewave 760 Switcher (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., Richmond, CA). The running parameters were: initial A time, 3 sec; final A time, 12 sec; 200 volts; running temperature, 4-18°C; run time, 16.5 hr. Ethidium bromide staining and examination of the gel under ultraviolet light indicated the DNA ranged from 30-250 kbp in size.

Construction of Library

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A partial Sau3A 1 digest was made of this Photorhabdus genomic DNA preparation. The method was based on section 3.1.3 of Ausubel 15 (supra.). Adaptions included running smaller scale reactions under various conditions until nearly optimal results were achieved. Several scaled-up large reactions with varied conditions were run, the results analyzed on CHEF gels, and only the best large scale preparation was carried forward. In the optimal case, 200 µg of 20 Photorhabdus genomic DNA was incubated with 1.5 units of Sau3A 1 (New England Biolabs, "NEB", Beverly, MA) for 15 min at 37°C in 2 ml total volume of 1X NEB 4 buffer (supplied as 10X by the manufacturer). The reaction was stopped by adding 2 ml of PCI and centrifuging at 8000 x g for 10 min. To the supernatant were added 25 200 µl of 5 M NaCl plus 6 ml of ice-cold ethanol. This preparation was chilled for 30 min at -20°C, then centrifuged at 12,000 x g for 15 min. The supernatant was removed and the precipitate was dried in a vacuum oven at 40°C, then resuspended in $400~\mu l$ STE. Spectrophotometric assay indicated about 40% recovery of the input 30 DNA. The digested DNA was size fractionated on a sucrose gradient according to section 5.3.2 of CPMB (op. cit.). A 10% to 40% (w/v) linear sucrose gradient was prepared with a gradient maker in Ultra-Clear™ tubes (Beckman Instruments, Inc., Palo Alto, CA) and the DNA sample was layered on top. After centrifugation, (26,000 rpm, 17 hr, Beckman SW41 rotor, 20°C), fractions (about 750 μl) 35 were drawn from the top of the gradient and analyzed by CHEF gel electrophoresis (as described earlier). Fractions containing Sau3A 1 fragments in the size range 20-40 kbp were selected and DNA was precipitated by a modification (amounts of all solutions increased 40 approximately 6.3-fold) of the method in section 5.3.3 of Ausubel (supra.). After overnight precipitation, the DNA was collected by centrifugation (17,000 x g, 15 min), dried, redissolved in TE,

pooled into a final volume of 80 μ l, and reprecipitated with the addition of 8 μ l 3 M sodium acetate and 220 μ l ethanol. The pellet collected by centrifugation as above was resuspended in 12 μ l TE. Concentration of the DNA was determined by Hoechst 33258 dye (Polysciences, Inc., Warrington, PA) fluorometry in a Hoefer TKO100 fluorimeter (Hoefer Scientific Instruments, San Francisco, CA). Approximately 2.5 μ g of the size-fractionated DNA was recovered.

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Thirty µg of cosmid pWE15 DNA (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA) was digested to completion with 100 units of restriction enzyme BamH 1 (NEB) in the manufacturer's buffer (final volume of 200 μ l, 37°C, 1 hr). The reaction was extracted with 100 μ l of PCI and DNA was precipitated from the aqueous phase by addition of 20 μ l 3M sodium acetate and 550 µl -20°C absolute ethanol. After 20 min at -70°C, the DNA was collected by centrifugation (17,000 x g, 15 min), dried under vacuum, and dissolved in 180 μl of 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0. To this were added 20 µl of 10X CIP buffer (100 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3; 10 mM $ZnCl_2$; 10 mM $MgCl_2$), and 1 μl (0.25 units) of 1:4 diluted calf intestinal alkaline phosphatase (Boehringer Mannheim Corporation, Indianapolis, IN). After 30 min at 37°C, the following additions were made: 2 μ l 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0; 10 μ l 10% SDS; 0.5 μ l of 20 mg/ml proteinase K (as above), followed by incubation at 55°C for 30 min. Following sequential extractions with 100 μ l of PCI and 100 μ l phenol (Intermountain Scientific Corporation, equilibrated with 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0), the dephosphorylated DNA was precipitated by addition of 72 μl of 7.5 M ammonium acetate and 550 μl -20°C ethanol, incubation on ice for 30 $\,$ min, and centrifugation as above. The pelleted DNA was washed once with 500 μ l -20°C 70% ethanol, dried under vacuum, and dissolved in 20 µl of TE buffer.

Ligation of the size-fractionated Sau3A 1 fragments to the BamH 1-digested and phosphatased pWE15 vector was accomplished using T4 ligase (NEB) by a modification (i.e., use of premixed 10X ligation buffer supplied by the manufacturer) of the protocol in section 3.33 of Ausubel. Ligation was carried out overnight in a total volume of 20 μ l at 15°C, followed by storage at - 20°C.

Four µl of the cosmid DNA ligation reaction, containing about 1 µg of DNA, was packaged into bacteriophage lambda using a commercial packaging extract (Gigapack® III Gold Packaging Extract, Stratagene), following the manufacturer's directions. The packaged preparation was stored at 4°C until use. The packaged cosmid preparation was used to infect Escherichia coli XL1 Blue MR cells

(Stratagene) according to the Gigapack III Gold protocols ("Titering the Cosmid Library"), as follows. XL1 Blue MR cells were grown in LB medium (g/L: Bacto-tryptone, 10; Bacto-yeast extract, 5; Bacto-agar, 15; NaCl, 5; [Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI]) containing 0.2% (w/v) maltose plus 10 mM MgSO4, at 37°C. After 5 hr growth, cells were pelleted at 700 x g (15 min) and resuspended in 6 ml of 10 mM MqSO4. The culture density was adjusted with 10 mM MgSO4 to OD600 = 0.5. The packaged cosmid library was diluted 1:10 or 1:20 with sterile SM medium (0.1 M 10 NaCl, 10 mM MgSO₄ 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 0.01% w/v gelatin), and 25 μl of the diluted preparation was mixed with 25 μl of the diluted XL1 Blue MR cells. The mixture was incubated at 25°C for 30 min (without shaking), then 200 µl of LB broth was added, and incubation was continued for approximately 1 hr with occasional gentle shaking. Aliquots (20-40 µl) of this culture were spread on 15 LB agar plates containing 100 mg/l ampicillin (i.e., LB-Ampin) and incubated overnight at 37°C. To store the library without amplification, single colonies were picked and inoculated into individual wells of sterile 96-well microwell plates; each well 20 containing 75 µl of Terrific Broth (TB media: 12 q/l Bactotryptone, 24 g/l Bacto-yeast extract, 0.4% v/v glycerol, 17 mM KH₂PO₄, 72 mM K₂HPO₄) plus 100 mg/l ampicillin (i.e., TB-Amp₁₀₀) and incubated (without shaking) overnight at 37°C. After replicating the 96-well plate into a copy plate, 75 μ l/well of filter-25 sterilized TB:glycerol (1:1, v/v; with, or without, 100 mg/l ampfcillin) was added to the plate, it was shaken briefly at 100 rpm, 37°C, and then closed with Parafilm (American National Can, Greenwich, CT) and placed in a -70°C freezer for storage. Copy plates were grown and processed identically to the master plates. A total of 40 such master plates (and their copies) were prepared. 30

Screening of the Library with Radiolabeled DNA Probes

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To prepare colony filters for probing with radioactively labeled probes, ten 96-well plates of the library were thawed at 25°C (bench top at room temperature). A replica plating tool with 96 prongs was used to inoculate a fresh 96-well copy plate containing 75 µl/well of TB-Amp₁₀₀. The copy plate was grown overnight (stationary) at 37°C, then shaken about 30 min at 100 rpm at 37°C. A total of 800 colonies was represented in these copy plates, due to nongrowth of some isolates. The replica tool was used to inoculate duplicate impressions of the 96-well arrays onto Magna NT (MSI, Westboro, MA) nylon membranes (0.45 micron, 220 x

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250 mm) which had been placed on solid LB-Amp₁₀₀ (100 ml/dish) in Bio-assay plastic dishes (Nunc, 243 x 243 x 18 mm; Curtin Mathison Scientific, Inc., Wood Dale, IL). The colonies were grown on the membranes at 37°C for about 3 hr.

A positive control colony (a bacterial clone containing a GZ4 sequence insert, see below) was grown on a separate Magna NT membrane (Nunc, 0.45 micron, 82 mm circle) on LB medium supplemented with 35 mg/l chloramphenicol (i.e., LB-Cam35), and processed alongside the library colony membranes. Bacterial colonies on the membranes were lysed, and the DNA was denatured and neutralized according to a protocol taken from the Genius™ System User's Guide version 2.0 (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IN). Membranes were placed colony side up on filter paper soaked with 0.5 N NaOH plus 1.5 M NaCl for 15 min to denature, and neutralized on filter paper soaked with 1 M Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 1.5 M NaCl for 15 After UV-crosslinking using a Stratagene UV Stratalinker set on auto crosslink, the membranes were stored dry at 25°C until use. Membranes were trimmed into strips containing the duplicate impressions of a single 96-well plate, then washed extensively by the method of section 6.4.1 in CPMB (op. cit.): 3 hr at 25°C in 3X SSC, 0.1% (w/v) SDS, followed by 1 hr at 65°C in the same solution, then rinsed in 2X SSC in preparation for the hybridization step (20X SSC = 3 M NaCl, 0.3 M sodium citrate, pH 7.0).

25 Amplification of a Specific Genomic Fragment of a TcaC Gene

Based on the N-terminal amino acid sequence determined for the purified TcaC peptide fraction [disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:2], a pool of degenerate oligonucleotides (pool S4Psh) was synthesized by standard β -cyanoethyl chemistry on an Applied BioSystem ABI394 DNA/RNA Synthesizer (Perkin Elmer, Foster City, CA). The oligonucleotides were deprotected 8 hours at 55°C, dissolved in water, quantitated by spectrophotometric measurement, and diluted for use. This pool corresponds to the determined N-terminal amino acid sequence of the TcaC peptide. The determined amino acid sequence and the corresponding degenerate DNA sequence are given below, where A, C, G, and T are the standard DNA bases, and I represents inosine:

Amino Met Gln Asp Ser Pro Glu Val

S4Psh 5' ATG CA(A/G) GA(T/C) (T/A)(C/G)(T/A) CCI GA(A/G) GT 3'

Another set of degenerate oligonucleotides was synthesized (pool P2.3.5R), representing the complement of the coding strand for the determined amino acid sequence of the SEQ ID NO:17:

Amino Phe Asn Ile Asp Acid Ala

These oligonucleotides were used as primers in Polymerase Chain Reactions (PCR°, Roche Molecular Systems, Branchburg, NJ) to amplify a specific DNA fragment from genomic DNA prepared from Photorhabdus strain W-14 (see above). A typical reaction (50 μ l) 10 contained 125 pmol of each primer pool P2Psh and P2.3.5R, 253 ng of genomic template DNA, 10 nmol each of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, and dTTP, 1X GeneAmp PCR buffer, and 2.5 units of AmpliTag DNA polymerase (both from Roche Molecular Systems; 10X GeneAmp buffer is 100 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 500 mM KCl, 0.01% w/v gelatin). Amplifications 15 were performed in a Perkin Elmer Cetus DNA Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer, Foster City, CA) using 35 cycles of 94°C (1.0 min), 55°C (2.0 min), 72°C (3.0 min), followed by an extension period of 7.0 min at 72°C. Amplification products were analyzed by electrophoresis through 2% w/v NuSieve 3:1 agarose (FMC BioProducts) in TEA buffer (40 mM Tris-acetate, 2 mM EDTA, pH 8.0). A specific product of estimated size 250 bp was observed amongst numerous other amplification products by ethidium bromide (0.5 ug/ml) staining of the gel and examination under ultraviolet light.

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The region of the gel containing an approximately 250 bp product was excised, and a small plug (0.5 mm dia.) was removed and used to supply template for PCR amplification (40 cycles). reaction (50 µl) contained the same components as above, minus genomic template DNA. Following amplification, the ends of the fragments were made blunt and were phosphorylated by incubation at 25°C for 20 min with 1 unit of T4 DNA polymerase (NEB), 1 nmol ATP, and 2.15 units of T4 kinase (Pharmacia Biotech Inc., Piscataway, NJ).

DNA fragments were separated from residual primers by electrophoresis through 1% w/v GTG agarose (FMC) in TEA. A gel slice containing fragments of apparent size 250 bp was excised, and the DNA was extracted using a Qiaex kit (Qiagen Inc., Chatsworth, CA).

The extracted DNA fragments were ligated to plasmid vector pBC KS(+) (Stratagene) that had been digested to completion with 40 restriction enzyme Sma 1 and extracted in a manner similar to that described for pWE15 DNA above. A typical ligation reaction (16.3 μl) contained 100 ng of digested pBC KS(+) DNA, 70 ng of 250 bp fragment DNA, 1 nmol [Co(NH₁)₆]Cl₃, and 3.9 Weiss units of T4 DNA ligase (Collaborative Biomedical Products, Bedford, MA), in 1X 45

ligation buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH .7.4; 10 mM MgCl2; 10 mM dithiothreitol; 1 mM spermidine, 1 mM ATP, 100 mg/ml bovine serum albumin). Following overnight incubation at 14°C, the ligated products were transformed into frozen, competent Escherichia coli $DH5\alpha$ cells (Gibco BRL) according to the suppliers' recommendations, and plated on LB-Cam₃₅ plates, containing IPTG (119 μ g/ml) and X-gal Independent white colonies were picked, and plasmid $(50 \mu g/ml)$. DNA was prepared by a modified alkaline-lysis/PEG precipitation $\texttt{method} \ (\texttt{PRISM}^{\texttt{TM}} \ \texttt{Ready} \ \texttt{Reaction} \ \texttt{DyeDeoxy}^{\texttt{TM}} \ \texttt{Terminator} \ \texttt{Cycle}$ 10 Sequencing Kit Protocols; ABI/Perkin Elmer). The nucleotide sequence of both strands of the insert DNA was determined, using T7 primers [pBC KS(+) bases 601-623: TAAAACGACGGCCAGTGAGCGCG) and LacZ primers [pBC KS(+) bases 792-816: ATGACCATGATTACGCCAAGCGCGC) and protocols supplied with the PRISM™ sequencing kit (ABI/Perkin 15 Nonincorporated dye-terminator dideoxyribonucleotides were removed by passage through Centri-Sep 100 columns (Princeton Separations, Inc., Adelphia, NJ) according to the manufacturer's instructions. The DNA sequence was obtained by analysis of the samples on an ABI Model 373A DNA Sequencer (ABI/Perkin Elmer). The 20 DNA sequences of two isolates, GZ4 and HB14, were found to be as illustrated in Fig. 1.

This sequence illustrates the following features: 1) bases 1-20 represent one of the 64 possible sequences of the S4Psh degenerate oligonucleotides, ii) the sequence of amino acids 1-3 and 6-12 correspond exactly to that determined for the N-terminus of TcaC (disclosed as SEQ ID NO:2), iii) the fourth amino acid encoded is a cysteine residue rather than serine. This difference is encoded within the degeneracy for the serine codons (see above), iv) the fifth amino acid encoded is proline, corresponding to the TcaC N-terminal sequence given as SEQ ID NO:2, v) bases 257-276 encode one of the 192 possible sequences designed into the degenerate pool, vi) the TGA termination codon introduced at bases 268-270 is the result of complementarity to the degeneracy built into the oligonucleotide pool at the corresponding position, and does not indicate a shortened reading frame for the corresponding gene.

Labeling of a TcaC Peptide Gene-specific Probe

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DNA fragments corresponding to the above 276 bases were amplified (35 cycles) by PCR $^{\circ}$ in a 100 μ l reaction volume, using 100 pmol each of P2Psh and P2.3.5R primers, 10 ng of plasmids GZ4 or HB14 as templates, 20 nmol each of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, and dTTP, 5

units of AmpliTAq DNA polymerase, and 1% concentration of GeneAmp buffer, under the same temperature regimes as described above. The amplification products were extracted from a 1% GTG agarose gel by Qiaex kit and quantitated by fluorometry.

The extracted amplification products from plasmid HB14 template (approximately 400 ng) were split into five aliquots and labeled with ³²P-dCTP using the High Prime Labeling Mix (Boehringer Mannheim) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Nonincorporated radioisotope was removed by passage through NucTrap* Probe Purification Columns (Stratagene), according to the supplier's instructions. The specific activity of the labeled DNA product was determined by scintillation counting to be 3.11 x 108 dpm/µg. This labeled DNA was used to probe membranes prepared from 800 members of the genomic library.

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Screening with a TcaC-peptide Gene Specific Probe

The radiolabeled HB14 probe was boiled approximately 10 min, then added to "minimal hyb" solution. [Note: The "minimal hyb" method is taken from a CERES protocol; "Restriction Fragment Length 20 Polymorphism Laboratory Manual version 4.0", sections 4-40 and 4-47; CERES/NPI, Salt Lake City, UT. NPI is now defunct, with its successors operating as Linkage Genetics]. "Minimal hyb" solution contains 10% w/v PEG (polyethylene qlycol, M.W. approx. 8000), 7% w/v SDS; 0.6X SSC, 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer (from a 1M stock . 25 containing 95 g/l NaH₂PO₄ 1H₂O and 84.5 g/l Na₂HPO₄ 7H₂O), 5 mM EDTA, and 100 mg/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA. Membranes were blotted dry briefly then, without prehybridization, 5 strips of membrane were placed in each of 2 plastic boxes containing 75 ml of "minimal hyb" and 2.6 ng/ml of radiolabeled HB14 probe. These were incubated overnight with slow shaking (50 rpm) at 60°C. The 30 filters were washed three times for approximately 10 min each at 25°C in "minimal hyb wash solution" (0.25% SSC, 0.2% SDS), followed by two 30-min washes with slow shaking at 60°C in the same solution. The filters were placed on paper covered with Saran Wrap' (Dow Brands, Indianapolis, IN) in a light-tight autoradiographic 35 cassette and exposed to X-Omat X-ray film (Kodak, Rochester, NY) with two DuPont Cronex Lightning-Plus C1 enhancers (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO), for 4 hr at -70°C. Upon development (standard photographic procedures), significant signals were evident in both replicates amongst a high background of weaker, more irregular 40 The filters were again washed for about 4 hr at 68°C in "minimal hyb wash solution" and then placed again in the cassettes

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and film was exposed overnight at -70°C. Twelve possible positives were identified due to strong signals on both of the duplicate 96-well colony impressions. No signal was seen with negative control membranes (colonies of XL1 Blue MR cells containing pWE15), and a very strong signal was seen with positive control membranes (DH5 α cells containing the GZ4 isolate of the PCR product) that had been processed concurrently with the experimental samples.

The twelve putative hybridization-positive colonies were retrieved from the frozen 96-well library plates and grown overnight at 37°C on solid LB-Amp₁₀₀ medium. They were then patched (3/plate, plus three negative controls: XL1 Blue MR cells containing the pWE15 vector) onto solid LB-Amp₁₀₀. Two sets of membranes (Magna NT nylon, 0.45 micron) were prepared for hybridization. The first set was prepared by placing a filter directly onto the colonies on a patch plate, then removing it with adherent bacterial cells, and processing as below. Filters of the second set were placed on plates containing LB-Amp₁₀₀ medium, then inoculated by transferring cells from the patch plates onto the filters. After overnight growth at 37°C, the filters were removed from the plates and processed.

Bacterial cells on the filters were lysed and DNA denatured by placing each filter colony-side-up on a pool (1.0 ml) of 0.5 N NaOH in a plastic plate for 3 min. The filters were blotted dry on a paper towel, then the process was repeated with fresh 0.5 N NaOH. After blotting dry, the filters were neutralized by placing each on a 1.0 ml pool of 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 7.5 for 3 min, blotted dry, and reneutralised with fresh buffer. This was followed by two similar soakings (5 min each) on pools of 0.5 M Tris-HCl pH 7.5 plus 1.5 M NaCl. After blotting dry, the DNA was UV crosslinked to the filter (as above), and the filters were washed (25°C, 100 rpm) in about 100 ml of 3X SSC plus 0.1%(w/v) SDS (4 times, 30 min each with fresh solution for each wash). They were then placed in a minimal volume of prehybridization solution [6X SSC plus 1% w/v each of Ficoll 400 (Pharmacia), polyvinylpyrrolidone (av. M.W. 360,000; Sigma) and bovine serum albumin Fraction V; (Sigma)] for 2 hr at 65°C, 50 rpm. The prehybridization solution was removed, and replaced with the HB14 32P-labeled probe that had been saved from the previous hybridization of the library membranes and which had been denatured at 95°C for 5 min. Hybridization was performed at 60°C for 16 hr with shaking at 50 rpm.

Following removal of the labeled probe solution, the membranes were washed 3 times at 25° C (50 rpm, 15 min) in 3X SSC (about 150 ml each wash). They were then washed for 3 hr at 68° C (50 rpm) in

0.25% SSC plus 0.2% SDS (minimal hyb wash solution), and exposed to X-ray film as described above for 1.5 hr at 25°C (no enhancer screens). This exposure revealed very strong hybridization signals to cosmid isolates 22G12, 25A10, 26A5, and 26B10, and a very weak signal with cosmid isolate 8B10. No signal was seen with the negative control (pWE15) colonies, and a very strong signal was seen with positive control membranes (DH5 α cells containing the GZ4 isolate of the PCR product) that had been processed concurrently with the experimental samples.

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Amplification of a Specific Genomic Fragment of a TcaB Gene

Based on the N-terminal amino acid sequence determined for the purified TcaB_i peptide fraction (disclosed here as SEQ ID NO:3) a pool of degenerate oligonucleotides (pool P8F) was synthesized as described for peptide TcaC. The determined amino acid sequence and the corresponding degenerate DNA sequence are given below, where A, C, G, and T are the standard DNA bases, and I represents inosine:

- Amino
 20 Acid Leu Phe Thr Gln Thr Leu Lys Glu Ala Arg

 P8F 5' TTT ACI CA(A/G) ACI (C/T)TI AAA GAA GCI (A/C)G 3'
 (C/T)TI
- Another set of degenerate oligonucleotides was synthesized (pool P8.108.3R), representing the complement of the coding strand for the determined amino acid sequence of the TcaBi-PT108 internal peptide (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:20):
- 30 Amino
 Acid Met Tyr Tyr Ile Gln Ala Gln Gln

 Codons ATG TA(T/C) TA(T/C) AT(T/C/A) CA(A/G) GC(A/C/G/T) CA(A/G CA(A/G)
 P8.108.3R 3' AT(A/G) AT(A/G) TA(A/G/T) GT(T/C) CGI GT(T/C) GT 5'

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These oligonucleotides were used as primers for PCR° using HotStart 50 TubesTM (Molecular Bio-Products, Inc., San Diego, CA) to amplify a specific DNA fragment from genomic DNA prepared from *Photorhabdus* strain W-14 (see above). A typical reaction (50 µl) contained (bottom layer) 25 pmol of each primer pool P8F and P8.108.3R, with 2 nmol each of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, and dTTP, in 1X GeneAmp° PCR buffer, and (top layer) 230 ng of genomic template DNA, 8 nmol each of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, and dTTP, and 2.5 units of AmpliTaq° DNA polymerase, in 1X GeneAmp° PCR buffer. Amplifications were performed by 35 cycles as described for the TcaC peptide. Amplification products were analyzed by electrophoresis through

0.7% w/v SeaKem LE agarose (FMC) in TEA buffer. A specific product of estimated size 1600 bp was observed.

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Four such reactions were pooled, and the amplified DNA was extracted from a 1.0% SeaKem LE gel by Qiaex kit as described for the TcaC peptide. The extracted DNA was used directly as the template for sequence determination (PRISM™ Sequencing Kit) using the P8F and P8.108.3R primer pools. Each reaction contained about 100 ng template DNA and 25 pmol of one primer pool, and was processed according to standard protocols as described for the TcaC peptide. An analysis of the sequence derived from extension of the P8F primers revealed the short DNA sequence (and encoded amino acid sequence):

GAT GCA TTG NTT GCT Asp Ala Leu (Val) Ala

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15 which corresponds to a portion of the N-terminal peptide sequence disclosed as SEQ ID NO:3 (TcaBi).

Labeling of a TcaBi-peptide Gene-specific Probe

Approximately 50 ng of gel-purified TcaB; DNA fragment was 20 labeled with 32P-dCTP as described above, and nonincorporated radioisotopes were removed by passage through a NICK Column' (Pharmacia). The specific activity of the labelled DNA was determined to be 6 x 10^9 dpm/ μ g. This labeled DNA was used to probe colony membranes prepared from members of the genomic library that had hybridized to the TcaC-peptide specific probe.

The membranes containing the 12 colonies identified in the TcaC-probe library screen (see above) were stripped of radioactive TcaC-specific label by boiling twice for approximately 30 min each time in 1 liter of 0.1% SSC plus 0.1 % SDS. Removal of radiolabel was checked with a 6 hr film exposure. The stripped membranes were then incubated with the TcaBi peptide-specific probe prepared above. The labeled DNA was denatured by boiling for 10 min, and then added to the filters that had been incubated for 1 hr in 100 ml of "minimal hyb" solution at 60°C. After overnight

- 35 hybridization at this temperature, the probe solution was removed, and the filters were washed as follows (all in 0.3X SSC plus 0.1% SDS): once for 5 min at 25°C, once for 1 hr at 60°C in fresh solution, and once for 1 hr at 63°C in fresh solution. After 1.5 hr exposure to X-ray film by standard procedures, 4 strongly-
- 40 hybridizing colonies were observed. These were, as with the TcaCspecific probe, isolates 22G12, 25A10, 26A5, and 26B10.

The same TcaB_i probe solution was diluted with an equal volume (about 100 ml) of "minimal hyb" solution, and then used to screen the membranes containing the 800 members of the genomic library. After hybridization, washing, and exposure to X-ray film as described above, only the four cosmid clones 22G12, 25A10, 26A5, and 26B10, were found to hybridize strongly to this probe.

Isolation of Subclones Containing Genes Encoding TcaC and YcaB; Peptides, and Determination of DNA Base Sequence Thereof

Three hybridization-positive cosmids in strain XL1 Blue MR 10 were grown with shaking overnight (200 rpm) at 30°C in 100 ml TB-Amp₁₀₀. After harvesting the cells by centrifugation, cosmid DNA was prepared using a commercially available kit (BIGprepTM, 5 Prime 3 Prime, Inc., Boulder, CO), following the manufacturer's 15 protocols. Only one cosmid, 26A5, was successfully isolated by this procedure. When digested with restriction enzyme EcoR 1 (NEB) and analyzed by gel electrophoresis, fragments of approximate sizes 14, 10, 8 (vector), 5, 3.3, 2.9, and 1.5 kbp were detected. second attempt to isolate cosmid DNA from the same three strains (8 20 ml cultures; TB-Amp₁₀₀, 30°C) utilized a boiling miniprep method (Evans G. and G. Wahl., 1987, "Cosmid vectors for genomic walking and rapid restriction mapping." in Guide to Molecular Cloning Techniques. Meth. Enzymology, Vol. 152, S. Berger and A. Kimmel, eds., pgs. 604-610). Only one cosmid, 25A10, was successfully 25 isolated by this method. When digested with restriction enzyme EcoR I (NEB) and analyzed by gel electrophoresis, this cosmid showed a fragmentation pattern identical to that previously seen with cosmid 26A5.

A 0.15 μg sample of 26A5 cosmid DNA was used to transform 50 ml of E. coli DH5α cells (Gibco BRL), by the supplier's protocols. A single colony isolate of that strain was inoculated into 4 ml of TB-Amp₁₀₀, and grown for 8 hr at 37°C. Chloramphenicol was added to a final concentration of 225 μg/ml, incubation was continued for another 24 hr, then cells were harvested by centrifugation and frozen at -20°C. Isolation of the 26A5 cosmid DNA was by a standard alkaline lysis miniprep (Maniatis et al., op. cit., p. 382), modified by increasing all volumes by 50% and with stirring or gentle mixing, rather than vortexing, at every step. After washing the DNA pellet in 70% ethanol, it was dissolved in TE containing 25 μg/ml ribonuclease A (Boehringer Mannheim).

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Identification of *EcoR I* Fragments Hybridizing to GZ4-derived and TcaB_i - Probes

Approximately 0.4 μg of cosmid 25A10 (from XL1 Blue MR cells) and about 0.5 μg of cosmid 26A5 (from chloramphenicol-amplified DH5α cells) were each digested with about 15 units of EcoR I(NEB) for 85 min, frozen overnight, then heated at 65°C for five min, and electrophoresed in a 0.7% agarose gel (Seakem LE, 1X TEA, 80 volts, 90 min). The DNA was stained with ethidium bromide as described above, and photographed under ultraviolet light. The EcoR I digest of cosmid 25A10 was a complete digestion, but the sample of cosmid 26A5 was only partially digested under these conditions. The agarose gel containing the DNA fragments was subjected to depurination, denaturation and neutralization, followed by Southern blotting onto a Magna NT nylon membrane, using a high salt (20X SSC) protocol, all as described in section 2.9 of Ausubel et al. (CPMB, op. cit.). The transferred DNA was then UV-crosslinked to the nylon membrane as before.

An TcaC-peptide specific DNA fragment corresponding to the insert of plasmid isolate GZ4 was amplified by PCR $^{\circ}$ in a 100 ml reaction volume as described previously above. The amplification products from three such reactions were pooled and were extracted from a 1% GTG $^{\circ}$ agarose gel by Qiaex kit, as described above, and quantitated by fluorometry. The gel-purified DNA (100 ng) was labeled with 32 P-dCTP using the High Prime Labeling Mix (Boehringer Mannheim) as described above, to a specific activity of 6.34 x 10^{8} dpm/ μ q.

The ³²P-labeled GZ4 probe was boiled 10 min, then added to "minimal hyb" buffer (at 1 ng/ml), and the Southern blot membrane containing the digested cosmid DNA fragments was added, and incubated for 4 hr at 60°C with gentle shaking at 50 rpm. The membrane was then washed 3 times at 25°C for about 5 min each (minimal hyb wash solution), followed by two washes for 30 min each at 60°C. The blot was exposed to film (with enhancer screens) for about 30 min at -70°C. The GZ4 probe hybridized strongly to the 5.0 kbp (apparent size) EcoR I fragment of both these two cosmids, 26A5 and 25A10.

The membrane was stripped of radioactivity by boiling for about 30 min in 0.1% SSC plus 0.1% SDS, and absence of radiolabel was checked by exposure to film. It was then hybridized at 60°C for 3.5 hours with the (denatured) TcaBi probe in "minimal hyb" buffer previously used for screening the colony membranes (above), washed as described previously, and exposed to film for 40 min at -

70°C with two enhancer screens. With both cosmids, the $TcaB_i$ probe hybridized lightly with the about 5.0 kbp EcoR 1 fragment, and strongly with a fragment of approximately 2.9 kbp.

The sample of cosmid 26A5 DNA previously described. (from DH5a 5 cells) was used as the source of DNA from which to subclone the bands of interest. This DNA (2.5 µg) was digested with about 3 units of EcoR I (NEB) in a total volume of 30 µl for 1.5 hr. to give a partial digest, as confirmed by gel electrophoresis. Ten µq of pBC KS (+) DNA (Stratagene) were digested for 1.5 hr with 20 units of EcoR I in a total volume of 20 μ l, leading to total 10 digestion as confirmed by electrophoresis. Both EcoR I-cut DNA preparations were diluted to 50 µl with water, to each an equal volume of PCI was added, the suspension was gently mixed, spun in a microcentrifuge and the aqueous supernatant was collected. DNA was 15 precipitated by 150 µl ethanol, and the mixture was placed at -20°C overnight. Following centrifugation and drying, the EcoR I digested pBC KS (+) was dissolved in 100 µl TE; the partially digested 26A5 was dissolved in 20 µl TE. DNA recovery was checked by fluorometry.

20 In separate reactions, approximately 60 ng of EcoR I -digested pBC KS(+) DNA was ligated with approximately 180 ng or 270 ng of partially digested cosmid 26A5 DNA. Ligations were carried out in a volume of 20 μ l at 15°C for 5 hr, using T4 ligase and buffer from New England BioLabs. The ligation mixture, diluted to 100 µl with sterile TE, was used to transform frozen, competent DH5 α cells 25 (Gibco BRL) according to the supplier's instructions. Varying amounts (25-200 µl) of the transformed cells were plated on freshly prepared solid LB-Cam, medium with 1 mM IPTG and 50 mg/l X-gal. Plates were incubated at 37°C about 20 hr, then chilled in the dark 30 for approximately 3 hr to intensify color for insert selection. White colonies were picked onto patch plates of the same composition and incubated overnight at 37°C.

Two colony lifts of each of the selected patch plates were prepared as follows. After picking white colonies to fresh plates, round Magna NT nylon membranes were pressed onto the patch plates, the membrane was lifted off, and subjected to denaturation, neutralization and UV crosslinking as described above for the library colony membranes. The crosslinked colony lifts were vigorously washed, including gently wiping off the excess cell debris with a tissue. One set was hybridized with the GZ4(TcaC) probe solution described earlier, and the other set was hybridized with the TcaBi probe solution described earlier, according to the

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'minimal hyb' protocol, followed by washing and film exposure as described for the library colony membranes.

Colonies showing hybridization signals either only with the GZ4 probe, with both GZ4 and TcaB_i probes, or only with the TcaB_i probe, were selected for further work and cells were streaked for single colony isolation onto LB-Cam₃₅ media with IPTG and X-gal as before. Approximately 35 single colonies, from 16 different isolates, were picked into liquid LB-Cam₃₅ media and grown overnight at 37°C; the cells were collected by centrifugation and plasmid DNA was isolated by a standard alkaline lysis miniprep according to Maniatis et al. (op. cit. p. 368). DNA pellets were dissolved in TE + 25 μ g/ml ribonuclease A and DNA concentration was determined by fluorometry. The EcoR I digestion pattern was analyzed by gel electrophoresis. The following isolates were picked as useful.

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Isolate A17.2 contains religated pBC KS(+) only and was used for a (negative) control. Isolates D38.3 and C44.1 each contain only the 2.9 kbp, TcaBi -hybridizing EcoR I fragment inserted into pBC KS(+). These plasmids, named pDAB2000 and pDAB2001, respectively, are illustrated in Fig. 2.

Isolate A35.3 contains only the approximately 5 kbp, GZ4)-hybridizing *EcoR 1* fragment, inserted into pBC KS(+). This plasmid was named pDAB2002 (also Fig. 2). These isolates provided templates for DNA sequencing.

Plasmids pDAB2000 and pDAB2001 were prepared using the BIGprepTM kit as before. Cultures (30 ml) were grown overnight in TB-Cam₃₅ to an OD₆₀₀ of 2, then plasmid was isolated according to the manufacturer's directions. DNA pellets were redissolved in 100 μ l TE each, and sample integrity was checked by *EcoR I* digestion and gel electrophoretic analysis.

Sequencing reactions were run in duplicate, with one replicate using as template pDAB2000 DNA, and the other replicate using as template pDAB2001 DNA. The reactions were carried out using the dideoxy dye terminator cycle sequencing method, as described above for the sequencing of the GZ4/HB14 DNAs. Initial sequencing runs utilized as primers the LacZ and T7 primers described above, plus primers based on the determined sequence of the TcaB_i PCR amplification product (TH1 = ATTGCAGACTGCCAATCGCTTCGG, TH12 = GAGAGTATCCAGACCGCGGGATGATCTG).

After alignment and editing of each sequencing output, each was truncated to between 250 to 350 bases, depending on the integrity of the chromatographic data as interpreted by the Perkin Elmer Applied Biosystems Division SeqEd 675 software. Subsequent

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sequencing "steps" were made by selecting appropriate sequence for new primers. With a few exceptions, primers (synthesized as described above) were 24 bases in length with a 50% G+C composition. Sequencing by this method was carried out on both strands of the approximately 2.9 kbp EcoR I fragment.

To further serve as template for DNA sequencing, plasmid DNA from isolate pDAB2002 was prepared by BIGprep™ kit. Sequencing reactions were performed and analyzed as described above.

Initially, a T3 primer (pBS SK (+) bases 774-796:

CGCGCAATTAACCCTCACTAAAG) and a T7 primer (pBS KS (+) bases 621-643:

GCGCGTAATACGACTCACTATAG) were used to prime the sequencing reactions from the flanking vector sequences, reading into the insert DNA. Another set of primers, (GZ4F:

GTATCGATTACAACGCTGTCACTTCCC; TH13: GGGAAGTGACAGCGTTGTAATCGATAC;

TH14: ATGTTGGGTGCGTCGGCTAATGGACATAAC; and LW1-204:

GGGAAGTGACAGCGTTGTAATCGATAC) was made to prime from internal sequences, which were determined previously by degenerate oligonucleotide-mediated sequencing of subcloned TcaC-peptide PCR products. From the data generated during the initial rounds of

sequencing, new sets of primers were designed and used to walk the entire length of the about 5 kbp fragment. A total of 55 oligo primers was used, enabling the identification of 4832 total bp of contiguous sequence.

When the DNA sequence of the EcoR I fragment insert of

25 pDAB2002 is combined with part of the determined sequence of the pDAB2000/pDAB2001 isolates, a total contiguous sequence of 6005 bp was generated (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:25). When long open reading frames were translated into the corresponding amino acids, the sequence clearly shows the TcaBi N-terminal peptide (disclosed as SEQ ID NO:3), encoded by bases 68-124, immediately following a 30 methionine residue (start of translation). Upstream lies a potential ribosome binding site (bases 51-58), and downstream, at bases 215-277 is encoded the TcaBi-PT158 internal peptide (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:19). Further downstream, in the 35 same reading frame, at bases 1787-1822, exists a sequence encoding the TcaBi-PT108 internal peptide (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:20). Also in the same reading frame, at bases 1946-1972, is encoded the TcaBii N-terminal peptide (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:5), and the reading frame continues uninterrupted to a 40 translation termination codon at nucleotides 3632-3634.

The lack of an in-frame stop codon between the end of the sequence encoding TcaB. -PT108 and the start of the TcaBii encoding

region, and the lack of a discernible ribosome binding site immediately upstream of the TcaBii coding region, indicate that peptides TcaBii and TcaBi are encoded by a single open reading frame of 3567 bp beginning at base pair 65 in SEQ ID NO:25), and are most likely derived from a single primary gene product TcaB of 1189 amino acids (131,586 Daltons; disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:26) by post-translational cleavage. If the amino acid immediately preceding the TcaBii N-terminal peptide represents the C-terminal amino acid of peptide TcaBi, then the predicted mass of TcaBii (627 amino acids) is 70,814 Daltons (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:28), somewhat higher than the size observed by SDS-PAGE (68 This peptide would be encoded by a contiguous stretch of 1881 base pairs (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:27). It is thought that the native C-terminus of TcaB; lies somewhat closer to the Cterminus of TcaBi-PT108. The molecular mass of PT108 [3.438 kDa; determined during N-terminal amino acid sequence analysis of this peptide] predicts a size of 30 amino acids. Using the size of this peptide to designate the C-terminus of the TcaBi coding region [Glu at position 604 of SEQ ID NO:28], the derived size of TcaBi is determined to be 604 amino acids or 68,463 Daltons, more in agreement with experimental observations.

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Translation of the $TcaB_{11}$ peptide coding region of 1686 base pairs (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:29) yields a protein of 562 amino acids (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:30) with predicted mass of 60,789 Daltons, which corresponds well with the observed 61 kDa.

A potential ribosome binding site (bases 3682-3687) is found 48 bp downstream of the stop codon for the tcaB open reading frame. At bases 3694-3726 is found a sequence encoding the N-terminus of peptide TcaC, (disclosed as SEQ ID NO.2). The open reading frame initiated by this N-terminal peptide continues uninterrupted to base 6005 (2361 base pairs, disclosed herein as the first 2361 base pairs of SEQ ID NO.31). A gene (tcaC) encoding the entire TcaC peptide, (apparent size about 165 kDa; about 1500 amino acids), would comprise about 4500 bp.

Another isolate containing cloned *EcoR I* fragments of cosmid 26A5, E20.6, was also identified by its homology to the previously mentioned GZ4 and TcaB_i probes. Agarose gel analysis of *EcoR I* digests of the DNA of the plasmid harbored by this strain (pDAB2004, Fig. 2), revealed insert fragments of estimated sizes 2.9, 5, and 3.3 kbp. DNA sequence analysis initiated from primers designed from the sequence of plasmid pDAB2002 revealed that the

3.3 kbp EcoR I fragment of pDAB2004 lies adjacent to the 5 kbp EcoR I fragment represented in pDAB2002. The 2361 base pair open reading frame discovered in pDAB2002 continues uninterrupted for another 2094 bases in pDAB2004 [disclosed herein as base pairs 2362 to 4458 of SEQ ID NO:31]. DNA sequence analysis using the parent cosmid 26A5 DNA as template confirmed the continuity of the open reading frame. Altogether, the open reading frame (tcaC SEQ ID NO:31) comprises 4455 base pairs, and encodes a protein (TcaC) of 1485 amino acids [disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:32]. calculated molecular size of 166,214 Daltons is consistent with the estimated size of the TcaC peptide (165 kDa), and the derived amino acid sequence matches exactly that disclosed for the TcaC Nterminal sequence [SEQ ID NO:2].

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The lack of an amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:17; used to design the degenerate oligonucleotide primer pool in the discovered sequence indicates that the generation of the PCR $^{\odot}$ products found in isolates GZ4 and HB14, which were used as probes in the initial library screen, were fortuitously generated by reverse-strand priming by one of the primers in the degenerate pool. Further, the derived protein sequence does not include the internal fragment disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:18. These sequences reveal that plasmid pDAB2004 contains the complete coding region for the TcaC peptide.

Further analysis of SEQ ID NO:25 reveals the end of an open ... reading frame (bases 1-43), which encodes the final 13 amino acids of the TcaA;;; peptide, disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:35. Only 24 bases separate the end of the TcaAiii coding region and the start of the TcaB, coding region. Included within the 24 bases are sequences that may serve as a ribosome binding site. Although possible, it is not likely that a Photorhabdus gene promoter is encoded within this short region. We propose that genomic region tca, which includes three long open reading frames [tcaA (SEQ ID NO:33), tcaB (SEQ ID NO:25, bases 65-36334), and tcaC (SEQ ID NO:31), which is separated from the end of tcaB by only 59 bases] is 35 regulated as an operon, with transcription initiating upstream of the start of the tcaA gene (SEQ ID NO:33), and resulting in a polycistronic messenger RNA.

Example 9

Screening of the Photorhabdus Genomic Library for Genes Encoding the TcbA_{ii} Peptide

This example describes a method used to identify DNA clones that contain the TcbA_{ii} peptide-encoding genes, the isolation of the gene, and the determination of its partial DNA base sequence.

Primers and PCR Reactions

The TcbA_{ii} polypeptide of the insect active preparation is about 206 kDa. The amino acid sequence of the N-terminus of this peptide is disclosed as SEQ ID NO:1. Four pools of degenerate oligonucleotide primers ("Forward primers": TH-4, TH-5, TH-6, and TH-7) were synthesized to encode a portion of this amino acid sequence, as described in Example 8, and are shown below.

Table 12

| | Amino Acid | Phe | Ile | Gln | Gly | Tyr | Ser | Asp | Leu | Phe |
|----|---------------|------------|-----|---------|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|
| 20 | TH-4 | 5'-TT(T/C) | ATI | CA(A/G) | GGI | TA(T/C) | TCI | GA(T/C) | CTI | TT- |
| | 3′ | | | | | | | | | |
| | TH-5 | 5'-TT(T/C) | ATI | CA(A/G) | GGI | TA(T/C) | AG(T/C) | GA(T/C) | CTI | TT- |
| | 3′ | | | | | | | | | |
| | TH-6 | 5'-TT(T/C) | ATI | CA(A/G) | GGI | TA(T/C) | TCI | GA(T/C) | TT(A/G) | TT- |
| 25 | 3′ | | | | • | | | | | |
| | TH-7 | 5'-TT(T/C) | ATI | CA(A/G) | GGI | TA(T/C) | AG(T/C) | GA(T/C) | TT(A/G) | TT- |
| | 3 ′ | | | | | | | | | |

In addition, a primary ("a") and a secondary ("b") sequence of an internal peptide preparation (TcbA_{ii}-PT81) have been determined and are disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:23 and SEQ ID NO:24, respectively. Four pools of degenerate oligonucleotides ("Reverse Primers": TH-8, TH-9, TH-10 and TH-11) were similarly designed and synthesized to encode the reverse complement of sequences that encode a portion of the peptide of SEQ ID NO:23, as shown below.

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| Amino Acid | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Thr Ser | Ser | Phe | Glu | Gln | Val Ala | Ala | Asn |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|----------|---------|-----|------------|
| TH-8 | TH-8 3'TGI | AT (A/G) | GAI | TGI AGI | AGI | AA (A/G) | AA (A/G) CT (T/C) | GT(T/C) | CAI | CGI | TT(G/A)-5' |
| TH-9 | 3'TGI | AT (A/G) | TT(A/G) TGI | IGI | AGI | AA (A/G) (| CT(T/C) | GT (T/C) | CAI | CGI | TT(G/A)-5' |
| TH-10 3'TGI | 3'TGI | AT (A/G) | GAI TGI | IGI | TC(G/A) | AA (A/G) C | CT(T/C) | GT (T/C) | CAI | CGI | TT(G/A)-5' |
| TH-11 | TH-11 3'TGI | AT (A/G) | TT(A/G) | IGI | TC(G/A) | AA(A/G) CT(T/C) | CT(T/C) | GT(T/C) | CAI | CGI | TT(G/A)-5' |

Sets of these primers were used in PCR° reactions to amplify TcbAii- encoding gene fragments from the genomic Photorhabdus luminescens W-14 DNA prepared in Example 6. All PCR reactions were run with the "Hot Start" technique using AmpliWax™ gems and other perkin Elmer reagents and protocols. Typically, a mixture (total volume 11 µl) of MgCl2, dNTP's, 10X GeneAmp PCR Buffer II, and the primers were added to tubes containing a single wax bead. GeneAmp® PCR Buffer II is composed of 100 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3; and 500 mM KCl.] The tubes were heated to 80°C for 2 minutes and allowed to cool. To the top of the wax seals, a solution containing 10X GeneAmp PCR Buffer II, DNA template, and AmpliTag DNA polymerase were added. Following melting of the wax seal and mixing of components by thermal cycling, final reaction conditions (volume of 50 µl) were: 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.3; 50 mM KCl; 2.5 mM MgCl₂; 200 µM each in dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP; 1.25 mM in a single Forward primer pool; 1.25 μM in a single Reverse primer pool, 1.25 units of AmpliTaq° DNA polymerase, and 170 ng of template DNA.

The reactions were placed in a thermocycler (as in Example 8) and run with the following program:

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Table 14

| | Temperature | Time | Cycle Repetition |
|---|-------------|------------|------------------|
| | 94°C | 2 minutes | 1X |
| | 94°C | 15 seconds | |
| | 55-65°C | 30 seconds | 30X |
| | 72°C | 1 minute | |
| - | 72°C | 7 minutes | 1X |
| - | | | |
| | 15°C | Constant | |
| | | | |

A series of amplifications was run at three different annealing temperatures (55°, 60°, 65°C) using the degenerate primer

pools. Reactions with annealing at 65°C had no amplification products visible following agarose gel electrophoresis. Reactions having a 60°C annealing regime and containing primers TH-5+TH-10 produced an amplification product that had a mobility corresponding to 2.9 kbp. A lesser amount of the 2.9 kbp product was produced under these conditions with primers TH-7+TH-10. When reactions were annealed at 55°C, these primer pairs produced more of the 2.9 kbp product, and this product was also produced by primer pairs TH-5+TH-8 and TH-5+TH-11. Additional very faint 2.9 kbp bands were seen in lanes containing amplification products from primer pairs TH-7 plus TH-8, TH-9, TH-10, or TH-11.

To obtain sufficient PCR amplification product for cloning and DNA sequence determination, 10 separate PCR reactions were set up using the primers TH-5+TH-10, and were run using the above conditions with a 55°C annealing temperature. All reactions were pooled and the 2.9 kbp product was purified by Qiaex extraction from an agarose gel as described above.

Additional sequences determined for TcbA_{ii} internal peptides are disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:21 and SEQ ID NO:22. As before, degenerate oligonucleotides (Reverse primers TH-17 and TH-18) were made corresponding to the reverse complement of sequences that encode a portion of the amino acid sequence of these peptides.

Table 15 From SEO ID NO:21

Amino

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Acid Met Glu Thr Gln Asn Ile Gln Glu Pro

30 TH-17 3'-TAC CTT/C TGI GTT/C TTA/G TAI GTT/C GTT/C GG-5'

Table 16 From SEO ID NO:22

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Amino
Acid Asn Pro Ile Asn Ile Asn Thr Gly Ile Asp
TH-18 3'-TT(A/G) GGI TAI TT(A/G) TAI TT(A?G) TGI CCI TAI CT(A/G)-5'

Degenerate oligonucleotides TH-18 and TH-17 were used in an amplification experiment with *Photorhabdus luminescens* W-14 DNA as template and primers TH-4, TH-5, TH-6, or TH-7 as the 5'- (Forward) primers. These reactions amplified products of approximately 4 kbp and 4.5 kbp, respectively. These DNAs were transferred from agarose gels to nylon membranes and hybridized with a ³²P-labeled

probe (as described above) prepared from the 2.9 kbp product

amplified by the TH-5+TH10 primer pair. Both the 4 kbp and the 4.5 kbp amplification products hybridized strongly to the 2.9 kbp probe. These results were used to construct a map ordering the $TcbA_{\dot{1}\dot{1}}$ internal peptide sequences as shown in Fig. 3. Approximate distances between the primers are shown in nucleotides in Fig. 3.

DNA Sequence of the 2.9 kbp TcbAii-encoding Fragment

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Approximately 200 ng of the purified 2.9 kbp fragment (prepared above) was precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in 17 ml of water. One-half of this was used as sequencing template with 25 pmol of the TH-5 pool as primers, the other half was used as template for TH-10 priming. Sequencing reactions were as given in Example 8. No reliable sequence was produced using the TH-10 primer pool; however, reactions with TH-5 primer pool produced the sequence disclosed below:

1 AATCGTGTTG ATCCCTATGC CGNGCCGGGT TCGGTGGAAT CGATGTCCTC ACCGGGGTT
61 TATTNGAGGG ANTNGTCCCG TGAGGCCAAA AANTGGAATG AAAGAAGTTC AATTTNTTAC
121 CTAGATAAAC GTCGCCCGGN TTTAGAAAGN TTANTGNTCA GCCAGAAAAT TTTGGTTGAG
181 GAAATTCCAC CGNTGGTTCT CTCTATTGAT TNGGGCCTGG CCGGGTTCGA ANNAAAACNA
20 241 GGAAATNCAC AAGTTGAGGT GATGGNTTTG TNGCNANCTT NTCGTTTAGG TGGGGAGAA
301 CCTTNTCANC ACGNTTNTGA AACTGTCCGG GAAATCGTCC ATGANCGTGA NCCAGGNTTN
361 CGCCATTGG

Based on this sequence, a sequencing primer (TH-21, 5'
CCGGGCGACGTTTATCTAGG-3') was designed to reverse complement bases

120-139, and initiate polymerization towards the 5' end (i.e., TH-5 end) of the gel-purified 2.9 kbp TcbA_{ii}-encoding PCR fragment. The determined sequence is shown below, and is compared to the biochemically determined N-terminal peptide sequence of TcbA_{ii} SEQ

ID NO:1.

<u>TcbAii 2.9 kbp PCR Fragment Sequence Confirmation</u>
[Underlined amino acids = encoded by degenerate oligonucleotides]

From the homology of the derived amino acid sequence to the biochemically determined one, it is clear that the 2.9 kbp PCR fragment represents the *TcbA* coding region. This 2.9 kbp fragment was then used as a hybridization probe to screen the *Photorhabdus* W-14 genomic library prepared in Example 8 for cosmids containing the TcbA; -encoding gene.

Screening the Photorhabdus Cosmid Library

The 2.9 kb gel-purified PCR fragment was labeled with 12P using the Boehringer Mannheim High Prime labeling kit as described in Example 8. Filters containing remnants of approximately 800 colonies from the cosmid library were screened as described previously (Example 8), and positive clones were streaked for isolated colonies and rescreened. Three clones (8A11, 25G8, and 26D1) gave positive results through several screening and characterization steps. No hybridization of the TcbAii-specific 10 probe was ever observed with any of the four cosmids identified in Example 8, and which contain the tcaB and tcaC genes. DNA from cosmids 8All, 25G8, and 26Dl was digested with restriction enzymes Bgl II, EcoR I or Hind III (either alone or in combination with one another), and the fragments were separated on an agarose gel and transferred to a nylon membrane as described in Example 8. The 15 membrane was hybridized with 32P-labeled probe prepared from the 4.5 kbp fragment (generated by amplification of Photorhabdus genomic DNA with primers TH-5+TH-17). The patterns generated from cosmid DNAs 8A11 and 26D1 were identical to those generated with similarly-cut genomic DNA on the same membrane. It is concluded 20 that cosmids 8A11 and 26D1 are accurate representations of the genomic TcbAii encoding locus. However, cosmid 25G8 has a single Bql II fragment which is slightly larger than the genomic DNA. This may result from positioning of the insert within the vector.

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DNA Sequence of the tcbA-encoding Gene

The membrane hybridization analysis of cosmid 26D1 revealed that the 4.5 kbp probe hybridized to a single large EcoR I fragment (greater than 9 kbp). This fragment was gel purified and ligated into the EcoR I site of pBC KS (+) as described in Example 8, to generate plasmid pBC-S1/R1. The partial DNA sequence of the insert DNA of this plasmid was determined by "primer walking" from the flanking vector sequence, using procedures described in Example 8. Further sequence was generated by extension from new oligonucleotides designed from the previously determined sequence. When compared to the determined DNA sequence for the tcbA gene identified by other methods (disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:11 as described in Example 12 below), complete homology was found to nucleotides 1-272, 319-826, 2578-3036, and 3068-3540 (total bases = 1712). It was concluded that both approaches can be used to identify DNA fragments encoding the TcbAii peptide.

Analysis of the Derived Amino Acid Sequence of the tcbA Gene

The sequence of the DNA fragment identified as SEQ ID NO:11 encodes a protein whose derived amino acid sequence is disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:12. Several features verify the identity of the gene as that encoding the TcbA_{ii} protein. The TcbA_{ii} N-terminal peptide (SEQ ID NO:1; Phe Ile Gln Gly Tyr Ser Asp Leu Phe Gly Asn Arg Ala) is encoded as amino acids 88-100. The TcbA_{ii} internal peptide TcbA_{ii}-PT81(a) (SEQ ID NO:23) is encoded as amino acids 1065-1077, and TcbA_{ii}-PT81(b) (SEQ ID NO:24) is encoded as amino acids 1571-1592. Further, the internal peptide TcbA_{ii}-PT56 (SEQ ID NO:22) is encoded as amino acids 1474-1488, and the internal peptide TcbA_{ii}-PT103 (SEQ ID NO:21) is encoded as amino acids 1614-1639. It is obvious that this gene is an authentic clone encoding the TcbA_{ii} peptide as isolated from insecticidal protein preparations of Photorhabdus luminescens strain W-14.

The protein isolated as peptide TcbA_{ii} is derived from cleavage of a longer peptide. Evidence for this is provided by the fact that the nucleotides encoding the TcbA_{ii} N-terminal peptide SEQ ID NO:1 are preceded by 261 bases (encoding 87 N-terminal-proximal amino acids) of a longer open reading frame (SEQ ID NO:11). This reading frame begins with nucleotides that encode the amino acid sequence Met Gln Asn Ser Leu, which corresponds to the N-terminal sequence of the large peptide TcbA, and is disclosed herein as SEQ ID NO:16. It is thought that TcbA is the precursor protein for TcbA_{ii}.

Relationship of tcbA. tcaB and tcaC Genes

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The tcaB and tcaC genes are closely linked and may be transcribed as a single mRNA (Example 8). The tcbA gene is borne on cosmids that apparently do not overlap the ones harboring the tcaB and tcaC cluster, since the respective genomic library screens identified different cosmids. However, comparison of the amino sequences encoded by the tcaB and tcaC genes with the tcbA gene reveals a substantial degree of homology. The amino acid conservation (Protein Alignment Mode of MacVectorTM Sequence Analysis Software, scoring matrix pam250, hash value = 2; Oxford Molecular Group, Campbell, CA) is shown in Fig. 4. On the score line of each panel in Fig. 4, up carats (^) indicate homology or conservative amino acid changes, and down carats (v) indicate nonhomology.

This analysis shows that the amino acid sequence of the TcbA peptide from residues 1739 to 1894 is highly homologous to amino acids 441 to 603 of the TcaB_i peptide (162 of the total 627 amino acids of TcaB; SEQ ID NO:28). In addition, the sequence of TcbA amino acids 1932 to 2459 is highly homologous to amino acids 12 to 531 of peptide TcaB_{ii} (520 of the total 562 amino acids; SEQ ID NO:30). Considering that the TcbA peptide (SEQ ID NO:12) comprises 2505 amino acids, a total of 684 amino acids (27%) at the C-proximal end of it is homologous to the TcaB_i or TcaB_{ii} peptides, and the homologies are arranged colinear to the arrangement of the putative TcaB preprotein (SEQ ID NO:26). A sizeable gap in the TcbA homology coincides with the junction between the TcaB_i and TcaB_{ii} portions of the TcaB preprotein. Clearly the TcbA and TcaB gene products are evolutionarily related, and it is proposed that they share some common function(s) in Photorhabdus.

Example 10

Characterization of Zinc-metalloproteases in *Photorhabdus* Broth: Protease Inhibition, Classification, and Purification

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Protease Inhibition and Classification Assays: Protease assays were performed using FITC-casein dissolved in water as substrate (0.08% final assay concentration). Proteolysis reactions were performed at 25°C for 1 h in the appropriate buffer with 25 μ l 25 of Photorhabdus broth (150 μ l total reaction volume). Samples were also assayed in the presence and absence of dithiothreitol. After incubation, an equal volume of 12% trichloroacetic acid was added to precipitate undigested protein. Following precipitation for 0.5 h and subsequent centrifugation, 100 μ l of the supernatant was placed into a 96-well microtiter plate and the pH of the solution 30 was adjusted by addition of an equal volume of 4N NaOH. Proteolysis was then quantitated using a Fluoroskan II fluorometric plate reader at excitation and emission wavelengths of 485 and 538 nm, respectively. Protease activity was tested over a range from 35 pH 5.0-10.0 in 0.5 units increments. The following buffers were used at 50 mM final concentration: sodium acetate (pH 5.0 - 6.5); Tris-HCL (pH 7.0 - 8.0); and bis-Tris propane (pH 8.5-10.0). To identify the class of protease(s) observed, crude broth was treated with a variety of protease inhibitors (0.5 $\mu q/\mu l$ final 40 concentration) and then examined for protease activity at pH 8.0

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using the substrate described above. The protease inhibitors used included E-64 (L-trans-expoxysaccinylleucylamido[4-,-guanidino]-butane), 3,4 dichloroisocoumarin, Leupeptin, pepstatin, amastatin, ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA) and 1,10 phenanthroline.

Protease assays performed over a pH range revealed that indeed protease(s) were present which exhibited maximal activity at about pH 8.0 (Table 17). Addition of DTT did not have any effect on protease activity. Crude broth was then treated with a variety of protease inhibitors (Table 18). Treatment of crude broth with the inhibitors described above revealed that 1,10 phenanthroline caused complete inhibition of all protease activity when added at a final concentration of 50 μ g, with the IC50 = 5 μ g in 100 μ l of a 2 mg/ml crude broth solution. These data indicate that the most abundant protease(s) found in the *Photorhabdus* broth are from the zinc-metalloprotease class of enzymes.

Table 17

Effect of pH on the Protease Activity Found in a Day 1 Production of Photorhabdus luminescens (Strain W-14)

| | рн | Flu. Units ^a | Percent Activity ^b |
|------------|------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | 5.0 | 3013 ± 78 | 17 |
| :5 | 5.5 | 7994 ± 448 | 45 |
| | 6.0 | 12965 ± 483 | 74 |
| 30 | 6.5 | 14390 ± 1291 | 82 |
| | 7.0 | 14386 ± 1287 | 82 |
| _ | 7.5 | 14135 ± 198 | 80 |
| 5 | 8.0 | 17582 ± 831 | 100 |
| | 8.5 | 16183 ± 953 | 92 |
| 0 | 9.0 | 16795 ± 760 | 96 |
| | 9.5 | 16279 ± 1022 | 93 |
| 5 - | 10.0 | 15225 ± 210 | 87 cs (Maximum = about 28,000; |

a Flu. Units = Fluorescence Units (Maximum = about 28,000; background = about 2200).

b Percent activity relative to the maximum at pH 8.0

Table 18

Effect of Different Protease Inhibitors on the Protease Activity at pH 8 Found in a Day 1 Production of Photorhabdus luminescens

(Strain W-14)

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|---|--|
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| | Inhibitor | Corrected Flu. | Units ^a Percent | Inhibitionb |
|----|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| | Control | 13053 | 0 | |
| • | E-64 | 14259 | 0 | |
| 10 | 1,10 Phenanthroline ^C | 15 | 99 | |
| | 3,4 Dichloroisocoumari | n ^d 7956 | 39 | |
| | Leupeptin | 13074 | 0 | |
| | Pepstatin ^C | 13441 | 0 | |
| | Amastatin | 12474 | 4 | |
| 15 | DMSO Control | 12005 | 8 | |
| | Methanol Control | 12125 | 7 | |

a Corrected Flu. Units = Fluorescence Units - background(2200 flu. units).

The isolation of a zinc-metalloprotease was performed by applying dialyzed 10-80% ammonium sulfate pellet to a Q Sepharose column equilibrated at 50 mM Na₂PO₄, pH 7.0 as described in Example. 25 5 for Photorhabdus toxin. After extensive washing, a 0 to 0.5 M NaCl gradient was used to elute toxin protein. The majority of biological activity and protein was eluted from 0.15 - 0.45 M NaCl. However, it was observed that the majority of proteolytic activity was present in the 0.25-0.35 M NaCl fraction with some activity in 30 the 0.15-0.25 M NaCl fraction. SDS PAGE analysis of the 0.25-0.35 M NaCl fraction showed a major peptide band of approximately 60 kDa. The 0.15-0.25 M NaCl fraction contained a similar 60 kDa band but at lower relative protein concentration. Subsequent gel filtration of this fraction using a Superose 12 HR 16/50 column 35 resulted in a major peak migrating at 57.5 kDa that contained a predominant (> 90% of total stained protein) 58.5 kDa band by SDS PAGE analysis. Additional analysis of this fraction using various protease inhibitors as described above determined that the protease 40 was a zinc-metalloprotease. Nearly all of the protease activity present in Photorhabdus broth at day 1 of fermentation corresponded to the about 58 kDa zinc-metalloprotease.

In yet a second isolation of zinc-metalloprotease(s), W-14

Photorhabdus broth grown for three days was taken and protease
activity was visualized using sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide

b Percent Inhibition relative to protease activity at pH 8.0.

c Inhibitors were dissolved in methanol.

d Inhibitors were dissolved in DMSO.

gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) laced with gelatin as described in Schmidt, T.M., Bleakley, B. and Nealson, K.M. 1988. SDS running gels (5.5 x 8 cm) were made with 12.5 % polyacrylamide (40% stock solution of acrylamide/bis-acrylamide; Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO) into which 0.1% gelatin final concentration (Biorad EIA grade reagent; Richmond CA) was incorporated upon dissolving in water. SDS-stacking gels (1.0 x 8 cm) were made with 5% polyacrylamide, also laced with 0.1% gelatin. Typically, 2.5 µg of protein to be tested was diluted in 0.03 ml of SDS-PAGE loading buffer without dithiothreitol (DTT) and loaded onto the gel. Proteins were electrophoresed in SDS running buffer (Laemmli, U.K. 1970. Nature 227, 680) at 0° C and at 8 mA. After electrophoresis was complete, the gel was washed for 2 h in 2.5% (v/v) Triton X-100. Gels were then incubated for 1 h at 37 °C in 0.1 M glycine (pH 8.0). After incubation, gels were fixed and stained overnight with 0.1% amido black in methanol-acetic acid- water (30:10:60, vol./vol./vol.; Sigma Chemical Co.). Protease activity was visualized as light areas against a dark, amido black stained background due to proteolysis and subsequent diffusion of incorporated gelatin. At least three distinct bands produced by proteolytic activity at 58-, 41-, and 38 kDa were observed.

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Activity assays of the different proteases in W-14 day three culture broth were performed using FITC-casein dissolved in water as substrate (0.02% final assay concentration). Proteolysis experiments were performed at 37°C for 0-0.5 h in 0.1M Tris-HCl (pH 8.0) with different protein fractions in a total volume of 0.15 ml. Reactions were terminated by addition of an equal volume of 12% trichloroacetic acid (TCA) dissolved in water. After incubation at room temperature for 0.25 h, samples were centrifuged at 10,000 x g for 0.25 h and 0.10 ml aliquots were removed and placed into 96well microtiter plates. The solution was then neutralized by the addition of an equal volume of 2 N sodium hydroxide, followed by quantitation using a Fluoroskan II fluorometric plate reader with excitation and emission wavelengths of 485 and 538 nm, respectively. Activity measurements were performed using FITC-Casein with different protease concentrations at 37°C for 0-10 min. A unit of activity was arbitrarily defined as the amount of enzyme needed to produce 1000 fluorescent units/min and specific activity

was defined as units/mg of protease.

Inhibition studies were performed using two zincmetalloprotease inhibitors; 1,10 phenanthroline and N-(arhamnopyranosyloxyhydroxyphosphinyl)-Leu-Trp(phosphoramidon) with stock solutions of the inhibitors dissolved in 100% ethanol and water, respectively. Stock concentrations were typically 10 mg/ml 5 and 5 mg/ml for 1,10 phenanthroline and phosphoramidon, respectively, with final concentrations of inhibitor at 0.5-1.0 mg/ml per reaction. Treatment of three day W-14 crude broth with 1,10 phenanthroline, an inhibitor of all zinc metalloproteases, resulted in complete elimination of all protease activity while 10 treatment with phosphoramidon, an inhibitor of thermolysin-like proteases (Weaver, L.H., Kester, W.R., and Matthews, B.W. 1977. J. Mol. Biol. 114, 119-132), resulted in about 56% reduction of protease activity. The residual proteolytic activity could not be 15 further reduced with additional phosphoramidon.

The proteases of three day W-14 Photorhabdus broth were purified as follows: 4.0 liters of broth were concentrated using an Amicon spiral ultra filtration cartridge Type S1Y100 attached to an Amicon M-12 filtration device. The flow-through material having native proteins less than 100 kDa in size (3.8 L) was concentrated 20 to 0.375 L using an Amicon spiral ultra filtration cartridge Type S1Y10 attached to an Amicon M-12 filtration device. The retentate material contained proteins ranging in size from 10-100 kDa. This material was loaded onto a Pharmacia HR16/10 column which had been 25 packed with PerSeptive Biosystem (Framington, MA) Poros® 50 HQ strong anion exchange packing that had been equilibrated in 10 \mathfrak{mM} sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.0). Proteins were loaded on the column at a flow rate of 5 ml/min, followed by washing unbound protein with buffer until $A_{280} = 0.00$. Afterwards, proteins were eluted using a NaCl gradient of 0-1.0 M NaCl in 40 min at a flow 30 rate of 7.5 ml/min. Fractions were assayed for protease activity, supra., and active fractions were pooled. Proteolytically active fractions were diluted with 50% (v/v) 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.0) and loaded onto a Pharmacia HR 10/10 Mono Q column equilibrated in 10 mM sodium phosphate. After washing the column 35 with buffer until $A_{280} = 0.00$, proteins were eluted using a NaCl gradient of 0-0.5 M NaCl for 1 h at a flow rate of 2.0 ml/min. Fractions were assayed for protease activity. Those fractions having the greatest amount of phosphoramidon-sensitive protease

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activity, the phosphoramidon sensitive activity being due to the 41/38 kDa protease, infra., were pooled. These fractions were found to elute at a range of 0.15-0.25 M NaCl. containing a predominance of phosphoramidon-insensitive protease activity, the 58 kDa protease, were also pooled. These fractions were found to elute at a range of 0.25-0.35 M NaCl. phosphoramidon-sensitive protease fractions were then concentrated to a final volume of 0.75 ml using a Millipore Ultrafree®-15 centrifugal filter device Biomax-5K NMWL membrane. This material was applied at a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min to a Pharmacia HR 10/30 column that had been packed with Pharmacia Sephadex G-50 equilibrated in 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.0)/ 0.1 M NaCl. Fractions having the maximal phosphoramidon-sensitive protease activity were then pooled and centrifuged over a Millipore Ultrafree®-15 centrifugal filter device Biomax-50K NMWL membrane. Proteolytic activity analysis, supra., indicated this material to have only phosphoramidon-sensitive protease activity. Pooling of the phosphoramidon-insensitive protease, the 58 kDa protein, was followed by concentrating in a Millipore Ultrafree®-15 centrifugal filter device Biomax-50K NMWL membrane and further separation on a Pharmacia Superdex-75 column. Fractions containing the protease were pooled.

Analysis of purified 58- and 41/38 kDa purified proteases revealed that, while both types of protease were completely inhibited with 1,10 phenanthroline, only the 41/38 kDa protease was inhibited with phosphoramidon. Further analysis of crude broth indicated that protease activity of day 1 W-14 broth has 23% of the total protease activity due to the 41/38 kDa protease, increasing to 44% in day three W-14 broth.

Standard SDS-PAGE analysis for examining protein purity and obtaining amino terminal sequence was performed using 4-20% gradient MiniPlus SepraGels purchased from Integrated Separation Systems (Natick, MA). Proteins to be amino-terminal sequenced were blotted onto PVDF membrane following purification, infra.,

35 (ProBlott™ Membranes; Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA), visualized with 0.1% amido black, excised, and sent to Cambridge Prochem; Cambridge, MA, for sequencing.

Deduced amino terminal sequence of the 58- (SEQ ID NO:45) and 41/38 kDa (SEQ ID NO:44) proteases from three day old W-14 broth

were DV-GSEKANEKLK (SEQ ID NO: 45) and DSGDDDKVTNTDIHR (SEQ ID NO:44), respectively.

Sequencing of the 41/38 kDa protease revealed several amino termini, each one having an additional amino acid removed by proteolysis. Examination of the primary, secondary, tertiary and quartenary sequences for the 38 and 41 kDa polypeptides allowed for deduction of the sequence shown above and revealed that these two proteases are homologous.

Example 11, Part A

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Screening of Photorhabdus Genomic Library Via Use of Antibodies for Genes Encoding TcbA Peptide

In parallel to the sequencing described above, suitable probing and sequencing was done based on the TcbA_{ii} peptide (SEQ ID NO:1). This sequencing was performed by preparing bacterial culture broths and purifying the toxin as described in Examples 1 and 2 above.

Genomic DNA was isolated from the Photorhabdus luminescens

20 strain W-14 grown in Grace's insect tissue culture medium. The
bacteria were grown in 5 ml of culture medium in a 250 ml
Erlenmeyer flask at 28°C and 250 rpm for approximately 24 hours.

Bacterial cells from 100 ml of culture medium were pelleted at 5000
x g for 10 minutes. The supernatant was discarded, and the cell
pellets then were used for the genomic DNA isolation.

The genomic DNA was isolated using a modification of the CTAB method described in Section 2.4.3 of Ausubel (supra.). The section entitled "Large Scale CsCl prep of bacterial genomic DNA" was followed through step 6. At this point, an additional chloroform/isoamyl alcohol (24:1) extraction was performed followed by a phenol/chloroform/isoamyl (25:24:1) extraction step and a final chloroform/isoamyl/alcohol (24:1) extraction. The DNA was precipitated by the addition of a 0.6 volume of isopropanol. The precipitated DNA was hooked and wound around the end of a bent glass rod, dipped briefly into 70% ethanol as a final wash, and

The DNA concentration, estimated by optical density at 280/260 nm, was approximately 2 mg/ml.

dissolved in 3 ml of TE buffer.

Using this genomic DNA, a library was prepared. Approximately 50 μ g of genomic DNA was partly digested with Sau3 Al. Then NaCl density gradient centrifugation was used to size fractionate the partially digested DNA fragments. Fractions containing DNA

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fragments with an average size of 12 kb, or larger, as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis, were ligated into the plasmid BluScript, Stratagene, La Jolla, California, and transformed into an E. coli DH5α or DHB10 strain. -

Separately, purified aliquots of the protein were sent to the biotechnology hybridoma center at the University of Wisconsin, Madison for production of monoclonal antibodies to the proteins. The material that was sent was the HPLC purified fraction containing native bands 1 and 2 which had been denatured at 65°C, and 20 µg of which was injected into each of four mice. Stable monoclonal antibody-producing hybridoma cell lines were recovered after spleen cells from unimmunized mouse were fused with a stable myeloma cell line. Monoclonal antibodies were recovered from the hybridomas.

15 Separately, polyclonal antibodies were created by taking native agarose gel purified band 1 (see Example 1) protein which was then used to immunize a New Zealand white rabbit. The protein was prepared by excising the band from the native agarose gels, briefly heating the gel pieces to 65°C to melt the agarose, and immediately emulsifying with adjuvant. Freund's complete adjuvant was used for the primary immunizations and Freund's incomplete was used for 3 additional injections at monthly intervals. For each injection, approximately 0.2 ml of emulsified band 1, containing 50 to 100 micrograms of protein, was delivered by multiple subcontaneous injections into the back of the rabbit. Serum was obtained 10 days after the final injection and additional bleeds were performed at weekly intervals for 3 weeks. The serum complement was inactivated by heating to 56°C for 15 minutes and then stored at -20°C.

The monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies were then used to screen the genomic library for the expression of antigens which could be detected by the epitope. Positive clones were detected on nitrocellulose filter colony lifts. An immunoblot analysis of the positive clones was undertaken.

An analysis of the clones as defined by both immunoblot and Southern analysis resulted in the tentative identification of four genomic regions.

In the first region was a gene encoding the peptide designated here as TcbAii. Full DNA sequence of this gene (tcbA) was obtained. It is set forth as SEQ ID NO:11. Confirmation that the sequence encodes the internal sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 is demonstrated by the presence of SEQ ID NO:1 at amino acid number 88

from the deduced amino acid sequence created by the open reading frame of SEQ ID NO:11. This can be confirmed by referring to SEQ ID NO:12, which is the deduced amino acid sequence created by SEQ ID NO:11.

The second region of toxin peptides contains the segments referred to above as $TcaB_i$, $TcaB_{ii}$ and TcaC. Following the screening of the library with the polyclonal antisera, this-second region of toxin genes was identified by several clones which produced different size proteins, all of which cross-reacted with the polyclonal antibody on an immunoblot and were also found to share DNA homology on a Southern Blot. Sequence comparison revealed that they belonged to the gene complex designated TcaB and TcaC above.

Two other regions of antibody toxin clones were also isolated in the polyclonal screen. These regions produced proteins that cross-react with a polyclonal antibody and also shared DNA homology with the regions as determined by Southern blotting. Thus, it appears that the *Photorhabdus luminescens* extracellular protein genes represent a family of genes which are evolutionarily related.

To further pursue the concept that there might be evolutionarily related variations in the toxin peptides contained within this organism, two approaches have been undertaken to examine other strains of *Photorhabdus luminescens* for the presence of related proteins. This was done both by PCR amplification of genomic DNA and by immunoblot analysis using the polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies.

The results indicate that related proteins are produced by Photorhabdus. luminescens strains WX-2, WX-3, WX-4, WX-5, WX-6, WX-7, WX-8, WX-11, WX-12, WX-15 and W-14.

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Example 11. Part B Sequence and Analysis of tcc Toxin Clones

Further DNA sequencing was performed on plasmids isolated from E. coli clones described in Example 11, Part A. The nucleotide sequence from the third region of E. coli clones was shown to be three closely linked open reading frames at this genomic locus. This locus was designated tcc with the three open reading frames designated tccA SEQ ID NO:56, tccB SEQ ID NO:58 and tccC SEQ ID NO:60. The close linkage between these open reading frames is revealed by examination of SEQ ID NO:56, in which 93 bp separate the stop codon of tccA from the start codon of tccb (bases 2992-2994 of SEQ ID NO:56), and by examination of SEQ ID NO:58, in which

131 bases separate the stop codon of tccB and the tccC (bases 4930-4932 of SEQ ID NO:58). The physical map is presented in Fig. 6B.

The deduced amino acid sequence from the tccA open reading frame indicates that the gene encodes a protein of 105,459 Da. This protein was designated TccA (SEQ ID NO:57). The first 12 amino acids of this protein match the N-terminal sequence obtained from a 108 kDa protein, SEQ ID NO:8, previously identified as part of the toxin complex.

The deduced amino acid sequence from the tccB open reading

frame indicates that this gene encodes a protein of 175,716 Da.

This protein was designated TccB (SEQ ID NO:59). The first 11

amino acids of this protein match the N-terminal sequence obtained from a protein with estimated molecular weight of 185 kDa, SEQ ID NO:7. Similarity analysis revealed that the TccB protein is related to the proteins identified as TcbA SEQ ID NO:12; 37% similarity and 28% identity, TcdA SEQ ID NO:47; 35% similarity and 28% identity, and TcaB SEQ ID NO:26; 32% similarity and 26% identity (using the GAP algorithm Wisconsin Package Version 9.0, Genetics Computer Group (GCG) Madison Wisconsin).

The deduced amino acid sequence of tccC indicated that this open reading frame encodes a protein of 111,694 Da and the protein product was designated TccC (SEQ ID NO:61).

Example 12

25 <u>Characterization of Photorhabdus Strains</u>

In order to establish that the collection described herein was comprised of Photorhabdus strains, the strains herein were assessed in terms of recognized microbiological traits that are characteristic of Photorhabdus and which differentiate it from 30 other Enterobacteriaceae and Xenorhabdus spp. (Farmer, J. J. 1984. Bergey's Manual of Systemic Bacteriology, Vol 1. pp. 510-511. (ed. Kreig N. R. and Holt, J. G.). Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore; Akhurst and Boemare, 1988, Boemare et al., 1993). These 35 characteristic traits are as follows: Gram's stain negative rods, organism size of 0.5-2 μm in width and 2-10 μm in length, red/yellow colony pigmentation, presence of crystalline inclusion bodies, presence of catalase, inability to reduce nitrate, presence of bioluminescence, ability to take up dye from growth media, 40 positive for protease production, growth-temperature range below 37°C, survival under anaerobic conditions and positively motile.

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(Table 20). Reference Escherichia coli, Xenorhabdus and
                                                                                                 Photorhabdus strains were included in all tests for comparison.
                                                                                              The overall results were included in all strains being part of
                                                                                            the family Enterobacteriaceae and the genus photorhabdus.
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                                                                                                       A luminometer was used to establish the bioluminescence of
                                                                                      each strain and provide a quantitative and relative measurement of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     PCT/US97/07657
                                                                                    Light production. For measurement of relative light emitting
                                                                                 Light production.

Whits, the broths from measurement or relative light emitting after incomplation in limital were measured in the incomplation in limital continuation.
                                                                              at three time intervals after inoculation in liquid culture (6, 12,
                                                                            and 24 hr) and compared to background luminosity (uninoculated by managing 1/2 hr) and contract of the contrac
                                                                 10
                                                                         media and water). Prior to measuring light emission from the
                                                                       Various broths, cell density was established by measuring light
                                                                    absorbance (560 nM) in a Gilford Systems (Oberlin, OH)
                                                                 Spectrophotometer using a sipper cell. Appropriate dilutions were
                                                              then made (to normalize optical density to 1.0 unit) before
                                                    15
                                                            measuring luminosity. Aliquots of the diluted broths were then
                                                        Placed into cuvettes (300 µl each) and read in a Bio-Orbit 1251
                                                       Placed into cuvetee (300 Mi each) and read in a Mio-Orbit Oy, Twiku, Finland). The integration period
                                                    for each sample was 45 seconds. The samples were continuously
                                                  for each sample was 45 seconds.

Mixed (spun in baffled cuvettes)

A hostive rear was determined as height read to provide oxygen
                                       20
                                               Availability. A positive test was determined as being 2 5-fold

The article of the control of th
                                            background luminescence (about 5-10 units). In addition, colony
                                          Dackgroung luminescence (about 5-lu units). In addition, of the overlays and
                                       Visually, after adaptation in a darkroom. The Gram's staining
                                    Characteristics of each strain were established with a commercial
                         25
                                  Gram's stain kit (BBL, Cockeysville, MD) used in conjunction with
                               Microscopic evaluation was then performed using a Zeiss microscope

immersion objective lens (with lox)
                           (Carl Zeiss, Germany) 100X oil immersion objective lens (with 10X)

Microscopic evaluation was then performed using a zeiss microscope with 10X
                       Ocular and 2X body magnification). Microscopic examination of
                     ocutar and 2x Dody magnification).

individual strains for organism size, cellular description and
                  inclusion bodies (the latter after logarithmic growth) was
               performed using wet mount slides (lox ocular, 2x body and 40x
             Objective magnification) with oil immersion and phase contrast
          Objective magnification) with oil immersion and phase contrast formers in Biological Control (ed. Gaugler, R. 1990.
       Entomopathogenic Nematodes in Biological Control (ed. Gaugler, R. parhaimital
     and Kaya, H.). Pp. 75-90. CRC Press, Boca Raton, USA., Baghdiguian
  S., Boyer-Giglio M.H., Thaler, J.O., Bonnot G., Boemare N. 1993.
S., Boyer Gigilo M.H., Indier, O.O., Bonnot G., Boemare W. 1983.

Colony Digmentation Was observed after
                                                  SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)
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inoculation on Bacto nutrient agar, (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) prepared as per label instructions. Incubation occurred at 28°C and descriptions were produced after 5-7 days. To test for the presence of the enzyme catalase, a colony of the test organism was removed on a small plug from a nutrient agar plate and placed into the bottom of a glass test tube. One ml of a household hydrogen peroxide solution was gently added down the side of the tube. A positive reaction was recorded when bubbles of gas (presumptive oxygen) appeared immediately or within 5 seconds. Controls of uninoculated nutrient agar and hydrogen peroxide 10 solution were also examined. To test for nitrate reduction, each culture was inoculated into 10 ml of Bacto Nitrate Broth (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI). After 24 hours incubation at 28°C, nitrite production was tested by the addition of two drops of 15 sulfanilic acid reagent and two drops of alpha-naphthylamine reagent (see Difco Manual, 10th edition, Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI, 1984). The generation of a distinct pink or red color indicates the formation of nitrite from nitrate. The ability of each strain to uptake dye from growth media was tested with Bacto 20 MacConkey agar containing the dye neutral red; Bacto Tergitol-7 agar containing the dye bromothymol blue and Bacto EMB Agar containing the dye eosin-Y (agars from Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI, all prepared according to label instructions). After inoculation on these media, dye uptake was recorded after incubation at 28°C for 5 days. Growth on these latter media is 25 characteristic for members of the family Enterobacteriaceae. Motility of each strain was tested using a solution of Bacto Motility Test Medium (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) prepared as per label instructions. A butt-stab inoculation was performed with 30 each strain and motility was judged macroscopically by a diffuse zone of growth spreading from the line of inoculum. In many cases, motility was also observed microscopically from liquid culture under wet mount slides. Biochemical nutrient evaluation for each strain was performed using BBL Enterotube II (Benton, Dickinson, 35 Germany). Product instructions were followed with the exception that incubation was carried out at 28°C for 5 days. Results were consistent with previously cited reports for Photorhabdus. production of protease was tested by observing hydrolysis of gelatin using Bacto gelatin (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI)

plates made as per label instructions. Cultures were inoculated and the plates were incubated at 28°C for 5 days. To assess growth at different temperatures, agar plates [2% proteose peptone #3 with two percent Bacto-Agar (Difco, Detroit, MI) in deionized water] were streaked from a common source of inoculum. Plates were sealed with Nesco® film and incubated at 20, 28 and 37°C for up to three weeks. Plates showing no growth at 37°C showed no cell viability after transfer to a 28°C incubator for one week. Oxygen requirements for Photorhabdus strains were tested in the following manner. A butt-stab inoculation into fluid thioglycolate broth medium (Difco, Detroit, MI) was made. The tubes_were incubated at room temperature for one week and cultures were then examined for type and extent of growth. The indicator resazurin demonstrates the level of medium oxidation or the aerobiosis zone (Difco Manual, 10th edition, Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI). Growth zone results obtained for the Photorhabdus strains tested were consistent with those of a facultative anaerobic microorganism.

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Table 19
Taxonomic Traits of Photorhabdus Strains

Traits Assessed*

| Strain | Α | В | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | М | N | 0 | Р | Q |
|--------|----------|----------|------------|-------------|----------|---|----|----------|----------|----------|---|----------|---|----------|----------|---|---|
| W-14 | <u> </u> | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | Ō | ± | ± | ± | + | ± | ± | = |
| WX-I | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | Ŧ | Q | ± | ± | ± | ±. | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-2 | = | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | Ō | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX - 3 | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | 土 | YT | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-4 | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | YT | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-5 | Ξ | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | TO | ± | ± | ± | ± | <u>+</u> | ± | Ξ |
| WX-6 | 11 | ± | ± | rd S | 土 | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | ΤΤ | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-7 | - | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | R | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | + | Ξ |
| WX-8 | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | Ō | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-9 | 11 | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | YT | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-10 | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | Ro | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-11 | Ξ | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | Ro | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-12 | - | ± | ± | ra s | ± | Ξ | ± | 土 | ± | Q | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-14 | -1 | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | LR | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| WX-15 | Ξ | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | ± | = | ± | ± | 土 | LR | 土 | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| Н9 | Ξ | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | 土 | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | LY | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| dH | Ξ | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | YT | 土 | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| Hm | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | = | ± | ± | ± | TY | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| HP88 | = | ± | ± | rd S | ± | Ξ | ± | <u>+</u> | 土 | ΤΥ | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | Ξ |
| NC-I | Ξ | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | ± | Ξ | ± | ± | ± | Ō | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | = |
| W30 | Ξ | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | ± | = | ± | ± | ± | ΧŢ | ± | ± | ± | 土 | ± | ± | = |
| WIR | = | ± | ± | <u>rd S</u> | ± | = | ± | <u>+</u> | ± | RO | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | = |
| B2 | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | = | ± | ± | ± | R | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | = |
| 43948 | = | ± | <u>±</u> _ | rd S | <u>+</u> | = | +1 | + | ± | Ō | ± | ± | 土 | ± | ± | ± | = |
| 43949 | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | = | + | + | ± | Ō | + | 土 | ± | + | <u>+</u> | ± | = |
| 43950 | Ξ | ± | ± | rd S | ± | = | + | ± | ± | Ō | + | ± | ± | + | + | ± | = |
| 43951 | = | ± | ± | ra s | ± | = | ± | ± | ± | Q | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | 土 | = |
| 43952 | | <u>+</u> | ± | rd S | ± | = | ± | ± | ± | <u>0</u> | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± | = |

* - A = Gram's stain, B=Crystaline inclusion bodies,
C=Bioluminescence, D=Cell form, E=Motility, F=Nitrate reduction,
G=Presence of catalase, H=Gelatin hydrolysis, I=Dye uptake,
J=Pigmentation, K=Growth on EMB agar, L=Growth on MacConkey agar,
M=Growth on Tergitol-7 agar, N=Facultative anaerobe, O=Growth at
20°C, P=Growth at 28°C, Q=Growth at 37°C, † - +/- = positive or
negative for trait, rd=rod, S=sized within Genus descriptors,
RO=red-orange, LR = light red, R= red, O= orange, Y= yellow, T=
tan, LY= light yellow, YT= yellow tan, and LO= light orange.

15 Cellular fatty acid analysis is a recognized tool for bacterial characterization at the genus and species level (Tornabene, T. G. 1985. Lipid Analysis and the Relationship to Chemotaxonomy in Methods in Microbiology, Vol. 18, 209-234.; Goodfellow, M. and O'Donnell, A. G. 1993. Roots of Bacterial Systematics in Handbook of New Bacterial Systematics (ed. Goodfellow, M. & O'Donnell, A. G.) pp. 3-54. London: Academic Press Ltd.), these references are incorporated herein by reference, and were used to confirm that our collection was related at the genus level. Cultures were shipped to an external, contract laboratory

for fatty acid methyl ester analysis (FAME) using a Microbial ID (MIDI, Newark, DE, USA) Microbial Identification System (MIS). The MIS system consists of a Hewlett Packard HP5890A gas chromatograph with a 25mm x 0.2mm 5% methylphenyl silicone fused silica capillary column. Hydrogen is used as the carrier gas and a flame-ionization detector functions in conjunction with an automatic sampler, integrator and computer. The computer compares the sample fatty acid methyl esters to a microbial fatty acid library and against a calibration mix of known fatty acids. As selected by the contract laboratory, strains were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on trypticase soy agar prior to analysis. Extraction of samples was performed by the contract lab as per standard FAME methodology. There was no direct identification of the strains to any luminescent bacterial group other than Photorhabdus. When the cluster analysis was performed, which compares the fatty acid profiles of a group of isolates, the strain fatty acid profiles were related at the genus level.

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The evolutionary diversity of the Photorhabdus strains in our collection was measured by analysis of PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction) mediated genomic fingerprinting using genomic DNA from 20 each strain. This technique is based on families of repetitive DNA sequences present throughout the genome of diverse bacterial species (reviewed by Versalovic, J., Schneider, M., DE Bruijn, F. J. and Lupski, J. R. 1994. Methods Mol. Cell. Biol., 5, 25-40.). Three of these, repetitive extragenic palindromic sequence (REP), 25 enterobacterial repetitive intergenic consensus (ERIC) and the BOX element are thought to play an important role in the organization of the bacterial genome. Genomic organization is believed to be shaped by selection and the differential dispersion of these elements within the genome of closely related bacterial strains can 30 be used to discriminate these strains (e.g., Louws, F. J., Fulbright, D. W., Stephens, C. T. and DE Bruijn, F. J. 1994. Appl. Environ. Micro. 60, 2286-2295). Rep-PCR utilizes oligonucleotide primers complementary to these repetitive sequences to amplify the 35 variably sized DNA fragments lying between them. The resulting products are separated by electrophoresis to establish the DNA "fingerprint" for each strain.

To isolate genomic DNA from our strains, cell pellets were resuspended in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) to a

final volume of 10 ml and 12 ml of 5 M NaCl was then added. mixture was centrifuged 20 min. at 15,000 x g. The resulting pellet was resuspended in 5.7 ml of TE and 300 μl of 10% SDS and 60 μ l 20 mg/ml proteinase K (Gibco BRL Products, Grand Island, NY) were added. This mixture was incubated at 37 °C for 1 hr, 5 approximately 10 mg of lysozyme was then added and the mixture was incubated for an additional 45 min. One milliliter of 5M NaCl and 800 μ l of CTAB/NaCl solution (10% w/v CTAB, 0.7 M NaCl) were then added and the mixture was incubated 10 min. at 65°C, gently agitated, then incubated and agitated for an additional 20 min. to 10 aid in clearing of the cellular material. An equal volume of chloroform/isoamyl alcohol solution (24:1, v/v) was added, mixed gently then centrifuged. Two extractions were then performed with an equal volume of phenol/chloroform/isoamyl alcohol (50:49:1). Genomic DNA was precipitated with 0.6 volume of isopropanol. 15 Precipitated DNA was removed with a glass rod, washed twice with 70% ethanol, dried and dissolved in 2 ml of STE (10 mM Tris-HCl pH8.0, 10 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA). The DNA was then quantitated by optical density at 260 nm. To perform rep-PCR analysis of Photorhabdus genomic DNA the following primers were used, REPIR-I; 20 5'-IIIICGICGICATCIGGC-3' and REP2-I; 5'-ICGICTTATCIGGCCTAC-3'. PCR was performed using the following $25\mu l$ reaction: 7.75 μl H₂O, 2.5 μ l 10X LA buffer (PanVera Corp., Madison, WI), 16 μ l dNTP mix (2.5 mM each), 1 μ l of each primer at 50 pM/ μ l, 1 μ l DMSO, 1.5 μ l 25 genomic DNA (concentrations ranged from 0.075-0.480 $\mu g/\mu l$) and 0.25 μ l TaKaRa EX Taq (PanVera Corp., Madison, WI). The PCR amplification was performed in a Perkin Elmer DNA Thermal Cycler (Norwalk, CT) using the following conditions: $95^{\circ}\text{C}/7$ min. then 35cycles of; 94°C/1 min.,44°C/1 min., 65°C/8 min., followed by 15 min. at 65°C. After cycling, the 25 μl reaction was added to 5 μl of 6X 30 gel loading buffer (0.25% bromophenol blue, 40% w/v sucrose in ${
m H}_{2}{
m O}$). A 15x20cm 1%-agarose gel was then run in TBE buffer (0.09 M Tris-borate, 0.002 M EDTA) using 8 μ l of each reaction. The gel was run for approximately 16 hours at 45v. Gels were then stained in 20 $\mu g/ml$ ethidium bromide for 1 hour and destained in TBE buffer 35 for approximately 3 hours. Polaroid photographs of the gels were then taken under UV illumination.

The presence or absence of bands at specific sizes for each strain was scored from the photographs and entered as a similarity

matrix in the numerical taxonomy software program, NTSYS-pc (Exeter Software, Setauket, NY). Controls of E. coli strain HB101 and Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzae assayed at the same time produced PCR "fingerprints" corresponding to published reports (Versalovic, J., Koeuth, T. and Lupski, J. R. 1991. Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 6823-6831; Vera Cruz, C. M., Halda-Alija, L., Louws, F., Skinner, D. Z., George, M. L., Nelson, R. J., DE Bruijn, F. J., Rice, C. and Leach, J. E. 1995. Int. Rice Res. Notes, 20, 23-24.; Vera Cruz, C. M., Ardales, E. Y., Skinner, D. Z., Talaq, J., Nelson, R. J., Louws, F. J., Leung, H., Mew, T. W. and Leach, J. E. 1996. Phytopathology 10 (in press, respectively). The data from Photorhabdus strains were then analyzed with a series of programs within NTSYS-pc; SIMQUAL (Similarity for Qualitative data) to generate a matrix of similarity coefficients (using the Jaccard coefficient) and SAHN 15 (Sequential, Agglomerative, Heirarchical and Nested) clustering [using the UPGMA (Unweighted Pair-Group Method with Arithmetic Averages) method] which groups related strains and can be expressed as a phenogram (Fig. 5). The COPH (cophenetic values) and MXCOMP (matrix comparison) programs were used to generate a cophenetic 20 value matrix and compare the correlation between this and the original matrix upon which the clustering was based. A resulting normalized Mantel statistic (r) was generated which is a measure of the goodness of fit for a cluster analysis (r=0.8-0.9 represents a very good fit). In our case r = 0.919. Therefore, our collection 25 is comprised of a diverse group of easily distinguishable strains representative of the Photorhabdus genus.

Example 13

Insecticidal Utility of Toxin(s) Produced by Various Photorhabdus Strains

by various Photornabdus Strains

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Initial "seed" cultures of the various Photorhabdus strains were produced by inoculating 175 ml of 2% Proteose Peptone #3 (PP3) (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) liquid media with a primary variant subclone in a 500 ml tribaffled flask with a Delong neck, covered with a Kaput. Inoculum for each seed culture was derived from oil-overlay agar slant cultures or plate cultures. After inoculation, these flasks were incubated for 16 hrs at 28°C on a rotary shaker at 150 rpm. These seed cultures were then used as

uniform inoculum sources for a given fermentation of each strain. Additionally, overlaying the post-log seed culture with sterile mineral oil, adding a sterile magnetic stir bar for future resuspension and storing the culture in the dark, at room 5 temperature provided long-term preservation of inoculum in a toxincompetent state. The production broths were inoculated by adding 1% of the actively growing seed culture to fresh 2% PP3 media (e.g., 1.75 ml per 175 ml fresh media). Production of broths occurred in either 500 ml tribaffled flasks (see above), or 2800 ml baffled, convex bottom flasks (500 ml volume) covered by a silicon 10 foam closure. Production flasks were incubated for 24-48 hrs under the above mentioned conditions. Following incubation, the broths were dispensed into sterile 1 L polyethylene bottles, spun at 2600 x g for 1 hr at 10°C and decanted from the cell and debris pellet. The liquid broth was then vacuum filtered through Whatman GF/D (2.7 15 μM retention) and GF/B (1.0 μM retention) glass filters to remove debris. Further broth clarification was achieved with a tangential flow microfiltration device (Pall Filtron, Northborough, MA) using a 0.5 \(\mu M \) open-channel filter. When necessary, additional clarification could be obtained by chilling the broth (to 4°C) and 20 centrifuging for several hours at 2600 x g. Following these procedures, the broth was filter sterilized using a 0.2 μM nitrocellulose membrane filter. Sterile broths were then used directly for biological assay, biochemical analysis or concentrated 25 (up to 15-fold) using a 10,000 MW cut-off, M12 ultra-filtration device (Amicon, Beverly MA) or centrifugal concentrators (Millipore, Bedford, MA and Pall Filtron, Northborough, MA) with a 10,000 MW pore size. In the case of centrifugal concentrators, the broth was spun at 2000 x g for approximately 2 hr. The 10,000 MW permeate was added to the corresponding retentate to achieve the 30 desired concentration of components greater than 10,000 MW. Heat inactivation of processed broth samples was acheived by heating the samples at 100°C in a sand-filled heat block for 10 minutes.

The broth(s) and toxin complex(es) from different *Photorhabdus* strains are useful for reducing populations of insects and were used in a method of inhibiting an insect population which comprises applying to a locus of the insect an effective insect inactivating amount of the active described. A demonstration of the breadth of insecticidal activity observed from broths of a selected group of

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Photorhabdus strains fermented as described above is shown in Table 20. It is possible that additional insecticidal activities could be detected with these strains through increased concentration of the broth or by employing different fermentation methods.

Consistent with the activity being associated with a protein, the insecticidal activity of all strains tested was heat labile (see above).

Culture broth(s) from diverse Photorhabdus strains show differential insecticidal activity (mortality and/or growth 10 inhibition, reduced adult emergence) against a number of insects. More specifically, the activity is seen against corn rootworm larvae and boll weevil larvae which are members of the insect order Coleoptera. Other members of the Coleoptera include wireworms, pollen beetles, flea beetles, seed beetles and Colorado potato 15 beetle. Activity is also observed against aster leafhopper and corn plant hopper, which are members of the order Homoptera. Other members of the Homoptera include planthoppers, pear psylla, apple sucker, scale insects, whiteflies, spittle bugs as well as numerous host specific aphid species. The broths and purified toxin complex(es) are also active against tobacco budworm, tobacco 20 hornworm and European corn borer which are members of the order Lepidoptera. Other typical members of this order are beet armyworm, cabbage looper, black cutworm, corn earworm, codling moth, clothes moth, Indian mealmoth, leaf rollers, cabbage worm, cotton bollworm, bagworm, Eastern tent caterpillar, sod webworm and fall armyworm. Activity is also seen against fruitfly and mosquito larvae which are members of the order Diptera. Other members of the order Diptera are, pea midge, carrot fly, cabbage root fly, turnip root fly, onion fly, crane fly and house fly and various 30 mosquito species. Activity with broth(s) and toxin complex(es) is also seen against two-spotted spider mite which is a member of the order Acarina which includes strawberry spider mites, broad mites, citrus red mite, European red mite, pear rust mite and tomato russet mite.

Activity against corn rootworm larvae was tested as follows.

Photorhabdus culture broth(s) (0-15 fold concentrated, filter sterilized), 2% Proteose Peptone #3, purified toxin complex(es), 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer , pH 7.0 were applied directly to the surface (about 1.5 cm²) of artificial diet (Rose, R. I. and McCabe,

J. M. (1973). J. Econ. Entomol. 66, (398-400) in 40 μl aliquots. Toxin complex was diluted in 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0. The diet plates were allowed to air-dry in a sterile flow-hood and the wells were infested with single, neonate Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi (Southern corn rootworm, SCR) hatched from surface sterilized eggs. The plates were sealed, placed in a humidified growth chamber and maintained at 27°C for the appropriate period (3-5 days). Mortality and larval weight determinations were then scored. Generally, 16 insects per treatment were used in all studies. Control mortality was generally less than 5%.

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Activity against boll weevil (Anthomonas grandis) was tested as follows. Concentrated (1-10 fold) Photorhabdus broths, control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3), purified toxin complex(es) [0.23 mg/ml] or 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 were applied in 60 μ l aliquots to the surface of 0.35 g of artificial diet (Stoneville Yellow lepidopteran diet) and allowed to dry. A single, 12-24 hr boll weevil larva was placed on the diet, and the wells were sealed and held at 25°C, 50% RH for 5 days. Mortality and larval weights were then assessed. Control mortality ranged between 0-13%.

Activity against mosquito larvae was tested as follows. The assay was conducted in a 96-well microtiter plate. Each well contained 200 μ l of aqueous solution (10-fold concentrated Photorhabdus culture broth(s), control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3), 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, toxin complex(es) @ 0.23 mg/ml or H20) and approximately 20, 1-day old larvae (Aedes aegypti). There were 6 wells per treatment. The results were read at 3-4 days after infestation. Control mortality was between 0-20%.

Activity against fruitflies was tested as follows. Purchased Drosophila melanogaster medium was prepared using 50% dry medium and a 50% liquid of either water, control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3), 10-fold concentrated Photorhabdus culture broth(s), purified toxin complex(es) [0.23 mg/ml] or 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer , pH 7.0. This was accomplished by placing 4.0 ml of dry medium in each of 3 rearing vials per treatment and adding 4.0 ml of the appropriate liquid. Ten late instar Drosophila melanogaster maggots were then added to each 25 ml vial. The vials were held on a laboratory bench, at room temperature, under fluorescent ceiling lights. Pupal or adult counts were made after 15 days of exposure.

Adult emergence as compared to water and control medium (0-16% reduction).

Activity against aster leafhopper adults (Macrosteles severini) and corn planthopper nymphs (Peregrinus maidis) was tested with an ingestion assay designed to allow ingestion of the active without other external contact. The reservoir for the active/"food" solution is made by making 2 holes in the center of the bottom portion of a 35X10 mm Petri dish. A 2 inch Parafilm M^{U} square is placed across the top of the dish and secured with an "O" ring. A 1 oz. plastic cup is then infested with approximately 7 10 hoppers and the reservoir is placed on top of the cup, Parafilm down. The test solution is then added to the reservoir through the holes. In tests using 10-fold concentrated Photorhabdus culture broth(s), the broth and control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3) 15 were dialyzed against 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 and sucrose (to 5%) was added to the resulting solution to reduce control mortality. Purified toxin complex(es) [0.23 mg/ml] or 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 was also tested. Mortality is reported at day 3. The assay was held in an incubator at 28°C, 70% 20 RH with a 16/8 photoperiod. The assays were graded for mortality at 72 hours. Control mortality was less than 6%.

Activity against lepidopteran larvae was tested as follows. Concentrated (10-fold) Photorhabdus culture broth(s), control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3), purified toxin complex(es) [0.23 mg/ml] or 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 were applied directly to the surface (about 1.5 cm²) of standard artificial lepidopteran diet (Stoneville Yellow diet) in 40 μ l aliquots. diet plates were allowed to air-dry in a sterile flow-hood and each well was infested with a single, neonate larva. European corn borer (Ostrinia nubilalis) and tobacco hornworm (Manduca sexta) eggs were obtained from commercial sources and hatched in-house, whereas tobacco budworm (Heliothis virescens) larvae were supplied internally. Following infestation with larvae, the diet plates were sealed, placed in a humidified growth chamber and maintained in the dark at 27°C for the appropriate period. Mortality and weight determinations were scored at day 5. Generally, 16 insects per treatment were used in all studies. Control mortality generally ranged from about 4 to about 12.5% for control medium and was less than 10% for phosphate buffer.

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Activity against two-spotted spider mite (Tetranychus urticae) was determined as follows. Young squash plants were trimmed to a single cotyledon and sprayed to run-off with 10-fold concentrated broth(s), control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3), purified toxin complex(es), 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0. After drying, the plants were infested with a mixed population of spider mites and held at lab temperature and humidity for 72 hr. Live mites were then counted to determine levels of control.

Table 20 Observed Insecticidal Spectrum of Broths from Different Photorhabdus Strains

| 5 | Photornabdus Strain | Sensitive* Insect Species |
|----|---------------------|----------------------------|
| | WX-1 | 3**, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| | WX - 2 | 2, 4 |
| | WX - 3 | 1, 4 |
| | WX - 4 | 1, 4 |
| 10 | WX - 5 | 4 |
| | WX-6 | 4 |
| | WX - 7 | 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| | WX - 8 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | WX-9 | 1, 2, 4 |
| 15 | WX-10 | 4 |
| | WX-11 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | WX-12 | 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| | WX-14 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | WX-15 | 1, 2, 4 |
| 20 | W30 | 3, 4, 5, 8 |
| | NC-1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 |
| | WIR | 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| | HP88 | 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 |
| | НЬ | 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 |
| 25 | Hm | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 |
| | н9 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| | W-14 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 |
| | ATCC 43948 | 4 |
| | ATCC 43949 | 4 |
| 30 | ATCC 43950 | 4 |
| | ATCC 43951 | 4 |
| | ATCC 43952 | 4 |

^{* = ≥ 25%} mortality and/or growth inhibition vs. control
** = 1; Tobacco budworm, 2; European corn borer, 3;
 Tobacco hornworm, 4; Southern corn rootworm, 5; 35 Boll weevil, 6; Mosquito, 7; Fruit Fly, 8; Aster Leafhopper, 9; Corn planthopper, 10; Two-spotted spider mite.

Example 14

Non W-14 Photorhabdus Strains:

Purification. Characterization and Activity Spectrum

5 Purification

The protocol, as follows, is similar to that developed for the purification of W-14 and was established based on purifying those fractions having the most activity against Southern corn root worm (SCR), as determined in bioassays (see Example 13). Typically, 4-10 20 L of broth that had been filtered, as described in Example 13, were received and concentrated using an Amicon spiral ultra filtration cartridge Type S1Y100 attached to an Amicon M-12 filtration device. The retentate contained native proteins consisting of molecular sizes greater than 100 kDa, whereas the flow through material contained native proteins less than 100 kDa 15 The majority of the activity against SCR was contained in the 100 kDa retentate. The retentate was then continually diafiltered with 10 mM sodium phosphate (pH = 7.0) until the filtrate reached an $A_{280} < 0.100$. Unless otherwise stated, all 20 procedures from this point were performed in buffer as defined by 10 mM sodium phosphate (pH 7.0). The retentate was then concentrated to a final volume of approximately 0.20 L and filtered using a 0.45 mm Nalgene™ Filterware sterile filtration unit. filtered material was loaded at 7.5 ml/min onto a Pharmacia HR16/10 25 column which had been packed with PerSeptive Biosystem Poros® 50 HQ strong anion exchange matrix equilibrated in buffer using a PerSeptive Biosystem Sprint® HPLC system. After loading, the column was washed with buffer until an A_{280} < 0.100 was achieved. Proteins were then eluted from the column at 2.5 ml/min using buffer with 0.4 M NaCl for 20 min for a total volume of 50 ml. 30 column was then washed using buffer with 1.0 M NaCl at the same flow rate for an additional 20 min (final volume = 50 ml). Proteins eluted with 0.4 M and 1.0 M NaCl were placed in separate dialysis bags (Spectra/Por® Membrane MWCO: 2,000) and allowed to dialyze overnight at 4° C in 12 L buffer. The majority of the 35 activity against SCR was contained in the 0.4 M fraction. M fraction was further purified by application of 20 ml to a Pharmacia XK 26/100 column that had been prepacked with Sepharose CL4B (Pharmacia) using a flow rate of 0.75 ml/min. Fractions were

pooled based on A₂₈₀ peak profile and concentrated to a final volume of 0.75 ml using a Millipore Ultrafree®-15 centrifugal filter device Biomax-50K NMWL membrane. Protein concentrations were determined using a Biorad Protein Assay Kit with bovine gamma globulin as a standard.

Characterization

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The native molecular weight of the SCR toxin complex was determined using a Pharmacia HR 16/50 that had been prepacked with Sepharose CL4B in buffer. The column was then calibrated using proteins of known molecular size thereby allowing for calculation of the toxin approximate native molecular size. As shown in Table 21, the molecular size of the toxin complex ranged from 777 kDa with strain Hb to 1,900 kDa with strain WX-14. The yield of toxin complex also varied, from strain WX-12 producing 0.8 mg/L to strain Hb, which produced 7.0 mg/L.

Proteins found in the toxin complex were examined for individual polypeptide size using SDS-PAGE analysis. Typically, 20 mg protein of the toxin complex from each strain was loaded onto a 2-15% polyacrylamide gel (Integrated Separation Systems) and electrophoresed at 20 mA in Biorad SDS-PAGE buffer. After completion of electrophoresis, the gels were stained overnight in Biorad Coomassie blue R-250 (0.2% in methanol: acetic acid: water; 40:10:40 v/v/v). Subsequently, gels were destained in methanol:acetic acid: water; 40:10:40 (v/v/v). The gels were then rinsed with water for 15 min and scanned using a Molecular Dynamics Personal Laser Densitometer. Lanes were quantitated and molecular sizes were calculated as compared to Biorad high molecular weight

Sizes of the individual polypeptides comprising the SCR toxin complex from each strain are listed in Table 22. The sizes of the individual polypeptides ranged from 230 kDa with strain WX-1 to a size of 16 kDa, as seen with strain WX-7. Every strain, with the exception of strain Hb, had polypeptides comprising the toxin complex that were in the 160-230 kDa range, the 100-160 kDa range, and the 50-80 kDa range. These data indicate that the toxin complex may vary in peptide composition and components from strain to strain, however, in all cases the toxin attributes appears to consist of a large, oligomeric protein complex.

standards, which ranged from 200-45 kDa.

Table 21
Characterization of a Toxin Complex from
Non W-14 Photorhabdus Strains

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| Strain | Approx. Native Molecular Wt. ^a | Yield Active Fraction (mg/L) ^b |
|--------|---|--|
| Н9 | 972,000 | 1.8 |
| Hb | 777,000 | 7.0 |
| Hm | 1,400,000 | 1.1 |
| HP88 | 813,000 | 2.5 |
| NCl | 1,092,000 | 3.3 |
| WIR | 979,000 | 1.0 |
| WX-1 | 973,000 | 0.8 |
| WX-2 | 951,000 | 2.2 |
| WX-7 | 1,000,000 | 1.5 |
| WX-12 | 898,000 | 0.4 |
| WX-14 | 1,900,000 | 1.9 |
| W-14 | 860,000 | 7.5 |

a Native molecular weight determined using a Pharmacia HR 16/50 column packed with Sepharose CL4B

Activity Spectrum

As shown in Table 23, the toxin complexes purified from strains Hm and H9 were tested for activity against a variety of insects, with the toxin complex from strain W-14 for comparison. The assays were performed as described in Example 13. The toxin complex from all three strains exhibited activity against tobacco bud worm, European corn borer, Southern corn root worm, and aster leafhopper. Furthermore, the toxin complex from strains Hm and W-14 also exhibited activity against two-spotted spider mite. In addition, the toxin complex from W-14 exhibited activity against mosquito larvae. These data indicate that the toxin complex, while having similarities in activities between certain orders of insects, can also exhibit differential activities against other orders of insects.

b Amount of toxin complex recovered from culture broth.

Table 22

The Approximate Sizes (in kDa) of Peptides in a Purified Toxin Complex From Non W-14 Photorhabdus

| Н9 | НЪ | Hm | HP 88 | NC-1 | WIR | WX-1 | WX-2 | WX - 7 | WX-12 | WX-14 | W-1 |
|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|-----|------|------|--------|-------|-------|-----|
| 180 | 150 | 170 | 170 | 180 | 170 | 230 | 200 | 200 | 180 | 210 | 190 |
| 170 | 140 | 140 | 160 | 170 | 160 | 190 | 170 | 180 | 160 | 180 | 180 |
| 160 | 139 | 100 | 140 | 140 | 120 | 170 | 150 | 110 | 140 | 160 | 170 |
| 140 | 130 | 81 | 130 | 110 | 110 | 160 | 120 | 87 | 139 | 120 | 160 |
| 120 | 120 | 72 | 129 | 44 | 89 | 110 | 110 | 75 | 130 | 110 | 150 |
| 98 | 100 | 68 | 110 | 16 | 4 | 96 | 82 | 43 | 110 | 100 | 130 |
| 87 | 98 | 49 | 100 | | 74 | 76 | 64 | 33 | 92 | 95 | 120 |
| 84 | 88 | 46 | 86 | | 62 | 58 | 37 | 28 | 87 | 80 | 110 |
| 19 | 81 | 30 | 81 | | 51 | 53 | 30 | 26 | 80 | 69 | 93 |
| 72 | 75 | 22 | 77 | | 40 | 41 | | 23 | 73 | 49 | 90 |
| 68 | 69 | 20 | 73 | | 39 | 35 | | 22 | 59 | 41 | 77 |
| 9 | 9 | 19 | 09 | | 37 | 31 | | 21 | 56 | 33 | 69 |
| 57 | 57 | | 28 | | 33 | 28 | | 19 | 51 | | 65 |
| 52 | 54 | | 45 | | 30 | 24 | | 18 | 3.7 | | 63 |
| 46 | 49 | | 39 | | 28 | 22 | | 16 | 33 | | 9 |
| 40 | 44 | | 35 | | 27 | | | | 32 | | 51 |
| 37 | 39 | | | | 25 | | | | 26 | | 46 |
| | 37 | | | | 23 | | | | | | 40 |
| | 35. | | | | | | | ** | | | 39 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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Table 23

Observed Insecticidal Spectrum of a Purified Toxin Complex from
Photorhabdus Strains

| 5 | |
|----|---|
| | Photornabdus Strain Sensitive* Insect Species |
| 10 | Hm Toxin Complex 1**, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 H9 Toxin Complex 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8 W-14 Toxin Complex 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| | <pre>* = > 25% mortality or growth inhibition * = > 25% mortality or growth inhibition</pre> |
| 15 | <pre>** = 1, Tobacco bud worm; 2, European corn borer; 3, Southern corn root worm; 4, Mosquito; 5, Two-spotted spider mite; 6, Aster Leafhopper; 7, Fruit Fly; 8, Boll Weevil</pre> |

Example 15

Sub-Fractionation of Photorhabdus Protein Toxin Complex

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The Photorhabdus protein toxin complex was isolated as described in Example 14. Next, about 10 mg toxin was applied to a MonoQ 5/5 column equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 at a flow rate of lml/min. The column was washed with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 until the optical density at 280 nm returned to baseline absorbance. The proteins bound to the column were eluted with a linear gradient of 0 to 1.0 M NaCl in 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 at 1 ml/min for 30 min. One ml fractions were collected and subjected to Southern corn rootworm (SCR) bioassay (see Example 13). Peaks of activity were determined by a series of dilutions of each fraction in SCR bioassays. Two activity peaks against SCR were observed and were named A (eluted at about 0.2-0.3 M NaCl) and B (eluted at 0.3-0.4 M NaCl). Activity peaks A and B were pooled separately and both peaks were further purified using a 3-step procedure described below.

Solid (NH₄)₂SO₄ was added to the above protein fraction to a final concentration of 1.7 M. Proteins were then applied to a phenyl-Superose 5/5 column equilibrated with 1.7 M (NH₄)₂SO₄ in 50 mM potassium phosphate buffer, pH 7 at 1 ml/min. Proteins bound to the column were eluted with a linear gradient of 1.7 M (NH₄)₂SO₄, 0% ethylene glycol, 50 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 to 25% ethylene glycol, 25 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 (no (NH₄)₂SO₄) at 0.5 ml/min. Fractions were dialyzed overnight against 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0. Activities in each fraction against SCR were determined by bioassay.

The fractions with the highest activity were pooled and applied to a MonoQ 5/5 column which was equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 at 1 ml/min. The proteins bound to the column were eluted at 1 ml/min by a linear gradient of 0 to 1M NaCl in 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0.

For the final step of purification, the most active fractions above (determined by SCR bioassay) were pooled and subjected to a second phenyl-Superose 5/5/ column. Solid (NH₄)₂SO₄ was added to a final concentration of 1.7 M. The solution was then loaded onto the column equilibrated with 1.7 M (NH₄)₂SO₄ in 50 mM potassium phosphate buffer, pH 7 at lml/min. Proteins bound to the column were eluted with a linear gradient of 1.7 M (NH₄)₂SO₄, 50 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 to 10 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 at 0.5 ml/min. Fractions were dialyzed overnight against 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0. Activities in each fraction against SCR were determined by bioassay.

The final purified protein by the above 3-step procedure from peak A was named toxin A and the final purified protein from peak B was named toxin B.

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Characterization and Amino Acid Sequencing of Toxin A and Toxin B

In SDS-PAGE, both toxin A and toxin B contained two major (> 90% of total Commassie stained protein) peptides: 192 kDa (named A1 and B1, respectively) and 58 kDa (named A2 and B2,

respectively). Both toxin A and toxin B revealed only one major band in native PAGE, indicating Al and A2 were subunits of one protein complex, and Bl and B2 were subunits of one protein complex. Further, the native molecular weight of both toxin A and toxin B were determined to be 860 kDa by gel filtration

chromatography. The relative molar concentrations of A1 to A2 was judged to be a 1 to 1 equivalence as determined by densiometric analysis of SDS-PAGE gels. Similarly, B1 and B2 peptides were present at the same molar concentration.

Toxin A and toxin B were electrophoresed in 10% SDS-PAGE and transblotted to PVDF membranes. Blots were sent for amino acid analysis and N-terminal amino acid sequencing at Harvard MicroChem and Cambridge ProChem, respectively. The N-terminal amino sequence of B1 was determined to be identical to SEQ ID NO:1, the TcbAii region of the tcbA gene (SEQ ID NO:12, position 87 to 99). A unique N-terminal sequence was obtained for peptide B2 (SEQ ID NO:40). The N-terminal amino acid sequence of peptide B2 was identical to the TcbAiii region of the derived amino acid sequence

for the tcbA gene (SEQ ID NO:12, position 1935 to 1945). Therefore, the B toxin contained predominantly two peptides, $TcbA_{ii}$ and $TcbA_{ii}$, that were observed to be derived from the same gene product, TcbA.

The N-terminal sequence of A2 (SEQ ID NO:41) was unique in comparison to the $TcbA_{iii}$ peptide and other peptides. The A2 peptide was denoted $TcdA_{iii}$ (see Example 17). SEQ ID NO:6 was determined to be a mixture of amino acid sequences SEQ ID NO:40 and 41.

Peptides Al and A2 were further subjected to internal amino acid sequencing. For internal amino acid sequencing, 10 µg of toxin A was electrophoresized in 10% SDS-PAGE and transblotted to PVDF membrane. After the blot was stained with amido black, peptides A1 and A2, denoted TcdAii and TcdAii, respectively, were excised from the blot and sent to Harvard MicroChem and Cambridge ProChem. Peptides were subjected to trypsin digestion followed by HPLC chromatography to separate individual peptides. N-terminal amino acid analysis was performed on selected tryptic peptide fragments. Two internal amino acid sequences of peptide A1 (TcdAii-PK71, SEQ ID NO:38 and TcdAii-PK44, SEQ ID NO:39) were found to have significant homologies with deduced amino acid sequences of the TcbAii region of the tcbA gene (SEQ ID NO:12). Similarly, the N-terminal sequence (SEQ ID NO:41) and two internal sequences of peptides A2 (TcdA; -PK57, SEQ ID NO:42 and TcdA; -PK20, SEQ ID NO.43) also showed significant homology with deduced amino acid sequences of TcbAiii region of the tcbA gene (SEQ ID NO:12).

In summary of above results, the toxin complex has at least two active protein toxin complexes against SCR; toxin A and toxin B. Toxin A and toxin B are similar in their native and subunits molecular weight, however, their peptide compositions are different. Toxin A contained peptides $TcdA_{ii}$ and $TcdA_{iii}$ as the major peptides and the toxin B contains $TcbA_{ii}$ and $TcbA_{iii}$ as the major peptides.

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Purification and Characterization of Toxin C, Tca Peptides

The *Photorhabdus* protein toxin complex was isolated as described above. Next, about 50 mg toxin was applied to a MonoQ 10/10 column equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 at a flow rate of 2 ml/min. The column was washed with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH7.0

until the optical density at 280 nm returned to baseline level. The proteins bound to the column were eluted with a linear gradient of 0 to 1M NaCl in 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 at 2 ml/min for 60 min. 2 ml fractions were collected and subjected to Western analysis using pAb TcaBii-syn antibody (see Example 21) as the primary antibody. Fractions reacted with pAb TcaBii-syn antibody were combined and solid (NH4)2SO4 was added to a final concentration of 1.7 M. Proteins were then applied to a phenyl-Superose 10/10 column equilibrated with 1.7 M (NH4)2SO4 in 50 mM potassium phosphate buffer, pH 7 at 1ml/min. Proteins bound to the column were eluted with a linear gradient of 1.7 M (NH₄)₂SO₄, 50 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 to 10 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 at 1 ml/min for 120 min. 2ml Fractions were collected, dialyzed overnight against 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0, and analyzed by Western blots using pAb TcaBii-syn antibody as the primary antibody.

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Fractions cross-reacted with the antibody were pooled and applied to a MonoQ 5/5 column which was equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 at 1ml/min. The proteins bound to the column were eluted at 1ml/min by a linear gradient of 0 to 1M NaCl in 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 for 30 min.

Fractions above reacted with pAb TcaB_{ii}-syn antibody were pooled and subjected to a phenyl-Superose 5/5/ column. Solid (NH₄)₂SO₄ added to a final concentration of 1.7 M. The solution was then applied onto the column equilibrated with 1.7 M (NH₄)₂SO₄ in 50 mM potassium phosphate buffer, pH 7 at lml/min. Proteins bound to the column were then eluted with a linear gradient of 1.7 M (NH₄)₂SO₄, 50 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 to 10 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7.0 at 0.5 ml/min for 60 min. Fractions were dialyzed overnight against 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0.

For the final purification step, fractions reacted with pAb TcaB_{ii}-syn antibody above determined by Western analysis were combined and applied to a Mono Q 5/5 column equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 at lml/min. The proteins bound to the column were eluted at lml/min by a linear gradient of 0 to 1M NaCl in 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 for 30 min.

The final purified protein fraction contained 6 major peptides examined by SDS-PAGE: 165 kDa, 90 kDa, 64 kDa, 62 kDa, 58 kDa, and 22 kDa. The LD50 of the insecticidal activities of this purified

fraction were determined to be 100 ng and 500 ng against SCR and ECB, respectively.

The above peptides were blotted to PVDF membranes and blots were sent for amino acids analysis and 5 amino acid long N-terminal sequencing at Harvard MicroChem and Cambridge ProChem, respectively. The N-terminal amino acid sequence of the 165 kDa peptide was determined to be identical to peptide TcaC (SEQ ID 2, position 1 to 5). The N-terminal amino acid sequence of the 90 kDa peptide was determined to be TcaAii region of the derived amino 10 acid sequence for the tcaA gene (SEQ ID NO 33, position 254 to The N-terminal amino acid sequence of 64 kDa peptide was determined to be identical to peptide TcaBi (SEQ ID 3, position 1 The N-terminal amino acid sequence of the 62 kDa peptide was determined to be TcaAii region of the derived amino acid 15 sequence for the tcaA gene (SEQ ID NO 33, position 489 to 493). The N-terminal amino acid sequence of 58 kDa peptide was determined to be identical to peptide TcaBii (SEQ ID 5, position 1 to 5). N-terminal amino acid sequence of the 22 kDa peptide (SEO ID NO 62) was determined to be TcaAi region, denoted TcaAiv, of the derived 20 amino acid sequence for the tcaA gene (SEQ ID NO 34, position 98 to 102). It is noted that all tcaA, tcaB, and tcaC genes reside in the same tca operon (Fig. 6A).

Five µg of purified Tca fraction, purified toxin A, and purified toxin B were analyzed by Western blot using the following antibodies individually as primary antibody: pAb TcaBii-syn antibody, mAb CF52 antibody, pAb TcdAii-syn antibody, and pAb Tcdiii-syn antibody (Example 21). With pAb TcaBii-syn antibody only the purified Tca peptides fraction reacted, but not toxin A or toxin B. With mAb CF52 antibody, only toxin B reacted but not Tca peptides fraction or toxin A. With either pAb TcdAii-syn antibody or pAb Tcdiii-syn antibody only toxin A reacted, but not Tca peptides fraction or toxin B. This indicated that the insecticidal activity observed in the purified Tca peptides fraction is independent of toxin A and toxin B. The purified Tca peptide fraction is a third unique protein toxin, denoted toxin C.

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Example 16 Cleavage and Activation of TcbA Peptide

In the toxin B complex, peptide TcbAii and TcbAiii originate from the single gene product TcbA (Example 15). The processing of TcbA peptide to TcbAii and TcbAiii is presumably by the action of Photorhabdus protease(s), and most likely, the metalloproteases described in Example 10. In some cases, it was noted that when Photorhabdus W-14 broth was processed, TcbA peptide was present in toxin B complex as a major component, in addition to peptides TcbAii and TcbAiii. Identical procedures, described for the purification of toxin B complex (Example 15), were used to enrich peptide TcbA from toxin complex fraction of W-14 broth. The final purified material was analyzed in a 4-20% gradient SDS-PAGE and major peptides were quantified by densitometry. It was determined that TcbA, TcbAii and TcbAiii comprised 58%, 36%, and 6%, respectively, of total protein. The identities of these peptides were confirmed by their respective molecular sizes in SDS-PAGE and Western blot analysis using monospecific antibodies. The native molecular weight of this fraction was determined to be 860 kDa.

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The cleavage of TcbA was evaluated by treating the above purified material with purified 38 kDa and 58 kDa W-14 Photorhabdus metalloproteases (Example 10), and trypsin as a control enzyme (Sigma, MO). The standard reaction consisted 17.5 μ g the above purified fraction, 1.5 unit protease, and 0.1 M Tris buffer, pH 8.0 in a total volume of 100 μ l. For the control reaction, protease was omitted. The reaction mixtures were incubated at 37°C for 90 min. At the end of the reaction, 20 μl was taken and boiled with SDS-PAGE sample buffer immediately for electrophoresis analysis in a 4-20% gradient SDS-PAGE. It was determined from SDS-PAGE that in both 38 kDa and 58 kDa protease treatments, the amount of peptides TcbAii and TcbAiii increased about 3-fold while the amount of TcbA peptide decreased proportionally (Table 24). The relative reduction and augmentation of selected peptides was confirmed by Western blot analyses. Furthermore, gel filtration of the cleaved material revealed that the native molecular size of the complex remained the same. Upon trypsin treatment, peptides TcbA and TcbAii were nonspecifically digested into small peptides. This indicated that 38 kDa and 58 kDa Photorhabdus proteases can

specifically process peptide TcbA into peptides $TcbA_{ii}$ and $TcbA_{iii}$. Protease treated and untreated control of the remaining 80 μ l reaction mixture were serial diluted with 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 and analyzed by SCR bioassay. By comparing activity in several dilution, it was determined that the 38 kDa protease treatment increased SCR insecticidal activity approximately 3 to 4 fold. The growth inhibition of remaining insects in the protease treatment was also more severe than control (Table 24).

Table 24

Conversion and Activation of Peptide TcbA into Peptides TcbA_{ii} and

TcbA_{iii} by Protease Treatment

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| | | Control | 38 kDa protease treatment |
|----|--|---------|---------------------------|
| | TcbA (% of total protein) | 58 | 18 |
| 15 | TcbA _{ii} (% of total protein) | 36 | 64 |
| | TcbA _{iii} (% of total protein) | 6 | 18 |
| | LD50 (µg protein) | 2.1 | 0.52 |
| | SCR Weight (mg/insect)* | 0.2 | 0.1 |

^{*:} an indication of growth inhibition by measuring the average weight of live insect after 5 days on diet in the assay.

Activation and Procession of Toxin B by SCR Gut Proteases

In yet a second demonstration of proteolytic activation, it was examined whether W-14 toxins are processed by insects. Toxin B purified from *Photorhabdus* W-14 broth (see Example 15) was comprised of predominantly intact TcbA peptides as judged by SDS-PAGE and Western blot analysis using monoclonal antibody. The LD50 of this fraction against SCR was determined to be around 700 ng.

SCR larva were grown on coleopteran diet until they reached the fourth instar stage (about 100-125 mg total weight each insect). SCR gut content was collected as follows: the guts were removed using dissecting scissors and forceps. After removing the excess fatty material that coats the gut lining, about 40 guts were homogenized in a microcentrifuge tube containing 100 μ l sterile water. The tube was then centrifuged at 14,000 rpm for 10 minutes and the pellet discarded. The supernatant was stored at a -70°C freezer until use.

The processing of toxin B by insect gut was evaluated by treating the above purified toxin B with the SCR gut content collected. The reaction consisted 40 μg toxin B (1 mg/ml), 50 μl

SCR gut content, and 0.1M Tris buffer, pH 8.0 in a total volume of 100 μ l. For the control reaction, SCR gut content was omitted. The reaction mixtures were incubated at 37°C for overnight. At the end of reaction, 10 μ l was withdraw and boiled with equal volume 2x SDS-PAGE sample buffer for SDS-PAGE analysis. The remaining 90 μ l reaction mixture was serial diluted with 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 and analyzed by SCR bioassay. SDS-PAGE analysis indicated in SCR gut content treatment, peptide TcbA was digested completely into smaller peptides. Analysis of the undenatured toxin fraction showed that the native size, about 860 kDa, remained the same even though larger peptides were fragmented. In SCR bioassays, it was found that the LD50 of SCR gut treated toxin B to be about 70 ng; representing a 10-fold increase. In a separate experiment, protease K treatment completely eliminated toxin activity.

Example 17

Screening of the Library for a Gene Encoding the TcdAii Peptide

The cloning and characterization of a gene encoding the TcdA_{ii} peptide, described as SEQ ID NO:17 (internal peptide TcdA_{ii}-PT111 N-terminal sequence) and SEQ ID NO:18 (internal peptide TcdA_{ii}-PT79 N-terminal sequence) was completed. Two pools of degenerate oligonucleotides, designed to encode the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO:17 (Table 25) and SEQ ID NO:18 (Table 26), and the reverse complements of those sequences, were synthesized as described in Example 8. The DNA sequence of the oligonucleotides is given below:

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Table 25 Degenerate Oligonucleotide for SEO ID NO:17

| P2-PT111 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 80 |
|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------------|--------|
| Amino Acid Ala | Ala | Phe | Asn | Ile | Asp | Asp | Val | Ser |
| Codons | S' GCN | TT(T/C) | AA (T/C) | AT(T/C/A) | GA(T/C) | GA(T/C) | GTN 3' | |
| P2.3.6.CB | | TT (T/C) | AAT | ATT | GAT | GAT | GT 3' | |
| P2.3.5 | 5' GC(A/C/G/T) | (T) TT(T/C) | AA(T/C) | AT (T/C/A) | GA (T/C) | GA(T/C) | GT 3' | |
| P2.3.5R | 5' AC | (G/A) TC | (G/A) TC | (T/G/A)AT | (G/A) TT | (G/A) AA | (A/C/G/T)GC 3' | |
| P2.3.5RI | 5' ACI | TCI | TCI | ATI | TTI | AAI | GC 31 | |
| P2.3R.CB | 5' CAG | (A/G)CT | (A/C) AC | ATC | ATC | AAT | ATT | AAA 3' |

Table 26
Degenerate Oligonucleotide for SEO ID NO:18

| Amino Phe Ile Val Tyr Thr Ser Leu Gly Val Asn Asn </th <th>P2-PT79</th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>٣</th> <th>4</th> <th>2</th> <th>9</th> <th>7</th> <th>8</th> <th>σ</th> <th>10</th> <th>11</th> <th>12</th> <th>13</th> <th></th> | P2-PT79 | | 1 | 2 | ٣ | 4 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 8 | σ | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | |
|--|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| 5 ' TTY ATH GTN TAY ACN 6 6 GGN GTN AAY AAY AAY 5 ' TTY ATY GTK TAT ACY TCI YTR GGY GTK AAT AAT AAT 5 ' ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC RCC YAR RCT RGT ATA AAT AAA 5 ' ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC ACC CAG RCT RGT ATA AAA AAA 5 ' ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC ACC CAG RCT GGT ATA AAA AAA | Amino Acid | P4 | he | Ile | Val | Tyr | Thr | Ser | | | Val | Asn | Pro | Asn | ASI | - |
| 5 TTY ATY GTK TAT ACY TCI YTR GGY GTK AAT CCR AAT AAT 5 ATT ATT GTK TAT ACY AGY YTR GGY GTK AAT CCR AAT AAT 5 ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC RCC YAR RCT RGT ATA MAC AAT AAA 5 ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC ACC CAG RCT GGT ATA MAC AAT AAA | Codons* | -5 | TTY | | GTN | TAY | ACN | 9 | 9 | GGN | GTN | AAY | CCN | AAY | AAY | 3 |
| 5 TTT ATT GTK TAT ACY AGY YTR GGY GTK AAT CCR AAT AAA ST AAA S ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC RCC YAR RCT RGT ATA MAC AAT AAA S AAT AAA S ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC ACC CAG RCT GGT ATA MAC AAT AAA | P2.79.2 | 2 | TTY | ATY | GTK | TAT | ACY | TCI | YTR | GGY | GTK | AAT | CCR | AAT | | 3 |
| 5' ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC RCC YAR RCT RGT ATA MAC AAT AAA 5' ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC ACC CAG RCT GGT ATA MAC AAT AAA | P2.79.3 | 2- | TTT | ATT | GTK | TAT | ACY | AGY | YTR | GGY | GTK | AAT | CCR | AAT | AAT | 3- |
| 5' ATT ATT YGG ATT MAC ACC CAG RCT GGT ATA MAC AAT AAA | P2.79.R.1 | 5 - | | ATT | YGG | ATT | MAC | RCC | YAR | RCT | RGT | ATA | MAC | AAT | AAA | m |
| | P2.79R.CB | 2 | ATT | ATT | YGG | ATT | MAC | ACC | CAG | RCT | GGT | ATA | MAC | AAT | AAA | - m |

Cor = A, 工 According to IUPAC-IUB codes for nucleotides, N = A, C, G or T, K = G or T, R = A or G, and

Polymerase Chain Reactions (PCR) were performed essentially as deacribed in Example 8, using as forward primers p2.3.6.CB or described in example by using as rorward primers F2.3.5 and as reverse primers P2.79.R.1 or P2.79R.0 man market with the part of the part p2.3.5, and as reverse primers using photorhabdus W-14 genomic DNA using photorhabdus windered primers are of reactions or template to another set of reactions. rorward/reverse compliantions, using rhotornabdus w-14 genomic in another set of reactions, primers p2.79.2 or as template. as template. In another set of reactions, primers p2.19.2 or and p2.3.5R, p2.3.5RI, and p2.79.3 were used as forward primers. WO 98/08932 p2.79.3 were used as reverse primers in all forward/reverse p2.3R.CB were used as reverse primers in all forward/reverse p2.3R.CB were used as reverse primers in all forward/reverse p2.3R.CB were used as reverse primers in all forward/reverse p2.3R.CB were used as reverse primers in all forward/reverse p2.3R.CB were used as reverse primers in all forward/reverse p2.3R.CB were used as reverse p p2.3R.CB were used as reverse primers in all rorward/reverse the combinations. combinations.

combined with P2.79.R.l or P2.79R.CB as the reverse forward primers combined with p3.79R.l or p3.79R.CB as the reverse forward primers combined with p3.79R.l or p3.79R.CB as the reverse combined with p3.79R.CB as the rorward primers compined with Prof. 19.K.1 or Prof. 19.K.1 of estimated product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, who order of primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, which is not provided that the primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, which is not provided that the product seen artifactual amplified product seen, which is not provided that the product seen artifactual amplified product seen artifactual primers was a non-artifactual amplified product seen. The order of 2500 base pairs. The order of size (mobility on agarose gels) of 2500 base pairs. Size (mobility on agarose gels) or 2500 pase Pairs, indicates indicates the primers used fracment Toda: - Drill lies amino-nrovimal to the primers used fracment Toda: - Drill lies amino-nrovimal to the primers used fracment Toda: - Drill lies amino-nrovimal to the primers used fracment Toda: - Drill lies amino-nrovimal to the primers the primers are the primers and the primers are the primers and the primers are the primers and the primers are the primers ar the primers used to obtain this amplification product indicates the the peptide fragment rockii-prill lies amino-proximal to that the fragment rockii-priq The 2500 bp PCR products were ligated to the plasmid vector PCR"II (Invitrogen, and the num gomeone force of the supplier of the plasmia vector). PCR-11 (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) according to the ends of the insert to the pNA sequences across the ends of the insert to the pNA sequences across the ends of the insert to the pNA sequences across the ends of the insert to the pNA sequences across the ends of the insert to the pNA sequences across the ends of the insert to the pNA sequences across the ends of the insert to Instructions, and the UNNA sequences across the ends of the using the (HS24 and HS27) were determined using the fragments of two isolates or the sequence and the sequence are sequenced. peptide fragment TodAii-PT79. tragments of two isolates (H524 and H521) were determined using the sequencing methods described were sequencing methods were supplier's recommended primers and the sequencing methods were supplier's recommended primers and the sequence of both isolates was the same way. 10 Supplier's recommended prinners and the sequencing methods described the same.

The sequence of both isolates was the same.

Previously. previously. The sequence of poth isolates was the same. New used on the determined sequence, of acra primers were synthesized based on the determined to arrain a primers were synthesized based on the determined sequence. Primers were synthesized pased on the determined sequence, and used to prime additional sequencing reactions to obtain a total of the narrial to prime additional sequencing reactions to prime additional sequence of the insert to prime additional sequencing reactions to optain a total or 4331

(SEQ ID NO: 36). Translation of the partial bases of the insert of the ins bases of the insert SEQ ID No: 36 Yields the 845 amino acid sequence peptide encoded by SEQ ID No: 27 profeir homology analysis of this disclosed as can in No.27 15 disclosed as SEQ ID NO:37. Protein homology analysis of this substantial amino portion of the TodAii peptide fragment reveals substantial portion of the TodAii peptide fragment reveals. package Version 8.0. Genetics Committee Grown (GCG) acid homology ((68% similarity, and 53% identity using the Wisconsin to Madison, WI) to Package Version 8.0, Genetics Computer Town 1210 Or (An% Package Version 1200 of professor Town 1200 of professor Town 1200 of package 1200 of professor Town 1200 of professor Town 1200 of package 1200 of professor Town 1200 of profe . 20 vackage version b.v. senecics computer sroup (SEQ ID NO:12] or (60% residues 542 to 1390 of protein TcbA residues 342 to 1390 or protein ton Wisconsin Package Version the Wisconsin Package Version and 548 identity using the Wisconsin For regiding the Similarity. disclosed as SEQ ID NO:37. similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version to residues 567 to will to residues in narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version to residues 567 to will be residued in narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity, and 54% identity using the Wisconsin vackage version narrant similarity. ecics computer group (GCG), waadison, wi to restaues no roup that the gene represented in part by SEQ ID NO:36 produces a protein of similar, but not likely has and which likely has arino acid sequence as the TcbA protein, and which remains a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein, and which likely has a sequence as the TcbA protein. amino acid sequence as the instance. a dene encoding the peotides Todai;

similar, vet another instance. ar, but not identical biological activity as the TcbA protein.

In yet another co who was a gene encoding the peptides according to the product of the model of the model. In yet another Instance, a gene encoding the peptides as SEQ ID

PK44 and the Todail nenrine Todail - pk44 cemience)

NO. 20 (inversal nenrine Todail - pk44 cemience) PK44 and the roahil and sequence) and sequence work and sequence work and sequence and sequence work a NO:39 (Internal peptide reminal peptide sequence) was isolated.
NO:41 (TcdAili 58 kDa N-terminal peptide sequence) 30 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26) 35

Two pools of degenerate oligonucleotides, designed to encode the amino acid sequences described as SEQ ID NO:39 (Table 28) and SEQ ID NO:41 (Table 27), and the reverse complements of those sequences, were synthesized as described in Example 8, and their DNA sequences.

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Table 27

Degenerate Oligonucleotide for SEO ID NO:41

| 14 | Gln | CB 31 | CA 3' | RCG 31 | IGC 31 |
|---------|---------------|-------------|------------------|----------|------------------|
| ជ | Pro | æ | Œ | RCT | AIT |
| 77 | Leu | YIR | YIR | IGC | IGT |
| 11 | Phe | $_{ m LLL}$ | ХII | RIT | 5 6 5 |
| 10 | Læu | YIR | YIR | RGT | IGI |
| 6 | Asp | GMT. | Z W Z | YAR | RIC |
| 8 | ग्राम | ACY | MCI | RGT | S |
| 7 | neg | YIR | YIR | RIC | AAA |
| 9 | Thr | ACY | Ā | YAR. | OF C |
| ស | Asm | PAT | AMT | AAA A | 133 |
| 4 | Ala | OCT. | ES | YAR | 5' TG |
| m | Ser | PGY | | æ | |
| 7 | Arrg | ZEZ CEZA | | 5' TG | |
| - | Ten Ten | 5' YIR | | | |
| Opdon # | Amino Acid | A2.1 | A2.2 | A2.3.R | A2.4.R |

Table 28 Degenerate Oligonucleotide for SEO ID NO:39

| mino Acid | (8) | (6) | (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
|-----------|--------|-----|--|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Codon # | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 6 |
| mino Acid | Gly | Pro | Val | Glu | Ile | Asn | Thr | Ala | Ile |
| A1.44.1 | 5 GGY | CCR | GTK | GAA | ATT | AAT | ACC | GCI | AT 3 |
| A1.44.1R | 5' ATI | ອວອ | GTA | TTA | ATT | TCM | ACY | GGR | CC 31 |
| A1.44.2 | 5' GGI | CCI | GTI | GAR | ATY | AAY | ACI | GCI | AT 3' |
| A1.44.2R | 5' ATI | GCI | GTR | TTR | ATY | TCI | ACI | GGI | CC 34 |

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Polymerase Chain Reactions (PCR) were performed essentially as described in Example 8, using as forward primers A1.44.1 or A1.44.2, and reverse primers A2.3R or A2.4R, in all forward/reverse combinations, using Photorhabdus W-14 genomic DNA as template. In another set of reactions, primers A2.1 or A2.2 were used as forward primers, and A1.44.1R, and A1.44.2R were used as reverse primers in all forward/reverse combinations. Only in the reactions containing A1.44.1 or A1.44.2 as the forward primers combined with A2.3R as the reverse primer was a non-artifactual amplified product seen, of estimated size (mobility on agarose gels) of 1400 base pairs. The order of the primers used to obtain this amplification product indicates that the peptide fragment TcdAii-PK44 lies amino-proximal to the 58 kDa peptide fragment of TcdAii-PK44 lies amino-proximal

The 1400 bp PCR products were ligated to the plasmid vector pCR[™]II according to the supplier's instructions. The DNA sequences across the ends of the insert fragments of four isolates were determined using primers similar in sequence to the supplier's recommended primers and using sequencing methods described previously. The nucleic acid sequence of all isolates differed as expected in the regions corresponding to the degenerate primer sequences, but the amino acid sequences deduced from these data were the same as the actual amino acid sequences for the peptides determined previously, (SEQ ID NOS:41 and 39).

Screening of the W-14 genomic cosmid library as described in Example 8 with a radiolabeled probe comprised of the DNA prepared above (SEQ ID NO:36) identified five hybridizing cosmid isolates, namely 17D9, 20B10, 21D2, 27B10, and 26D1. These cosmids were distinct from those previously identified with probes corresponding to the genes described as SEQ ID NO:11 or SEQ ID NO:25.

Restriction enzyme analysis and DNA blot hybridizations identified three *EcoR I* fragments, of approximate sizes 3.7, 3.7, and 1.1 kbp, that span the region comprising the DNA of SEQ ID NO:36. Screening of the W-14 genomic cosmid library using as probe the radiolabeled 1.4 kbp DNA fragment prepared in this example identified the same five cosmids (17D9, 20B10, 21D2, 27B10, and 26D1). DNA blot

hybridization to EcoR I-digested cosmid DNAs also showed hybridization to the same subset of EcoR I fragments as seen with the 2.5 kbp $TcdA_{11}$ gene probe, indicating that both fragments are encoded on the genomic DNA.

DNA sequence determination of the cloned EcoR I fragments revealed an uninterrupted reading frame of 7551 base pairs (SEQ ID NO:46), encoding a 282.9 kDa protein of 2516 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:47). Analysis of the amino acid sequence of this protein revealed all expected internal fragments of peptides $TcdA_{ii}(SEQ\ ID$ NOS:17, 18, 37, 38 and 39) and the $TcdA_{iii}$ peptide N-terminus (SEQ ID NO:41) and all TcdAiii internal peptides (SEQ ID NOS:42 and 43). The peptides isolated and identified as $TcdA_{ii}$ and $TcdA_{iii}$ are each products of the open reading frame, denoted tcdA, disclosed as SEQ ID NO:46. Further, SEQ ID NO:47 shows, starting at position 89, 10 the sequence disclosed as SEQ ID NO:13, which is the N-terminal sequence of a peptide of size approximately 201 kDa, indicating that the initial protein produced from SEQ ID NO: 46 is processed in a manner similar to that previously disclosed for SEQ ID NO:12. In addition, the protein is further cleaved to generate a product 15 of size 209.2 kDa, encoded by SEQ ID NO:48 and disclosed as SEQ ID NO:49 (TcdA $_{\mbox{ii}}$ peptide), and a product of size 63.6 kDa, encoded by SEQ ID NO:50 and disclosed as SEQ ID NO:51 (TcdAiii peptide). Thus, it is thought that the insecticidal activity identified as toxin A (Example 15) derived from the products of SEQ ID NO:46, as 20 exemplified by the full-length protein of 282.9 kDa disclosed as SEQ ID NO:47, is processed to produce the peptides disclosed as SEQ ID NOS:49 and 51. It is thought that the insecticidal activity identified as toxin B (Example 15) derives from the products of SEQ ID NO:11, as exemplified by the 280.6 kDa protein disclosed as SEQ 25 This protein is proteolytically processed to yield the ID NO:12. 207.6 kDa peptide disclosed as SEQ ID NO:53, which is encoded by SEQ ID NO:52, and the 62.9 kDa peptide having N-terminal sequence disclosed as SEQ ID NO:40, and further disclosed as SEQ ID NO:55, which is encoded by SEQ ID NO:54. 30

Amino acid sequence comparisons between the proteins disclosed as SEQ ID NO:12 and SEQ ID NO:47 reveal that they have 69% similarity and 54% identity using the Wisconsin Package Version 8.0, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Madison, WI or 60% similarity and 54% identity using version 9.0 of the program. This high degree of evolutionary relationship is not uniform throughout the entire amino acid sequence of these peptides, but is higher towards the carboxy-terminal end of the proteins, since the peptides disclosed as SEQ ID NO:51 (derived from SEQ ID NO:47) and SEQ ID

NO:55 (derived from SEQ ID NO:12) have 76% similarity and 64% identity using the Wisconsin Package Version 8.0, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Madison, WI or 71% similarity and 64% identity using version 9.0 of the program.

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Example 18

Control of European Cornborer-Induced Leaf Damage on Maize Plants by Spray Application of *Photorhabdus* (Strain W-14) Broth

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The ability of Photorhabdus toxin(s) to reduce plant damage caused by insect larvae was demonstrated by measuring leaf damage caused by European corn borer (Ostrinia nubilalis) infested onto maize plants treated with Photorhabdus broth. Fermentation broth from Photorhabdus strain W-14 was produced and concentrated approximately 10-fold using ultrafiltration (10,000 MW pore-size) as described in Example 13. The resulting concentrated broth was then filter sterilized using 0.2 micron nitrocellulose membrane filters. A similarly prepared sample of uninoculated 2% proteose peptone #3 was used for control purposes. Maize plants (an inbred line) were grown from seed to vegetative stage 7 or 8 in pots containing a soilless mixture in a greenhouse (27°C day; 22°C night, about 50%RH, 14 hr day-length, watered/fertilized as needed). The test plants were arranged in a randomized complete block design (3 reps/treatment, 6 plants/treatment) in a greenhouse with temperature about 22°C day; 18°C night, no artificial light and with partial shading, about 50%RH and watered/fertilized as needed. Treatments (uninoculated media and concentrated Photorhabdus broth) were applied with a syringe sprayer, 2.0 mls applied from directly (about 6 inches) over the whorl and 2.0 additional mls applied in a circular motion from approximately one foot above the whorl. In addition, one group of plants received no treatment. After the treatments had dried (approximately 30 minutes), twelve neonate European corn borer larvae (eggs obtained from commercial sources and hatched in-house) were applied directly to the whorl. After one week, the plants were scored for damage to the leaves using a modified Guthrie Scale (Koziel, M. G., Beland, G. L., Bowman, C., Carozzi, N. B., Crenshaw, R., Crossland, L., Dawson, J., Desai, N., Hill, M., Kadwell, S., Launis, K., Lewis,

K., Maddox, D., McPherson, K., Meghji, M. Z., Merlin, E., Rhodes, R., Warren, G. W., Wright, M. and Evola, S. V. 1993).

Bio/Technology, 11, 194-195.) and the scores were compared statistically [T-test (LSD) p<0.05 and Tukey's Studentized Range (HSD) Test p<0.1]. The results are shown in Table 29. For reference, a score of 1 represents no damage, a score of 2 represents fine "window pane" damage on the unfurled leaf with no pinhole penetration and a score of 5 represents leaf penetration with elongated lesions and/or mid rib feeding evident on more than three leaves (lesions < 1 inch). These data indicate that broth or other protein containing fractions may confer protection against specific insect pests when delivered in a sprayable formulation or when the gene or derivative thereof, encoding the protein or part thereof, is delivered via a transgenic plant or microbe.

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Table 29

Effect of Photorhabdus Culture Broth on European Corn Borer-Induced Leaf Damage on Maize

20 Treatment Average Guthrie Score

No Treatment 5.02^a

Uninoculated medium 5.15^a

Photorhabdus Broth 2.24^b

Means with different letters are statistically different 25 (p<0.05 or p<0.1).

Example 19

Genetic Engineering of Genes for Expression in E. coli

30 <u>Summary of Constructions</u>

A series of plasmids were constructed to express the tcbA gene of Photorhabdus W-14 in Escherichia coli. A list of the plasmids is shown in Table 30. A brief description of each construction follows as well as a summary of the E. coli expression data obtained.

Table 30
Expression Plasmids for the tcbA Gene

| Plasmid | Gene | Vector/Selection | Compartment |
|----------|------|------------------|--------------------------|
| pDAB2025 | tcbA | pBC/ChI | Intracellular |
| pDAB2026 | tcbA | pAcGP67B/Amp | Baculovirus, secreted |
| pDAB2027 | tcbA | pET27b/Kan | Periplasm |
| pDAB2028 | tcbA | pET15-tcbA | Intracellular |

Abbreviations: Kan=kanamycin, Chl=chloramphenicol, Amp=ampicillin

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Construction of pDAB2025

In Example 9, a large EcoR I fragment which hybridizes to the TcbAii probe is described. This fragment was subcloned into pBC (Stratagene, La Jolla CA) to create pDAB2025. Sequence analysis indicates that the fragment is 8816 base pairs. The fragment encodes the tcbA gene with the initiating ATG at position 571 and the terminating TAA at position 8086. The fragment therefore carries 570 base pairs of Photorhabdus DNA upstream of the ATG and 730 base pairs downstream of the TAA.

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Construction of Plasmid pDAB2026

The tcbA gene was PCR amplified from plasmid pDAB2025 using the following primers; 5' primer (S1Ac51) 5' TTT AAA CCA TGG GAA ACT CAT TAT CAA GCA CTA TC 3' and 3' primer (S1Ac31) 5' TTT AAA GCG GCC-GCT TAA CGG ATG GTA TAA CGA ATA TG 3'. PCR was performed using a TaKaRa LA PCR kit from PanVera (Madison, WI) in the following reaction: 57.5 microliters water, 10 microliters 10X LA buffer, 16 microliters dNTPs (2.5 mM each stock solution), 20 microliters each primer at 10 pmoles/ microliters, 300 ng of the plasmid pDAB2025 containing the W-14 tcbA gene and one microliter of TaKaRa LA Tag polymerase. The cycling conditions were 98°C/20 sec, 68°C/5 min, 72°C/10 min for 30 cycles. A PCR product of the expected about 7526 bp was isolated in a 0.8% agarose gel in TBE (100 mM Tris, 90 mM boric acid, 1 mM EDTA) buffer and purified using a Qiaex II kit from Qiagen (Chatsworth, CA). The purified tcbA gene was digested with Nco I and Not I and ligated into the baculovirus transfer vector pAcGP67B (PharMingen (San Diego, CA)) and transformed into DH5α E. coli. The resulting recombinant is called pDAB2026. tcbA gene was then cut from pDAB2026 and transferred to pET27b to

create plasmid pDAB2027. A missense mutation in the tcbA gene was repaired in pDAB2027.

The repaired tcbA gene contains two changes from the sequence shown in Sequence ID NO:11; an A>G at 212 changing an asparagine 71 to serine 71 and a G>A at 229 changing an alanine 77 to threonine 77. These changes are both upstream of the proposed TcbAii N-terminus.

Construction of pDAB2028

The tcbA coding region of pDAB2027 was transferred to vector pET15b. This was accomplished using shotgun ligations, the DNAs were cut with restriction enzymes Nco I and Xho I. The resulting recombinant is called pDAB2028.

15 Expression of TcbA in E. coli from Plasmid pDAB2028

Expression of tcbA in E. coli was obtained by modification of the methods previously described by Studier et al. (Studier, F.W., Rosenberg, A., Dunn, J., and Dubendorff, J., (1990) Use of T7 RNA polymerase to direct expression of cloned genes. Methods Enzymol., 20 185: 60-89.). Competent E. coli cells strain BL21(DE3) were transformed with plasmid pDAB2028 and plated on LB agar containing 100 μg/mL ampicillin and 40 mM glucose. The transformed cells were plated to a density of several hundred isolated colonies/plate. Following overnight incubation at 37°C the cells were scraped from 25 the plates and suspended in LB broth containing 100 µg/mL ampicillin. Typical culture volumes were from 200-500 mL. At time zero, culture densities (OD600) were from 0.05-0.15 depending on the experiment. Cultures were shaken at one of three temperatures (22°C, 30°C or 37°C) until a density of 0.15-0.5 was obtained at 30 which time they were induced with 1 mM isopropylthio- β -galactoside (IPTG). Cultures were incubated at the designated temperature for 4-5 hours and then were transferred to 4°C until processing (12-72 hours).

Purification and Characterization of TcbA Expressed in E.coli from Plasmid pDAB2028

 $E.\ coli$ cultures expressing TcbA peptides were processed as follows. Cells were harvested by centrifugation at 17,000 x G and the media was decanted and saved in a separate container.

The media was concentrated about 8x using the M12 (Amicon, Beverly MA) filtration system and a 100 kD molecular mass cut-off filter. The concentrated media was loaded onto an anion exchange column and the bound proteins were eluted with 1.0 M NaCl. The 1.0 M NaCl elution peak was found to cause mortality against Southern corn rootworm (SCR) larvae Table 30). The 1.0 M NaCl fraction was dialyzed against 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer pH 7.0, concentrated, and subjected to gel filtration on Sepharose CL-4B (Pharmacia, Piscataway, NJ). The region of the CL-4B elution 10 profile corresponding to calculated molecular weight (about 900 kDa) as the native W-14 toxin complex was collected, concentrated and bioassayed against larvae. The collected 900 kDa fraction was found to have insecticidal activity (see Table 31 below), with symptomology similar to that caused by native W-14 toxin complex. 15 This fraction was subjected to Proteinase K and heat treatment, the activity in both cases was either eliminated or reduced, providing evidence that the activity is proteinaceous in nature. In addition, the active fraction tested immunologically positive for the TcbA and TcbA; ii peptides in immunoblot analysis when tested 20 with an anti-TcbAiii monoclonal antibody (Table 31).

Table 31
Results of Immunoblot and SCR Bioassays

| Fraction | SCR ACTIV | ity | Immunoplot | Native Size |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Mortalit y | % Growth Inhibit. | Peptides Detected | [CL-4B Estimate d Size] |
| TcbA Media 1.0 M | +++ | +++ | TcbA | |
| Ion Exchange | | | | |
| TCDA Media CL-4B | +++ | +++ | TcbA, TcbA _{iii} | about 900 kDa |
| TCDA Media CL-4B + Proteinase K | ++ | +++ | NT | |
| TcbA Media CL-4B + heat treatment | | - | NT | |
| TcbA Cell Sup CL-4B | - | +++ | NT | about 900 kD |

25 PK = Proteinase K treatment 2 nours; Heat treatment = 100°C for 10 minutes; ND = None Detected; NT = Not Tested. Scoring system for mortality and growth inhibition as compared to control samples; 5-24%="+", 25-49%="++", 50-100%="+++".

The cell pellet was resuspended in 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH=7.0, and lysed by passage through a Bio-Neb™ cell nebulizer (Glas-Col Inc., Terra Haute, IN). The pellets were

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treated with DNase to remove DNA and centrifuged at 17,000 x g to separate the cell pellet from the cell supernatant. The supernatant fraction was decanted and filtered through a 0.2 micron filter to remove large particles and subjected to anion exchange chromatography. Bound proteins were eluted with 1.0 M NaCl, dialyzed and concentrated using Biomax[™] (Millipore Corp, Bedford, MA) concentrators with a molecular mass cut-off of 50,000 Daltons. The concentrated fraction was subjected to gel filtration chromatography using Sepharose CL-4B beaded matrix. Bioassay data for material prepared in this way is shown in Table 30 and is denoted as "TcbA Cell Sup".

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In yet another method to handle large amounts of material, the cell pellets were re-suspended in 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH = 7.0 and thoroughly homogenized by using a Kontes Glass Company (Vineland, NJ) 40 ml tissue grinder. The cellular debris was pelleted by centrifugation at 25,000 x g and the cell supernatant . was decanted, passed through a 0.2 micron filter and subjected to anion exchange chromatography using a Pharmacia 10/10 column packed with Poros HQ 50 beads. The bound proteins were eluted by performing a NaCl gradient of 0.0 to 1.0 M. Fractions containing the TcbA protein were combined and concentrated using a 50 kDa concentrator and subjected to gel filtration chromatography using Pharmacia CL-4B beaded matrix. The fractions containing TcbA oligomer, molecular mass of approximately 900 kDa, were collected and subjected to anion exchange chromatography using a Pharmacia Mono Q 10/10 column equilibrated with 20 mM Tris buffer pH = 7.3. A gradient of 0.0 to 1.0 M NaCl was used to elute recombinant TcbA protein. Recombinant TcbA eluted from the column at a salt concentration of approximately 0.3-0.4 M NaCl, the same molarity at which native TcbA oligomer is eluted from the Mono Q 10/10 column. The recombinant TcbA fraction was found to cause SCR mortality in bioassay experiments similar to those in Table 31.

A second set of expression constructions were prepared and tested for expression of the TcbA protein toxin.

Construction of pDAB2030: An Expression Plasmid for the tcbA Coding Region

The plasmid pDAB2028 (see herein) contains the tcbA coding region in the commercial vector pET15 (Novagen, Madison, WI),

encodes an ampicillin selection marker. The plasmid pDAB2030 was created to express the *tcbA* coding region from a plasmid which encodes a kanamycin selection marker. This was done by cutting pET27 (Novagen, Madison, WI) a kanamycin selection plasmid, and pDAB2028 with Xba I and Xho I. This releases the entire multiple cloning site, including the *tcbA* coding region from plasmid pDAB2028. The two cut plasmids, were mixed and ligated. Recombinant plasmids were selected on kanamycin and those containing the pDAB2028 fragment were identified by restriction analysis. The new recombinant plasmid is called pDAB2030.

Construction of Plasmid pDAB2031: Correction of Mutations in tcbA;

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The two mutations in the N-terminus of the tcbA coding region as described in Example 19 (Sequence ID NO:11; A>G at 212 changing 15 an asparagine 71 to serine 71; G>A at 229 changing an alanine 77 to threonine 77) were corrected as follows: A PCR product was generated using the primers TH50 (5' ACC GTC TTC TTT ACG ATC AGT G 3') and SlAc51(5' TTT AAA CCA TGG GAA ACT CAT TAT CAA GCA CTA TC 3') and pDAB2025 as template to generate a 1778 bp product. This PCR 20 product was cloned into plasmid pCR2.1 (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and a clone was isolated and sequenced. The clone was digested with Nco I and Pin AI and a 1670 bp fragment was purified from a 1% agarose gel. A plasmid containing the mutated tcbA coding region (pDAB2030) was digested with Nco I and Not I and purified away from 25 the 1670 bp fragment in a 0.8% agarose with Qiaex II (Qiagen, Chatsworth, CA). The corrected Nco I/Pin AI fragment was then ligated into pDAB2030. The ligated DNA was transformed into $\text{DH}5\alpha$ E. coli. A clone was isolated, sequenced and found to be correct. This plasmid, containing the corrected tcbA coding region, is 30 called pDAB2031.

Construction of pDAB2033 and pDAB2034: Expression Plasmids for tcbA

The expression plasmids pDAB2025 and pDAB2027-2031 all rely on the Bacteriophage T7 expression system. An additional vector system was used for bacterial expression of the tcbA gene and its derivatives. The expression vector Trc99a (Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway, NJ) contains a strong trc promoter upstream of a multiple cloning site with a 5' Nco I site which is compatible with the tcbA coding region from pDAB2030 and 2031. However, the plasmid does not have a compatible 3' site. Therefore, the Hind III site of Trc99a was cut and made blunt by treatment with T4 DNA

polymerase (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IN). The vector plasmid was then cut by $Nco\ I$ followed by treatment with alkaline phosphatase. The plasmids pDAB2030 and pDAB2031 were each cut with $Xho\ I$ (cuts at the 3' end of the tcbA coding region) followed by treatment with T4 DNA polymerase to blunt the ends. The plasmids were then cut with $Nco\ I$, the DNAs were extracted with phenol, ethanol precipitated and resuspended in buffer. The Trc99a and pDAB2030 and pDAB2031 plasmids were mixed separately, ligated and transformed into DH5 α cells and plated on LB media containing ampicillin and 50 mM glucose. Recombinant plasmids were identified by restriction digestion. The new plasmids are called pDAB2033 (contains the tcbA coding sequence with the two mutations in $tcbA_i$) and pDAB2034 (contains the corrected version of tcbA from pDAB2031).

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Construction of Plasmid pDAB2032: An Expression Plasmid for tcbA; iA; ii

A plasmid encoding the TcbA; A; A; portion of TcbA was created in a similar way as plasmid pDAB2031. A PCR product was generated using TH42 (5' TAG GTC TCC ATG GCT TTT ATA CAA GGT TAT AGT GAT CTG 20 3') and TH50 (5' ACC GTC TTC TTT ACG ATC AGT G 3') primers and plasmid pDAB2025 as template. This yielded a product of 1521 bp having an initiation codon at the beginning of the coding sequence of tcbA; . This PCR product was isolated in a 1% agarose gel and 25 purified. The purified product was cloned into pCR2.1 as above and a correct clone was identified by DNA sequence analysis. This clone was digested with Nco I and Pin AI, a 1414 bp fragment was isolated in a 1% agarose gel and ligated into the Nco I and Pin AI sites of plasmid pDAB2030 and transformed into DH5a E. coli. This new plasmid, designed to express TcbAiiAiii in E. coli, is called 3-0 pDAB2032.

Expression of tcbA and $tcbA_{ii}A_{iii}$ from Plasmids pDAB2030, pDAB2031 and pDAB2032

Expression of tcbA in $E.\ coli$ from plasmids pDAB2030, pDAB2031 and pDAB2032 was as described herein, except expression of $tcbA_{ij}A_{iij}$ was done in $E.\ coli$ strain HMS174(DE3)(Novagen, Madison, WI).

Expression of tcbA from Plasmid pDAB2033

The plasmid pDAB2033 was transformed into BL21 cells (Novagen, Madison, WI) and plated on LB containing 100 micrograms/mL ampicillin and 50 mM glucose. The plates were spread such that several hundred well separated colonies were present on each plate following incubation at either 30°C or 37°C overnight. The colonies were scraped from the plates and suspended in LB containing 100 micrograms/mL ampicillin, but no glucose. Typical culture volume was 250 mL in a single 1 L baffle bottom flask. The cultures were induced when the culture reached a density of 0.3-0.6 OD600 nm. Most often this density was achieved immediately after suspension of the cells from the plates and did not require a growth period in liquid media. Two induction methods were used. Method 1: cells were induced with 1 mM IPTG at 37°C. The cultures were shaken at 200 rpm on a platform shaker for 5 hours and harvested. Method 2: The cultures were induced with 25 micromolar IPTG at 30°C and shaken at 200 rpm for 15 hours at either 20°C or 30°C. The cultures were stored at 4°C until used for purification.

20 Purification of TcbA from E. coli

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Purification, bioassay and immunoblot analysis of TcbA and TcbA_{ii}A_{iii} was as described herein. Results of several representative *E. coli* expression experiments are shown in Table 32. All materials shown in Table 32 were purified from the media fraction of the cultures. The predicted native molecular weight is approximately 900 kD as described herein. The purity of the samples, the amount of TcbA relative to contaminating proteins, varied with each preparation.

Table 32

Bioassay Activity and Immunoblot Analysis of TcbA and Derivatives

Produced in E. coli and Purified from the Culture Media

| Plasmid | Region | E. coli Strain | Rootworm I Activity | | Peptides Detected by Immunoblot | Micrograms Protein Applied to Diet |
|----------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------|--|------------------------------------|
| | | | % Growth Inhibit. | Mortal. | | |
| pDAB2030 | t <i>cb</i> A | BL21 (DE3) | - | +++ | TcbA + TcbA _{iii} | 1-8 |
| pDAB2031 | ECDA | BL21 (DE3) | - | +++ | TcbA + TcbA _{iii} | 1-10 |
| pDAB2033 | tcbA | BL21 | - | +++ | TcbA + TcbA _{iii} | 1-2 |
| pDAB2032 | tcbA _{ii} A _{iii} | HMS174 (DE3) | +++ | + | TcbA _{ii} A _{iii} + TcbA _{iii} | 13-27 |

Scoring system for mortality and growth inhibition on Southern Corn Rootworm as compared to control samples; 5-24%="+", 25-49%="++", 50-100%="+++".

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Example 20

Characterization of Toxin Peptides with Matrix-Assisted Laser

Desorption Ionization Time-of-Flight Mass Spectroscopy

Toxins isolated from W-14 broth were purified as described in Example 15. In some cases, the TcaB protein toxin was pretreated with proteases (Example 16) that had been isolated from W-14 broth 15 as previously described (Example 15). Protein molecular mass was determined using matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization timeof-flight mass spectroscopy, hereinafter MALDI-TOF, on a VOYAGER BIOSPECTROMETRY workstation with DELAYED EXTRACTION technology 20 (PerSeptive Biosystems, Framingham, MA). Typically, the protein of interest (100-500 pmoles in 5 μ l) was mixed with 1 μ l of acetonitrile and dialyzed for 0.5 to 1 h on a Millipore VS filter having a pore size of 0.025 μM (Millipore Corp. Bedford, MA). Dialysis was performed by floating the filter on water(shinny side 25 up) followed by adding protein-acetonitrile mixture as a droplet to the surface of the filter. After dialysis, the dialyzed protein removed using a pipette and was then mixed with a matrix consisting of sinapinic acid and trifluoroacetic acid according to manufacturers instructions. The protein and matrix were allowed to co-crystallize on a about 3 cm² gold-plated sample plate 30 (PerSeptive Corp.). Excitation of the crystals and subsequent mass analysis was performed using the following conditions: setting of 3050; pressure of 4.55e-07; low mass gate of 1500.0; negative ions off; accelerating voltage of 25,000; grid voltage of

PCT/US97/07657 WO 98/08932

90.0%; guide wire voltage of 0.010%; linear mode; and a pulse delay time of 350 ns.

Protein mass analysis data are shown in Table 33. The data obtained from MALDI-TOF was compared to that hypothesized from gene sequence information and as previously determined by SDS-PAGE.

Table 33 Molecular Analysis of Peptides by MALDI-TOF, SDS-PAGE and Predicted Determination Based on Gene Sequence

| 10 | Peptide | Predicted (Gene) | SDS PAGE | MALDI-TOF |
|----|---|---|---|--|
| 15 | TcbA TcbAi/ii TcbAii TcbAiii | 280,634 Da 217,710 Da 207,698 Da 62,943 Da | 240,000 Da not resolved 201,000 Da 58,000 Da | 281,040 Da 216,812 Da 206,473 Da 63,520 Da |
| | TcdA _{ii} TcdA _{iii} | 209,218 Da 63,520 Da | 188,000 Da 56,000 Da | 208,186 Da 63,544 Da |
| 20 | TcbA _{ii} Pro | otease Generated | 201,000 Da | 216,614 Da^ 215,123 Da^ 210,391 Da^ 208,680 Da^ |
| 25 | TcbA _{iii} Pro | tease Generated | 56,000 Da | 64,111 Da |

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30 Example 21 Production of Peptide Specific Polyclonal Antibodies

Nine peptide components of the W-14 toxin complex, namely, TcaA, TcaAiii, TcaBi, TcaBii, TcaC, TcbAii, TcbAiii, TcdAii, and TcdA_{iii} were selected as targets against which antibodies were produced. Comprehensive DNA and deduced amino acid sequence data for these peptides indicated that the sequence homology between some of these peptides was substantial. If a whole peptide was used as the immunogen to induce antibody production, the resulting 40 antibodies might bind to multiple peptides in the toxin preparation. To avoid this problem antibodies were generated that would bind specifically to a unique region of each peptide of interest. The unique region (subpeptide) of each target peptide was selected based on the analyses described below.

45 Each entire peptide sequence was analyzed using MacVector Protein Analysis Tool (IBI Sequence Analysis Software, International Biotechnologies, Inc., P. O. Box 9558, New Haven, CT 06535) to determine its antigenicity index. This program was designed to locate possible externally-located amino acid

Data normalized TcbA, multiple fragments observed at TcbAi/ii

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sequences, i.e., regions that might be antigenic sites. This method combined information from hydrophilicity, surface probability, and backbone flexibility predictions along with the secondary structure predictions in order to produce a composite prediction of the surface contour of a protein. The scores for each of the analyses were normalized to a value between -1.0 and +1.0 (MacVector Manual). The antigenicity index value was obtained for the entire sequence of the target peptide. From each peptide, an area covering 19 or more amino acids that showed a high antigenicity index from the original sequence was re-analyzed to determine the antigenicity index of the subpeptide without the flanking residues. This re-analysis was necessary because the antigenicity index of a peptide could be influenced by the flanking amino acid residues. If the isolated subpeptide sequence did not maintain a high antigenicity index, a new region was chosen and the analysis was repeated.

Each selected subpeptide sequence was aligned and compared to all seven target peptide sequences using MacVector™ alignment program. If a selected subpeptide sequence showed identity (greater than 20%) to another target peptide, a new 19 or more amino acid region was isolated and re-analyzed. Unique subpeptide sequences covering 19 or more amino acid showing high antigenicity index were selected from all target peptides.

The sequences of seven subpeptides were sent to Genemed

Biotechnology Inc. The last amino acid residue on each subpeptide was deleted because it showed no apparent effect on the antigenicity index. A cysteine residue was added to the N-terminal of each subpeptide sequence, except TcaBi-syn which contains an internal cysteine residue. The present of a cysteine residue

facilitates conjugation of a carrier protein (KLH). The final peptide products corresponding to the appropriate toxin peptides and SEQ ID NO.s are shown in Table 34.

Table 34

Amino Acid Sequences for Synthetic Peptides

| _ | _ | SEO ID I | No. | Pepide | Amino | Acid | l Seg | uence | ······································ | | | |
|----|---|----------|--------------------------|-----------|-------|------|-------|-------|--|-------|---------|---|
| 5 | | 63 | TcaA _{ii} -syn | NH2-(C) | TPC | MCD | ת אים | חצח | CIE | • 7 0 | . T. T. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | 64 | TcaA _{iii} -syn | NH2-(C) | | | | | | | .DG | |
| | | 65 | TcaB _i -syn | NH2-H G C | - | | | | | | | |
| | | 66 | TcaB _{iii} -syn | NH2-(C) | VDP | KTL | QRQ | QAG | GDG | TG | SS | |
| 10 | | 67 | TcaC-syn | NH2-(C) | YKA | PQR | QED | GDS | NAV | TY | DK | |
| | | 68 | TcbA _{ii} -syn | NH2-(C) | YNE | NPS | SED | KKW | YFS | SK | DD | |
| | | 69 | TcbA _{iii} -syn | NH2-(C) | FDS | YSQ | LYE | ENI | NAG | EQ | RA | |
| | | 70 | TcdA _{ii} -syn | NH2-(C) | NPN | NSS | NKL | MFY | PVY | QY | SGN | T |
| | | 71 | TcdA _{iii} -syn | NH2-(C) | V S Q | GSG | SAG | SGN | NNL | AF | GAG | ; |

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Each conjugated synthetic peptide was injected into two rabbits according to Genemed accelerated program. The pre- and post-immune sera were available for testing after one month.

The preliminary test of both pre- and post-immune sera from each rabbit was performed by Genemed Biotechnologies Inc. Genemed reported that by using both ELISA and Western blot techniques, they detected the reaction of post-immune sera to the respective synthetic peptides. Subsequently, the sera were tested with the whole target peptides, by Western blot analysis. Two batches of partially purified *Photorhabdus* strain W-14 toxin complex was used as the antigen. The two samples had shown activity against the Southern corn rootworm. Their peptide patterns on an SDS-PAGE gel were slightly different.

Pre-cast SDS-polyacrylamide gels with 4-20% gradient (Integrated Separation Systems, Natick, MA 01760) were used. Between 1 to 8 μ g of protein was applied to each gel well. Electrophoresis was performed and the protein was electroblotted onto Hybond-ECL nitrocellulose membrane (Amersham International). The membrane was blocked with 10% milk in TBST (25 mM Tris HCl pH 7.4, 136 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 0.1% Tween 20) for one hour at room temperature. Each rabbit serum was diluted in 10% milk/TBST to 1:500. Other dilutions between 1:50 to 1:1000 were also used. serum was added to the membrane and placed on a platform rocker for at least one hour. The membrane was washed thoroughly with the blocking solution or TBST. A 1:2000 dilution of secondary antibodies (goat anti-mouse IgG conjugated to horse radish peroxidase; BioRad Laboratories) in 10% milk/TBST was applied to the membrane placed on a platform rocker for one hour. membrane was subsequently washed with excess amount of TBST.

detection of the protein was performed by using an ECL (Enhanced Chemiluminescence) detection kit (Amersham International).

Western blot analyses were performed to identify binding specificity of each anti-synthetic_peptide antibodies. All synthetic polyclonal antibodies showed specificity toward to processed and, when applicable, unprocessed target peptides from protein fractions derived from Photorhabdus culture broth. Various antibodies were shown to recognize either unprocessed or processed recombinant proteins derived from heterologous expression systems such as bacteria or insect cells, using baculovirus expression constructs. In one case, the anti-TcbAiii-syn antibody showed some cross-reactivity to anti-TcdAiii peptide. In a second case, the anti-TcaC-syn antibody, recognized an unidentified 190 kDa peptide in W-14 toxin complex fractions.

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Example 22 Characterization of Photorhabdus Strains

In order to establish that the collection described herein was 20 comprised of Photorhabdus strains, the strains herein were assessed in terms of recognized microbiological traits that are characteristic of the bacterial genus Photorhabdus and which differentiate it from other Enterobacteriaceae and Xenorhabdus spp. (Farmer, J. J. 1984. Bergey's Manual of Systemic Bacteriology, Vol. 25 1. pp. 510-511. (ed. Kreig N. R. and Holt, J. G.). Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore.; Akhurst and Boemare, 1988, J. Gen. Microbiol. 134, 1835-1845; Forst and Nealson, 1996. Microbiol. Rev. 60, 21-These characteristic traits are as follows: Gram stain negative rods, organism size of 0.3-2 μm in width and 2-10 μm in 30 length [with occasional filaments (15-50 μ m) and spheroplasts], yellow to orange/red colony pigmentation on nutrient agar, presence of crystalline inclusion bodies, presence of catalase, inability to reduce nitrate, presence of bioluminescence, ability to take up dye from growth media, positive for protease production, growth at 35 temperatures below 37°C, survival under anaerobic conditions and positively motile. (Table 33). Test methods were checked using reference Escherichia coli, Xenorhabdus and Photorhabdus strains. The overall results are consistent with all strains being part of the family Enterobacteriaceae and the genus Photorhabdus. Note that DEP1, DEP2, and DEP3 refer to Photorhabdus strains obtained 40

from the American Type Culture Collection, 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, MD 20852 USA (#29304, 29999 and 51583, respectively).

A luminometer was used to establish the bioluminescence associated with these Photorhabdus strains. To measure the presence or absence of relative light emitting units, the broths from each strain (cells and media) were measured at three time intervals after inoculation in liquid culture (24, 48, 72 hr) and compared to background luminosity (uninoculated media). Several Xenorhabdus strains were tested as negative controls for luminosity. Prior to measuring light emission from the various 10 broths, cell density was established by measuring light absorbance (560 nM) in a Gilford Systems (Oberlin, OH) spectrophotometer using The resulting light emitting units could then be a sipper cell. normalized to density of cells. Aliquots of the broths were placed into 96-well microtiter plates (100 μl each) and read in a Packard 15 Lumicount™ luminometer (Packard Instrument Co., Meriden, CT). measurement period for each sample was 0.1 to 1.0 second. samples were agitated in the luminometer for 10 sec prior to taking readings. A positive test was determined as being about 5-fold background luminescence (about 1-15 relative light units). 20 addition, degree of colony luminosity was confirmed with photographic film overlays and by eye, after visual adaptation in a The Gram's staining characteristics of each strain were established with a commercial Gram's stain kit (BBL, Cockeysville, 25 MD) used in conjunction with Gram's stain control slides (Fisher Scientific, Pittsburgh, PA). Microscopic evaluation was then performed using a Zeiss microscope (Carl Zeiss, Germany) 100% oil immersion objective lens (with 10% ocular and 2% body magnification). Microscopic examination of individual strains for 30 organism size, cellular description and inclusion bodies (the latter two observations after logarithmic growth) was performed using wet mount slides (10% ocular, 2% body and 40% objective magnification) and phase contrast microscopy with a micrometer (Akhurst, R. J. and Boemare, N. E. 1990. Entomopathogenic Nematodes 35 in Biological Control (ed. Gaugler, R. and Kaya, H.). pp. 75-90. CRC Press, Boca Raton, USA.; Baghdiguian S., Boyer-Giglio M. H., Thaler, J. O., Bonnot G., Boemare N. 1993. Biol. Cell 79, 177-185.). Colony pigmentation was observed after inoculation on Bacto

nutrient agar, (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) prepared as per

label instructions. Incubation occurred at 28°C and descriptions were produced after 5 days. To test for the presence of the enzyme catalase, a colony of the test organism was removed on a small plug from a nutrient agar plate and placed into the bottom of a glass 5 test tube. One ml of a household hydrogen peroxide solution was gently added down the side of the tube. A positive reaction was recorded when bubbles of gas (presumptive oxygen) appeared immediately or within 5 seconds. Controls of uninoculated nutrient agar and hydrogen peroxide solution were also examined. To test for nitrate reduction, each culture was inoculated into 10 ml of 10 Bacto Nitrate Broth (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI). After 24 hours incubation with gentle agitation at 28°C, nitrite production was tested by the addition of two drops of sulfanilic acid reagent and two drops of alpha-naphthylamine reagent (see Difco Manual, 10th edition, Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI, 1984). 15 generation of a distinct pink or red color indicates the formation of nitrite from nitrate whereas the lack of color formation indicates that the strain is mitrate reduction negative. In the latter case, finely powdered zinc was added to further confirm the 20 presence of unreduced nitrate; established by the formation of nitrite and the resultant red color. The ability of each strain to uptake dye from growth media was tested with Bacto MacConkey agar containing the dye neutral red; Bacto Tergitol-7 agar containing the dye bromothymol blue and Bacto EMB Agar containing the dye 25 eosin-Y (formulated agars from Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI, all prepared according to label instructions). After inoculation on these media, dye uptake was recorded after incubation at 28°C for 5 days. Growth on these latter media is characteristic for members of the family Enterobacteriaceae. Motility of each strain was 30 tested using a solution of Bacto Motility Test Medium (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) prepared as per label instructions. A butt-stab inoculation was performed with each strain and motility was judged macroscopically by a diffuse zone of growth spreading from the line of inoculum. The production of protease was tested 35 by observing hydrolysis of gelatin using Bacto gelatin (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) made as per label instructions. Cultures were inoculated and the tubes or plates were incubated at 28°C for 5 days. Gelatin hydrolysis was then checked at room temperature, i.e. less than 22°C. To assess growth at different

temperatures, agar plates [2% proteose peptone #3 with two percent Bacto-Agar (Difco, Detroit, MI) in deionized water] were streaked from a common source of inoculum. Plates were incubated at 20, 28 and 37°C for up to three weeks. The incubator temperature levels were checked with an electronic thermocouple and meter to insure valid temperature settings. Oxygen requirements for Photorhabdus strains were tested in the following manner. A butt-stab inoculation into fluid thioglycolate broth medium (Difco, Detroit, MI) was made. The tubes were incubated at room temperature for one week and cultures were then examined for type and extent of growth. The indicator resazurin demonstrates the presence of medium oxygenation or the aerobiosis zone (Difco Manual, 10th edition, Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI). Growth zone results obtained for the Photorhabdus strains tested were consistent with those of a facultative anaerobic microorganism. In the case of unclear results, the final agar concentration of fluid thioglycolate broth medium was raised to 0.75% and the growth characteristics rechecked.

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|------------------|------|--------------|---------|
| Taxonomic Traits | of | Photorhabdus | Strains |

| Strain | A* | В | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | ع ا | K | L | M | N | 0 | P | Q |
|-------------|----|---|---|------|---|---|----|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ₽. | _1 | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | PO | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| zealandica | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | } | |
| P. hepialus | = | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | Y | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| HB-Arg | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| HB Oswego | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| HB Lewiston | | + | + | rd S | + | - | +- | + | + | T | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| K-122 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | Y | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| HMGD | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | Rd | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| Indicus | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| GD | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | YT | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| PWH-5 | - | + | + | rd S | + | = | + | + | + | Y | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| Megidis | - | + | + | ra s | + | = | + | + | + | R | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| HF-85 | - | + | + | ra s | + | - | + | + | + | R | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| A. Cows | - | + | + | ra S | + | - | + | + | + | PR | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| MPI | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | T | + | + | + | + | + | + | = |
| MP2 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | T | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| MP3 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | R | + | + | + | + | + | + | = |
| MP4 | - | + | + | ra S | + | - | + | + | + | Y | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| MP5 | - | + | + | ra s | + | - | + | + | + | PR | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| GL98 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| GLIOI | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | = |
| GL138 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| GLI55 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| GL217 | - | + | + | ra s | + | - | + | + | + | Y | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| GL257 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | 0 | + | + | + | + | + | + | = |
| DEPI | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | W | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| DEP2 | - | + | + | rd S | + | - | + | + | + | PR | + | + | + | + | + | + | = |
| DEP3 | = | + | + | ra s | + | - | + | + | + | CR | + | + | + | + | + | + | - |

*: A=Gram's stain, B=Crystaline inclusion bodies,
C=Bioluminescence, D=Cell form, E=Motility, F=Nitrate reduction,
G=Presence of catalase, H=Gelatin hydrolysis, I=Dye uptake,
J=Pigmentation on Nutrient Agar (some color shifts after Day 5),
K=Growth on EMB agar, L=Growth on MacConkey agar, M=Growth on
Tergitol-7 agar, N =Facultative anaerobe, O=Growth at 20°C,
P=Growth at 28°C, Q=Growth at 37°C.
t: +=positive for trait, - =negative for trait; rd=rod, S=sized
within Genus descriptors.
§: W = white, CR = cream, Y =yellow, YT=yellow tan, T=tan PO=pale
orange, O=orange, PR=pale red, R=red.

The evolutionary diversity of the Photorhabdus strains in our collection was measured by analysis of PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction) mediated genomic fingerprinting using genomic DNA from each strain. This technique is based on families of repetitive DNA sequences present throughout the genome of diverse bacterial species (reviewed by Versalovic, J., Schneider, M., DE Bruijn, F. J. and Lupski, J. R. 1994. Methods Mol. Cell. Biol., 5, 25-40). Three of these, repetitive extragenic palindromic sequence (REP), enterobacterial repetitive intergenic consensus (ERIC) and the BOX

element are thought to play an important role in the organization of the bacterial genome. Genomic organization is believed to be shaped by selection and the differential dispersion of these elements within the genome of closely related bacterial strains can be used to discriminate these strains (e.g., Louws, F. J., Fulbright, D. W., Stephens, C. T. and DE Bruijn, F. J. 1994. Appl. Environ. Micro. 60, 2286-2295). Rep-PCR utilizes oligonucleotide primers complementary to these repetitive sequences to amplify the variably sized DNA fragments lying between them. The resulting products are separated by electrophoresis to establish the DNA "fingerprint" for each strain.

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To isolate genomic DNA from our strains, cell pellets were resuspended in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) to a final volume of 10 ml and 12 ml of 5 M NaCl was then added. This mixture was centrifuged 20 min. at 15,000 x g. The resulting pellet was resuspended in 5.7 ml of TE and 300 μ l of 10% SDS and 60 μl 20 mg/ml proteinase K (Gibco BRL Products, Grand Island, NY) were added. This mixture was incubated at 37°C for 1 hr, approximately 10 mg of lysozyme was then added and the mixture was incubated for an additional 45 min. One milliliter of 5M NaCl and 800 μ l of CTAB/NaCl solution (10% w/v CTAB, 0.7 M NaCl) were then added and the mixture was incubated 10 min. at 65°C, gently agitated, then incubated and agitated for an additional 20 min. to aid in clearing of the cellular material. An equal volume of chloroform/isoamyl alcohol solution (24:1, v/v) was added, mixed gently then centrifuged. Two extractions were then performed with an equal volume of phenol/chloroform/isoamyl alcohol (50:49:1). Genomic DNA was precipitated with 0.6 volume of isopropanol. Precipitated DNA was removed with a glass rod, washed twice with 70% ethanol, dried and dissolved in 2 ml of STE (10 mM Tris-HCl pH8.0, 10 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA). The DNA was then quantitated by optical density at 260 nm. To perform rep-PCR analysis of Photorhabdus genomic DNA the following primers were used, REP1R-I; 5'-IIIICGICGICATCIGGC-3' and REP2-I; 5'-ICGICTTATCIGGCCTAC-3'. PCR was performed using the following $25\mu l$ reaction: 7.75 μl H₂O, 2.5 μ l 10X LA buffer (PanVera Corp., Madison, WI), 16 μ l dNTP mix (2.5 mM each), 1 μ l of each primer at 50 pM/ μ l, 1 μ l DMSO, 1.5 μ l genomic DNA (concentrations ranged from $0.075-0.480 \, \mu g/\mu l$) and 0.25 μ l TaKaRa EX Taq (PanVera Corp., Madison, WI). The PCR

amplification was performed in a Perkin Elmer DNA Thermal Cycler (Norwalk, CT) using the following conditions: 95°C/7 min. then 35 cycles of; 94°C/1 min., 44°C/1 min., 65°C/8 min., followed by 15 min. at 65°C. After cycling, the 25 μ l reaction was added to 5 μ l of 6X gel loading buffer (0.25% bromophenol blue, 40% w/v sucrose in H₂O). A 15x20cm 1%-agarose gel was then run in TBE buffer (0.09 M Tris-borate, 0.002 M EDTA) using 8 μ l of each reaction. The gel was run for approximately 16 hours at 45v. Gels were then stained in 20 μ g/ml ethidium bromide for 1 hour and destained in TBE buffer for approximately 3 hours. Polaroid® photographs of the gels were then taken under UV illumination.

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The presence or absence of bands at specific sizes for each strain was scored from the photographs and entered as a similarity matrix in the numerical taxonomy software program, NTSYS-pc (Exeter 15 Software, Setauket, NY). Controls of E. coli strain HB101 and Kanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzae assayed under the same conditions produced PCR fingerprints corresponding to published reports (Versalovic, J., Koeuth, T. and Lupski, J. R. 1991. Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 6823-6831; Vera Cruz, C. M., Halda-Alija, L., Louws, F., 20 Skinner, D. Z., George, M. L., Nelson, R. J., DE Bruijn, F. J., Rice, C. and Leach, J. E. 1995. Int. Rice Res. Notes, 20, 23-24.; Vera Cruz, C. M., Ardales, E. Y., Skinner, D. Z., Talag, J., Nelson, R. J., Louws, F. J., Leung, H., Mew, T. W. and Leach, J. E. 1996. Phytopathology 86, 1352-1359). The data from Photorhabdus 25 strains were then analyzed with a series of programs within NTSYSpc; SIMQUAL (Similarity for Qualitative data) to generate a matrix of similarity coefficients (using the Jaccard coefficient) and SAHN (Sequential, Agglomerative, Heirarchical and Nested) clustering [using the UPGMA (Unweighted Pair-Group Method with Arithmetic 30 Averages) method] which groups related strains and can be expressed as a phenogram (Fig. 7). The COPH (cophenetic values) and MXCOMP (matrix comparison) programs were used to generate a cophenetic value matrix and compare the correlation between this and the original matrix upon which the clustering was based. A resulting normalized Mantel statistic (r) was generated which is a measure of 35 the goodness of fit for a cluster analysis (r=0.8-0.9 represents a very good fit). In our case r=0.924. Therefore, the collection is comprised of a diverse group of easily distinguishable strains representative of the Photorhabdus genus.

Example 23 Insecticidal Utility of Toxin(s) Produced by Various Photorhabdus Strains

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Initial "storage" cultures of the various Photorhabdus strains were produced by inoculating 175 ml of 2% Proteose Peptone #3 (PP3) (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) liquid medium with a primary variant colony in a 500 ml tribaffled flask with a Delong neck, covered with a Kaput closure. After inoculation, the flask was incubated for between 24-72 hrs at 28°C on a rotary shaker at 150 rpm, until stationary phase was reached. The culture was transferred to a sterile bottle containing a sterile magnetic stir bar and the culture was overlayered with sterile mineral oil, to limit exposure to air. The storage culture was kept in the dark, at room temperature. These cultures were then used as inoculum sources for the fermentation of each strain.

"Seed" flasks or cultures were produced by either inoculating 2 mls of an oil overlayered storage culture or by transferring a primary variant colony into 175 ml sterile medium in a 500 ml tribaffled flask covered with a Kaput closure. (The use of other inoculum sources is also possible.) Typically, following 16 hours incubation at 28°C on a rotary shaker at 150 rpm, the seed culture was transferred into production flasks. Production flasks were usually inoculated by adding about 1% of the actively growing seed culture to sterile 2% PP3 medium (e.g. 2.0 ml per 175 ml sterile medium). Production of broths occurred in 500 ml tribaffled flasks covered with a Kaput. Production flasks were agitated at 28°C on a rotary shaker at 150 rpm. Production fermentations were terminated after 24-72 hrs although successful fermentation is not confined to this time duration. Following appropriate incubation, the broths were dispensed into sterile 1.0 L polyethylene bottles, spun at 2600xg for 1 hr at 10°C and decanted from the cell and debris pellet. Further broth clarification was achieved with a tangential flow microfiltration device (Pall Filtron, Northborough, MA) using a 0.5 μM open-channel poly-ether sulfone (PES) membrane filter. The resulting broths were then concentrated (up to 10-fold) using a 10,000 or 100,000 MW cut-off membrane, M12 ultra-filtration device (Amicon, Beverly MA) or centrifugal concentrators (Millipore, Bedford, MA and Pall Filtron, Northborough, MA) with a 10,000 or

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100,000 MW pore size. In the case of centrifugal concentrators, the broth was spun at 2000xg for approximately 2 hr. The membrane permeate was added to the corresponding retentate to achieve the desired concentration of components greater than the pore size used. Following these procedures, the broth was used for biochemical analysis or filter sterilized using a 0.2 μ M cellulose nitrate membrane filter for biological assessment. Heat inactivation of processed broth samples was achieved by heating the samples at 100°C in a sand-filled heat block for 10 minutes.

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The broth(s) and toxin complex(es) from different Photorhabdus strains are useful for reducing populations of insects and were used in a method of inhibiting an insect population which comprises applying to a locus of the insect an effective insect inactivating amount of the active described. A demonstration of the breadth of insecticidal activity observed from broths of a selected group of Photorhabdus strains fermented as described above is shown in Table 36. It is possible that improved or additional insecticidal activities could be detected with these strains through increased concentration of the broth or by employing different fermentation methods. Consistent with the activity being associated with a protein, the insecticidal activity of all strains tested was heat labile.

Culture broth(s) from diverse Photorhabdus strains show differential insecticidal activity (mortality and/or growth inhibition) against a number of insects. More specifically, the activity is seen against corn rootworm which is a member of the insect order Coleoptera. Other members of the Coleoptera include boll weevils, wireworms, pollen beetles, flea beetles, seed beetles and Colorado potato beetle. The broths and purified toxin complex(es) are also active against tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm and European corn borer which are members of the order Lepidoptera. Other typical members of this order are beet armyworm, cabbage looper, black cutworm, corn earworm, codling moth, clothes moth, Indian mealmoth, leaf rollers, cabbage worm, cotton bollworm, bagworm, Eastern tent caterpillar, sod webworm and fall armyworm. Activity is also observed against German cockroach which is a member of the order Dictyoptera (or Blattodea). Other members of this order are oriental cockroach and American cockroach.

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Activity against corn rootworm larvae was tested as follows. Photorhabdus culture broth(s) (10 fold concentrated, filter sterilized), 2% Proteose Peptone #3 (10 fold concentrated), purified toxin complex(es), 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 were applied directly to the surface (about 1.5 cm²) of artificial diet (Rose, R. I. and McCabe, J. M. 1973. J. Econ. Entomol. 66, 398-400) in 40 μl aliquots. Toxin complex was diluted in 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0. The diet plates were allowed to air-dry in a sterile flow-hood and the wells were infested with single, neonate Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi (Southern corn rootworm, SCR) hatched from surface sterilized eggs. The plates were sealed, placed in a humidified growth chamber and maintained at 27°C for the appropriate period (3-5 days). Mortality and larval weight determinations were then scored. Generally, 16 insects per treatment were used in all studies. Control mortality was generally less than 5%.

Activity against lepidopteran larvae was tested as follows. Concentrated (10-fold) Photorhabdus culture broth(s), control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3), purified toxin complex(es), 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 were applied directly to the 20 surface (about $1.5~\text{cm}^2$) of standard artificial lepidopteran diet (Stoneville Yellow diet) in 40 μ l aliquots. The diet plates were allowed to air-dry in a sterile flow-hood and each well was infested with a single, neonate larva. European corn borer 25 (Ostrinia nubilalis) and tobacco hornworm (Manduca sexta) eggs were obtained from commercial sources and hatched in-house, whereas tobacco budworm (Heliothis virescens) larvae were supplied internally. Following infestation with larvae, the diet plates were sealed, placed in a humidified growth chamber and maintained in the dark at 27°C for the appropriate period. Mortality and 30 weight determinations were scored at day 5. Generally, 16 insects per treatment were used in all studies. Control mortality generally ranged from about 0 to about 12.5% for control medium and was less than 10% for phosphate buffer.

Activity against cockroach was tested as follows. Concentrated (10-fold) *Photorhabdus* culture broth(s) and control medium (2% Proteose Peptone #3) were applied directly to the surface (about 1.5 cm²) of standard artificial lepidopteran diet (Stoneville Yellow diet) in 40 μ l aliques. The diet plates were allowed to

air-dry in a sterile flow-hood and each well was infested with a single, CO₂ anesthetized first instar German cockroach (*Blatella germanica*). Following infestation, the diet plates were sealed, placed in a humidified growth chamber and maintained in the dark at 27°C for the appropriate period. Mortality and weight determinations were scored at day 5. Control mortality less than 10%.

Table 36 Observed Insecticidal Spectrum of Broths from Different Photorhabdus Strains

| 5 | Photorhabdus Strain | Sensitive* Insect Species |
|----|---------------------|---------------------------|
| | P. zealandica | 1**, 2, 4 |
| | P. hepialus | 1, 2, 4 |
| | HB-Arg | 1, 2, 4 |
| | HB Oswego | 1, 2, 4 |
| 10 | HB Lewiston | 1, 2, 4 |
| | K-122 | 1, 4 |
| | HMGD | 1, 4 |
| | Indicus | 1, 2, 4 |
| | GD | 2, 4 |
| 15 | PWH-5 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | Megidis | 1, 2, 4 |
| | HF-85 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | A. Cows | 1, 4 |
| | MP1 | 1, 2, 4 |
| 20 | MP2 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | MP3 | 4 |
| | MP4 | 1, 4 |
| | MP5 | 4 |
| | GL98 | 1, 4 |
| 25 | GL101 | 1, 4, 5 |
| | GL138 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | GL155 | 1, 4 |
| | GL217 | 1, 2, 4 |
| | GL257 | 1, 4 |
| 30 | DEP1 | 1, 4 |
| | DEP2 | 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| | DEP3 | 4 |

^{* = 3 25%} mortality and/or growth inhibition vs. control
** = 1; Tobacco budworm, 2; European corn borer, 3;
 Tobacco hornworm, 4; Southern corn rootworm, 5; 35 German cockroach.

Example 24

Southern Analysis of Non-W-14 Photorhabdus Strains Using W-14 Gene Probes

Oifco Laboratories, Detroit, MI) and insecticidal toxin competence was maintained by repeated bioassay after passage. A 50 ml shake culture was produced in 175 ml baffled flasks in 2% proteose peptone #3 medium, grown at 28° and 150 rpm for approximately 24 hours. Fifteen ml of this culture were centrifuged (700 x g, 30 min) and frozen in its medium at -20° until it was thawed (slowly in ice water) for DNA isolation. The thawed W-14 culture was centrifuged (900 x g, 15 min 4°), and the floating orange mucopolysaccharide material was removed. The remaining cell material was centrifuged (25,000 x g, 4°) to pellet the bacterial cells, and the medium was removed and discarded.

Total DNA was isolated by an adaptation of the CTAB method described in section 2.4.1 of Ausubel et al. (1994). The modifications included a high salt shock, and all volumes were 20 increased ten-fold over the "miniprep" recommended volumes. All centrifugations were at 4°C unless otherwise specified. pelleted bacterial cells were resuspended in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8) to a final volume of 10 ml, then 12 ml 5 M NaCl were added; this mixture was centrifuged 20 min at 15,000 x q. 25 The pellet was resuspended in 5.7 ml TE, and 300 μ l of 10% SDS and 60 μl of 20 mg/ml proteinase K (in sterile distilled water, Gibco BRL Products, Grand Island, NY) were added to the suspension. mixture was incubated at 37°C for 1 hr; then approximately 10 mg lysozyme (Worthington Biochemical Corp., Freehold, NJ) were added. 30 After an additional 45 min incubation, 1 ml of 5 M NaCl and 800 µl of CTAB/NaCl solution (10% w/v CTAB, 0.7 M NaCl) were added. This preparation was incubated 10 min at 65°C, then gently agitated and further incubated and agitated for approximately 20 min to assist clearing of the cellular material. An equal volume of 35 chloroform/isoamyl alcohol solution (24:1, v:v) was added, mixed very gently, and the phases separated by centrifugation at 12,000 \times g for 15 min. The upper (aqueous) phase was gently removed with a wide-bore pipette and extracted twice as above with an equal volume of PCI (phenol/choloroform/ isoamyl alcohol; 50:49:1, v:v:v; 40 equilibrated with 1M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0; Intermountain Scientific Corporation, Kaysville, UT). The DNA precipitated with 0.6 volume

of isopropanol was gently removed on a glass rod, washed twice with 70% ethanol, dried, and dissolved in 2 ml STE (10 mM Tris-HCl, 10

mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8). This preparation contained 2.5 mg/ml DNA, as determined by optical density at 260nm.

Identification of Bgl II/Hind III Fragments Hybridizing to tc-gene Specific Probes

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Approximately 10 µg of genomic DNA was digested to completion with about 30 units each of Bgl II and Hind III (NEB) for 180 min, frozen overnight, then heated at 65°C for five min, and electrophoresed in a 0.8% agarose gel (Seakem® LE. 1X TEA. 80 10 volts, 90 min). The DNA was stained with ethidium bromide (50 μ g/ml) as described earlier, and photographed under ultraviolet The DNA fragments in the agarose gel were subjected to depurination (5 min in 0.2 M HCl), denaturation (15 min in 0.5 M NaOH, 1.5 M NaCl), and neutralization (15 min in 0.5 M Tris HCl pH 8.0, 1.5 M NaCl), with 3 rinses of distilled water-between each step. The DNA was transferred by Southern blotting from the gel onto a NYTRAN nylon membrane (Amersham, Arlington Heights, IL) using a high salt (20X SSC) protocol, as described in section 2.9 of Ausubel et al. (CPMB, op. cit.). The transferred DNA was then UV-crosslinked to the nylon membrane using a Stratagene UV Stratalinker set on auto crosslink. The membranes were stored dry at 25°C until use.

Hybidization was performed using the ECL™direct (Amersham, Arlington Heights, IL) labeling and detection system following protocols provided by the manufacturer. In brief, probes were prepared by covalently linking the denatured DNA to the enzyme horseradish peroxidase. Once labeled the probe was used under hybridization conditions which maintain the enzymatic activity. Unhybridized probe was removed by two gentle washes 20 minutes each at 42°C in 0.5xSSC, 0.4% SDS, and 6M Urea. This was followed by two washes 5 minutes each at room temperature in 2xSSC. As directed by the manufacturer, ECL^TM reagents were used to detect the hybridizing DNA bands. There are several factors which influence the ability to detect gene relatedness between various Photorhabdus strains and strain W-14. First, high stringency conditions have not been employed in these hybridizations. It is known in the art that varying the stringency of hybridization and wash conditions will influence the pattern and intensity of hybridizing bands. Second, Southern blots' blot to blot variation will influence the mobility of hybridizing bands and molecular weight estamates. Therefore, W-40 14 was included as a standard on all Southern blots.

Gene specific probes derived from the W-14 toxin genes were used in these hybridizations. The following lists the specific coordinates within each gene sequence to which the probe corresponds. A probe specific for $tcaB_i/B_{ii}$: 1174 to 3642 of Sequence ID #25, a probe specific for tcaC: 3637 to 6005 of Sequence ID #25, a probe specific for tcbA: 2097 to 4964 of Sequence ID #11, and a probe specific for tcdA: 1660 to 4191 of sequence ID #46. The following tables summarize Southern Blot analyses of Photorhabdus strains. In the event that hybridization of probes occurred, the hybridized fragment(s) were noted as either identical or different from the pattern observed for the W-14 strain.

Table 37
Southern Analysis of Photorhabdus Strains

| Strains | tcdA | t <i>cb</i> A | -tcaC | t $caB_{i/ii}$ |
|---------|----------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| WX-1 | D | D | D | D |
| WX-2 | D | Ъ | - | D |
| WX-3 | D | ם | a | D |
| WX-4 | D | D | ND | ם |
| WX-5 | D | D | D | D |
| WX-6 | D | D | D | D |
| WX-7 | D | D . | ND | D |
| WX-8 | D | מ | D | D |
| WX-9 | ND | D | D | D |
| WX-10 | ND | D | D | D |
| WX-II | ND | D | D | D |
| WX-12 | D | D | D . | D |
| WX-14 | D | D | D | D |
| WX-15 | D | D | D | D |
| нрвв | О | - | D | D |
| Hm | D | - | D | D |
| ан | а | | D | - |
| нэ | D | - | ı | D |
| B2 | D | _ | D | |
| NC-I | <u> </u> | - | D | , D |
| WIR | D | | D | D |
| W30 | D | D | D | D |
| W-14 | I | | I | ı |

ND = Not determined; - = no detectable hybridization product;

5 I = Identical fragment pattern; D = Different fragment pattern.

Table 38
Southern Analysis of Photorhabdus Strains

| Strains | tcdA | tcbA | tcaC | tcaB _{i/ii} |
|-------------|---------|------|------|----------------------|
| K-122 | 3.3,2.8 | D | - | ИD |
| PWH-5 | + | ע | D | - |
| Indicus | D | ע | 3.0 | Ţ |
| Megidis | D | D | ם | |
| GD | D | D | D | - |
| HF-85 | D | D | D | |
| MP 3 | D | - | Д | - |
| MP I | D | + | D | _ |
| A. Cows | D | + | D | |
| HB-Arg | D | ND | D | <u>-</u> |
| HMGD | D | D | D | - |
| HB Lewiston | D | D | D | - |
| HB Oswego | Ъ | D | D | _ |
| W-14 | I | 1 | 1 | I |

ND = Not determined; - = no detectable hybridization product;

⁵ I = Identical fragment pattern; D = Different fragment pattern.

^{+ =} Hybridization fragment pattern not determined.

Table 39
Southern Analysis of Photorhabdus Strains

| Strains | tcdA | tcbA | tcaC | tcaB _i /B _{ii} |
|-------------|---------|------|------|------------------------------------|
| GL98 | + | + | D | |
| 1 | L | | 1 | |
| GL101 | _ | + | D | |
| GLI38 | = = | + | а | |
| GL155 | = | | - | |
| GL217 | + | - | D | |
| GL257 | + | + | D | |
| MP4 | - | + | | |
| MP5 | = | - | | |
| P hepialus | + | - | D | |
| P zealandia | + | _ | 11.0 | |
| DEPI | | | | |
| DEP2 | | | | |
| DEP3 | | | | |
| | | _ | | |
| W-14 | 3.8,2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

ND = Not determined; - = no detectable hybridization product;

- I = Identical fragment pattern; D = Different fragment pattern.
 - + = Hybridization fragment pattern not determined.

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From these analyses it is apparent that homologs of W-14 genes are dispersed throughout these diverse *Photorhabdus* strains, as evidenced by differences in gene fragment sizes between W-14 and the other strains.

Example 25

N-Terminal Amino Acid Sequences of Toxin Complex Peptides from Different Photorhabdus Strains

The relationship of peptides isolated from different Photorhabdus strains, as described in Example 14, were subjected to

N-terminal amino acid sequencing. The N-terminal amino acid sequences of toxin peptides in several strains were compared to W-14 toxin peptides. In Table 40, a comparison of toxin peptides compared to date showed that identical or homologous (at least 40% similarity to W14 gene/peptides) toxin peptides were present in all of the strains. For example, the N-terminal amino acid sequence of TcaC, SEQ ID NO: 2, was found to be identical to that for 160 kDa peptide in HP88 but also homologs were present in strains WIR, H9, Hb, WX-1, and Hm. Some W-14 peptides or homologs have not been observed in other strains; however, not all peptides have been sequenced for toxin complexes from other strains due to N-terminal blockage or low abundance. In addition, many other N-terminal amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 82 to 88) have been obtained for toxin complex peptides from other strains that have no similarity to peptides from W-14 and in some case were identical to each other. For example, an identical amino acid sequence, SEQ ID NO: 82, was obtained for 64 kDa peptide present in both HP88 and Hb strains and a homologous sequence for a 70 kDa peptide in NC-1 strain (SEQ ID NO: 83).

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Table 40

A Comparison of Amino Terminal Sequence Homology Between Proteins

Isolated From Non-W-14 Strains

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|--|---|---|--|
| | • | | |
| | | ı | |

| W-14 | W-14 | W-14 | SEQ ID | Strain | Identical | Ношотоду |
|---------|--------------|--------|----------|-----------------|-----------|----------|
| Peptide | Gene | SEQ ID | NO: | | | |
| TcaAii | tcaA | 15 | | | | |
| TcaAiii | tcaA | 4 | | | | ~ |
| TcaBi | t <i>caB</i> | 3 | 76 | − #9 | - | 74 kDa |
| | | | 76 | Hm | _ | 71 kDa |
| TcaBii | tcaB | 5 | | Н9 | 61 kDa | _ |
| | | į | | Hm | 61 kDa | - |
| TcaC | tcaA | 2 | 72 | Hb | - | 160 kDa |
| | | | | HP88 | 160 kDa | _ |
| 1 | | | 73 | WIR | - | 170 kDa |
| 1 | | | 74 | Н9 | _ | 180 kDa |
| II. | | | 75 | Hm | _ | 170 kDa |
| | | | 80 | WX-1 | | 170 kDa |
| TcbAii | tcbA | 1 | | | | 1,0 ,100 |
| TcbAiii | tcbA | 40 | | | | |
| TCCA | tccA | 8 | 77 | Hb | - | 81 kDa |
| | | | | | | |
| TCCB | tccB | 7 | | WX-1 | 170 kDa | _ |
| | | | | WX-2 | 180 kDa | _ |
| | | | | WX-14 | 180 kDa | _ |
| Į. | | | | WIR | 170 kDa | _ |
| | | | 78 | н9 | _ | 170 kDa |
| | | | _ | NC-1 | 140 kDa | - |
| 1 | | | 79 . | Hm | - | 190 kDa |
| TcdAii | tcdA | | | | | |
| TcdAiii | tcdA | 41 | | Hb | 57 kDa | _ |
| | | | 81 | н9 | - | 69 kDa |
| ? | ? | 9 | | Нb | 86 kDa | _ |
| | • | - | | HP88 | 86 kDa | _ |
| l | | l | <u> </u> | | 1 | L |

Homology refers to amino acid sequences that were at least 40% similarity to W14 gene / peptides. Similar residues were identified as being a member in one of the following five groups: (P, A, G, S, T); (Q, N, E, B, D, Z); (H, K, R); (L, I, V, M); and (F, Y, W).

Example 26 Immunological Analysis of Photorhabdus Strains

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Culture broths of *Photorhabdus* strains were concentrated 10 to 15 times using Centriprep-10 ultrafiltration device (Amicon, Inc. Beverly, MA 01915). The concentration of the protein ranges from 0.3 to 3.0 mg per ml. Ten to 20 μ g of total protein was loaded in each well of a precast 4-20% polyacrylamide gel (Integrated Separation Systems, Natick, MA 01760). Gel electrophoresis was performed for 1.25 hours using a constant current set at 25 ma per gel. The gel was electro-blotted on to Hybond-ECLTM nitrocellulose membrane (Amersham Corporation, Arlington Hts, Il 60005) using a semi-dry electro-blotter (Pharmacia Biotech Inc., Piscataway , NJ

08854). A constant current was applied at 0.75 ma per cm for 2.5 hours. The membrane was blocked with 10% milk in TBST (25 mM Tris HCl pH 7.4, 136 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 0.1% Tween 20) for one hour at room temperature. Each primary antibody was diluted in 10% milk/TBST to 1:500. Other dilution between 1:50 to 1:1000 was also used. The membrane was incubated in primary antibody for at least one hour. Then it was washed thoroughly with the blocking solution or TBST. A 1:2000 dilution of secondary antibodies (goat antimouse IgG or goat anti rabbit TgG conjugated to horseradish peroxidase; BioRad Laboratories, Hercules, CA 94547) in 10% milk/TBST was applied to the membrane which was placed on a platform rocker for one hour. The membrane was subsequently washed with excess amount of TBST. The detection of the protein was performed by-using an ECL (Enhanced Chemiluminescence) detection kit (Amersham International).

A panel of peptide specific-antibodies generated against W-14 peptides were used to characterize the protein composition of broths from nine non-W-14 Photorhabdus strains using Western blot analysis. In addition, one monoclonal antibody (MAb-C5F2) which 20 recognizes TcbA;; protein in W-14-derived toxin complex was used. The results (Table 39) showed cross recognition of the antibodies to some of the proteins in these broths. In some cases, the proteins that were recognized by the antibodies were the same size as the W-14 target peptides. In other cases, the proteins that 25 were recognized by the antibodies were smaller than the W-14 target peptides. This data indicate that some of the non-W-14 Photorhabdus strains may produce similar proteins to the W-14 strain. The difference could be due to deletion or protein processing or degradation process. Some of the strains did not 30 contain protein(s) that could be recognized by some antibodies, however, it is possible that the concentration is significantly lower than those observed for W-14 peptides. When compared for various toxin peptide homologs these results showed peptide diversity among the Photorhabdus strains.

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Table 41

Cross Recognition by Monoclonal Antibodies or Polyclonal Antibodies

Generated Against W-14 Peptides to Protein(s) in Broths of Selected

Non-W-14 Photorhabdus

| Photo- | MAb | PAb | PAb | PAb | PAb- | PAb | PAb | PAb | PAb |
|---------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| rhabdus | C5F2 | TcdA | TcdA | TcaC | TcaB | TcbA | TcaB | TcaA | TcaA |
| Strain | | ii- | iii- | -syn | ii- | iii- | i- | ii- | iii- |
| | | syn | syn | | syn | syn | syn | syn | syn |
| MPI | - | + | + | + | - | + | + | + | + |
| MP2 | + | + | + | + | - | + | + | + | + |
| MP3 | | + | + | + | - | NT | + | + | - |
| A. Cows | - | + | + | + | | NT | + | + | + |
| Hb-osw | - | | NT | + | + | NT | + | + | + |
| H-Arg | | + | + | + . | | NT | + | + | + |
| Hb-leu | | + | + | + | | NT | + | + | + |
| Indicus | + | + | + | + | + | NT | + | + | + . |
| HF85 | | + | + | + | _ | + | + | + | + |
| W-14 | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |

+: Positive reaction; -: Negative reaction; NT: Not Tested

Additional non-W-14 Photorhabdus strains were characterized by Western blot analysis using the culture broth and/or partial purified protein fractions as antigen. The panel of antibodies include MAb-C5F2, MAb-DE1 (recognizing TcdA_{ii}), PAb-DE2 (recognizing TcaB), PAb-TcbA_{ii}-syn, PAb- TcaC-syn, PAb TcaB_{ii}-syn, PAb-TcbA_{iii}-syn, PAb-TcaB_i-syn. These antibodies showed cross-reactivity with proteins in the broth and in the partial purified fractions of non-W-14 strains.

The data indicate that antibodies could be used to identify proteins in the broth as well as in the partially purified protein fractions.

Table 42

Cross Recognition by Monoclonal Antibodies or Plyclonal Antibodies

Generated Against W-14 Peptides to Protein(s) in Broths and/or

Partial Purified Protein Fractions of Selected Non-W14 Photorhabdus

| _ |
|---|
| |
| _ |

| Photo- rhabdus Strain | Monoc Antib | Ional odies | | Þo | olyclona | il Antibo | odies | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|------|--------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|
| | Mab | Mab- | PAb- | PAb | PAb | PAb | PAb- | PAb- |
| ! | C5F2 | DE1 | DE2 | TcbAii | TcaC- | TcaBii | TcbAiii | TcaB, |
| | | <u> </u> | į | -syn | syn | -syn | -syn | -syn |
| WX-I | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| WX-2 | + | + | + | + | + | + | NT | + |
| WX-3 | + | NT | + | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT |
| WX-5 | + | NT | + | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT |
| WX-6 | + | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT |
| WX-7 | + | + | + | + | + | + | NT | + |
| WX-8 | + | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT |
| WX-9 | + | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT |
| WX-10 | - | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT |
| WX-12 | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| WX-14 | + | + | + | + | NT | + | NT | + |
| WX-15 | + | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT | N.I. | NT |
| W30 | + | + | + | NT | NT | NT | NT | NT |
| ИD | 1 | NT | + | NT | + | NT | - | + |
| H9 | - | - | + | NT | + | + | NT | NT |
| Hm | - | NT | + | + | + | + | NT | ++ |
| HP88 | | NT | + | - | + | | | + |
| NC-I | + | | + | + | + | + | NT | + |
| WIR | | NT | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| W-14 | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |

-: Negative reaction; +: Positive reaction; NT: Not tested

Example 27 Bacterial Expression of the tcdA Coding Region

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Engineering of the tcdA Gene for Bacterial Expression

The 5' and 3' ends of the tcdA coding region (SEQ ID NO:46) were modified to add useful cloning sites for inserting the segment into heterologous expression vectors. The ends were modified using unique primers in Polymerase Chain Reactions (PCR), performed essentially as described in Example 8. Primer sets, as described below, were used in conjunction with cosmid 21D2.4 as template, to created products with the appropriately modified ends.

The first primer set was used to modify the 5' end of the gene, to insert a unique NCO I site at the initiator codon using the forward primer AOF1 (5' GAT CGA TCG ATC CAT GGC CAA CGA GTC TGT AAA AGA GAT ACC TGA TG TAT TAA AAA GCC AGT GTG 3') and to add unique Bgl II, Sal I and Not I sites to facilitate insertion of the remainder of the gene using the reverse primer AOR1 (5' GAT CGA TCG TAC GCG

GCC GCT CGA TCG ATC GTC GAC CCA TTG ATT TGA GAT CTG GGC GGC GGG TAT CCA GAT AAA CGG AGT CAC 3').

Another PCR reaction was designed to modify the 3' end of the gene by adding an additional stop codon and convenient restriction sites for cloning. The forward primer A0F2 (5' ACT GGC TGC GTG GTC GAC TGG CGG CGA TTT ACT 3') was used to amplify across a unique Sal I site in the gene, later used to clone the modified 3' end. The reverse primer A0R2 (5' CGA TGC ATG CTG CGG CCG CAG GCC TTC CTC GAG TCA TTA TTT AAT GGT GTA GCG AAT ATG CAA AAT 3') was used to insert a second stop codon (TGA) and cloning sites Xho I, Stu I and Not I. Bacterial expression vector pET27b (Novagen, Madison, WI), was modified to delete the Bgl II site at position 446, according to standard molecular biology techniques.

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The 497 bp PCR product from the first amplification reaction (AOF1+AOR1), to modify the 5' end of the gene, was ligated to the modified pET27b vector according to the supplier's instructions. The DNA sequences of the amplified portion of three isolates were determined using the supplier's recommended primers and the sequencing methods described previously. The sequence of all isolates was the same.

One isolate was then used as a cloning vector to insert the middle portion of the tcdA gene on a 6341 bp Bgl II to Sal I fragment. The resulting clone was called MC4 and contained all but the 3' most portion of the tcdA coding sequence. Finally, to complete the full-length coding region, the 832 bp PCR product from the second PCR amplification (AOF2+AOR2), to modify the 3' end of the gene, was ligated to isolate MC4 on a Sal I to Not I fragment, according to standard molecular biology techniques. The tcdA coding region was sequenced and found to be complete, the resulting plasmid is called pDAB2035.

Construction of Plasmids pDAB2036, pDAB2037 and pDAB2038 for Bacterial Expression of tcdA

The tcdA coding region was cut from plasmid pDAB2035 with restriction enzymes Nco I and Xho I and gel purified. The fragment was ligated into the Nco I and Xho I sites of the expression vector pET15 to create plasmid pDAB2036. Additionally, pDAB2035 was cut with Nco I and Not I to release the tcdA coding region which was ligated into the Nco I and Not I sites of the expression vector pET28b to create plasmid pDAB2037. Finally, plasmid pDAB2035 was cut with Nco I and Stu I to release the tcdA coding region. This fragment was ligated into the expression vector Trc99a which was cut with Hind III followed by treatment with T4 DNA polymerase to blunt

the ends. The vector was then cut with Nco I and ligated with the $Nco\ I/Stu\ I$ cut tcdA fragment. The resulting plasmid is called pDAB2038.

5 Expression of tcdA from Plasmid pDAB2038

Plasmid pDAB2038 was transformed into *BL21* cells and expressed as described above for plasmid pDAB2033 in Example 19.

Purification of tcdA from E. coli

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The expression culture was centrifuged at 10,300 g for 30 min and the supernatant was collected. It was diluted with two volumes of H₂O and applied at a flow rate of 7.5 ml/min to a poros 50 H_Q (Perspective Systems, MA) column (1.6 cm x 10 cm) which was preequilibrated with 10 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0 (Buffer A). The column was washed with Buffer A until the optical density at 280 nm returned to baseline level. The proteins bound to the column were then eluted with 1M NaCl in Buffer A.

The fraction was loaded in 20 ml aliquots onto a gel filtration column, Sepharose CL-4B (2.6 x 100 cm), which was equilibrated with 20 Buffer A. The protein was eluted in Buffer A at a flow rate of 0.75 mL/min. Fractions with a retention time between 260 minutes and 460 minutes were pooled and applied at 1 mL/min to a Mono Q 5/5 column which was equilibrated with 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.0 (Buffer B). The column was washed with Buffer B until the optical density at 280 nm 25 returned to baseline level. The proteins bound to the column were eluted with a linear gradient of 0 to 1 M NaCl in Buffer B at lmL/min for 30 min. One milliliter fractions were collected, serial diluted, and subjected to SCR bioassay. Fractions eluted out between 0.1 and 0.3 M NaCl were found to have the highest 30 insecticidal activity. Western analysis of the active fractions using pAb TcdA; -syn antibody and pAb Tcd; -syn antibody indicated the presence of peptides TcdA;; and TcdA;;;.

SEQUENCE LISTING

| 5 | (1) GENE | RAL INFORMATION: |
|----|----------|---|
| 3 | (i) | APPLICANT: Ensign, Jerald C Bowen, David J Petell, James |
| 10 | | Fatig, Raymond Schoonover, Sue ffrench-Constant, Richard Orr, Gregory L Merlo, Donald J |
| 15 | | Roberts, Jean L Rocheleau, Thomas A |
| | (ii) | TITLE OF INVENTION: Insecticidal Protein Toxins from Photorhabdus |
| 20 | (iii) | NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 88 |
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| 30 | (v) | COMPUTER READABLE FORM: (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30 |
| 35 | (i) | CURRENT APPLICATION DATA: |
| | (VI) | (A) APPLICATION DATA: (B) FILING DATE: (C) CLASSIFICATION: |
| 40 | (vii) | PRIOR APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/063,615 (B) FILING DATE: 18-MAY-1993 |
| 45 | (vii) | PRIOR APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/395,497 (B) FILING DATE: 28-FEB-1995 |
| 50 | (vii) | PRIOR APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/007,255 (B) FILING DATE: 06-NOV-1995 |
| 55 | (vii) | PRIOR APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/608,423 (B) FILING DATE: 28-FEB-1996 |
| 60 | (vii) | PRIOR APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/705,484 (B) FILING DATE: 28-AUG-1996 |
| 60 | (vii) | PRIOR APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/743,699 (B) FILING DATE: 06-NOV-1996 |

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10
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
15
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
           (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
20
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1 (TcbA; N-terminus):
          Phe Ile Gln Gly Tyr Ser Asp Leu Phe Gly Asn
25
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
30
                (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
35
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2 (TcaC N-terminus):
          Met Gln Asp Ser Pro Glu Val Ser Ile Thr Thr Trp
40
                          5
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:
45
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
50
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3 (TcaBi N-terminus):
55
          Ser Glu Ser Leu Phe Thr Gln Thr Leu Lys Glu Ala Arg Arg Asp Ala
                                             10
          Leu Val Ala
60
```

```
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
 5
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
           (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
10
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4 (TcaAiii N-terminus):
          Ala Ser Pro Leu Ser Thr Ser Glu Leu Thr Ser Lys Leu Asn
15
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
20
                (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
  (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
25
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5 (TcaBii N-terminus):
          Ala Gly Asp Thr Ala Asn Ile Gly Asp
30
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:
35
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
40
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:
45
          Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Asp Leu Leu Leu Pro Gln Ile
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:
50
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
55
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7 (TccB N-terminus):
60
          Met Leu Ser Thr Met Glu Lys Gln Leu Asn Glu
```

```
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
 5
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
10
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8 (TccA N-terminus):
          Met Asn Leu Ala Ser Pro Leu Ile Ser
15
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
20
                (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
25
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:
         Met Ile Asn Leu Asp Ile Asn Glu Gln Asn Lys Ile Met Val Val Ser
30
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:
35
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS:
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
40
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:
45
          Ala Ala Lys Asp Val Lys Phe Gly Ser Asp Ala Arg Val Lys Met Leu
          Arg Gly Val Asn
                     20
50
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
55
                (A) LENGTH: 7515 base pairs
                (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
60
         (ix) FEATURE:
                (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
                (B) LOCATION: 1..7515
```

| | | (xi |) SI | EQUE: | NCE | DES | CRIP | TION | 7: S | EQ I | D NO | 0:11 | (tc | bA g | gene |): | |
|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|-------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------------|-----|
| 5 | | | AAC Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| 10 | | | ACT Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| 10 | | | AAA Lys 35 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| 15 | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 192 |
| 20 | | | TTT Phe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
| 25 | | | CGG Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 288 |
| 30 | | | CGT Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | | ATG Met | 336 |
| 30 | | | CCG Pro 115 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 384 |
| 35 | | | GAC Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 432 |
| 40 | | | AGC Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 480 |
| 45 | | | GCT Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
| 50 | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
| 30 | | | GGA Gly 195 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| 55 | | | CAT His | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| 60 | | | GCT Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| 65 | | | TCG Ser | | _ | | | | | | | | | _ | | _ | 768 |
| 70 | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 816 |
| , 0 | ATT | ACT | ACT | GCT | CAG | TTA | atg | TCC | CCA | AGT | TAT | CTG | GCC | CGG | TAT | TAT | 864 |

| | Ile | Thr | Thr 275 | Ala | Gln | Leu | Met | Ser 280 | Pro | Ser | Tyr | Leu | Ala 285 | Arg | Tyr | Tyr | |
|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------|
| 5 | GGC Gly | GTC Val 290 | TCA Ser | CCG Pro | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | ATT Ile 295 | GCC Ala | TAC Tyr | GTG Val | ACG Thr | ACT Thr 300 | TCA Ser | TTA Leu | TCA Ser | CAT His | 912 |
| 10 | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| 1 5 | GGT Gly | AAG Lys | ATG Met | GAA Glu | GTA Val 325 | GTT Val | CGT Arg | GTT Val | ACC Thr | CGA Arg 330 | ACA Thr | CCA Pro | TCG Ser | GAT Asp | AAT Asn 335 | TAT Tyr | 1008 |
| 15 | ACC Thr | AGT Ser | CAG Gln | ACG Thr 340 | AAT Asn | TAT Tyr | ATT Ile | GAG Glu | CTG Leu 345 | TAT Tyr | CCA Pro | CAG Gln | GGT Gly | GGC Gly 350 | GAC Asp | AAT Asn | 1056 |
| 20 | | | ATC Ile 355 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1104 |
| 25 | TAT Tyr | CTG Leu 370 | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr | AAA Lys | GAT Asp | GGT Gly 375 | TCC Ser | GCT Ala | GAT Asp | TGG Trp | ACT Thr 380 | GAG Glu | ATT Ile | GCC Ala | CAT His | 1152 |
| 30 | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1200 |
| 35 | ACA Thr | ATC Ile | AAA Lys | CGT Arg | AGT Ser 405 | GAC Asp | TCT Ser | GAC Asp | AAT Asn | ATA Ile 410 | CTC Leu | AGT Ser | ATA Ile | GGG Gly | TTA Leu 415 | CAA Gln | 1248 |
| J J | | | CAT His | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1296 |
| 40 | GAC Asp | CAA Gln | TAC Tyr 435 | TCC Ser | CCG Pro | AAA Lys | GCT Ala | TTC Phe 440 | CTG Leu | CTT Leu | AAA Lys | ATG Met | AAT Asn 445 | AAG Lys | GCT Ala | ATT Ile | 1344 |
| 45 | | | CTC Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1392 |
| 50 | | | AGT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1440 |
| 5.5 | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1488 |
| 55 | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1536 |
| 60 | | | CAG Gln 515 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1584 |
| 65 | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1632 |
| 70 | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1680 |

| | | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1728 |
|----|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------|
| 5 | CAG Gln | ATG Met | TTA Leu | TTG Leu 580 | ATC Ile | ACT Thr | GAT Asp | CGT Arg | AAA Lys 585 | GAA Glu | GAC Asp | GGT Gly | GTT Val | ATC Ile 590 | AAA Lys | AAT Asn | 1776 |
| 10 | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1824 |
| 15 | ATT Ile | CAT His 610 | AAC Asn | CTG Leu | ACT Thr | ATT Ile | GCT Ala 615 | GAA Glu | TTG Leu | AAC Asn | ATT Ile | TTG Leu 620 | TTG Leu | GTG Val | ATT Ile | TGT Cys | 1872 |
| 20 | | | | GAC Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1920 |
| 20 | | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1968 |
| 25 | | | | GTT Val 660 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2016 |
| 30 | | | | ACG Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2064 |
| 35 | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2112 |
| 40 | | | | TGC Cys | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2160 |
| | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2208 |
| 45 | | | | GGG Gly 740 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2256 |
| 50 | AAG Lys | GTG Val | ATT Ile 755 | ACC Thr | TTT Phe | GCT Ala | CAG Gln | GTG Val 760 | CTG Leu | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | TTG Leu | AGC Ser 765 | CTG Leu | ATC Ile | TAT Tyr | 2304 |
| 55 | | | | GGG Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2352 |
| 60 | | | | CTA ∙Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2400 |
| | | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2448 |
| 65 | CAA Gln | CAT His | GCC Ala | TCC Ser 820 | TTG Leu | ATA Ile | TTG Leu | GCG Ala | GCG Ala 825 | TTG Leu | AAA Lys | GAC Asp | GGA Gly | GCC Ala 830 | TTG Leu | ACA Thr | 2496 |
| 70 | GTT Val | ACC Thr | GAT Asp 835 | GTA Val | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | GCT Ala | ATG Met 840 | AAT Asn | AAG Lys | GAG Glu | GAA Glu | TCT Ser 845 | CTC Leu | CTA Leu | CAA Gln | 2544 |

| : | | | | | | | | | | ACA Thr | | | | | | 2592 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| • | | | | | | | | | | CAG Gln 875 | | | | | | 2640 |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | ATG Met | | | | | | 2688 |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | | GCG Ala | | | | | | 2736 |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | 2784 |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | | GTT Val | | | | | | 2832 |
| | | | | | | | | | | TAT Tyr 955 | | | | | | 2880 |
| 30 | | | | | | | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | 2928 |
| 35 | | | | | | | | | | AAC Asn | | | | | | 2976 |
| 40 | | | | | | | | Gln | | TTC Phe | | | Trp | | | 3024 |
| 45 | | Lys | | | | | Trp | | | GTC Val | | Glu | | | | 3072 |
| 40 | Pro | | | | _ | Asp | | | | CGC Arg 1035 | Ile | | | | | 3120 |
| 50 | | | | | Leu | | | | | Gln | | | | | Ala | 3168 |
| 55 | | | | Asp | | | | | Tyr | TTG Leu | | | | Glu | | 3216 |
| 60 | | | Leu | | | | | Ala | | CAC His | | | Val | | | 3264 |
| 65 | | Gly | | | | | Ile | | | GAC Asp | | Ala | | | | 3312 |
| | Tyr | | | | | Val | | | | AAA Lys 111! | Cys | | | | | 3360 |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | 3408 |

| | | | | | 1125 | 5 | | | | 1139 |) | | | | 113 | 5 | |
|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 5 | | | TGG Trp | | Asn | | | | | Val | | | | | Arg | | 3456 |
| 10 | | | CTA Leu 1155 | Trp | | | | | Ser | | | | | Asp | | | 3504 |
| 10 | ACC Thr | ACG Thr 1170 | Ile | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr | AAC Asn 1179 | Leu | AAA Lys | CTG Leu | GCT Ala | CAT His 1180 | Ile | CGT Arg | TAC Tyr | GAC Asp | 3552 |
| 15 | | Ser | TGG Trp | | | | Phe | | | | | Thr | | | | | 3600) |
| 20 | | | ACG Thr | | | Thr | | | | | Ser | | | | | Cys | 3648 |
| 25 | | | TAT Tyr | | Gly | | | | | Leu | | | | | Ser | | 3696 |
| 30 | | | AGT Ser 1235 | Tyr | | | | | Asp | | | | | Val | | | 3744 |
| | | | Ile | | | | | Ser | | | | | Thr | | | | 3792 |
| 35 | | Thr | AAC Asn | | | | Asn | | | | | Phe | | | | | 3840 |
| 40 | | | CCG Pro | | | Asp | | | | | Ile | | | | | Asn | 3888 |
| 45 | | | TAT Tyr | | Glu | | | | | Pro | | | | | Ser | | 3936 |
| 50 | | | TAT Tyr 1315 | Ser | | | | | Ser | | | | | Tyr | | | 3984 |
| | AGT Ser | GTT Val 1330 | Pro | AAT Asn | ATT Ile | ACT Thr | TTT Phe 133 | Glu | TCG Ser | GCG Ala | GCA Ala | GAA Glu 1340 | Asp | TTA Leu | AGG Arg | CTA Leu | 4032 |
| 55 | TCT Ser 1345 | Thr | AAT Asn | ATG Met | GCA Ala | TTG Leu 1350 | Ser | ATT Ile | ATT Ile | CAT His | AAT Asn 1355 | Gly | TAT Tyr | GCG Ala | GGA Gly | ACC Thr 1360 | 4080 |
| 60 | | | ATA Ile | | | Asn | | | | | Tyr | | | | | Asp | 4128 |
| 65 | Lys | Phe | Ile | Ile 1380 | Tyr) | Asp | Ser | Ser | Phe 1389 | Asp 5 | Asp | Ala | Asn | Arg 1390 | Phe | Asn | 4176 |
| 7.0 | CTG Leu | GTG Val | CCA Pro 139 | Leu | TTT Phe | AAA Lys | TTC Phe | GGA Gly 1400 | Lys | GAC Asp | GAG Glu | AAC Asn | TCA Ser 1405 | Asp | GAT Asp | AGT Ser | 4224 |

ATT TGT ATA TAT AAT GAA AAC CCT TCC TCT GAA GAT AAG AAG TGG TAT 4272

70

| | Ile | Cys 1410 | | Tyr | Asn | Glu | Asn 1415 | | Ser | Ser | Glu | Asp 1420 | | Lys | Trp | Tyr | |
|----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 5 | TTT Phe 1425 | Ser | TCG Ser | AAA Lys | GAT Asp | GAC Asp 1430 | Asn | AAA Lys | ACA Thr | GCG Ala | GAT Asp 1435 | Tyr | AAT Asn | GGT Gly | GGA Gly | ACT Thr 1440 | 4320) |
| 10 | CAA Gln | TGT Cys | ATA Ile | GAT Asp | GCT Ala 1445 | Gly | ACC Thr | AGT Ser | AAC Asn | AAA Lys 1450 | Asp | TTT Phe | TAT Tyr | TAT Tyr | AAT Asn 1455 | Leu | 4368 |
| 15 | CAG Gln | GAG Glu | ATT Ile | GAA Glu 1460 | Val | ATT Ile | AGT Ser | GTT Val | ACT Thr 1465 | Gly | GGG Gly | TAT Tyr | TGG Trp | TCG Ser 1470 | Ser | TAT Tyr | 4416 |
| 10 | AAA Lys | ATA Ile | TCC Ser 1475 | Asn | CCG Pro | ATT Ile | TAA Asn | ATC Ile 1480 | Asn | ACG Thr | GGC Gly | ATT Ile | GAT Asp 1485 | Ser | GCT Ala | AAA Lys | 4464 |
| 20 | | | Val | | | | GCG Ala 1495 | Gly | | | | | Ile | | | | 4512 |
| 25 | GAT Asp 1505 | Asn | AGT Ser | ACC Thr | TAT Tyr | GTT Val 1510 | Pro | CAG Gln | CAA Gln | CCG Pro | GCA Ala 1515 | Pro | AGT Ser | TTT Phe | GAG Glu | GAG Glu 1520 | 4560 |
| 30 | ATG Met | ATT Ile | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | TTC Phe 1525 | Asn | AAC Asn | CTG Leu | ACA Thr | ATA Ile 1530 | Asp | TGT Cys | AAG Lys | AAT Asn | TTA Leu 1535 | Asn | 4608 |
| 35 | | | | | Gln | | CAT His | | | Ile | | | | | Thr | | 4656 |
| JJ | | | | Arg | | | GGT Gly | | Glu | | | | | Pro | | | 4704 |
| 40 | AAA Lys | AAA Lys 1570 | Val | CTC Leu | GGT Gly | ACT Thr | GAG Glu 1579 | Asn | GTG Val | ATT Ile | GCG Ala | TTA Leu 1580 | Tyr | AGC Ser | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | 4752 |
| 45 | AAC Asn 1585 | Gly | GTT Val | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr | ATG Met 1590 | Gln | ATT Ile | GGC Gly | GCA Ala | TAT Tyr 1595 | Arg | ACC Thr | CGT Arg | TTG Leu | AAT Asn 1600 | 4800 |
| 50 | ACG Thr | TTA Leu | TTC Phe | GCT Ala | CAA Gln 1605 | Gln | TTG Leu | GTT Val | AGC Ser | CGT Arg 1610 | Ala | AAT Asn | CGT Arg | GGC Gly | ATT Ile 1615 | Asp | 4848 |
| 55 | GCA Ala | GTG Val | CTC Leu | AGT Ser 1620 | Met | GAA Glu | ACT Thr | CAG Gln | AAT Asn 1625 | Ile | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | CCG Pro | CAA Gln 1630 | Leu | GGA Gly | 4896 |
| JJ | GCG Ala | GGC Gly | ACA Thr 1635 | Tyr | GTG Val | CAG Gln | CTT Leu | GTG Val 1640 | Leu | GAT Asp | AAA Lys | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp 1645 | Glu | TCT Ser | ATT Ile | 4944 |
| 60 | CAT His | GGC Gly 1650 | Thr | AAT Asn | AAA Lys | AGC Ser | TTT Phe 1655 | Ala | ATT Ile | GAA Glu | TAT Tyr | GTT Val 1660 | Asp | ATA Ile | TTT Phe | AAA Lys | 4992 |
| 65 | | Asn | | | | | Ile | | | | | Leu | | | | | 5040 |
| 70 | | | | | | Val | TTC Phe | | | | Phe | | | | | Gly | 5088 |

| | AAT AAG Asn Lys | Asn | CAC TTA His Leu 1700 | TGG Trp | GTA Val | CGT Arg | GCT Ala 1705 | Lys | TAC | CAA Gln | AAG Lys | GAA Glu 1710 | Thr | ACT Thr | 5136 |
|----|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------|
| 5 | GAT AAC Asp Lys | | Leu Phe | | | | Asp | | | | | His | | | 5184 |
| 10 | TTT CTC Phe Leu 173 | Ser | | | | Thr | | | | | Ser | | | | 5232 |
| 15 | GCA TTA Ala Leu 1745 | | | | Glu | | | | | Ser | | | | | |
| 20 | CTC TAT | | | Leu | | | | | Pro | | | Met | _ | His | 5328 |
| 20 | CGT TTO | | | | | | | Ala | | | | | Phe | | |
| 25 | TAT GTO | | Ser Pro | | | | Ile | | | | | Ile | | | 5424 |
| 30 | TAC CAC Tyr His 181 | Trp | | | | Leu | | | | | Ser | | | | 5472 |
| 35 | CAA CAA Gln Glr 1825 | | | | Asp | | | | | Ala | | | | | |
| 40 | ATG CAC | | | . Ala | | | | | Thr | | | | | Met | 5568 |
| 40 | GCC CGT Ala Arg | | | | | | | Leu | | | | | Leu | | 5616 |
| 45 | GAA GCT Glu Ala | | Met Tr | | | | Ala | | | | | Gly | | | 5664 |
| 50 | CCA CAP Pro Glr 189 | . Val | | | | Thr | | | | | Thr | | | | 5712 |
| 55 | GCT GCT Ala Ala 1905 | TCA Ser | AAA ACC Lys Thi | ACA Thr 191 | Gln | CAG Gln | GTT Val | CGT Arg | CAG Gln 1915 | Gln | GTG Val | CTT Leu | ACC Thr | CAG Gln 1920 | |
| 60 | TTG CGT | | | Arg | | | | | Leu | | | | | Asn | 5808 |
| | TCC CTC Ser Let | | | | | | | Glu | | | | | Lys | | 5856 |
| 65 | TAC TGO | | Thr Let | | | | Met | | | | | His | | | 5904 |
| 70 | TCG ATT Ser Ile | Asp | | | | Ser | | | | | Ala | | | | 5952 |

| | | Pro | AAA Lys | | | | Ser | | | | | Ala | | | | | 6000 |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| 5 | | | TTG Leu | | | Ala | | | | | His | | | | | Met | 6048 |
| 10 | | | GGG Gly | | Arg | | | | | Gln | | | | | Gly | | 6096 |
| 15 | | | TTG Leu 2035 | Gly | | | | | Gln | | | | | Met | | | 6144 |
| 20 | | | Gln | | | | | Glu | | | | | Ser | | | | 6192 |
| 25 | | Asp | AAC Asn | | | | Glu | | | | | Lys | | | | | 6240 |
| 23 | | | TTA Leu | | | Val | | | | | Asp | | | | | Leu | 6288 |
| 30 | | | GAG Glu | | Ile | | | | | Gln | | | | | Leu | | 6336 |
| 35 | | | TCT Ser 2115 | Ala | | | | | Gly | | | | | Arg | | | 6384 |
| 40 | | | Gly | | | | | ${\tt Pro}$ | | | | | Leu | | | | 6432 |
| 45 | | Met | CAT His | | | | Ile | | | | | Ala | | | | | 6480 |
| 40 | | | GCT Ala | | | Lys | | | | | Glu | | | | | Ser | 6528 |
| 50 | | | TAT Tyr | | Arg | | | | | Trp | | | | | Asp | | 6576 |
| 55 | | | GCG Ala 2195 | Glu | | | | | Asn | | | | | Ser | | | 6624 |
| 60 | ATT Ile | CGC Arg 221 | Arg | GAA Glu | GCC Ala | GCT Ala | GAA Glu 2215 | Met | CAA Gln | AAA Lys | GAG Glu | TAC Tyr 2220 | Leu | AAA Lys | ACC Thr | CAG Gln | 6672 |
| 65 | CAA Gln 2225 | Ala | CAG Gln | GCG Ala | CAG Gln | GCA Ala 2230 | Gln | CTT Leu | ACT Thr | TTC Phe | TTA Leu 2235 | Arg | AGC Ser | AAA Lys | TTC Phe | AGT Ser 2240 | 6720 |
| J J | AAT Asn | CAA Gln | GCG Ala | TTA Leu | TAT Tyr 2245 | Ser | TGG Trp | TTA Leu | CGA Arg | GGG Gly 2250 | Arg | TTG Leu | TCA Ser | GGT Gly | ATT Ile 2255 | Tyr | 6768 |
| 70 | TTC Phe | CAG Gln | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | TTG Leu | GCC Ala | GTA Val | TCA Ser | CGT Arg | TGC Cys | CTG Leu | ATG Met | GCA Ala | GAG Glu | CAA Gln | 6816 |

| | | | | 2260 |) | | | | 2269 | 5. | | | | 227 | 0 | | |
|----|--------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 5 | | | | Trp | | | | | Asn | | | | | Val | AAA Lys | | 6864 |
| 10 | | | Trp | | | | | Ala | | | | | Gly | | GCT Ala | | 6912 |
| 10 | | Gln | | | | | Met | | | | | Leu | | | GAA Glu | | 6960) |
| 15 | | | | | | Glu | | | | | Leu | | | | TAT Tyr 2335 | Asp | 7008 |
| 20 | | | | | Asn | | | | | Leu | | | | | Pro | | 7056 |
| 25 | TTA Leu | TTG Leu | GAT Asp 2355 | Lys | GGG Gly | GAG Glu | GGA Gly | ACA Thr 2360 | Ala | GGA Gly | ACT Thr | AAA Lys | GAA Glu 2365 | Asn | GGG Gly | TTA Leu | 7104 |
| 30 | | | Ala | | | | | Ser | | | | | Leu | | GAC Asp | | 7152 |
| 30 | AAA Lys 2385 | Leu | GGA Gly | ACG Thr | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr 2390 | Pro | GAC Asp | AGT Ser | ATC Ile | GTT Val 2395 | Gly | AGC Ser | AAC Asn | AAG Lys | GTT Val 2400 | 7200 |
| 35 | | | | | | Ile | | | | | Pro | | | | GGG Gly 2415 | Pro | 7248 |
| 40 | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | GAT Asp | GTT Val 2420 | Gln | GCT Ala | ATG Met | CTC Leu | AGC Ser 2425 | Tyr | GGT Gly | GGC Gly | AGT Ser | ACT Thr 2430 | Gln | TTG Leu | 7296 |
| 45 | CCG Pro | AAA Lys | GGT Gly 2435 | Cys | TCA Ser | GCG Ala | TTG Leu | GCT Ala 2440 | Val | TCT Ser | CAT His | GGT Gly | ACC Thr 2445 | Asn | GAT Asp | AGT Ser | 7344 |
| 50 | GGT Gly | Gln | TTC Phe | Gln | Leu | Asp | Phe | Asn | GAC Asp | GGC Gly | Lys | TAC Tyr 2460 | Leu | CCA Pro | TTT Phe | GAA Glu | 7392 |
| 33 | GGT Gly 2465 | Ile | GCT Ala | CTT Leu | GAT Asp | GAT Asp 2470 | Gln | GGT Gly | ACA Thr | CTG Leu | AAT Asn 2475 | Leu | CAA Gln | TTT Phe | CCG Pro | AAT Asn 2480 | 7440 |
| 55 | GCT Ala | ACC Thr | GAC Asp | AAG Lys | CAG Gln 2485 | Lys | GCA Ala | ATA Ile | TTG Leu | CAA Gln 2490 | Thr | ATG Met | AGC Ser | GAT Asp | ATT Ile 2495 | Ile | 7488 |
| 60 | | | ATT Ile | | Tyr | | | CGT Arg | TAA * 2505 | ; | | | | | | | 7515 |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 2504 amino acids

 - (B) TYPE: amino acid(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

| | | (1 | .I.) (| MOTE | COLE | TY. | PE: | prot | ein | | | | | | | |
|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 10 | | (3 | ci) : | SEQU | ENCE | DE | SCRI | PTIC | ON: | SEQ | ID 1 | 10:1 | 2 (1 | CbA | pro | tein): |
| | Met 1 | Gln | Asn | Ser | Leu 5 | Ser | Ser | Thr | Ile | Asp 10 | Thr | Ile | Cys | Gln | Lys 15 | Leu |
| 15 | Gln | Leu | Thr | Cys 20 | Pro | Ala | Glu | Ile | Ala 25 | Leu | Tyr | Pro | Phe | Asp 30 | Thr | Phe |
| | Arg | Glu | Lys 35 | Thr | Arg | Gly | Met | Val 40 | Asn | Trp | Gly | Glu | Ala 45 | Lys | Arg | Ile |
| 20 | Tyr | Glu 50 | Ile | Ala | Gln | Ala | Glu 55 | Gln | Asp | Arg | Asn | Leu 60 | Leu | His | Glu | Lys |
| 25 | Arg 65 | Ile | Phe | Ala | Tyr | Ala 70 | Asn | Pro | Leu | Leu | Lys 75 | Asn | Ala | Val | Arg | Leu 80 |
| | Gly | Thr | Arg | Gln | Met 85 | Leu | Gly | Phe | Ile | Gln 90 | Gly | Tyr | Ser | Asp | Leu 95 | Phe |
| 30 | Gly | Asn | Arg | Ala 100 | Asp | Asn | Tyr | Ala | Ala 105 | Pro | Gly | Ser | Val | Ala 110 | Ser | Met |
| | Phe | Ser | Pro 115 | Ala | Ala | Tyr | Leu | Thr 120 | Glu | Leu | Tyr | Arg | Glu 125 | Ala | Lys | Asn |
| 35 | Leu | His 130 | Asp | Ser | Ser | Ser | Ile 135 | Tyr | Tyr | Leu | Asp | Lys 140 | Arg | Arg | Pro | Asp |
| 40 | Leu 145 | Ala | Ser | Leu | Met | Leu 150 | Ser | Gln | Lys | Asn | Met 155 | Asp | Glu | Glu | Ile | Ser 160 |
| , | Thr | Leu | Ala | Leu | Ser 165 | Asn | Glu | Leu | Cys | Leu 170 | Ala | Gly | Ile | Glu | Thr 175 | Lys |
| 45 | | | Lys | 180 | | | | | 185 | _ | | | | 190 | _ | - |
| | | | Gly 195 | | | | | 200 | | | | | 205 | _ | | |
| 50 | | 210 | His | | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | | |
| 55 " | 225 | | Ala | | | 230 | | | | | 235 | | _ | | | 240 |
| | | | Ser | •• | 245 | | | | | 250 | | | | | 255 | |
| 60 | | | Glu | 260 | | | | | 265 | | | | | 270 | | |
| 65 | | | Thr 275 | | | | | 280 | | | | ٠. | 285 | | | - |
| 65 | | 290 | Ser | | | | 295 | | | | | 300 | | | | |
| 70 | Val 305 | GTÀ | Tyr | ser | ser | Asp 310 | iie | Leu | Val | Ile | Pro 315 | Leu | Val | Asp | Gly | Val 320 |

| | Gly | Lys | Met | Glu | Val 325 | Val | Arg | Val | Thr | Arg 330 | Thr | Pro | Ser | Asp | Asn 335 | Tyr |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Thr | Ser | Gln | Thr 340 | Asn | Tyr | Ile | Glu | Leu 345 | Tyr | Pro | Gln | Gly | Gly 350 | Asp | Asn |
| | Tyr | Leu | Ile 355 | Lys | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Ser 360 | Asn | Ser | Phe | Gly | Leu 365 | Asp | Asp | Phe |
| 10 | Tyr | Leu 370 | Gln | Tyr | Lys | Asp | Gly 375 | Ser | Ala | Asp | Trp | Thr 380 | Glu | Ile | Ala | His |
| 1.5 | Asn 385 | Pro | Tyr | Pro | Asp | Met 390 | Val | Ile | Asn | Gln | Lys 395 | Tyr | Glu | Ser | Gln | Ala 400 |
| 15 | Thr | Ile | Lys | Arg | Ser 405 | Asp | Ser | Asp | Asn | Ile 410 | Leu | Ser | Ile | Gly | Leu 415 | Gln |
| 20 | Arg | Trp | His | Ser 420 | Gly | Ser | Tyr | Asn | Phe 425 | Ala | Ala | Ala | Asn | Phe 430 | Lys | Ile |
| | Asp | Gln | Tyr 435 | Ser | Pro | Lys | Ala | Phe 440 | Leu | Leu | Lys | Met | Asn 445 | Lys | Ala | Ile |
| 25 | Arg | Leu 450 | Leu | Lys | Ala | Thr | Gly 455 | Leu | Ser | Phe | Ala | Thr 460 | Leu | Glu | Arg | Ile |
| 20 | Val 465 | Asp | Ser | Val | Asn | Ser 470 | Thr | Lys | Ser | Ile | Thr 475 | Val | Glu | Val | Leu | Asn 480 |
| 30 | Lys | Val | Tyr | Arg | Val 485 | Lys | Phe | Tyr | Ile | Asp 490 | Arg | Tyr | Gly | Ile | Ser 495 | Glu |
| 35 | Glu | Thr | Ala | Ala 500 | Ile | Leu | Ala | Asn | Ile 505 | Asn | Ile | Ser | Gln | Gln 510 | Ala | Val |
| | Gly | Asn | Gln 515 | Leu | Ser | Gln | Phe | Glu 520 | Gln | Leu | Phe | Asn | His 525 | Pro | Pro | Leu |
| 40 | Asn | Gly 530 | Ile | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Ile 535 | Ser | Glu | Asp | Asn | Ser 540 | Lys | His | Leu | Pro |
| 45 | Asn 545 | Pro | Asp | Leu | Asn | Leu 550 | Lys | Pro | Asp | Ser | Thr 555 | Gly | Asp | Asp | Gln | Arg 560 |
| 45 | Lys | Ala | Val | Leu | Lys 565 | Arg | Ala | Phe | Gln | Val 570 | Asn | Ala | Ser | Glu | Leu 575 | Tyr |
| 50 | Gln | Met | Leu | Leu 580 | Ile | Thr | Asp | Arg | Lys 585 | Glu | Asp | Gly | Val | Ile 590 | Lys | Asn |
| | Asn | Leu | Glu 595 | Asn | Leu | Ser | Asp | Leu 600 | Tyr | Leu | Val | Ser | Leu 605 | Leu | Ala | Gln |
| 55 | Ile | His 610 | Asn | Leu | Thr | Ile | Ala 615 | Glu | Leu | Asn | Ile | Leu 620 | Leu | Val | Ile | Cys |
| 60 | Gly 625 | Tyr | Gly | Asp | Thr | Asn 630 | Ile | Tyr | Gln | Ile | Thr 635 | Asp | Asp | Asn | Leu | Ala 640 |
| 60 | Lys | Ile | Val | Glu | Thr 645 | Leu | Leu | Trp | Ile | Thr 650 | Gln | Trp | Leu | Lys | Thr 655 | Gln |
| 65 | Lys | Trp | Thr | Val 660 | Thr | Asp | Leu | Phe | Leu 665 | Met | Thr | Thr | Ala | Thr 670 | Tyr | Ser |
| | Thr | Thr | Leu 675 | Thr | Pro | Glu | Ile | Ser 680 | Asn | Leu | Thr | Ala | Thr 685 | Leu | Ser | Ser |
| 70 | Thr | Leu 690 | | Gly | Lys | Glu | Ser 695 | Leu | Ile | Gly | Glu | Asp 700 | Leu | Lys | Arg | Ala |

| | Met 705 | Ala | Pro | Cys | Phe | Thr 710 | Ser | Ala | Leu | His | Leu 715 | Thr | Ser | Gln | Glu | Val 720 |
|----|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Ala | Tyr | Asp | Leu | Leu 725 | Leu | Trp | Ile | Asp | Gln 730 | Ile | Gln | Pro | Ala | Gln 735 | Ile |
| 10 | Thr | Val | qaA | Gly 740 | Phe | Trp | Glu | Glu | Val 745 | Gln | Thr | Thr | Pro | Thr 750 | Ser | Leu |
| | Lys | Val | Ile 755 | Thr | Phe | Ala | Gln | Val 760 | Leu | Ala _ | Gln | Leu | Ser 765 | Leu | Ile | Tyr |
| 15 | Arg | Arg 770 | Ile | Gly | Leu | Ser | Glu 775 | Thr | Glu | Leu | Ser | Leu 780 | Ile | Val | Thr | Gln |
| | Ser 785 | Ser | Leu | Leu | Val | Ala 790 | Gly | Lys | Ser | Ile | Leu 795 | Asp | His | Gly | Leu | Leu 800 |
| 20 | Thr | Leu | Met | Ala | Leu 805 | Glu | Gly | Phe | His | Thr 810 | Trp | Val | Asn | Gly | Leu 815 | Gly |
| 25 | Gln | His | Ala | Ser 820 | Leu | Ile | Leu | Ala | Ala 825 | Leu | Lys | Asp | Gly | Ala 830 | Leu | Thr |
| | Val | Thr | Asp 835 | Val | Ala | Gln | Ala | Met 840 | Asn | Lys | Glu | Glu | Ser 845 | Leu | Leu | Gln |
| 30 | Met | Ala 850 | Ala | Asn | Gln | Val | Glu 855 | Lys | Asp | Leu | Thr | Lys 860 | Leu | Thr | Ser | Trp |
| | Thr 865 | Gln | Ile | qsA | Ala | Ile 870 | Leu | Gln | Trp | Leu | Gln 875 | Met | Ser | Ser | Ala | Leu 880 |
| 35 | Ala | Val | Ser | Pro | Leu 885 | Asp | Leu | Ala | Gly | Met 890 | Met | Ala | Leu | Lys | Tyr 895 | Gly |
| 40 | Ile | Asp | His | Asn 900 | Tyr | Ala | Ala | Trp | Gln 905 | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ala 910 | Leu | Met |
| | Ala | Asp | His 915 | Ala | Asn | Gln | Ala | Gln 920 | Lys | Lys | Leu | Asp | Glu 925 | Thr | Phe | Ser |
| 45 | Lys | Ala 930 | Leu | Cys | Asn | Tyr | Tyr 935 | Ile | Asn | Ala | Val | Val 940 | Asp | Ser | Ala | Ala |
| | Gly 945 | Val | Arg | Asp | Arg | Asn 950 | Gly | Leu | Tyr | Thr | Tyr 955 | Leu | Leu | Ile | Asp | Asn 960 |
| 50 | Gln | Val | Ser | Ala | Asp 965 | Val | Ile | Thr | Ser | Arg 970 | Ile | Ala | Glu | Ala | Ile 975 | Ala |
| 55 | Gly | Ile | Gln | Leu 980 | Tyr | Val | Asn | Arg | Ala 985 | Leu | Asn | Arg | Asp | Glu 990 | Gly | Gln |
| | Leu | Ala | Ser 995 | Asp | Val | Ser | Thr | Arg 1000 | | Phe | Phe | Thr | Asp 1005 | | Glu | Arg |
| 60 | Tyr | Asn 1010 | | Arg | Tyr | Ser | Thr 1015 | | Ala | Gly | Val | Ser 1020 | | Leu | Val | Tyr |
| | Tyr 1025 | | Glu | Asn | Tyr | Val 1030 | Asp) | Pro | Thr | Gln | Arg 1035 | | Gly | Gln | Thr | Lys 1040 |
| 65 | Met | Met | Asp | Ala | Leu 1049 | | Gln | Ser | Ile | Asn 1050 | | Ser | Gln | Leu | Asn 1055 | |
| 70 | Asp | Thr | Val | Glu 1060 | | Ala | Phe | Lys | Thr 1065 | | Leu | Thr | Ser | Phe 1070 | | Gln |
| | Val | Ala | Asn | Leu | Lys | Val | Ile | Ser | Ala | Tyr | His | Asp | Asn | Val | Asn | Val |

| | | | 1075 | 5 | | | | 1080 |) | • | | | 1085 | • | | |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Asp | Gln 1090 | Gly | Leu | Thr | Tyr | Phe 1095 | | Gly | Ile | Asp | Gln 1100 | | Ala | Pro | Gly |
| | Thr 1105 | | Tyr | Trp | Arg | Ser 1110 | | Asp | His | Ser | Lys 1115 | | Glu | Asn | Gly | Lys 1120 |
| 10 | Phe | Ala | Ala | Asn | Ala 1125 | | Gly | Glu | Trp | Asn 1130 | - | Ile | Thr | Cys | Ala 1135 | |
| | Asn | Pro | Trp | Lys 1140 | | Ile | Ile | Arg | Pro 1145 | | Val | Tyr | Met | Ser 1150 | | Leu |
| 15 | Tyr | Leu | Leu 1155 | | Leu | Glu | Gln | Gln 1160 | | Lys | Lys | Ser | Asp 1165 | | Gly | Lys |
| 20 | Thr | Thr 1170 | Ile | Tyr | Gln | Tyr | Asn 1175 | | Lys | Leu | Ala | His 1180 | | Arg | Tyr | qaA |
| 20 | Gly 1185 | | Trp | Asn | Thr | Pro 1190 | | Thr | Phe | Asp | Val 1195 | | Glu | Lys | Val | Lys 1200 |
| 25 | Asn | Tyr | Thr | Ser | Ser 1205 | | Asp | Ala | Ala | Glu 1210 | | Leu | Gly | Leu | Tyr 1215 | |
| | Thr | Gly | Tyr | Gln 1220 | _ | Glu | Asp | Thr | Leu 1225 | | Val | Met | Phe | Tyr 1230 | | Met |
| 30 | Gln | Ser | Ser 1235 | | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Thr 1240 | | Asn | Asn | Ala | Pro 1245 | | Thr | Gly |
| 35 | Leu | Tyr 1250 | Ile | Phe | Ala | Ąsp | Met 1255 | | Ser | Asp | Asn | Met 1260 | | Asn | Ala | Gln |
| | Ala 1265 | | Asn | Tyr | Trp | Asn 1270 | | Ser | Tyr | Pro | Gln 1275 | | Asp | Thr | Val | Met 1280 |
| 40 | Ala | Asp | Pro | Asp | Ser 1285 | ~ | Asn | Lys | Lys | Val 1290 | | Thr | Arg | Arg | Val 1295 | |
| | Asn | Arg | Tyr | Ala 1300 | | Asp | Tyr | Glu | Ile 1305 | | Ser | Ser | Val | Thr 1310 | | Asn |
| 45 | Ser | Asn | Tyr 1315 | | Trp | Gly | Asp | His 1320 | | Leu | Thr | Met | Leu 1325 | | Gly | Gly |
| 50 | Ser | Val 1330 | Pro | Asn | Ile | Thr | Phe 1335 | | Ser | Ala | Ala | Glu 1340 | | Leu | Arg | Leu |
| | Ser 1345 | | Asn | Met | Ala | Leu 1350 | | Ile | Ile | His | Asn 1355 | _ | Tyr | Ala | Gly | Thr 1360 |
| 55 | Arg | Arg | Ile | Gln | Cys 1365 | | Leu | Met | Lys | Gln 1370 | | Ala | Ser | Leu | Gly 1375 | |
| | Lys | Phe | Ile | Ile 1380 | | Asp | Ser | Ser | Phe 1389 | | Asp | Ala | Asn | Arg 1390 | | Asn |
| 60 | Leu | Val | Pro 1395 | | Phe | Lys | Phe | Gly 1400 | | Asp | Glu | Asn | Ser 1405 | _ | Asp | Ser |
| 65 | Ile | Cys 1410 | Ile | Tyr | Asn | Glu | Asn 1415 | | Ser | Ser | Glu | Asp 1420 | - | Lys | Trp | Tyr |
| | Phe 1425 | | Ser | Lys | Asp | Asp 1430 | | Lys | Thr | Ala | Asp 1439 | | Asn | Gly | Gly | Thr 1440 |
| 70 | Gln | Cys | Ile | Asp | Ala 1449 | | Thr | Ser | Asn | Lys 1450 | | Phe | Tyr | Tyr | Asn 1455 | |

| | Gln | Glu | Ile | Glu 146 | Val | Ile | : Ser | . Val | Thr 146 | Gly | . Gly | Tyr | Trp | Ser 147 | | Tyr |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Lys | Ile | Ser 147 | Asn 5 | Pro | Ile | : Asn | 11e 148 | Asn 0 | Thr | Gly | Ile | Asp 148 | | Ala | Lys |
| | Val | Lys 149 | Val 0 | Thr | Val | Lys | Ala 149 | Gly | Gly | Asp | Asp | Gln 150 | | Phe | Thr | Ala |
| 10 | Asp 150 | Asn 5 | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Val 151 | Pro 0 | Gln | Gln | Pro | Ala 151 | | Ser | Phe | Glu | Glu 152 |
| 15 | Met | Ile | Tyr | Gln | Phe 152 | Asn 5 | Asn | Leu | Thr | Ile 153 | | Cys | Lys | Asn | Leu 153 | Asn 5 |
| 10 | Phe | Ile | Asp | Asn 154 | Gln 0 | Ala | His | Ile | Glu 154 | Ile 5 | Asp | Phe | Thr | Ala 155 | | Ala |
| 20 | Gln | Asp | Gly 155 | Arg 5 | Phe | Leu | Gly | Ala 156 | Glu 0 | Thr | Phe | Ile | Ile 156 | | Val | Thr |
| | Lys | Lys 157 | Val 0 | Leu | Gly | Thr | Glu 157 | Asn 5 | Val | Ile | Ala | Leu 158 | | Ser | Glu | Asn |
| 25 | Asn 1585 | Gly | Val | Gln | Tyr | Met 159 | Gln 0 | Ile | Gly | Ala | Tyr 159 | | Thr | Arg | Leu | Asn 1600 |
| 30 | Thr | Leu | Phe | Ala | Gln 160 | Gln 5 | Leu | Val | Ser | Arg 161 | | Asn | Arg | Gly | Ile 161 | Asp 5 |
| | Ala | Val | Leu | Ser 1620 | Met) | Glu | Thr | Gln | Asn 162 | Ile 5 | Gln | Glu | Pro | Gln 163 | | Gly |
| 35 | Ala | Gly | Thr 1635 | Tyr | Val | Gln | Leu | Val 1640 | Leu) | Asp | Lys | Tyr | Asp 164 | | Ser | Ile |
| | His | Gly 1650 | Thr | Asn | Lys | Ser | Phe 165 | Ala 5 | Ile | Glu | Tyr | Val 1660 | | Ile | Phe | Lys |
| 40 | Glu 1665 | Asn | Asp | Ser | Phe | Val 1670 | Ile) | Tyr | Gln | Gly | Glu 1679 | | Ser | Glu | Thr | Ser 1680 |
| 45 | Gln | Thr | Val | Val | Lys 1685 | Val | Phe | Leu | Ser | Tyr 1690 | | Ile | Glu | Ala | Thr 1699 | |
| .0 | Asn | Lys | Asn | His 1700 | Leu) | Trp | Val | Arg | Ala 1705 | Lys | Tyr | Gln | Lys | Glu 1710 | | Thr |
| 50 | Asp | Lys | Ile 1715 | Leu | Phe | Asp | Arg | Thr 1720 | Asp) | Glu | Lys | Asp | Pro 1725 | | Gly | Trp |
| | Phe | Leu 1730 | Ser | Asp | Asp | His | Lys 1735 | Thr | Phe | Ser | Gly | Leu 1740 | Ser | Ser | Ala | Gln |
| 55 | Ala 1745 | Leu | Lys | Asn | Asp | Ser 1750 | Glu) | Pro | Met | Asp | Phe 1755 | Ser | Gly | Ala | Asn | Ala 1760 |
| 60 | Leu | Tyr | Phe | Trp | Glu 1765 | Leu | Phe | Tyr | Tyr | Thr 1770 | | Met | Met | Met | Ala 1775 | |
| | Arg | Leu | Leu | Gln 1780 | Glu | Gln | Asn | Phe | Asp 1785 | Ala | Ala | Asn | His | Trp 1790 | | Arg |
| 65 | Tyr | Val | Trp 1795 | Ser | Pro | Ser | Gly | Tyr 1800 | Ile | Val | Asp | Gly | Lys 1805 | | Ala | Ile |
| | Tyr | His 1810 | Trp | Asn | Val | Arg | Pro 1815 | Leu | Glu | Glu | Asp | Thr 1820 | | Trp | Asn | Ala |
| 70 | Gln 1825 | Gln | Leu | Asp | Ser | Thr 1830 | Asp | Pro | Asp | Ala | Val 1835 | | Gln | Asp | Asp | Pro 1840 |

| | Met | His | Tyr | Lys | Val 1845 | | Thr | Phe | Met | Ala 1850 | | Leu | Asp | Leu | Leu 1855 | |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Ala | Arg | Gly | Asp 1860 | | Ala | Tyr | Arg | Gln 1865 | | Glu | Arg | Asp | Thr 1870 | | Ala |
| 10 | Glu | Ala | Lys 1875 | | Trp | Tyr | Thr | Gln 1880 | | Leu | Asn | Leu | Leu 1885 | | Asp | Glu |
| +0 | Pro | Gln 1890 | Val | Met | Leu | Ser | Thr 1895 | | Trp | Ala | Asn | Pro 1900 | | Leu | Gly | Asn |
| 15 | Ala 1905 | | Ser | Lys | Thr | Thr 1910 | | Gln | Val | Arg | Gln 1919 | | Val | Leu | Thr | Gln 1920 |
| | Leu | Arg | Leu | Asn | Ser 1925 | | Val | Lys | Thr | Pro 1930 | | Leu | Gly | Thr | Ala 1935 | |
| 20 | Ser | Leu | Thr | Ala 1940 | | Phe | Leu | Pro | Gln 1945 | | Asn | Ser | Lys | Leu 1950 | _ | Gly - |
| 25 | Tyr | Trp | Arg 1955 | | Leu | Ala | Gln | Arg 1960 | | Phe | Asn | Leu | Arg 1965 | | Asn | Leu |
| | Ser | Ile 1970 | Asp) | Gly | Gln | Pro | Leu 1975 | | Leu | Pro | Leu | Tyr 1980 | | Lys | Pro | Ala |
| 30 | Asp 1985 | | ràa | Ala | Leu | Leu 1990 | | Ala | Ala | Val | Ser 1995 | | Ser | Gln | Gly | Gly 2000 |
| | Ala | Asp | Leu | Pro | Lys 2009 | | Pro | Leu | Thr | Ile 2010 | | Arg | Phe | Pro | Gln 2015 | |
| 35 | Leu | Glu | Gly | Ala 2020 | | Gly | Leu | Val | Asn 2025 | | Leu | Ile | Gln | Phe 2030 | | Ser |
| 40 | Ser | Leu | Leu 2039 | | Tyr | Ser | Glu | Arg 2040 | | qzA | Ala | Glu | Ala 2045 | | Ser | Gln |
| | Leu | Leu 2050 | Gln) | Thr | Gln | Ala | Ser 2055 | | Leu | Ile | Leu | Thr 2060 | | Ile | Arg | Met |
| 45 | Gln 2065 | | Asn | Gln | Leu | Ala 2070 | | Leu | Asp | Ser | Glu 2075 | | Thr | Ala | Leu | Gln 2080 |
| | Val | Ser | Leu | Ala | Gly 2089 | | Gln | Gln | Arg | Phe 2090 | | Ser | Tyr | Ser | Gln 2095 | |
| 50 | Tyr | Glu | Glu | Asn 210 | | Asn | Ala | Gly | Glu 2109 | | Arg | Ala | Leu | Ala 211 | | Arg |
| 55 | Ser | Glu | Ser 211 | | Ile | Glu | Ser | Gln 2120 | | Ala | Gln | Ile | Ser 212 | | Met | Ala |
| | Gly | Ala 213 | Gly | Val | Asp | Met | Ala 213 | | Asn | Ile | Phe | Gly 2140 | | Ala | Asp | Gly |
| 60 | Gly 2145 | | Hìs | Tyr | Gly | Ala 2150 | | Ala | Tyr | Ala | Ile 215 | | Asp | Gly | Ile | Glu 2160 |
| | Leu | Ser | Ala | Ser | Ala 216 | _ | Met | Val | Asp | Ala 2170 | | Lys | Val | Ala | Gln 2175 | |
| 65 | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Arg 218 | | Arg | Arg | Gln | Glu 2189 | | Lys | Ile | Gln | Arg 219 | | Asn |
| 70 | Ala | Gln | Ala 219 | | Ile | Asn | Gln | Leu 220 | | Ala | Gln | Leu | Glu 220 | | Leu | Ser |
| - | Ile | Arg | Arg | Glu | Ala | Ala | Glu | Met | Gln | Lys | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Lys | Thr | Gln |

| | | 2210 | | | | | 2215 . | | | | | | 2220 | | | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----|--|
| E | Gln 2225 | | Gln | Ala | Gln | Ala 2230 | | Leu | Thr | Phe | Leu 2235 | | Ser | Lys | Phe | Ser 2240 | | |
| 5 | Asn | Gln | Ala | Leu | Tyr 2245 | | Trp | Leu | Arg | Gly 2250 | | Leu | Ser | Gly | Ile 2255 | | | |
| 10 | Phe | Gln | Phe | Tyr 2260 | | Leu | Ala | Val | Ser 2265 | | Cys | Leu | Met | Ala 2270 | | Gln | | |
| | Ser | Tyr | Gln 2275 | Trp | Glu | Ala | Asn | Asp 2280 | | Ser | Ile | Ser | Phe 2285 | | Lys | Pro | | |
| 15 | Gly | Ala 2290 | | Gln | Gly | Thr | Tyr 2295 | | Gly | Leu | Leu | Cys 2300 | | Glu | Ala | Leu | | |
| 20 | Ile 2305 | | Asn | Leu | Ala | Gln 2310 | | Glu | Glu | Ala | Tyr 2315 | | Lys | | | Ser 2320 | | |
| | Arg | Ala | Leu | Glu - | Val 2325 | | Arg | Thr | Val | Ser 2330 | | Ala | Val | Val | Tyr 2335 | | | |
| 25 | Ser | Leu | Glu | Gly 2340 | | Asp | Arg | Phe | Asn 2345 | | Ala | Glu | Gln | Ile 2350 | | Ala | | |
| | Leu | Leu | Asp 2355 | Lys | Gly | Glu | Gly | Thr 2360 | | Gly | Thr | Lys | Glu 2365 | | Gly | Leu | | |
| 30 | Ser | Leu 2370 | | Asn | Ala | Ile | Leu 2375 | | Ala | Ser | Val | Lys 2380 | | Ser | Asp | Leu | | |
| 35 | Lys 238 | | Gly | Thr | Asp | Tyr 2390 | | Asp | Ser | Ile | Val 2399 | | Ser | Asn | Lys | Val 2400 | | |
| | Arg | Arg | Ile | Lys | Gln 2409 | | Ser | Val | Ser | Leu 241 | | Ala | Leu | Val | Gly 2415 | | | |
| 40 | Tyr | Gln | Asp | Val 2420 | | Ala | Met | Leu | Ser 2425 | | Gly | Gly | Ser | Thr 2430 | | Leu | | |
| | Pro | Lys | Gly 243 | Cys 5 | Ser | Ala | Leu | Ala 244 | | Ser | His | Gly | Thr 244 | | Asp | Ser | | |
| 45 | Gly | Gln 245 | | Gln | Leu | Asp | Phe 245 | | Asp | Gly | Lys | Tyr 246 | | Pro | Phe | Glu | | |
| 5 0 | Gly 246 | | Ala | Leu | Asp | Asp 2470 | | Gly | Thr | Leu | Asn 247 | | Gln | Phe | Pro | Asn 2480 | | |
| 50 | Ala | Thr | Asp | Lys | Gln 248 | | Ala | Ile | Leu | Gln 249 | | Met | Ser | Asp | Ile 2495 | | | |
| 55 | Leu | His | Ile | Arg 250 | | Thr | Ile | Arg | * 250 | 5 | | | - | | | | | |
| | (2) | INE | FORM | ATIO | N FO | OR S | EQ I | D NO |):13 | : | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | | | · | (C) | LENC TYPE STRA TOPO | ETH: E: and ANDE: OLOG | 12 minc DNES Y: 1 | amin ac: S: : | no a id sing ar | cids | ; | | | | | | ٠ | |
| 65 | | | ~ | OLEC EOUE | | | | _ | | EO 1 | D No | 0:13 | (Tc | :dA: | N - 1 | terminus | 3) | |
| | | | | - Cl | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |

-169-

والمؤلفة والمتعاول والمنافعة والمتعارض والمتعا

1 5 . . 10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14: 5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14 (TcdB N-terminus): 15 Met Gln Asn Ser Gln Thr Phe Ser Val Gly Glu Leu (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15: 20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15 (TcaAii N-terminus): 30 Ala Gln Asp Gly Asn Gln Asp Thr Phe Phe Ser Gly Asn Thr (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16: 35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single 40 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16 (TcbA N-terminus): 45 Met Gln Asn Ser Leu (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17: 50

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

55

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17 ($TcdA_{ii}$ -PTlll internal peptide):

Ala Phe Asn Ile Asp Asp Val Ser Leu Phe

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids 5 (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18 (TcdA; - PT79 internal 10 peptide): Phe Ile Val Tyr Thr Ser Leu Gly Val Asn Pro Asn Asn Ser Ser Asn 15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 21 amino acids 20 (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide 25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19 (TcaBi- PT158 internal peptide): Ile Ser Asp Leu Val Thr Thr Ser Pro Leu Ser Glu Ala Ile Gly Ser 30 Leu Gln Leu Phe Ile 20 35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids 40 (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide 45 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20 (TcaBi- PT 108 internal peptide): Met Tyr Tyr Ile Gln Ala Gln Gln Leu Leu Gly Pro 50 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 55 (A) LENGTH: 26 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide 60 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21 (TcbA; - PT103 internal peptide):

```
Gly Ile Asp Ala Val Leu Ser Met Glu Thr Gln Asn Ile Gln Glu Pro
                                              10
          Gln Leu Gly Ala Gly Thr Tyr Val Gln Leu
 5
      (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:
10
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
15
          (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22 (TcbAii- PT56 internal
     peptide):
20
          Ile Ser Asm Pro Ile Asm Ile Asm Thr Gly Ile Asp Ser Ala Lys
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:
25
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
30
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23 (TcbA- PT81 (a)
     internal peptide):
35
          Thr Tyr Leu Thr Ser Phe Glu Gln Val Ala Asn Leu Lys
40
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 22 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
45
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24 (TcbAii - PT81 (b)
50
     internal peptide):
          Val Leu Gly Thr Glu Asn Val Ile Ala Leu Tyr Ser Glu Asn Asn Gly
55
          Val Gln Tyr Met Gln Ile
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 6054 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid 5 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) (ix) FEATURE: 10 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 1..43 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product = "end of TcaA;;;" (ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: RBS 15 (B) LOCATION: 51 (ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 65 3634 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /product= "TcaBi" 20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25: A GTA GCC CAA AAC TTA AGT GCC GCA ATC AGC AAT CGT CAG TAACCGGATA 50 Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Ser Ala Ala Ile Ser Asn Arg Gln ••• 25 AAGAAGGAAT TGATT ATG TCT GAA TCT TTA TTT ACA CAA ACG TTG AAA GAA Met Ser Glu Ser Leu Phe Thr Gln Thr Leu Lys Glu 30 GCG CGC CGT GAT GCA TTG GTT GCT CAT TAT ATT GCT ACT CAG GTG CCC Ala Arg Arg Asp Ala Leu Val Ala His Tyr Ile Ala Thr Gln Val Pro 35 GCA GAT TTA AAA GAG AGT ATC CAG ACC GCG GAT GAT CTG TAC GAA TAT Ala Asp Leu Lys Glu Ser Ile Gln Thr Ala Asp Asp Leu Tyr Glu Tyr CTG_TTG CTG GAT ACC AAA ATT AGC GAT CTG GTT ACT ACT TCA CCG CTG 40 Leu Leu Leu Asp Thr Lys Ile Ser Asp Leu Val Thr Thr Ser Pro Leu TCC GAA GCG ATT GGC AGT CTG CAA TTG TTT ATT CAT CGT GCG ATA GAG Ser Glu Ala Ile Gly Ser Leu Gln Leu Phe Ile His Arg Ala Ile Glu 45 GGC TAT GAC GGC ACG CTG GCA GAC TCA GCA AAA CCC TAT TTT GCC GAT Gly Tyr Asp Gly Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Ala Lys Pro Tyr Phe Ala Asp 50 GAA CAG TTT TTA TAT AAC TGG GAT AGT TTT AAC CAC CGT TAT AGC ACT Glu Gln Phe Leu Tyr Asn Trp Asp Ser Phe Asn His Arg Tyr Ser Thr 100 55 TGG GCT GGC AAG GAA CGG TTG AAA TTC TAT GCC GGG GAT TAT ATT GAT Trp Ala Gly Lys Glu Arg Leu Lys Phe Tyr Ala Gly Asp Tyr Ile Asp CCA ACA TTG CGA TTG AAT AAG ACC GAG ATA TTT ACC GCA TTT GAA CAA 60 Pro Thr Leu Arg Leu Asn Lys Thr Glu Ile Phe Thr Ala Phe Glu Gln 125 GGT ATT TCT CAA GGG AAA TTA AAA AGT GAA TTA GTC GAA TCT AAA TTA Gly Ile Ser Gln Gly Lys Leu Lys Ser Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Lys Leu 65 150

CGT GAT TAT CTA ATT AGT TAT GAC ACT TTA GCC ACC CTT GAT TAT ATT

| | Arg | Asp | Tyr | Leu 160 | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Thr 165 | Leų | Ala | Thr | Leu | Asp 170 | Tyr | Ile | |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | | | | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | 628 |
| 10 | | | | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | 676 |
| 15 | | | | | | TTG Leu 210 | | | | | | | | | | | 724 |
| | | | | | | AGT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | 772 |
| 20 | | | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | 820 |
| 25 | | | | | | GTT Val | | | | | | | | | | | 868 |
| 30 | | | | | | AAG Lys | | | | | | | | | | | 916 |
| 35 | | | | | | GCA Ala 290 | | | | | | | | | | | 964 |
| | | | | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | 1012 |
| 40 | | | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | 1060 |
| 45 | | | | | | TCT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | 1108 |
| 50 | | | | | | TCG Ser | | | | | | | | | | | 1156 |
| 55 | ATG Met 365 | TGT Cys | CAT His | GGA Gly | CAA Gln | AGT Ser 370 | TAC Tyr | AAT Asn | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | AAC Asn 375 | TAC Tyr | TGC Cys | AAT Asn | TTT Phe | ACA Thr 380 | 1204 |
| | | | | | | ATA Ile | | | | | | | | | | | 1252 |
| 60 | GAT Asp | GGA Gly | AAA Lys | CAA Gln 400 | TTT Phe | ACA Thr | CCA Pro | CCT Pro | TCT Ser 405 | GGT Gly | TCT Ser | GCC Ala | ATT Ile | GAT Asp 410 | TTA Leu | CAC His | 1300 |
| 65 | CTC Leu | CCT Pro | AAT Asn 415 | TAT Tyr | GTA Val | GAT Asp | CTC Leu | AAC Asn 420 | GCG Ala | CTA Leu | TTA Leu | GAT Asp | ATT Ile 425 | AGC Ser | CTC Leu | GAT Asp | 1348 |
| 70 | TCA Ser | CTA Leu 430 | CTT Leu | AAT Asn | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | GTT Val 435 | CAG Gln | GGG Gly | CAG Gln | TTT Phe | GGC Gly 440 | GGA Gly | TCT Ser | AAT Asn | CCG Pro | 1396 |

| | | | | GGT Gly 450 | | | | | | 1444 |
|-----|--|-----|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|------|
| 5 | | | | CTT Leu | | | | | | 1492 |
| 10 | | Asp | | ACT Thr | | | | | | 1540 |
| 15 | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | 1588 |
| 20 | | | | CCA Pro | | | | | | 1636 |
| 20 | | | | GAT Asp 530 | | | | | | 1684 |
| 25 | | | | ATA Ile | | | | | | 1732 |
| 30 | | | | TAC Tyr | | | | | | 1780 |
| 35 | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | 1828 |
| 40 | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | 1876 |
| 10 | | | | ACA Thr 610 | | | | | | 1924 |
| 45 | | | | CTA Leu | | | | | | 1972 |
| 50 | | | | CCG Pro | | | | | | 2020 |
| 55_ | | | | CTA Leu | | | | | | 2068 |
| 60 | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | 2116 |
| | | | | CAA Gln 690 | | | | | | 2164 |
| 65 | | | | AGT Ser | | | | | | 2212 |
| 70 | | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | 2260 |

| 5 | TTA Leu | CAA Gln | ACA Thr 735 | ACG Thr | TTA Leu | GAA Glu | CAT His | CAG Gln 740 | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | ATG Met 745 | ACG Thr | ATA Ile | CTG Leu | 2308 |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 3 | TTG Leu | CAG Gln 750 | ACT Thr | CAA Gln | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | GCC Ala 755 | ATC Ile | CTG Leu | AAA Lys | CAT His | CAG Gln 760 | CAC His | GAT Asp | ATA Ile | CAA Gln | 2356 |
| 10 | CAA Gln 765 | AAT Asn | AAT Asn | CTA Leu | AAA Lys | GGA Gly 770 | TTA Leu | CAA Gln | CAC His | AGC Ser | CTG Leu 775 | ACC Thr | GCA Ala | TTA Leu | CAG Gln | GCT Ala 780 | 2404 |
| 15 | AGC Ser | CGT Arg | GAT Asp | GGC Gly | GAC Asp 785 | ACA Thr | TTG Leu | CGG Arg | CAA Gln | AAA Lys 790 | CAT His | TAC Tyr | AGC Ser | GAC Asp | CTG Leu 795 | ATT Ile | 2452 |
| 20 | Asn | Gly | Gly | Leu 800 | Ser | Ala | Ala | Glu | Ile 805 | Ala | Gly | Leu | Thr | Leu 810 | Arg | Ser | 2500 |
| 25 | Thr | Ala | Met 815 | Ile | Thr | Asn | Gly | Val 820 | Ala | Thr | Gly | Leu | Leu 825 | Ile | Ala | Gly | 2548 |
| | Gly | Ile 830 | Ala | Asn | Ala | Val | Pro 835 | Asn | Val | Phe | Gly | Leu 840 | Ala | Asn | Gly | Gly | 2596 |
| 30 | TCG Ser 845 | GAA Glu | TGG Trp | GGA Gly | GCG Ala | CCA Pro 850 | TTA Leu | ATT Ile | GGC Gly | TCC Ser | GGG Gly 855 | CAA Gln | GCA Ala | ACC Thr | CAA Gln | GTT Val 860 | 2644 |
| 35 | Gly | Ala | Gly | Ile | Gln 865 | Asp | Gln | Ser | Ala | Gly 870 | Ile | Ser | Glu | Val | Thr 875 | Ala | 2692 |
| 40 | GGC Gly | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | CGT Arg 880 | CGT Arg | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | TGG Trp 885 | GCA Ala | TTG Leu | CAA Gln | CGG Arg | GAT Asp 890 | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | 2740 |
| 45 | GAT Asp | AAC Asn | GAA Glu 895 | ATA Ile | ACC Thr | CAA Gln | CTG Leu | GAT Asp 900 | GCC Ala | CAG Gln | ATA Ile | CAA Gln | AGC Ser 905 | CTG Leu | CAA Gln | GAG Glu | 2788 |
| | CAA Gln | ATC Ile 910 | ACG Thr | ATG Met | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | AAA Lys 915 | CAG Gln | ATC Ile | ACG Thr | CTC Leu | TCT Ser 920 | GAA Glu | ACC Thr | GAA Glu | CAA Gln | 2836 |
| 50 | GCG Ala 925 | AAT Asn | GCC Ala | CAA Gln | GCG Ala | ATT Ile 930 | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | CTG Leu | CAA Gln | ACC Thr 935 | ACT Thr | CGT Arg | TTT Phe | ACC Thr | GGG Gly 940 | 2884 |
| 55 | CAG Gln | GCA Ala | CTG Leu | TAT Tyr | AAC Asn 945 | TGG Trp | ATG Met | GCC Ala | GGT Gly | CGT Arg 950 | CTC Leu | TCC Ser | GCG Ala | CTC Leu | TAT Tyr 955 | TAC Tyr | 2932 |
| 60 | CAA Gln | ATG Met | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp 960 | TCC Ser | ACT Thr | CTG Leu | CCA Pro | ATC Ile 965 | TGT Cys | CTC Leu | CAG Gln | CCA Pro | AAA Lys 970 | GCC Ala | GCA Ala | 2980 |
| 65 | TTA Leu | GTA Val | CAG Gln 975 | GAA Glu | TTA Leu | GGC Gly | GAG Glu | AAA Lys 980 | GAG Glu | AGC Ser | GAC Asp | AGT Ser | CTT Leu 985 | TTC Phe | CAG Gln | GTT Val | 3028 |
| | CCG Pro | GTG Val 990 | TGG Trp | AAT Asn | GAT Asp | CTG Leu | TGG Trp 995 | CAA Gln | GGG Gly | CTG Leu | TTA Leu | GCA Ala 1000 | Gly | GAA Glu | GGT Gly | TTA Leu | 3076 |
| 70 | AGT Ser | TCA Ser | GAG Glu | CTA Leu | CAG Gln | AAA Lys | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | GCC Ala | ATC Ile | TGG Trp | CTT Leu | GCA Ala | CGT Arg | GGT Gly | GGT Gly | 3124 |

| | 1005 | 1010 | .1015 | 1020 |
|-----|--|--|---|-------------------------|
| 5 | | Ile Arg Thr Val | TCG CTG GAT ACC CTG Ser Leu Asp Thr Leu 1030 | |
| 3.0 | | | AAA GTG CTT AAC GGG Lys Val Leu Asn Gly 5 105 | Glu Thr |
| 10 | GTA TCT CCA TCC GGT Val Ser Pro Ser Gly 1055 | GGC GTC ACT CTG Gly Val Thr Leu 1060 | GCG CTG ACA GGG GAT Ala Leu Thr Gly Asp 1065 | ATC TTC 3268 Ile Phe |
| 15 | | | GGT TTG GAT AAC TCT Gly Leu Asp Asn Ser 1080 | |
| 20 | | | AAA CGT ATC GCC GTC Lys Arg Ile Ala Val 1095 | |
| 25 | | Pro Tyr Gln Asp | CTT GAA GCC ACA CTG Leu Glu Ala Thr Leu 1110 | |
| 30 | | | GGT GTG AAT GAC GGA Gly Val Asn Asp Gly 5 113 | Gly Arg |
| 30 | | | TTT CTG CCT TTT GAA Phe Leu Pro Phe Glu 1145 | |
| 35 | GAT GCA ACA ACC GGC Asp Ala Thr Thr Gly 1150 | ACA CTG GAG CTC Thr Leu Glu Leu 1155 | AAT ATT TTC CAT GCG Asn Ile Phe His Ala 1160 | GGT AAA 3556 Gly Lys |
| 40 | | | AAT CTG AGT GAC ATC Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile 1175 | |
| 45 | CAT CTG AAT TAC ATC His Leu Asn Tyr Ile 118 | Ile Arg Asp Ala | TAA ATTTCTTTTC TTTG' * 1190 | TCGATT 3654 |
| | ACAGGTCCCT ATCAGGGG | CC TGTTATTAAG GA | GTACTTTA TGCAGGATTC | ACCAGAAGTA 3714 |
| 50 | TCGATTACAA CGCTGTCA | CT TCCCAAAGGT GG | CGGTGCTA TCAATGGCAT | GGGAGAAGCA 3774 |
| 50 | CTGAATGCTG CCGGCCCT | GA TGGAATGGCC TC | CCTATCTC TGCCATTACC | CCTTTCGACC 3834 |
| | GGCAGAGGGA CGGCTCCT | GG ATTATCGCTG AT | TTACAGCA ACAGTGCAGG | FAATGGGCCT 3894 |
| 55 | TTCGGCATCG GCTGGCAA | TG CGGTGTTATG TC | CATTAGCC GACGCACCCA | ACATGGCATT 3954 |
| | CCACAATACG GTAATGAC | GA CACGTTCCTA TO | CCCACAAG GCGAGGTCAT | GAATATCGCC 4014 |
| 60 | CTGAATGACC AAGGGCAA | .CC TGATATCCGT ÇA. | AGACGTTA AAACGCTGCA | AGGCGTTACC 4074 |
| 00 | TTGCCAATTT CCTATACC | GT GACCCGCTAT CA | AGCCCGCC AGATCCTGGA | TTTCAGTAAA 4134 |
| | ATCGAATACT GGCAACCT | GC CTCCGGTCAA GA | AGGACGCG CTTTCTGGCT | GATATCGACA 4194 |
| 65 | CCGGACGGGC ATCTACAC | AT CTTAGGGAAA AC | CGCGCAGG CTTGTCTGGC | AAATCCGCAA 4254 |
| .* | AATGACCAAC AAATCGCC | CA GTGGTTGCTG GA | AGAAACTG TGACGCCAGC | CGGTGAACAT 4314 |
| 70 | GTCAGCTATC AATATCGA | GC CGAAGATGAA GC | CCATTGTG ACGACAATGA | AAAAACCGCT 4374 |
| | CATCCCAATG TTACCGCA | CA GCGCTATCTG GT | ACAGGTGA ACTACAGGCA | ACATCAAACC 4434 |

| | ACAAGCCAGC | CTGTTCGTAC | TGGATAACGC | ACCTCCCGCA | CCGGAAGAGT | GGCTGTTTCA | 4494 |
|------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| 5 | TCTGGTCTTT | GACCACGGTG | AGCGCGTACC | TCACTTCATA | CCGTGCCAAC | ATGGGATGCA | 4554 |
| 3 | GGTACAGCGC | AATGGTCTGT | ACGCCCGGAT | ATCTTCTCTC | GCTATGAATA | TGGTTTTGAA | 4614 |
| | GTGCGTACTC | GCCGCTTATG | TCAACAAGTG | CTGATGTTTC | ACCGCACCGC | GCTCATGGCC | 4674 |
| 10 | GGAGAAGCCA | GTACCAATGA | CGCCCCGGAA | CTGGTTGGAC | GCTTAATACT | GGAATATGAC | 4634 |
| | AAAAACGCCA | GCGTCACCAC | GTTGATTACC | ATCCGTCAAT | TAAGCCATGA | ATCGGACGGG | 4794 |
| 15 | AGGCCAGTCA | CCCAGCCACC | ACTAGAACTA | GCCTGGCAAC | GGTTTGATCT | GGAGAAAATC | 4854 |
| 13 | CCGACATGGC | AACGCTTTGA | CGCACTAGAT | AATTTTAACT | CGCAGCAACG | TTATCAACTG | 4865 |
| | GTTGATCTGC | GGGGAGAAGG | GTTGCCAGGT | ATGCTGTATC | AAGATCGAGG | CGCTTGGTGG | 4914 |
| 20 | TATAAAGCTC | CGCAACGTCA | GGAAGACGGA | GACAGCAATG | CCGTCACTTA | CGACAAAATC | 4974 |
| | GCCCCACTGC | CTACCCTACC | CAATTTGCAG | GATAATGCCT | CATTGATGGA | TATCAACGGA | 5034 |
| 25 | GACGGCCAAC | TGGATTGGGT | TGTTACCGCC | TCCGGTATTC | GCGGATACCA | TAGTCAGCAA | 5094 |
| 23 | CCCGATGGAA | AGTGGACGCA | CTTTACGCCA | ATCAATGCCT | TGCCCGTGGA | ATATTTTCAT | 5214 |
| | CCAAGCATCC | AGTTCGCTGA | CCTTACCGGG | GCAGGCTTAT | CTGATTTAGT | GTTGATCGGG | 5274 |
| 30 | CCGAAAAGCG | TGCGTCTATA | TGCCAACCAG | CGAAACGGCT | GGCGTAAAGG | AGAAGATGTC | 5334 |
| | CCCCAATCCA | CAGGTATCAC | CCTGCCTGTC | ACAGGGACCG | ATGCCCGCAA | ACTGGTGGCT | 5394 |
| 35 | TTCAGTGATA | TGCTCGGTTC | CGGTCAACAA | CATCTGGTGG | AAATCAAGGG | TAATCGCGTC | 5454 |
| 55 | ACCTGTTGGC | CGAATCTAGG | GCATGGCCGT | TTCGGTCAAC | CACTAACTCT | GTCAGGATTT | 5514 |
| | AGCCAGCCCG | AAAATAGCTT | CAATCCCGAA | CGGCTGTTTC | TGGCGGATAT | CGACGGCTCC | 5574 |
| 40 | GGCACCACCG | ACCTTATCTA | TGCGCAATCC | GGCTCTTTGC | TCATTTATCT | CAACCAAAGT | 5634 |
| | GGTAATCAGT | TTGATGCCCC | GTTGACATTA | GCGTTGCCAG | AAGGCGTACA | ATTTGACAAC | 5694 |
| 45 | ACTTGCCAAC | TTCAAGTCGC | CGATATTCAG | GGATTAGGGA | TAGCCAGCTT | GATTCTGACT | 5754 |
| 10 | GTGCCACATA | TCGCGCCACA | TCACTGGCGT | TGTGACCTGT | CACTGACCAA | ACCCTGGTTG | 5814 |
| | TTGAATGTAA | TGAACAATAA | CCGGGGCGCA | CATCACACGC | TACATTATCG | TAGTTCCGCG | 5874 |
| 50 | CAATTCTGGT | TGGATGAAAA | ATTACAGCTC | ACCAAAGCAG | GCAAATCTCC | GGCTTGTTAT | 5934 |
| | CTGCCGTTTC | CAATGCATTT | GCTATGGTAT | ACCGAAATTC | AGGATGAAAT | CAGCGGCAAC | 5994 |
| 55 _ | CGGCTCACCA | GTGAAGTCAA | CTACAGCCAC | GGCGTCTGGG | ATGGTAAAGA | GCGGGAATTC | 6054 |
| | | | | | | | |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

60

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1189 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- 65 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26 (TcaB protein):

Met Ser Glu Ser Leu Phe Thr Gln Thr Leu Lys Glu Ala Arg Arg Asp 1 5 10

| | Ala | Leu | Val | Ala 20 | His | Tyr | Ile | Ala | Thr 25 | Gln | Val | Pro | Ala | Asp 30 | Leu | Lys |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Glu | Ser | Ile 35 | Gln | Thr | Ala | qaA | Asp 40 | Leu | Tyr | Glu | Tyr | Leu 45 | Leu | Leu | Asp |
| | Thr | Lys 50 | Ile | Ser | Asp | Leu | Val 55 | Thr | Thr | Ser | Pro | Leu 60 | Ser | Glu | Ala | Ile |
| 10 | Gly 65 | Ser | Leu | Gln | Leu | Phe 70 | Ile | His | Arg | Ala | Ile 75 | Glu | Gly | Tyr | Asp | Gly 80 |
| 15 | Thr | Leu | Ala | Asp | Ser 85 | Ala | Lys | Pro | Tyr | Phe 90 | Ala | Asp | Glu | Gln | Phe 95 | Leu |
| 10 | Tyr | Asn | Trp | Asp 100 | Ser | Phe | Asn | His | Arg 105 | Tyr | Ser | Thr | Trp | Ala 110 | Gly | Lys |
| 20 | Glu | Arg | Leu 115 | Lys | Phe | Tyr | Ala | Gly 120 | Asp | Tyr | Ile | Asp | Pro 125 | Thr | Leu | Arg |
| | Leu | Asn 130 | Lys | Thr | Glu | Ile | Phe 135 | Thr | Ala | Phe | Glu | Gln 140 | Gly | Ile | Ser | Gl'n |
| 25 | Gly 145 | Lys | Leu | Lys | Ser | Glu 150 | Leu | Val | Glu | Ser | Lys 155 | Leu | Arg | Asp | Tyr | Leu 160 |
| 30 | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Thr 165 | Leu | Ala | Thr | Leu | Asp 170 | Tyr | Ile | Thr | Ala | Cys 175 | Gln |
| 30 | Gly | Lys | Asp | Asn 180 | Lys | Thr | Ile | Phe | Phe 185 | Ile | Gly | Arg | Thr | Gln 190 | Asn | Ala |
| 35 | Pro | Tyr | Ala 195 | Phe | Tyr | Trp | Arg | Lys 200 | Leu | Thr | Leu | | Thr 205 | Asp | Gly | Gly |
| | Lys | Leu 210 | Lys | Pro | Asp | Gln | Trp 215 | Ser | Glu | Trp | Arg | Ala 220 | Ile | Asn | Ala | Gly |
| 40 | Ile 225 | Ser | Glu | Ala | Tyr | Ser 230 | Gly | His | Val | Glu | Pro 235 | Phe | Trp | Glu | Asn | Asn 240 |
| 45 | Lys | Leu | His | Ile | Arg 245 | Trp | Phe | Thr | Ile | Ser 250 | Lys | Glu | Asp | Lys | Ile 255 | Asp |
| | Phe | Val | Tyr | Lys 260 | Asn | Ile | Trp | Val | Met 265 | Ser | Ser | Asp | Tyr | Ser 270 | Trp | Ala |
| 50 | Ser | Lys | Lys 275 | Lys | Ile | Leu | Glu | Leu 280 | Ser | Phe | Thr | Asp | Tyr 285 | Asn | Arg | Val |
| | Gly | Ala 290 | Thr | Gly | Ser | Ser | Ser 295 | Pro | Thr | Glu | Val | Ala 300 | Ser | Gln | Tyr | Gly |
| 55 | Ser 305 | Asp | Ala | Gln | Met | Asn 310 | Ile | Ser | Asp | qzA | Gly 315 | Thr | Val | Leu | Ile | Phe 320 |
| 60 | Gln | Asn | Ala | -Gly | Gly 325 | Ala | Thr | Pro | Ser | Thr 330 | Gly | Val | Thr | Leu | Cys 335 | Tyr |
| | Asp | Ser | Gly | Asn 340 | Val | Ile | Lys | Asn | Leu 345 | Ser | Ser | Thr | Gly | Ser 350 | Ala | Asn |
| 65 | Leu | Ser | Ser 355 | Lys | Asp | Tyr | Ala | Thr 360 | Thr | Lys | Leu | Arg | Met 365 | Cys | His | Gly |
| | Gln | Ser 370 | Tyr | Asn | Asp | Asn | Asn 375 | Tyr | Cys | Asn | Phe | Thr 380 | Leu | Ser | Ile | Asn |
| 70 | Thr 385 | Ile | Glu | Phe | Thr | Ser 390 | Tyr | Gly | Thr | Phe | Ser 395 | Ser | Asp | Gly | Lys | Gln 400 |

| | Phe | Thr | Pro | Pro | Ser 405 | Gly | Ser | Ala | Ile | Asp 410 | Leu | His | Leu | Pro | Asn 415 | Tyr |
|----|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Val | Asp | Leu | Asn 420 | Ala | Leu | Leu | Asp | Ile 425 | Ser | Leu | Asp | Ser | Leu 430 | Leu | Asn |
| 10 | Tyr | Asp | Val 435 | Gln | Gly | Gln | Phe | Gly 440 | Gly | Ser | Asn | Pro | Val 445 | Asp | Asn | Phe |
| 10 | Ser | Gly 450 | Pro | Tyr | Gly | Ile | Tyr 455 | Leu | Trp | Glu | Ile | Phe 460 | Phe | His | Ile | Pro |
| 15 | Phe 465 | Leu | Val | Thr | Val | Arg 470 | Met | Gln | Thr | Glu | Gln 475 | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Asp | Ala 480 |
| | Asp | Thr | Trp | Tyr | Lys 485 | Tyr | Ile | Phe | Arg | Ser 490 | Ala | Gly | Tyr | Arg | Asp 495 | Ala |
| 20 | Asn | Gly | Gln | Leu 500 | Ile | Met | Asp | Gly | Ser 505 | Lys | Pro | Arg | Tyr | Trp 510 | Asn | Val |
| 25 | Met | Pro | Leu 515 | Gln | Leu | Asp. | Thr | Ala 520 | Trp | qaA | Thr | Thr | Gln 525 | Pro | Ala | Thr |
| 23 | Thr | Asp 530 | Pro | Asp | Val | Ile | Ala 535 | Met | Ala | Asp | Pro | Met 540 | His | Tyr | Lys | Leu |
| 30 | Ala 545 | Ile | Phe | Leu | His | Thr 550 | Leu | Asp | Leu | Leu | Ile 555 | Ala | Arg | Gly | Asp | Ser 560 |
| | Ala | Tyr | Arg | Gln | Leu 565 | Glu | Arg | Asp | Thr | Leu 570 | Val | Glu | Ala | Lys | Met 575 | Tyr |
| 35 | Tyr | Ile | Gln | Ala 580 | Gln | Gln | Leu | Leu | Gly 585 | Pro | Arg | Pro | Asp | Ile 590 | His | Thr |
| 40 | Thr | Asn | Thr 595 | Trp | Pro | Asn | Pro | Thr 600 | Leu | Ser | Lys | Glu | Ala 605 | Gly | Ala | Ile |
| | Ala | Thr 610 | Pro | Thr | Phe | Leu | Ser 615 | Ser | Pro | Glu | Val | Met 620 | Thr | Phe | Ala | Ala |
| 45 | Trp 625 | Leu | Ser | Ala | Gly | Asp 630 | Thr | Ala | Asn | Ile | Gly 635 | Asp | Gly | Asp | Phe | Leu 640 |
| | Pro | Pro | Tyr | Asn | Asp 645 | Val | Leu | Leu | Gly | Tyr 650 | Trp | Asp | Lys | Leu | Glu 655 | Leu |
| 50 | Arg | Leu | Tyr | Asn 660 | Leu | Arg | His | Asn | Leu 665 | Ser | Leu | Asp | Gly | Gln 670 | Pro | Leu |
| 55 | Asn | Leu | Pro 675 | Leu | Tyr | Ala | Thr | Pro 680 | Val | Asp | Pro | Lys | Thr 685 | Leu | Gln | Arg |
| | Gln | Gln 690 | Ala | Gly | Gly | qaA | Gly 695 | Thr | Gly | Ser | Ser | Pro 700 | Ala | Gly | Gly | Gln |
| 60 | Gly 705 | Ser | Val | Gln | Gly | Trp 710 | Arg | Tyr | Pro | Leu | Leu 715 | Val | Glu | Arg | Ala | Arg 720 |
| | Ser | Ala | Val | Ser | Leu 725 | Leu | Thr | Gln | Phe | Gly 730 | Asn | Ser | Leu | Gln | Thr 735 | |
| 65 | Leu | Glu | His | Gln 740 | Asp | Asn | Glu | Lys | Met 745 | Thr | Ile | Leu | Leu | Gln 750 | Thr | Gln |
| 70 | Gln | Glu | Ala 755 | Ile | Leu | Lys | His | Gln 760 | His | Asp | Ile | Gln | Gln 765 | Asn | Asn | Leu |
| - | \mathbf{L}_{x} 3 | Gly | Leu | Gln | His | Ser | Leu | Thr | Ala | Leu | Gln | Ala | Ser | Arg | Asp | Gly |

| | | 770 | | | | | 775 | | | , | | 780 | | | | |
|-----|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| 5 | Asp 785 | Thr | Leu | Arg | Gln | Lys 790 | His | Tyr | Ser | Asp | Leu 795 | Ile | Asn | Gly | Gly | Leu 800 |
| J | Ser | Ala | Ala | Glu | Ile 805 | Ala | Gly | Leu | Thr | Leu 810 | Arg | Ser | Thr | Ala | Met 815 | Ile |
| 10 | Thr | Asn | Gly | Val 820 | Ala | Thr | Gly | Leu | Leu 825 | Ile | Ala | Gly | Gly | Ile 830 | Ala | Asn |
| | Ala | Val | Pro 835 | Asn | Val | Phe | Gly | Leu 840 | Ala | Asn | Gly | Gly | Ser 845 | Glu | Trp | Gly |
| 15 | Ala | Pro 850 | Leu | Ile | Gly | Ser | Gly 855 | Gln | Ala | Thr | Gln | Val 860 | Gly | Ala | Gly | Ile |
| 20 | 865 | Asp | | | | 870 | | | | | 875 | | _ | | | 880 |
| | | Gln | | - | 885 | | | | | 890 | | | | | 895 | |
| 25 | | Gln | | 900 | | | | | 905 | | | | | 910 | | |
| 2.0 | | Gln | 915 | | | | | 920 | | | | | 925 | | | |
| 30 | | 11e 930 | | | | | 935 | | | | | 940 | | | | |
| 35 | 945 | Trp | | | | 950 | | | | | 955 | | | | | 960 |
| | | Thr | | | 965 | | | | | 970 | | | | | 975 | |
| 40 | | Gly | | 980 | | | | | 985 | | | | | 990 | - | |
| 45 | | Leu | 995 | | | | | 1000 |) | | _ | | 1005 | 5 | | |
| 4.5 | | Lys 1010 |) | | | | 1015 | 5 | | | | 1020 |) | | | |
| 50 | 1025 | Ile Glu | | | | 1030 |) | | | | 1035 | 5 | | | | 1040 |
| | | Gly | | | 1045 | 5 | | | | 1050 |) | | | | 1055 | 5 |
| 55 | | Leu | | 1060 |) | | | | 1065 | 5 | | | | 1070 |) | |
| 60 | | Lys | 1075 | 5 | | | | 1080 |) | | | | 1085 | 5 | | |
| | | 1090 Pro |) | | | | 1095 | 5 | | | | 1100 |) | | | |
| 65 | 1109 | | | | | 1110 |) | | | | 1115 | 5 | | | | 1120 |
| _ | | Asn | | | 1125 | 5 | | | | 1130 |) | | | | 1135 | i |
| 70 | | | - | 1140 | ס <u> </u> | | | | 1145 | | 1 | 5 | F | 1150 | | - |

Gly Thr Leu Glu Leu Asn Ile Phe His Ala Gly Lys Glu Gly Thr Gln 1160 His Glu Leu Val Ala Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile Ile Val His Leu Asn Tyr 5 1175 Ile Ile Arg Asp Ala 1190 10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1881 base pairs 15 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: double (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) (ix) FEATURE: 20 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 1..1881 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: tcaB; (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27 (tcaB; coding region): 25 ATG TCT GAA TCT TTA TTT ACA CAA ACG TTG AAA GAA GCG CGC CGT GAT Met Ser Glu Ser Leu Phe Thr Gln Thr Leu Lys Glu Ala Arg Arg Asp GCA TTG GTT GCT CAT TAT ATT GCT ACT CAG GTG CCC GCA GAT TTA AAA 30 Ala Leu Val Ala His Tyr Ile Ala Thr Gln Val Pro Ala Asp Leu Lys GAG AGT ATC CAG ACC GCG GAT GAT CTG TAC GAA TAT CTG TTG CTG GAT 35 Glu Ser Ile Gln Thr Ala Asp Asp Leu Tyr Glu Tyr Leu Leu Leu Asp ACC AAA ATT AGC GAT CTG GTT ACT ACT TCA CCG CTG TCC GAA GCG ATT Thr Lys Ile Ser Asp Leu Val Thr Thr Ser Pro Leu Ser Glu Ala Ile 40 GGC AGT CTG CAA TTG TTT ATT CAT CGT GCG ATA GAG GGC TAT GAC GGC Gly Ser Leu Gln Leu Phe Ile His Arg Ala Ile Glu Gly Tyr Asp Gly 45 ACG CTG GCA GAC TCA GCA AAA CCC TAT TTT GCC GAT GAA CAG TTT TTA Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Ala Lys Pro Tyr Phe Ala Asp Glu Gln Phe Leu 85 50 TAT AAC TGG GAT AGT TTT AAC CAC CGT TAT AGC ACT TGG GCT GGC AAG Tyr Asn Trp Asp Ser Phe Asn His Arg Tyr Ser Thr Trp Ala Gly Lys 105 GAA CGG TTG AAA TTC TAT GCC GGG GAT TAT ATT GAT CCA ACA TTG CGA Glu Arg Leu Lys Phe Tyr Ala Gly Asp Tyr Ile Asp Pro Thr Leu Arg 55 120 TTG AAT AAG ACC GAG ATA TTT ACC GCA TTT GAA CAA GGT ATT TCT CAA Leu Asn Lys Thr Glu Ile Phe Thr Ala Phe Glu Gln Gly Ile Ser Gln 60 130 135 GGG AAA TTA AAA AGT GAA TTA GTC GAA TCT AAA TTA CGT GAT TAT CTA Gly Lys Leu Lys Ser Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Lys Leu Arg Asp Tyr Leu 65 ATT AGT TAT GAC ACT TTA GCC ACC CTT GAT TAT ATT ACT GCC TGC CAA Ile Ser Tyr Asp Thr Leu Ala Thr Leu Asp Tyr Ile Thr Ala Cys Gln

170

| 5 | GGC : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
|----|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------|
| J | CCC ' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| 10 | AAG ' Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| 15 | ATT I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| 20 | AAG (| Leu | His | Ile | Arg 245 | Trp | Phe | Thr | Ile | Ser 250 | Lys | Glu | Asp | Lys | Ile 255 | Asp | 768 |
| 25 | TTT (| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 816 |
| | TCA I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 864 |
| 30 | GGA G | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 912 |
| 35 | Ser 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| 40 | Gln / | Asn | Ala | Gly | Gly 325 | Ala | Thr | Pro | Ser | Thr 330 | Gly | Val | Thr | Leu | Cys 335 | Tyr | 1008 |
| 45 | GAC Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1056 |
| | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1104 |
| 50 | Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1152 |
| 55 | ACA Thr 385 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1200 |
| 60 | TTT . Phe | ACA Thr | CCA Pro | CCT Pro | TCT Ser 405 | GGT Gly | TCT Ser | GCC Ala | ATT Ile | GAT Asp 410 | TTA Leu | CAC His | CTC Leu | CCT Pro | AAT Asn 415 | TAT Tyr | 1248 |
| 65 | GTA (| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1296 |
| | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | GTT Val 435 | CAG Gln | GGG Gly | CAG Gln | TTT Phe | GGC Gly 440 | GGA Gly | TCT Ser | AAT Asn | CCG Pro | GTT Val 445 | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | TTC Phe | 1344 |
| 70 | AGT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1392 |

| | | 450 | | | | | 455 | | | | | 460 | | | | | |
|----|-----|------------|------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------------------|------|------|
| 5 | | | | | | CGT Arg 470 | | | | | | | | | | | 1440 |
| 10 | | | | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | 1488 |
| 10 | | | | | | ATG Met | | | | | | | | | | | 1536 |
| 15 | | | | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | 1584 |
| 20 | | | | | | ATC Ile | | | | | | | | | | | 1632 |
| 25 | | | | | | ACC Thr 550 | | | | | | | | | | | 1680 |
| 30 | | | | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | 1728 |
| 30 | | | | | | CAG Gln | | | | | | | | | | | 1776 |
| 35 | | | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | 1824 |
| 40 | | | | | | CTC Leu | | | | | | | | | | | 1872 |
| 45 | | CTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1881 |
| | (2) | INF | ORM | OITA | N FC | R SI | EQ I | D NC | 28 | : | | | | | | | |
| 50 | | | (i) | (. | A) I B) I | E CI ENG' | ΓΗ: : am | 627 ino | ami: | no a d | cids | ; | | | | | |
| 55 | | (| ii) | | • | OPOI | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| | | (| xi) | SEQ | UENC | E DI | ESCR | IPTI | ON: | SEQ | ID | NO: | 28 (| Tcal | B _i p | rote | in): |
| 60 | 1 | | | | 5 | Phe | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | | |
| | Ala | Leu | Val | A1a 20 | His | Tyr | Ile | Ala | Thr 25 | Gln | Val | Pro | Ala | Asp 30 | Leu | Lys | |
| 65 | | | . 35 | | | Ala | | 40 | | | | | 45 | | | | |
| | Thr | Lys 50 | Ile | Ser | Asp | Leu | Val 55 | Thr | Thr | Ser | Pro | Leu 60 | Ser | Glu | Ala | Ile | |

| | Gly 65 | Ser | Leu | Gln | Leu | Phe 70 | Ile | His | Arg | Ala | .Ile 75 | Glu | Gly | Tyr | Asp | Gly 80 |
|----|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Thr | Leu | Ala | Asp | Ser 85 | Ala | Lys | Pro | Tyr | Phe 90 | Ala | Asp | Glu | Gln | Phe 95 | Leu |
| | Tyr | Asn | Trp | Asp 100 | Ser | Phe | Asn | His | Arg 105 | Tyr | Ser | Thr | Trp | Ala 110 | Gly | Lys |
| 10 | Glu | Arg | Leu 115 | Lys | Phe | туг | Ala | Gly 120 | Asp | Tyr | Ile | Asp | Pro 125 | Thr | Leu | Arg |
| 15 | Leu | Asn 130 | Lys | Thr | Glu | Ile | Phe 135 | Thr | Ala | Phe | Glu | Gln 140 | Gly | Ile | Ser | Gln |
| 13 | Gly 145 | Lys | Leu | Lys | Ser | Glu 150 | Leu | Val | Glu | Ser | Lys 155 | Leu | Arg | Asp | Tyr | Leu 160 |
| 20 | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Thr 165 | Leu | Ala | Thr | Leu | Asp 170 | Tyr | Ile | Thr | Ala | Cys 175 | Gln |
| | Gly | Lys | Asp | Asn 180 | Lys | Thr | Ile | Phe | Phe 185 | Ile | Gly | Arg | Thr | Gln 190 | Asn | Ala |
| 25 | Pro | Tyr | Ala 195 | Phe | Tyr | Trp | Arg | Lys 200 | Leu | Thr | Leu | Val | Thr 205 | Asp | Gly | Gly |
| 30 | Lys | Leu 210 | Lys | Pro | Asp | Gln | Trp 215 | Ser | Glu | Trp | Arg | Ala 220 | Ile | Asn | Ala | Gly |
| 30 | Ile 225 | Ser | Glu | Ala | Tyr | Ser 230 | Gly | His | Val | Glu | Pro 235 | Phe | Trp | Glu | Asn | Asn 240 |
| 35 | Lys | Leu | His | Ile | Arg 245 | Trp | Phe | Thr | Ile | Ser 250 | Lys | Glu | Asp | Lys | Ile 255 | Asp |
| | Phe | Val | Tyr | Lys 260 | Asn | Ile | Trp | Val | Met 265 | Ser | Ser | Asp | Tyr | Ser 270 | Trp | Ala |
| 40 | Ser | Lys | Lys 275 | Lys | Ile | Leu | Glu | Leu 280 | Ser | Phe | Thr | Asp | Tyr 285 | Asn | Arg | Val |
| 45 | Gly | -Ala 290 | Thr | Gly | Ser | Ser | Ser 295 | Pro | Thr | Glu | Val | Ala 300 | Ser | Gln | Tyr | Gly |
| | Ser 305 | Asp | Ala | Gln | Met | Asn 310 | Ile | Ser | Asp | Asp | Gly 315 | Thr | Val | Leu | Ile | Phe 320 |
| 50 | Gln | Asn | Ala | Gly | Gly 325 | Ala | Thr | Pro | Ser | Thr 330 | Gly | Val | Thr | Leu | Cys 335 | Tyr |
| | Asp | Ser | Gly | Asn 340 | Val | Ile | Lys | Asn | Leu 345 | Ser | Ser | Thr | Gly | Ser 350 | Ala | Asn |
| 55 | Leu | Ser | Ser 355 | Lys | Asp | Tyr | Ala | Thr 360 | Thr | Lys | Leu | Arg | Met 365 | Cys | His | Gly |
| 60 | Gln | Ser 370 | Tyr | Asn- | Asp | Asn | Asn 375 | Tyr | Cys | Asn | Phe | Thr 380 | Leu | Ser | Ile | Asn |
| | Thr 385 | Ile | Glu | Phe | Thr | Ser 390 | Tyr | Gly | Thr | Phe | Ser 395 | Ser | Asp | Gly | Lys | Gln 400 |
| 65 | | | Pro | | 405 | | | | | 410 | | | | | 415 | - |
| | | | Leu | 420 | | | | | 425 | | | | | 430 | | |
| 70 | Tyr | Asp | Val 435 | Gln | Gly | Gln | Phe | Gly 440 | Gly | Ser | Asn | Pro | Val 445 | Asp | Asn | Phe |

| | Ser | Gly 450 | Pro | Tyr | Gly | Ile | Tyr 455 | Leu | Trp | Glu | Ile | Phe 460 | Phe | His | Ile | Pro | | |
|-----|-----------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|---------|-----|
| 5 | Phe 465 | Leu | Val | Thr | Val | Arg 470 | Met | Gln | Thr | Glu | Gln 475 | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Asp | Ala 480 | | |
| 1.0 | Asp | Thr | Trp | Tyr | Lys 485 | Tyr | Ile | Phe | Arg | Ser 490 | Ala | Gly | Tyr | Arg | Asp 495 | Ala | | |
| 10 | Asn | Gly | Gln | Leu 500 | Ile | Met | Asp | Gly | Ser 505 | Lys | Pro | Arg | Tyr | Trp 510 | Asn | Val | | |
| 15 | Met | Pro | Leu 515 | Gln | Leu | Asp | Thr | Ala 520 | Trp | Asp | Thr | Thr | Gln 525 | Pro | Ala | Thr | | |
| | Thr | Asp 530 | Pro | Asp | Val | Ile | Ala 535 | Met | Ala | Asp | Pro | Met 540 | His | Tyr | Lys | Leu | - | |
| 20 | Ala 545 | Ile | Phe | Leu | His | Thr 550 | Leu | Asp | Leu | Leu | Ile 555 | Ala | Arg | Gly | Asp | Ser 560 | | |
| 25 | Ala | Tyr | Arg | Gln | Leu 565 | Glu | Arg | Āsp | Thr | Leu 570 | Val | Glu | Ala | Lys | Met 575 | Tyr | | |
| 2 J | Tyr | Ile | Gln | Ala 580 | Gln | Gln | Leu | Leu | Gly 585 | Pro | Arg | Pro | Asp | Ile 590 | His | Thr | | |
| 30 | Thr | Asn | Thr 595 | Trp | Pro | Asn | Pro | Thr 600 | Leu | Ser | Lys | Glu | Ala 605 | Gly | Ala | Ile | | |
| | Ala | Thr 610 | Pro | Thr | Phe | Leu | Ser 615 | Ser | Pro | Glu | Val | Met 620 | Thr | Phe | Ala | Ala | | |
| 35 | Trp 625 | Leu | Ser | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | (2) | | | ATIO | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | | | | (C) (D) | LENC TYPE STRA TOPO | TH: I: ni MDE LOG | 168 ucle DNES Y: l | 9 basic a S: c inea | ase acid doub ar | pair le | | | | | | | | |
| 50 | | (ii (ix | :) F] | OLEC EATU (A) (B) (D) | RE : NAME LOCA | YE/KE | Y: C N: 1 | DS | 589 | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | | (xi | | | | | | | | | | 0:29 | (to | aB; | ; co | ding | regaion |) : |
| 55 | GCA Ala 1 | GGC Gly | GAT | ACC | GCA | AAT | ATT | GGC | GAC | GGT | GAT | TTC | TTG | CCA | CCG | TAC | 48 | |
| 60 | AAC Asn | GAT Asp | GTA Val | CTA Leu 20 | CTC Leu | GGT Gly | TAC Tyr | TGG Trp | GAT Asp 25 | AAA Lys | CTT Leu | GAG Glu | TTA Leu | CGC Arg 30 | CTA Leu | TAC Tyr | 96 | |
| c= | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 | |
| 65 | | TAT Tyr 50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 192 | |

| e | | | | | | | AGT Ser | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | | | | | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | 288 |
| 10 | | | | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | 336 |
| 15 | | - | | | | | ACG Thr | | | | | | | | | | 384 |
| 20 | | | | | | | GAT Asp 135 | | | | | | | | | | 432 |
| 25 | | | | | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | 480 |
| | | | | | | | GAC Asp | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
| 30 | | | | | | | CTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
| 35 | | | | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| 40 | | | | | | | AAC Asn 215 | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| 45 | | | | | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| | AGC Ser | GCG Ala | GGC Gly | ATT Ile | TCA Ser 245 | GAA Glu | GTG Val | ACA Thr | GCA Ala | GGC Gly 250 | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | CGT Arg | CGT Arg | CAG Gln 255 | GAA Glu | 768 |
| 50 | GAA Glu | TGG Trp | GCA Ala | TTG Leu 260 | CAA Gln | CGG Arg | GAT Asp | ATT Ile | GCT Ala 265 | GAT Asp | AAC Asn | GAA Glu | ATA Ile | ACC Thr 270 | CAA Gln | CTG Leu | 816 |
| 55 <u></u> | GAT Asp | GCC Ala | CAG Gln 275 | ATA Ile | CAA Gln | AGC Ser | CTG Leu | CAA Gln 280 | GAG Glu | CAA Gln | ATC Ile | ACG Thr | ATG Met 285 | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | AAA Lys | 864 |
| 60 | CAG Gln | ATC Ile 290 | ACG Thr | CTC Leu | TCT Ser | GAA Glu | ACC Thr 295 | GAA Glu | CAA Gln | GCG Ala | AAT Asn | GCC Ala 300 | CAA Gln | GCG Ala | ATT Ile | TAT Tyr | 912 |
| 65 | GAC Asp 305 | CTG Leu | CAA Gln | ACC Thr | ACT Thr | CGT Arg 310 | TTT Phe | ACC Thr | GGG Gly | CAG Gln | GCA Ala 315 | CTG Leu | TAT Tyr | AAC Asn | TGG Trp | ATG Met 320 | 960 |
| - * | GCC Ala | GGT Gly | CGT Arg | CTC Leu | TCC Ser 325 | GCG Ala | CTC Leu | TAT Tyr | TAC Tyr | CAA Gln 330 | ATG Met | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp | TCC Ser | ACT Thr 335 | CTG Leu | 1008 |
| 70 | CCA Pro | ATC Ile | TGT Cys | CTC Leu | CAG Gln | CCA Pro | AAA Lys | GCC Ala | GCA Ala | TTA Leu | GTA Val | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | TTA Leu | GGC Gly | GAG Glu | 1056 |

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| | | | | 340 | | | | | 345 | | | | | 350 | | | |
|----|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | | | | | | | | CAG Gln 360 | | | | | | | | | 1104 |
| 10 | | | | | | | | GGT Gly | | | | | | | | | 1152 |
| 10 | GAT Asp 385 | GCC Ala | ATC Ile | TGG Trp | CTT Leu | GCA Ala 390 | CGT Arg | GGT Gly | GGT Gly | ATT Ile | GGG Gly 395 | CTA Leu | GAA Glu | GCC Ala | ATC Ile | CGC Arg 400 | 1200 |
| 15 | | | | | | | | TTT Phe | | | | | | | | | 1248 |
| 20 | | | | | | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | 1296 |
| 25 | ACT Thr | CTG Leu | GCG Ala 435 | CTG Leu | ACA Thr | GGG Gly | GAT Asp | ATC Ile 440 | TTC Phe | CAA Gln | GCA Ala | ACA Thr | CTG Leu 445 | GAT Asp | TTG Leu | AGT Ser | 1344 |
| 30 | | | | | | | | TAC Tyr | | | | | | | | | 1392 |
| | | | | | | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | 1440 |
| 35 | CAA Gln | GAT Asp | CTT Leu | GAA Glu | GCC Ala 485 | ACA Thr | CTG Leu | GTA Val | ATG Met | GGT Gly 490 | GCG Ala | GAA Glu | ATC Ile | GCC Ala | GCC Ala 495 | TTA Leu | 1488 |
| 40 | | | | | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | 1536 |
| 45 | | | | | | | | GGT Gly 520 | | | | | | | | | 1584 |
| 50 | | Leu | | Ile | Phe | His | Ala | GGT Gly | Lys | Glu | Gly | Thr | Gln | | | | 1632 |
| | | | | | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | 1680 |
| 55 | | GCG Ala | TAA * | | | | | | | | | | | | ÷ | | 1689 |
| 60 | (2) | INF | ORM | OITA | N FC | R SI | EQ I | D NO | 30:30 | : | | | - | | | | |

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 562 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

65

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30 (TcaB; protein): Ala Gly Asp Thr Ala Asn Ile Gly Asp Gly Asp Phe Leu Pro Pro Tyr 5 Asn Asp Val Leu Leu Gly Tyr Trp Asp Lys Leu Glu Leu Arg Leu Tyr Asn Leu Arg His Asn Leu Ser Leu Asp Gly Gln Pro Leu Asn Leu Pro 10 Leu Tyr Ala Thr Pro Val Asp Pro Lys Thr Leu Gln Arg Gln Gln Ala 15 Gly Gly Asp Gly Thr Gly Ser Ser Pro Ala Gly Gly Gln Gly Ser Val Gln Gly Trp Arg Tyr Pro Leu Leu Val Glu Arg Ala Arg Ser Ala Val 20 Ser Leu Leu Thr Gln Phe Gly Asn Ser Leu Gln Thr Thr Leu Glu His Gln Asp Asn Glu Lys Met Thr Ile Leu Leu Gln Thr Gln Gln Glu Ala 25 Ile Leu Lys His Gln His Asp Ile Gln Gln Asn Asn Leu Lys Gly Leu 30 Gln His Ser Leu Thr Ala Leu Gln Ala Ser Arg Asp Gly Asp Thr Leu Arg Gln Lys His Tyr Ser Asp Leu Ile Asn Gly Gly Leu Ser Ala Ala 35 Glu Ile Ala Gly Leu Thr Leu Arg Ser Thr Ala Met Ile Thr Asn Gly Val Ala Thr Gly Leu Leu Ile Ala Gly Gly Ile Ala Asn Ala Val Pro 40 Asn Val Phe Gly Leu Ala Asn Gly Gly Ser Glu Trp Gly Ala Pro Leu 45 Ile Gly Ser Gly Gln Ala Thr Gln Val Gly Ala Gly Ile Gln Asp Gln Ser Ala Gly Ile Ser Glu Val Thr Ala Gly Tyr Gln Arg Arg Gln Glu 50 Glu Trp Ala Leu Gln Arg Asp Ile Ala Asp Asn Glu Ile Thr Gln Leu 265 Asp Ala Gln Ile Gln Ser Leu Gln Glu Gln Ile Thr Met Ala Gln Lys 55 Gln Ile Thr Leu Ser Glu Thr Glu Gln Ala Asn Ala Gln Ala Ile Tyr 295 60 Asp Leu Gln Thr Thr Arg Phe Thr Gly Gln Ala Leu Tyr Asn Trp Met Ala Gly Arg Leu Ser Ala Leu Tyr Tyr Gln Met Tyr Asp Ser Thr Leu 65 Pro Ile Cys Leu Gln Pro Lys Ala Ala Leu Val Gln Glu Leu Gly Glu 345 Lys Glu Ser Asp Ser Leu Phe Gln Val Pro Val Trp Asn Asp Leu Trp 70 360

| | Gln | Gly 370 | Leu | Leu | Ala | Gly | Glu 375 | Gly | Leu | Ser | Ser | Glu 380 | Leu | Gln | Lys | Leu | |
|------|------------------|------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|-----|
| 5 | Asp 385 | Ala | Ile | Trp | Leu | Ala 390 | Arg | Gly | Gly | Ile | Gly 395 | Leu | Glu | Ala | Ile | Arg 400 | |
| 10 | Thr | Val | Ser | Leu | Asp 405 | Thr | Leu | Phe | Gly | Thr 410 | Gly | Thr | Leu | Ser | Glu 415 | Asn | |
| 10 | Ile | Asn | Lys | Val 420 | Leu | Asn | Gly | Glu | Thr 425 | Val | Ser | Pro | Ser | Gly 430 | Gly | Val | |
| 15 | Thr | Leu | Ala 435 | Leu | Thr | Gly | Asp | Ile 440 | Phe | Gln | Ala | Thr | Leu 445 | Asp | Leu | Ser | |
| | Gln | Leu 450 | Gly | Leu | Asp | Asn | Ser 455 | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Gly | Asn 460 | Glu | Lys | Lys | Arg | |
| 20 | Arg 465 | Ile | Lys | Arg | Ile | Ala 470 | Val | Thr | Leu | Pro | Thr 475 | Leu | Leu | Gly | Pro | Tyr 480 | |
| 25 . | Gln | Asp | Leu | Glu | Ala 485 | Thr | Leu | Val | Met | Gly 490 | Ala | Glu | Ile | Ala | Ala 495 | Leu | |
| 23 . | Ser | His | Gly | Val 500 | Asn | Asp | Gly | Gly | Arg 505 | Phe | Val | Thr | Asp | Phe 510 | Asn | Asp | |
| 30 | Ser | Arg | Phe 515 | Leu | Pro | Phe | Glu | Gly 520 | Arg | Asp | Ala | Thr | Thr 525 | Gly | Thr | Leu | |
| | Glu | Leu 530 | Asn | Ile | Phe | His | Ala 535 | Gly | Lys | Glu | Gly | Thr 540 | Gln | His | Glu | Leu | |
| 35 | Val 545 | Ala | Asn | Leu | Ser | Asp 550 | Ile | Ile | Val | His | Leu 555 | Asn | Tyr | Ile | Ile | Arg 560 | |
| 40 | Asp | Ala | * | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | INF | 'ORM | TIO | n fo | R SI | EQ I | D NC |):31 | : | | | | | | | |
| 45 | | (i | | (A) (B) | LENG TYPE | TH: | RACT 445 1cle DNES | 8 ba ic a | se p | pair | s | | | | | | |
| 50 | ~ _ _ | |) M(:) Fl | OLEC EATU (A) | ULE RE : NAME | TYPI | Y: 1 E: D Y: C N: 1 | na (Ds | gen | omic | ·) | | - | | | | |
| 55 | | | | - | | | CRIP | | | | | | | - | | | |
| | | | | | | | GTA Val | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| 60 | | | | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | 96 |
| 65 | | | | | | | CTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| | | | | | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | 192 |

| | | 50 | | | | | 55 | | | | | 60 | | | | | |
|----|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------|
| 5 | | | CCT Pro | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
| 10 | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 288 |
| 10 | | | CCA Pro | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 336 |
| 15 | | | GAT Asp 115 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 384 |
| 20 | CCA Pro | ATT Ile 130 | TCC Ser | TAT Tyr | ACC Thr | GTG Val | ACC Thr 135 | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln | GCC Ala | CGC Arg 140 | CAG Gln | ATC Ile | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | 432 |
| 25 | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 480 |
| 30 | | | TGG Trp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
| | | | GCG Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
| 35 | | | TGG Trp 195 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| 40 | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| 45 | | | GCT Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| 50 | AAC Asn | TAC Tyr | GGC Gly | AAC Asn | ATC Ile 245 | AAA Lys | CCA Pro | CAA Gln | GCC Ala | AGC Ser 250 | CTG Leu | TTC Phe | GTA Val | CTG Leu | GAT Asp 255 | AAC Asn | 768 |
| | | | CCC Pro | | Pro | | | | | | | | | | | | 816 |
| 55 | | | CGC Arg 275 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 864 |
| 60 | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 912 |
| 65 | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| 70 | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| | GAA | CTG | GTT | GGA | CGC | ATT | ATA | CTG | GAA | TAT | GAC | AAA | AAC | GCC | AGC | GTC | 1056 |

| | Glu | Leu | Val | Gly 340 | Arg | Leu | Ile | Leu | Glu 345 | | Asp | Lys | Asn | Ala 350 | | Val | |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | ACC Thr | ACG Thr | TTG Leu 355 | Ile | ACC Thr | ATC Ile | CGT Arg | CAA Gln 360 | TTA Leu | AGC Ser | CAT His | GAA Glu | TCG Ser 365 | GAC Asp | GGG Gly | AGG Arg | 1104 |
| 10 | CCA Pro | GTC Val 370 | ACC Thr | CAG Gln | CCA Pro | CCA Pro | CTA Leu 375 | GAA Glu | CTA Leu | GCC Ala | TGG Trp | CAA Gln 380 | CGG Arg | TTT Phe | GAT Asp | CTG Leu | 1152 |
| 15 | GAG Glu 385 | AAA Lys | ATC Ile | CCG Pro | ACA Thr | TGG Trp 390 | CAA Gln | CGC Arg | TTT Phe | GAC Asp | GCA Ala 395 | CTA Leu | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | TTT Phe | AAC Asn 400 | 1200 |
| i | TCG Ser | CAG Gln | CAA Gln | CGT Arg | TAT Tyr 405 | CAA Gln | CTG Leu | GTT Val | GAT Asp | CTG Leu 410 | CGG Arg | GGA Gly | GAA Glu | GGG Gly | TTG Leu 415 | CCA | 1248 |
| 20 | GGT Gly | ATG Met | CTG Leu | TAT Tyr 420 | CAA Gln | GAT Asp | CGA Arg | GGC Gly | GCT Ala 425 | TGG Trp | TGG Trp | TAT Tyr | AAA Lys | GCT Ala 430 | CCG Pro | CAA Gln | 1296 |
| 25 | CGT Arg | CAG Gln | GAA Glu 435 | GAC Asp | GGA Gly | GAC Asp | AGC Ser | AAT Asn 440 | GCC Ala | GTC Val | ACT Thr | TAC Tyr | GAC Asp 445 | AAA Lys | ATC Ile | GCC Ala | 1344 |
| 30 | CCA Pro | CTG Leu 450 | CCT Pro | ACC Thr | CTA Leu | CCC Pro | AAT Asn 455 | TTG Leu | CAG Gln | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | GCC Ala 460 | TCA Ser | TTG Leu | ATG Met | GAT Asp | 1392 |
| 35 | ATC Ile 465 | AAC Asn | GGA Gly | GAC Asp | GGC Gly | CAA Gln 470 | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | TGG Trp | GTT Val | GTT Val 475 | ACC Thr | GCC Ala | TCC Ser | GGT Gly | ATT Ile 480 | 1440 |
| | CGC Arg | GGA Gly | TAC Tyr | CAT His | AGT Ser 485 | CAG Gln | CAA Gln | CCC Pro | GAT Asp | GGA Gly 490 | AAG Lys | TGG Trp | ACG Thr | CAC His | TTT Phe 495 | ACG Thr | 1488 |
| 40 | CCA Pro | ATC Ile | AAT Asn | GCC Ala 500 | TTG Leu | CCC Pro | GTG Val | GAA Glu | TAT Tyr 505 | TTT Phe | CAT His | CCA Pro | AGC Ser | ATC Ile 510 | CAG Gln | TTC Phe | 1536 |
| 45 | GCT Ala | GAC Asp | CTT Leu 515 | ACC Thr | GGG Gly | GCA Ala | GGC Gly | TTA Leu 520 | TCT Ser | GAT Asp | TTA Leu | GTG Val | TTG Leu 525 | ATC Ile | GGG Gly | CCG Pro | 1584 |
| 50 | TA2 TY2 | AGC Ser 530 | GTG Val | CGT Arg | CTA Leu | TAT Tyr | GCC Ala 535 | AAC Asn | CAG Gln | CGA Arg | AAC Asn | GGC Gly 540 | TGG Trp | CGT Arg | AAA Lys | GGA Gly | 1632 |
| 55 | GAA Glu 545 | GAT Asp | GTC Val | CCC Pro | CAA Gln | TCC Ser 550 | ACA Thr | GGT Gly | ATC Ile | ACC Thr | CTG Leu 555 | CCT Pro | GTC Val | ACA Thr | GGG Gly | ACC Thr 560 | 1680 |
| | GAT Asp | GCC Ala | CGC Arg | AAA Lys | CTG Leu 565 | GTG Val | GCT Ala | TTC Phe | AGT Ser | GAT Asp 570 | ATG Met | CTC Leu | GGT Gly | TCC Ser | GGT Gly 575 | CAA Gln | 1728 |
| 60 | CAA Gln | CAT His | CTG Leu | GTG Val 580 | GAA Glu | ATC Ile | AAG Lys | GGT Gly | AAT Asn 585 | CGC Arg | GTC Val | ACC Thr | TGT Cys | TGG Trp 590 | CCG Pro | AAT Asn | 1776 |
| 65 | CTA Leu | GGG Gly | CAT His 595 | GGC Gly | CGT Arg | TTC Phe | GGT Gly | CAA Gln 600 | CCA Pro | CTA Leu | ACT Thr | CTG Leu | TCA Ser 605 | GGA Gly | TTT Phe | AGC Ser | 1824 |
| 70 | CAG Gln | CCC Pro 610 | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | AGC Ser | TTC Phe | AAT Asn 615 | CCC Pro | GAA Glu | CGG Arg | Leu | TTT Phe 620 | CTG Leu | GCG Ala | GAT Asp | ATC Ile | 1872 |

| | GAC Asp 625 | GGC Gly | TCC Ser | GGC Gly | ACC Thr | ACC Thr 630 | GAC Asp | CTT Leu | ATC Ile | TAT Tyr | GCG Ala 635 | CAA Gln | TCC Ser | GGC Gly | TCT Ser | TTG Leu 640 | 1920 |
|----|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | | | | CTC Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1968 |
| 10 | | | | CCA Pro 660 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2016 |
| 15 | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2064 |
| 20 | | | | GCG Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2112 |
| | CCC Pro 705 | TGG Trp | TTG Leu | TTG Leu | AAT Asn | GTA Val 710 | ATG Met | AAC Asn | AAT Asn | AAC Asn | CGG Arg 715 | GGC Gly | GCA Ala | CAT His | CAC His | ACG Thr 720 | 2160 |
| 25 | CTA Leu | CAT His | TAT Tyr | CGT Arg | AGT Ser 725 | TCC Ser | GCG Ala | CAA Gln | TTC Phe | TGG Trp 730 | TTG Leu | GAT Asp | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | TTA Leu 735 | CAG Gln | 2208 |
| 30 | | | | GCA Ala 740 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2256 |
| 35 | | | | TGG Trp | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2304 |
| 40 | | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2352 |
| | | | | AGA Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2400 |
| 45 | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2448 |
| 50 | | | | GCC Ala 820 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2496 |
| 55 | | | | CAG Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2544 |
| 60 | | | | TGG Trp | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2592 |
| | | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | 2640 |
| 65 | | | | GAG Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2688 |
| 70 | CCT Pro | TAT Tyr | ACC Thr | GTC Val 900 | AGT Ser | GAA Glu | TCG Ser | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr 905 | CAG Gln | GTA Val | CGC Arg | TCT Ser | ATT Ile 910 | CCC Pro | GTA Val | 2736 |

| 5 | AAT Asn | AAA Lys | GAA Glu 915 | ACT Thr | GAA Glu | TTA Leu | TCT Ser | GCC Ala 920 | TGG Trp | GTG Val | ACT Thr | GCT Ala | ATT Ile 925 | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | CGC Arg | 2784 |
|----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| J | AGC Ser | TAC Tyr 930 | CAC His | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | CGT Arg | ATC Ile 935 | ATC Ile | ACT Thr | GAC Asp | CCA Pro | CAG Gln 940 | TTC Phe | AGC Ser | CAG Gln | AGT Ser | 2832 |
| 10 | ATC Ile 945 | AAG Lys | TTG Leu | CAA Gln | CAC His | GAT Asp 950 | ATC Ile | TTT Phe | GGT Gly | CAA Gln | TCA Ser 955 | CTG Leu | CAA Gln | AGT Ser | GTC Val | GAT Asp 960 | 2880 |
| 15 | ATT Ile | GCC Ala | TGG Trp | CCG Pro | CGC Arg 965 | CGC Arg | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | CCA Pro | GCA Ala 970 | GTG Val | AAT Asn | CCC Pro | TAC Tyr | CCG Pro 975 | CCT Pro | 2928 |
| 20 | Thr | Leu | Pro | Glu 980 | Thr | Leu | Phe | Asp | Ser 985 | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Asp | Gln 990 | Gln | Gln | 2976 |
| 25 | Leu | Leu | Arg 995 | Leu | Val | Arg | Gln | Lys 1000 | Asn) | Ser | Trp | His | His 1005 | Leu | Thr | Asp | 3024 |
| | GGG Gly | GAA Glu 1010 | Asn | TGG Trp | CGA Arg | TTA Leu | GGT Gly 1015 | Leu | CCG Pro | AAT Asn | GCA Ala | CAA Gln 1020 | Arg | CGT Arg | GAT Asp | GTT Val | 3072 |
| 30 | TAT Tyr 1025 | Thr | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp | CGG Arg | AGC Ser 1030 | Lys | ATT Ile | CCA Pro | ACC Thr | GAA Glu 1035 | Gly | ATT Ile | TCC Ser | CTT Leu | GAA Glu 1040 | 3120 |
| 35 | ATC Ile | TTG Leu | CTG Leu | AAA Lys | GAT Asp 1045 | Asp | GGC Gly | CTG Leu | CTA Leu | GCA Ala 1050 | Asp | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | GCG Ala | GCC Ala 105 | Val | 3168 |
| 40 | TAT Tyr | CTG Leu | GGA Gly | CAA Gln 1060 | Gln | CAG Gln | ACG Thr | TTT Phe | TAC Tyr 1069 | Thr | GCC Ala | GGT Gly | CAA Gln | GCG Ala 1070 | Glu | GTC Val | 3216 |
| 45 | ACT Thr | CTA Leu | GAA Glu 1075 | Lys | CCC Pro | ACG Thr | TTA Leu | CAA Gln 1080 | Ala | CTG Leu | GTC Val | GCG Ala | TTC Phe 1085 | Gln | GAA Glu | ACC Thr | 3264 |
| | GCC Ala | ATG Met 1090 | Met | GAC Asp | GAT Asp | ACC Thr | TCA Ser 1095 | Leu | CAG Gln | GCG Ala | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu 1100 | Gly | GTG Val | ATT Ile | GAA Glu | 3312 |
| 50 | GAG Glu 1105 | Gln | GAG Glu | TTG Leu | AAT Asn | ACC Thr 1110 | Ala | CTG Leu | ACA Thr | CAG Gln | GCC Ala 1115 | Gly | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | CAA Gln | GTC Val 1120 | 3360 |
| 55 | GCG Ala | CGG Arg | TTG Leu | TTT Phe | AAT Asn 1125 | Thr | AGA Arg | TCA Ser | GAA Glu | AGC Ser 1130 | Pro | GTA Val | TGG Trp | GCG Ala | GCA Ala 1135 | Arg | 3408 |
| 60 | CAA Gln | GGT Gly | TAT- Tyr | ACC Thr 1140 | Asp | TAC Tyr | GGT Gly | GAC Asp | GCC Ala 1145 | Ala | CAG Gln | TTC Phe | TGG Trp | CGG Arg 1150 | Pro | CAG Gln | 3456 |
| 65 | GCT Ala | CAG Gln | CGT Arg 1155 | Asn | TCG Ser | TTG Leu | CTG Leu | ACA Thr 1160 | Gly | AAA Lys | ACC Thr | ACA Thr | CTG Leu 116 | Thr | TGG Trp | GAT Asp | 3504 |
| | ACC Thr | CAT His 1170 | His | TGT Cys | GTA Val | ATA Ile | ATA Ile 1175 | Gln | ACT Thr | CAA Gln | GAT Asp | GCC Ala 1180 | Ala | GGA Gly | TTA Leu | ACG Thr | 3552 |
| 70 | ACG Thr | CAA Gln | GCC Ala | CAT His | TAC Tyr | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | CGT Arg | TTC Phe | CTT Leu | ACA Thr | CCG Pro | GTA Val | CAA Gln | CTG Leu | ACA Thr | 3600 |

| | 1185 | 1190 | . 1195 | 1200 |
|----|--|--|--|---|
| 5 | | | GTG ACT CTG GAC GCG Val Thr Leu Asp Ala 1210 | |
| 10 | | Arg Phe Trp Gly | ACA GAG GCA GGA CAA Thr Glu Ala Gly Gln 1225 | |
| 10 | | | CCG GAC TCC GTA GAT Pro Asp Ser Val Asp 1245 | Lys Ala Leu |
| 15 | GCA TTA ACC GGC Ala Leu Thr Gly 1250 | GCA CTC CCT GTT Ala Leu Pro Val 1255 | GCC CAA TGT TTA GTC Ala Gln Cys Leu Val 1260 | TAT GCC GTT 3792 Tyr Ala Val |
| 20 | GAT AGC TGG ATG Asp Ser Trp Met 1265 | CCG TCG TTA TCT Pro Ser Leu Ser 1270 | TTG TCT CAG CTT TCT Leu Ser Gln Leu Ser 1275 | CAG TCA CAA 3840 Gln Ser Gln 1280 |
| 25 | GAA GAG GCA GAA Glu Glu Ala Glu | GCG CTA TGG GCG Ala Leu Trp Ala 1285 | CAA CTG CGT GCC GCT Gln Leu Arg Ala Ala 1290 | CAT ATG ATT 3888 His Met Ile 1295 |
| 30 | | Lys Val Cys Ala | TTA AGC GGG AAA CGA Leu Ser Gly Lys Arg 1305 | |
| 30 | | | ATT TCG CTA TTG GCA Ile Ser Leu Leu Ala 1325 | Ser Ile Pro |
| 35 | | | ATC ACC ACT GAT CGC Ile Thr Thr Asp Arg 1340 | |
| 40 | | | ACG GTG AGC TTT AGT Thr Val Ser Phe Ser 1355 | |
| 45 | | | CGT CAT GAG TCA GGT Arg His Glu Ser Gly 1370 | |
| 50 | | Asp Gly Gly Leu | GTC GTG GAT GCA AAT Val Val Asp Ala Asn 1385 | |
| 20 | | | TGG GCC GTT TCC GGT Trp Ala Val Ser Gly 1405 | Arg Thr Glu |
| 55 | | | CGT ACT TAT CAA CCC Arg Thr Tyr Gln Pro 1420 | |
| 60 | | | GAC AGC GCA CGA GAT Asp Ser Ala Arg Asp 1435 | |
| 65 | | | TTG GGA CGG GAA TAC Leu Gly Arg Glu Tyr 1450 | |
| 70 | | Tyr Leu Arg Glu | AAG CTG TAC ACC CCG Lys Leu Tyr Thr Pro 1465 | |
| • | GTC AGT GAG GAT | GAA AAC GAT ACA | GCA TCA AGA ACC CCA | TAG 4458 |

Val Ser Glu Asp Glu Asn Asp Thr Ala Ser Arg Thr Pro * 1475 1480 1485

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

10

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1485 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32 (TcaC protein):
- 15 Met Gln Asp Ser Pro Glu Val Ser Ile Thr Thr Leu Ser Leu Pro Lys 1 5 10 15
 - Gly Gly Gly Ala Ile Asn Gly Met Gly Glu Ala Leu Asn Ala Ala Gly
 20 25 30
- Pro Asp Gly Met Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu Pro Leu Pro Leu Ser Thr Gly
- Arg Gly Thr Ala Pro Gly Leu Ser Leu Ile Tyr Ser Asn Ser Ala Gly 50 55 60
 - Asn Gly Pro Phe Gly Ile Gly Trp Gln Cys Gly Val Met Ser Ile Ser 65 70 75 80
- 30 Arg Arg Thr Gln His Gly Ile Pro Gln Tyr Gly Asn Asp Asp Thr Phe
 85 90 95
 - Leu Ser Pro Gln Gly Glu Val Met Asn Ile Ala Leu Asn Asp Gln Gly
 100 105 110
- 35
 Gln Pro Asp Ile Arg Gln Asp Val Lys Thr Leu Gln Gly Val Thr Leu
 115
 120
 125
- Pro Ile Ser Tyr Thr Val Thr Arg Tyr Gln Ala Arg Gln Ile Leu Asp 130 135 140
 - Phe Ser Lys Ile Glu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Ala Ser Gly Gln Glu Gly Arg 145 150 155 160
- 45 Ala Phe Trp Leu Ile Ser Thr Pro Asp Gly His Leu His Ile Leu Gly 165 170 175
- Lys Thr Ala Gln Ala Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Gln Asn Asp Gln Gln Ile 180 185
- Ala Gln Trp Leu Leu Glu Glu Thr Val Thr Pro Ala Gly Glu His Val
 195 200 205
- Ser Tyr Gln Tyr Arg Ala Glu Asp Glu Ala His Cys Asp Asp Asn Glu 55 210 215 220
 - Lys Thr Ala His Pro Asn Val Thr Ala Gln Arg Tyr Leu Val Gln Val 225 230 235 240
- 60 Asn Tyr Gly Asn Ile Lys Pro Gln Ala Ser Leu Phe Val Leu Asp Asn 245 250 255
- Ala Pro Pro Ala Pro Glu Glu Trp Leu Phe His Leu Val Phe Asp His 260 265 270
 - Gly Glu Arg Asp Thr Ser Leu His Thr Val Pro Thr Trp Asp Ala Gly 275 280 285
 - Thr Ala Gln Trp Ser Val Arg Pro Asp Ile Phe Ser Arg Tyr Glu Tyr

| | | 290 | | | | | 295 | | | | | 300 | | | | |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Gly 305 | Phe | Glu | Val | Arg | Thr 310 | Arg | Arg | Leu | Cys | Gln 315 | Gln | ۷al | Leu | Met | Phe 320 |
| J | His | Arg | Thr | Ala | Leu 325 | Met | Ala | Gly | Glu | Ala 330 | Ser | Thr | Asn | Asp | Ala 335 | Pro |
| 10 | Glu | Leu | Val | Gly 340 | Arg | Leu | Ile | Leu | Glu 345 | Tyr | Asp | Lys | Asn | Ala 350 | Ser | Val |
| | Thr | Thr | Leu 355 | Ile | Thr | Ile | Arg | Gln 360 | Leu | Ser | His | Glu | Ser 365 | Asp | Gly | Arg |
| 15 | Pro | Val 370 | Thr | Gln | Pro | Pro | Leu 375 | Glu | Leu | Ala | Trp | Gln 380 | Arg | Phe | Asp | Leu |
| 20 | 385 | _ | | | | 390 | | Arg | | _ | 395 | | _ | | | 400 |
| | Ser | Gln | Gln | Arg | Tyr 405 | Gln | Leu | Val | Asp | Leu` 410 | Arg | Gly | Glu | Gly | Leu 415 | |
| 25 | | | | 420 | | | | Gly | 425 | _ | | - | - | 430 | | |
| | | | 435 | | | | | Asn 440 | | | | _ | 445 | - | | |
| 30 | | 450 | | | | | 455 | Leu | | _ | | 460 | | | | • |
| 35 | 465 | | | - | | 470 | | Asp | _ | | 475 | | | | - | 480 |
| | | | | | 485 | | | Pro | | 490 | | | | | 495 | |
| 40 | | | | 500 | | | | Glu | 505 | | | | | 510 | | |
| 4.5 | | | 515 | | | | | Leu 520 | | _ | | | 525 | | _ | |
| 45 | | 530 | | | | | 535 | Asn | | | | 540 | | | | |
| 50 | 545 | | | | | 550 | | Gly | | | 555 | | | | | 560 |
| | | | | | 565 | | | Phe | | 570 | | | | | 575 | |
| 55 | | | | 580 | | | | Gly | 585 | | | | | 590 | | |
| 60 | | | 595 | | | | | Gln 600 | | | | | 605 | | | |
| 00 | | 610 | | | | | 615 | Pro | | | | 620 | | | | |
| 65 | 625 | | | | | 630 | | Leu | | | 635 | | | | | 640 |
| | | | | | 645 | | | Gly | | 650 | | | | | 655 | |
| 70 | Leu | Ala | ьeu | 660 | GIU | GIÀ | val | Gln | Phe 665 | qsA | Asn | Thr | Cys | Gln 670 | Leu | GIn |

| | Val | Ala | Asp 675 | Ile | Gln | Gly | Leu | Gly 680 | Ile | Ala | Ser | Leu | Ile 685 | Leu | Thr | Val |
|----|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | | His 690 | Ile | Ala | Pro | His | His 695 | Trp | Arg | Cys | Asp | Leu 700 | Ser | Leu | Thr | Lys |
| | Pro 705 | Trp | Leu | Leu | Asn | Val 710 | Met | Asn | Asn | Asn | Arg 715 | Gly | Ala | His | His | Thr 720 |
| 10 | Leu | His | Tyr | Arg | Ser 725 | Ser | Ala | Gln | Phe | Trp 730 | Leu | Asp | Glu | Lys | Leu 735 | Gln |
| 15 | Leu | Thr | Lys | Ala 740 | Gly | Lys | Ser | Pro | Ala 745 | Cys | Tyr | Leu | Pro | Phe 750 | Pro | Met |
| | His | Leu | Leu 755 | Trp | Tyr | Thr | Glu | Ile 760 | Gln | Asp | Glu | Ile | Ser 765 | Gly | Asn | Arg |
| 20 | Leu | Thr 770 | Ser | Glu | Val | Asn | Tyr 775 | Ser | His | Gly | Val | Trp 780 | Asp | Gly | Lys | Glu |
| | Arg .785 | Glu | Phe | Arg | Gly | Phe 790 | Gly | Cys | Ile | Lys | Gln 795 | Thr | Asp | Thr | Thr | Thr 800 |
| 25 | Phe | Ser | His | Gly | Thr 805 | Ala | Pro | Glu | Gln | Ala 810 | Ala | Pro | Ser | Leu | Ser 815 | Ile |
| 30 | Ser | Trp | Phe | Ala 820 | Thr | Gly | Met | Asp | Glu 825 | Val | Asp | Ser | Gln | Leu 830 | Ala | Thr |
| | Glu | Tyr | Trp 835 | Gln | Ala | Asp | Thr | Gln 840 | Ala | Tyr | Ser | Gly | Phe 845 | Glu | Thr | Arg |
| 35 | Tyr | Thr 850 | Val | Trp | Asp | His | Thr 855 | Asn | Gln | Thr | Asp | Gln 860 | Ala | Phe | Thr | Pro |
| | Asn 865 | Glu | Thr | Gln | Arg | Asn 870 | Trp | Leu | Thr | Arg | Ala 875 | Leu | Lys | Gly | Gln | Leu 880 |
| 40 | Leu | Arg | Thr | Glu | Leu 885 | Tyr | Gly | Leu | Asp | Gly 890 | Thr | Asp | Lys | Gln | Thr 895 | Val |
| 45 | Pro | Tyr | Thr | Val 900 | Ser | Glu | Ser | Arg | Tyr 905 | Gln | Val | Arg | Ser | Ile 910 | Pro | Val |
| | Asn | Lys | Glu 915 | Thr | Glu | Leu | Ser | Ala 920 | Trp | Val | Thr | Ala | Ile 925 | Glu | Asn | Arg |
| 50 | Ser | Tyr 930 | His | Tyr | Glu | Arg | Ile 935 | Ile | Thr | Asp | Pro | Gln 940 | Phe | Ser | Gln | Ser |
| | Ile 945 | Lys | Leu | Gln | His | Asp 950 | Ile | Phe | Gly | Gln | Ser 955 | Leu | Gln | Ser | Val | Asp 960 |
| 55 | Ile | Ala | Trp | Pro | Arg 965 | Arg | Glu | Lys | Pro | Ala 970 | Val | Asn | Pro | Tyr | Pro 975 | Pro |
| 60 | Thr | Leu | Pro | Glu 980 | Thr | Leu | Phe | Asp | Ser 985 | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Asp | Gln 990 | Gln | Gln |
| | Leu | Leu | Arg 995 | Leu | Val | Arg | Gln | Lys 1000 | | Ser | Trp | His | His 1005 | | Thr | Asp |
| 65 | | 1010 | | | | | 1015 | 5 | | | | 1020 |) | | | |
| | Tyr 1025 | | Tyr | Asp | Arg | Ser 1030 | | Ile | Pro | Thr | Glu 1035 | | Ile | Ser | Leu | Glu 1040 |
| 70 | Ile | Leu | Leu | Lys | Asp 1045 | | Gly | Leu | Leu | Ala 1050 | | Glu | Lys | Ala | Ala 1055 | |

| | Tyr | Leu | Gly | Gln 1060 | | Gln | Thr | Phe | Tyr 1065 | | Ala | Gly | Gln | Ala 1070 | | Val |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| 5 | Thr | Leu | Glu 1075 | Lys | Pro | Thr | Leu | Gln 1080 | | Leu | Val | Ala | Phe 1085 | | Glu | Thr |
| 10 | Ala | Met 1090 | | Asp | Asp | Thr | Ser 1095 | | Gln | Ala | Tyr | Glu 1100 | | Val | Ile | Glu |
| 10 | Glu 1105 | | Glu | Leu | Asn | Thr 1110 | | Leu | Thr | Gln | Ala 1115 | | Tyr | Gln | Gln | Val 112 |
| 15 | Ala | Arg | Leu | Phe | Asn 1125 | | Arg | Ser | Glu | Ser 1130 | | Val | Trp | Ala | Ala 1135 | |
| | Gln | Gly | Tyr | Thr 1140 | | Tyr | Gly | Asp | Ala 1145 | | Gln | Phe | Trp | Arg 1150 | | Gln |
| 20 | Ala | Gln | Arg 1155 | Asn | Ser | Leu | Leu | Thr 1160 | | Lys | Thr | Thr | Leu 1165 | | Trp | Asp |
| 25 | Thr | His 1170 | | Cys | Val | Ile | Ile 1175 | | Thr | Gln | Asp | Ala 1180 | | Gly | Leu | Thr |
| | Thr 1185 | | Ala | His | Tyr | Asp 1190 | - | Arg | Phe | Leu | Thr 1195 | | Val | Gln | Leu | Thr 120 |
| 30 | Asp | Ile | Asn | Asp | Asn 1205 | | His | Ile | Val | Thr 1210 | | Asp | Ala | Leu | Gly 1215 | |
| | Val | Thr | Thr | Ser 1220 | - | Phe | Trp | Gly | Thr 1225 | | Ala | Gly | Gln | Ala 1230 | | Gly |
| 35 | Tyr | Ser | Asn 1235 | Gln 5 | Pro | Phe | Thr | Pro 1240 | | Asp | Ser | Val | Asp 1245 | | Ala | Leu |
| 40 | Ala | Leu 125 | | Gly | Ala | Leu | Pro 1255 | | Ala | Gln | Cys | Leu 1260 | | Tyr | Ala | Val |
| | 1265 | 5 | | Met | | 1270 |) | | | | 1275 | 5 | | | | 128 |
| 45 | | | | Glu | 1285 | 5 | - | | | 1290 |) _ | | | | 1295 | i |
| | Thr | Glu | _ | Gly 1300 | | Val | Суѕ | Ala | Leu 1305 | | Gly | Lys | Arg | Gly 1 31 0 | | Ser |
| 50 | | | 1319 | | | | | 1320 |) | | | | 1325 | ; — | · — | -27: |
| 55 | | 133 | 0 | Pro | | | 1335 | i | | | | 1340 |) | | | |
| | 1345 | 5 | | Gln | | 1350 |) | | | | 1355 | 5 | | | | 136 |
| 60 | | | | Leu | 1365 | 5 | | | | 1370 |) | | | | 1375 | i |
| 6 5 | | | | Glu 1380 |) | | | | 1385 | 5 | _ | | | 1390 | 1 | |
| 65 | | | 139 | | | | | 1400 |) | | | | 1405 | 5 | | |
| 70 | | 141 | 0 | Lys | | | 1415 | ; | | | | 1420 |) | | | |
| | ASN | Asp | rrp | Arg | ıyr | AGI | ser | Asp | | Ser 99- | ATS | Arg | Asp | asp | neu | rne |

1425 1430 . 1435 Ala Asp Thr His Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Gly Arg Glu Tyr Lys Val Ile 1445 1450 5 Thr Ala Lys Lys Tyr Leu Arg Glu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Pro Trp Phe Ile 1460 1465 Val Ser Glu Asp Glu Asn Asp Thr Ala Ser Arg Thr Pro * 10 1480 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 15 (A) LENGTH: 3288 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: double (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) 20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33 (tcaA gene): ATG GTG ACT GTT ATG CAA AAT AAA ATA TCA TTT TTA TCA GGT ACA TCC 25 Met Val Thr Val Met Gln Asn Lys Ile Ser Phe Leu Ser Gly Thr Ser GAA CAG CCC CTG CTT GAC GCC GGT TAT CAA AAC GTA TTT GAT ATC GCA Glu Gln Pro Leu Leu Asp Ala Gly Tyr Gln Asn Val Phe Asp Ile Ala 30 TCA ATC AGC CGG GCT ACT TTC GTT CAA TCC GTT CCC ACC CTG CCC GTT Ser Ile Ser Arg Ala Thr Phe Val Gln Ser Val Pro Thr Leu Pro Val 35 AAA GAG GCT CAT ACC GTC TAT CGT CAG GCG CGG CAA CGT GCG GAA AAT Lys Glu Ala His Thr Val Tyr Arg Gln Ala Arg Gln Arg Ala Glu Asn CTG AAA TCC CTC TAC CGA GCC TGG CAA TTG CGT CAG GAG CCG GTT ATT Leu Lys Ser Leu Tyr Arg Ala Trp Gln Leu Arg Gln Glu Pro Val Ile AAA GGG CTG GCT AAA CTT AAC CTA CAA TCC AAC GTT TCT GTG CTT CAA Lys Gly Leu Ala Lys Leu Asn Leu Gln Ser Asn Val Ser Val Leu Gln 90 85 GAT GCT TTG GTA GAG AAT ATT GGC GGT GAT GGG GAT TTC AGC GAT TTA Asp Ala Leu Val Glu Asn Ile Gly Gly Asp Gly Asp Phe Ser Asp Leu 50 105 ATG AAC CGT GCC AGT CAA TAT GCT GAC GCT GCC TCT ATT CAA TCC CTA Met Asn Arg Ala Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asp Ala Ala Ser Ile Gln Ser Leu 115 TTT TCA CCG GGC CGT TAT GCT TCC GCA CTC TAC AGA GTT GCT AAA GAT Phe Ser Pro Gly Arg Tyr Ala Ser Ala Leu Tyr Arg Val Ala Lys Asp 60 CTG CAT AAA TCA GAT TCC AGT TTG CAT ATT GAT AAT CGC CGC GCT GAT Leu His Lys Ser Asp Ser Ser Leu His Ile Asp Asn Arg Arg Ala Asp 150 155 CTG AAG GAT CTG ATA TTA AGC GAA ACG ACG ATG AAT AAA GAG GTC ACT Leu Lys Asp Leu Ile Leu Ser Glu Thr Thr Met Asn Lys Glu Val Thr TCC CTT GAT ATC TTG TTG GAT GTG CTA CAA AAA GGC GGT AAA GAT ATT Ser Leu Asp Ile Leu Leu Asp Val Leu Gln Lys Gly Gly Lys Asp Ile

| | | | | 180 | | | | | 185 | | • | | | 190 | o | | |
|-----|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| 5 | | | CTG Leu 195 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| 1.0 | | | TCG Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| 10 | | | GTG Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| 15 | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 |
| 20 | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | GCG Ala | 816 |
| 25 | | | TTC Phe 275 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 864 |
| 30 | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 912 |
| 30 | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| 35 | | | TGT Cys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| 40 | | | GTT Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1056 |
| 45 | | | AAA Lys 355 | | | | | | | | | | | | | AGT Ser | 1104 |
| 50 | | | CCT Pro | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1152 |
| | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1200 |
| 55 | | | AGT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1248 |
| 60 | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1296 |
| 65 | GGC Gly | ACT Thr | CCG Pro 435 | ACA Thr | AAC Asn | CCT Pro | GAT Asp | GAT Asp 440 | GTG Val | ATT Ile | CCT Pro | CCC Pro | GCT Ala 445 | ATC Ile | AAT Asn | GAT Asp | 1344 |
| 70 | ATT Ile | CCA Pro 450 | TCG Ser | CCG Pro | CCA Pro | GCC Ala | CGC Arg 455 | GAA Glu | ACA Thr | CTG Leu | TCA Ser | CTG Leu 460 | ACG Thr | CCG Pro | GTC Val | AGT Ser | 1392 |
| , 0 | TAT | CAA | TTG | ATG | ACC | AAT | CCG | GCA | CCG | ACA | GAA | GAT | GAT | ATT | ACC | AAC | 1440 |

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| | Tyr 465 | Gln | Leu | Met | Thr | Asn 470 | Pro | Ala | Pro | Thr | .Glu 475 | Asp | Asp | Ile | Thr | Asn 480 | |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | CAT His | TAT Tyr | GGT Gly | TTT Phe | AAC Asn 485 | GGC Gly | GCT Ala | AGC Ser | TTA Leu | CGG Arg 490 | Ala | TCT Ser | CCA Pro | TTG Leu | TCA Ser 495 | ACC Thr | 1488 |
| 10 | AGC Ser | GAG Glu | TTG Leu | ACC Thr 500 | AGC Ser | AAA Lys | CTG Leu | AAT Asn | TCT Ser 505 | ATC Ile | GAT Asp | ACT Thr | TTC Phe | TGT Cys 510 | GAG Glu | AAG Lys | 1536 |
| | ACC Thr | CGG Arg | TTA Leu 515 | AGC Ser | TTC Phe | AAT Asn | CAG Gln | TTA Leu 520 | ATG Met | GAT Asp | TTG Leu | ACC Thr | GCT Ala 525 | CAG Gln | CAA Gln | TCT Ser | 1584 |
| 15 | TAC Tyr | AGT Ser 530 | CAA Gln | AGC Ser | AGC Ser | ATT Ile | GAT Asp 535 | GCG Ala | AAA Lys | GCA Ala | GCC Ala | AGC Ser 540 | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr | GTT Val | CGT | 1632 |
| 20 | TTT Phe 545 | GGG Gly | GAA Glu | ACC Thr | ACC Thr | CCA Pro 550 | ACC Thr | CGC Arg | GTC Val | AAT Asn | GTC Val 555 | TAC Tyr | GGT Gly | GCC Ala | GCT Ala | TAT Tyr 560 | 1680 |
| 25 | CTG Leu | AAC Asn | AGC Ser | ACA Thr | CTG Leu 565 | GCA Ala | GAC Asp | GCG Ala | GCT Ala | GAT Asp 570 | GGT Gly | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr | CTG Leu | TGG Trp 575 | ATT Ile | 1728 |
| 30 | CAG Gln | ACT Thr | GAT Asp | GGC Gly 580 | AAG Lys | AGC Ser | CTA Leu | AAT Asn | TTC Phe 585 | ACT Thr | GAC Asp | GAT Asp | ACG Thr | GTA Val 590 | GTC Val | GCC Ala | 1776 |
| 35 | TTA Leu | GCC Ala | GGT Gly 595 | CGC Arg | GCT Ala | GAA Glu | AAG Lys | CTG Leu 600 | GTA Val | CGT Arg | TTA Leu | TCA Ser | TCC Ser 605 | CAG Gln | ACC Thr | GGG Gly | 1824 |
| 33 | CTA Leu | TCA Ser 610 | TTT Phe | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | TTG Leu | GAC Asp 615 | TGG Trp | CTG Leu | ATT Ile | GCC Ala | AAT Asn 620 | GCC Ala | AGT Ser | CGT Arg | AGT Ser | 1872 |
| 40 | GTG Val 625 | CCG Pro | GAC Asp | CAC His | CAC His | GAC Asp 630 | AAA Lys | ATT Ile | GTG Val | CTG Leu | GAT Asp 635 | AAG Lys | CCG Pro | GTC Val | CTT Leu | GAA Glu 640 | 1920 |
| 45 | GCA Ala | CTG Leu | GCA Ala | GAG Glu | TAT Tyr 645 | GTC Val | AGC Ser | CTA Leu | AAA Lys | CAG Gln 650 | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr | GGG Gly | CTT Leu | GAT Asp 655 | GCC Ala | 1968 |
| 50 | AAT Asn- | ACC Th: | TTT Phe | GCG Ala 660 | ACC Thr | TTC Phe | ATT Ile | AGT Ser | GCA Ala 665 | GTA Val | AAT Asn | CCT Pro | TAT Tyr | ACG Thr 670 | Pro | GAT Asp | 2016 |
| 55 | CAG Gln | ACA Thr | CCC Pro 675 | AGT Ser | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | ACC Thr 680 | GCT Ala | TTC Phe | CGC Arg | TCT Ser | GCC Ala 685 | GAC Asp | GGT Gly | AAT Asn | 2064 |
| | CAT His | GTC Val 690 | ATT Ile | GCG Ala | CTA Leu | GGT Gly | ACA Thr 695 | GAG Glu | GTG Val | AAA Lys | TAT Tyr | GCA Ala 700 | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | GAG Glu | CAG Gln | 2112 |
| 60 | GAT Asp 705 | GAG Glu | TTA Leu | GCC Ala | GCC Ala | ATA Ile 710 | TGC Cys | TGC Cys | AAA Lys | GCA Ala | TTG Leu 715 | GGT Gly | GTC Val | ACC Thr | AGT Ser | GAT Asp 720 | 2160 |
| 65 | GAA Glu | CTG Leu | CTC Leu | CGT Arg | ATT Ile 725 | GGT Gly | CGC Arg | TAT Tyr | TGC Cys | TTC Phe 730 | GGT Gly | AAT Asn | GCA Ala | GGC Gly | AGT Ser 735 | TTT Phe | 2208 |
| 70 | ACC Thr | TTG Leu | GAT Asp | GAA Glu 740 | TAT Tyr | ACC Thr | GCC Ala | AGT Ser | CAG Gln 745 | TTG Leu | TAT Tyr | CGC Arg | TTC Phe | GGC Gly 750 | GCC Ala | ATT Ile | 2256 |

| | | | TTG Leu 755 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2304 |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | GCA Ala | 2352 |
| 10 | AAA Lys 785 | TCC Ser | CTG Leu | CAA Gln | CCA Pro | CTG Leu 790 | GCT Ala | ATT Ile | TTA Leu | CGC Arg | CGT Arg 795 | ACC Thr | GAG Glu | CAG Gln | GTG Val | CTG Leu 800 | 2400 |
| 15 | Asp | Trp | ATG Met | Ser | Ser 805 | Val | Asn | Leu | Ser | Leu 810 | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Gln | Gly 819 | Met 5 | 2448 |
| 20 | Val | Ser | ACG Thr | Gln 820 | Trp | Ser | Gly | Thr | Ala 825 | Thr | Ala | Glu | Met | Phe 830 | Asn | Phe | 2496 |
| | TTG Leu | GAA Glu | AAC Asn 835 | GTT Val | TGT Cys | GAC Asp | AGC Ser | GTG Val 840 | AAT Asn | AGT Ser | CAA Gln | GCT Ala | GCC Ala 845 | ACT Thr | AAA Lys | GAA Glu | 2544 |
| 25 | ACA Thr | ATG Met 850 | GAT Asp | TCG Ser | GCG Ala | TTA Leu | CAG Gln 855 | CAG Gln | AAA Lys | GTG Val | CTG Leu | CGG Arg 860 | GCG Ala | CTA Leu | AGC Ser | GCC Ala | 2592 |
| 30 | GGT Gly 865 | TTC Phe | GGC Gly | ATT Ile | AAG Lys | AGC Ser 870 | AAT Asn | GTG Val | ATG Met | GGT Gly | ATC Ile 875 | GTC Val | ACC Thr | TTC Phe | TGG Trp | CTG Leu 880 | 2640 |
| 35 | GAG Glu | AAA Lys | ATC Ile | ACA Thr | ATC Ile 885 | GGT Gly | AGT Ser | GAT Asp | TAA Asn | CCT Pro 890 | TTT Phe | ACA Thr | TTG Leu | GCA Ala | AAC Asn 895 | TAC Tyr | 2688 |
| 40 | TGG Trp | CAT His | GAT Asp | ATT Ile 900 | CAA Gln | ACC Thr | CTG Leu | TTT Phe | AGC Ser 905 | CAT His | GAC Asp | AAT Asn | GCC Ala | ACG Thr 910 | TTA Leu | GAG Glu | 2736 |
| | TCC Ser | TTA Leu | CAA Gln 915 | ACC Thr | GAC Asp | ACT Thr | TCT Ser | CTG Leu 920 | GTA Val | ATT Ile | GCT Ala | ACT Thr | CAG Gln 925 | CAA Gln | CTT Leu | AGC Ser | 2784 |
| 45 | CAG Gln | CTA Leu 930 | GTG Val | TTA Leu | ATT Ile | GTG Val | AAA Lys 935 | TGG Trp | CTG Leu | AGC Ser | CTG Leu | ACC Thr 940 | GAG Glu | CAG Gln | GAT Asp | CTG Leu | 2832 |
| 50 | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2880 |
| 55 | | | GTA Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2928 |
| 60 | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2976 |
| | | | CAA Gln 995 | | | | | | Met | | | | | Ala | | | 3024 |
| 65 | | | GCC Ala) | | | | | Met | | | | | Gly | | | | 3072 |
| 70 | | Thr | TTG Leu | | | | Glu | | | | | Lys | | | | | 3120 |

| 5 | | | CAA Gln | | | Thr | | | | | Gly | | | | | Val | 3168 |
|----------|------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| J | | | ACC Thr | | Leu | | | | | Ser | | | | | Asp | | 3216 |
| 10 | | | GAG Glu 1079 | Ser | | | | | Ala | | | | | Asn | | | 3264 |
| 15 | - | | ATC Ile) | | | Arg | | | | | | | | | | , | 3288 |
| 20 | (2) | | ORM/ | EQUE | | СНА | RACI | ERI: | STIC | S: | .cids | 3 | | | | | |
| 25 | | | ii) | (C) MOLE | | OLO E TY | amin GY: PE: | o ac line pro | ids ar tein | L | | | | | | - | |
| 30 | | | xi) Feati | | F 2 | E DE rom 54 54 | | To 267 492 | , | De SE | ID scr: Q II aA _{ij} | pti NO | on :15 | | pro | otein | ı): |
| 35 | Met 1 | Val | Thr | Val | Met 5 | Gln | Asn | Lys | Ile | Ser 10 | Phe | Leu | Ser | Gly | Thr 15 | Ser | |
| 33 | Glu | Gln | Pro | Leu 20 | Leu | Asp | Ala | Gly | Tyr 25 | Gln | Asn | Val | Phe | Asp 30 | Ile | Ala | |
| 40 | Ser | Ile | Ser 35 | Arg | Ala | Thr | Phe | Val 40 | Gln | Ser | Val | Pro | Thr 45 | Leu | Pro | Val | |
| | Lys | Glu 50 | Ala | His | Thr | Val | Tyr 55 | Arg | Gln | Ala | Arg | Gln 60 | Arg | Ala | Glu | Asn | |
| 45 | Leu 65 | Lys | Ser | Leu | Tyr | Arg 70 | Ala | Trp | Gln | Leu | Arg 75 | Gln | Glu | Pro | Val | Ile 80 | |
| 50 | Lys | Gly | Leu | Ala | Lys 85 | Leu | Asn | Leu | Gln | Ser 90 | Asn | Val | Ser | Val | Leu 95 | Gln | |
| | Asp | Ala | Leu | Val 100 | Glu | Asn | Ile | Gly | Gly 105 | Asp | Gly | qzA | Phe | Ser 110 | Asp | Leu | |
| 55 | Met | Asn | Arg 115 | Ala | Ser | Gln | Tyr | Ala 120 | Asp | Ala | Ala | Ser | Ile 125 | Gln | Ser | Leu | |
| | Phe | Ser 130 | Pro | Gly | Arg | Tyr | Ala 135 | Ser | Ala | Leu | Tyr | Arg 140 | Val | Ala | Lys | Asp | |
| 60 | Leu 145 | His | Lys | Ser | Asp | Ser 150 | Ser | Leu | His | Ile | Asp 155 | Asn | Arg | Arg | Ala | Asp 160 | |
| 65 | Leu | Lys | Asp | Leu | Ile 165 | Leu | Ser | Glu | Thr | Thr 170 | Met | Asn | Lys | Glu | Val 175 | Thr | |
| <u> </u> | Ser | Leu | Asp | Ile 180 | Leu | Leu | Asp | Val | Leu 185 | Gln | Lys | Gly | Gly | Lys 190 | - | Ile | |
| | Thr | Glu | Leu | Ser | Gly | Ala | Phe | Phe | Pro | Met | Thr | Leu | Pro | Tyr | Asp | Asp | |

| | | | 195 | | | | | 200 | | | | | 205 | | | |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | His | Leu 210 | Ser | Gln | Ile | Asp | Ser 215 | Ala | Leu | Ser | Ala | Gln 220 | Ala | Arg | Thr | Leu |
| J | Asn 225 | Gly | Val | Trp | Asn | Thr 230 | Leu | Thr | Asp | Thr | Thr 235 | Ala | Gln | Ala | Val | Ser 240 |
| 10 | Glu | Gln | Thr | Ser | Asn 245 | Thr | Asn | Thr | Arg | Lys 250 | Leu | Phe | Ala | Ala | Gln 255 | Asp |
| | Gly | Asn | Gln | Asp 260 | Thr | Phe | Phe | Ser | Gly 265 | Asn | Thr | Phe | Tyr | Phe 270 | Lys | Ala |
| 15 | Val | Gly | Phe 275 | Ser | Gly | Gln | Pro | Met 280 | Val | Tyr | Leu | Ser | Gln 285 | Tyr | Thr | Ser |
| 20 | | 290 | _ | | | | 295 | | | | | 300 | | | - | Gln |
| | 305 | | | | | 310 | | Pro | | - | 315 | | | | | 320 |
| 25 | | | | | 325 | | | Ala | | 330 | | | | | 335 | |
| | _ | | | 340 | | | | Phe | 345 | | | | | 350 - | | |
| 30 | | | 355 | _ | | | | Ala 360 | | | | | 365 | | • | |
| 35 | | 370 | , | | | | 375 | His | | | | 380 | | | | |
| | 385 | | | | | 390 | | Leu | | | 395 | | _ | | | 400 |
| 40 | | | | | 405 | | | Asn | | 410 | | | | | 415 | |
| 4.5 | _ | | - | 420 | ~ | _ | | Leu | 425 | | | - | | 430 | | |
| 45 | | | 435 | | | | | Asp 440 | | | | | 445 | | | • |
| 50 | | 450 | | | | | 455 | Glu | | | | 460 | | | | |
| | 465 | | | | | 470 | | Ala | | | 475 | | | | | 480 |
| 55 | | | | | 485 | | | Ser | | 490 | | | W4 × | > | 495 | |
| 60 | | | | 500 | | | | Asn | 505 | | | | | 510 | | - |
| | | | 515 | | | | | Leu 520 | | | | | 525 | | | |
| 65 | | 530 | | | | | 535 | Ala | | | | 540 | | | , | |
| | 545 | | | | | 550 | | Arg | | | 555 | - | _ | | | 560 |
| 70 | Leu | ASI | ser | ınr | 565 | MIS | ASP | Ala | ATA | 570 | GIÀ | GID | туr | ьeu | 575 | тте |

| | Gln | Thr | Asp | Gly 580 | Lys | Ser | Leu | Asn | Phe 585 | Thr. | Asp | Asp | Thr | Val 590 | Val | Ala |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Leu | Ala | Gly 595 | Arg | Ala | Glu | Lys | Leu 600 | Val | Arg | Leu | Ser | Ser 605 | Gln | Thr | Gly |
| | Leu | Ser 610 | Phe | Glu | Glu | Leu | Asp 615 | Trp | Leu | Ile | Ala | Asn 620 | Ala | Ser | Arg | Ser |
| 10 | Val 625 | Pro | Asp | His | His | Asp 630 | Lys | Ile | Val | Leu | Asp 635 | Lys | Pro | Val | Leu | Glu 640 |
| 15 | Ala | Leu | Ala | Glu | Tyr 645 | Val | Ser | Leu | Lys | Gln 650 | Arg | Tyr | Gly | Leu | Asp 655 | Ala |
| | Asn | Thr | Phe | Ala 660 | Thr | Phe | Ile | Ser | Ala 665 | Val | Asn | Pro | Tyr | Thr 670 | Pro | Asp |
| 20 | Gln | Thr | Pro 675 | Ser | Phe | Tyr | Glu | Thr 680 | Ala | Phe | Arg | Ser | Ala 685 | Asp | Gly | Asn |
| | His | Val 690 | Ile | Ala | Leu | Gly | Thr 695 | Glu | Val | Lys | Tyr | Ala 700 | Glu | Asn | Glu | Głn |
| 25 | Asp 705 | Glu | Leu | Ala | Ala | Ile 710 | Cys | Cys | Lys | Ala | Leu 715 | Gly | Val | Thr | Ser | Asp 720 |
| 30 | Glu | Leu | Leu | Arg | Ile 725 | Gly | Arg | Tyr | Cys | Phe 730 | Gly | Asn | Ala | Gly | Ser 735 | Phe |
| | Thr | Leu | Asp | Glu 740 | Tyr | Thr | Ala | Ser | Gln 745 | Leu | Tyr | Arg | Phe | Gly 750 | Ala | Ile |
| 35 | Pro | Arg | Leu 755 | Phe | Gly | Leu | Thr | Phe 760 | Ala | Gln | Ala | Glu | Ile 765 | Leu | Trp | Arg |
| | Leu | Met 770 | Glu | Gly | Gly | Lys | Asp 775 | Ile | Leu | Leu | Gln | Gln 780 | Leu | Gly | Gln | Ala |
| 40 | Lys 785 | Ser | Leu | Gln | Pro | Leu 790 | Ala | Ile | Leu | Arg | Arg 795 | Thr | Glu | G1n | Val | Leu 800 |
| 45 | Asp | Trp | Met | Ser | Ser 805 | Val | Asn | Leu | Ser | Leu 810 | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Gln | Gly 815 | |
| | Val | Ser | Thr | Gln 820 | Trp | Ser | Gly | Thr | Ala 825 | Thr | Ala | Glu | Met | Phe 830 | Asn | Phe |
| 50 | Leu | Glu | Asn 835 | Val | Cys | Asp | Ser | Val 840 | Asn | Ser | Gln | Ala | Ala 845 | Thr | Lys | Glu |
| | Thr | Met 850 | Asp | Ser | Ala | Leu | Gln 855 | Gln | Lys | Val | Leu | Arg 860 | Ala | Leu | Ser | Ala |
| 55 | Gly 865 | Phe | Gly | Ile | Lys | Ser 870 | Asn | Val | Met | Gly | Ile 875 | Val | Thr | Phe | Trp | Leu 880 |
| 60 | Glu | Lys | Ile | -Thr | Ile 885 | Gly | Ser | Asp | Asn | Pro 890 | Phe | Thr | Leu | Ala | Asn 895 | Tyr |
| | Trp | His | Asp | Ile 900 | Gln | Thr | Leu | Phe | Ser 905 | His | Asp | Asn | Ala | Thr 910 | Leu | Glu |
| 65 | Ser | Leu | Gln 915 | Thr | Asp | Thr | Ser | Leu 920 | Val | Ile | Ala | Thr | Gln 925 | Gln | Leu | Ser |
| | | 930 | Val | | | | 935 | _ | | | | 940 | | | - | |
| 70 | Gln 945 | Leu | Leu | Thr | Thr | Tyr 950 | Pro | Glu | Arg | Leu | Ile 955 | Asn | Gly | Ile | Thr | Asn 960 |

Val Pro Val Pro Asn Pro Glu Leu Leu Leu Thr Leu Ser Arg Phe Lys 5 Gln Trp Glu Thr Gln Val Thr Val Ser Arg Asp Glu Ala Met Arg Cys 985 Phe Asp Gln Leu Asn Ala Asn Asp Met Thr Thr Glu Asn Ala Gly Ser 10 Leu Ile Ala Thr Leu Tyr Glu Met Asp Lys Gly Thr Gly Ala Gln Val 1015 Asn Thr Leu Leu Gly Glu Asn Asn Trp Pro Lys Ser Phe Thr Ser 15 1035 Leu Trp Gln Leu Leu Thr Trp Leu Arg Val Gly Gln Arg Leu Asn Val 1045 1050 Gly Ser Thr Thr Leu Gly Asn Leu Leu Ser Met Met Gln Ala Asp Pro 20 1060 1065 Ala Ala Glu Ser Ser Ala Leu Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Ser 1080 25 Ala Ala Ile Ser Asn Arg Gln ••• 1090 30 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 603 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) TOPOLOGY: linear 35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35 (TcaA_{iii} protein): 40 Pro Leu Ser Thr Ser Glu Leu Thr Ser Lys Leu Asn Ser Ile Asp Thr Phe Cys Glu Lys Thr Arg Leu Ser Phe Asn Gln Leu Met Asp Leu Thr 45 Ala Gln Gln Ser Tyr Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Asp Ala Lys Ala Ala Ser Arg Tyr Val Arg Phe Gly Glu Thr Thr Pro Thr Arg Val Asn Val Tyr 50 Gly Ala Ala Tyr Leu Asn Ser Thr Leu Ala Asp Ala Ala Asp Gly Gln Tyr Leu Trp Ile Gln Thr Asp Gly Lys Ser Leu Asn Phe Thr Asp Asp 55 Thr Val Val Ala Leu Ala Gly Arg Ala Glu Lys Leu Val Arg Leu Ser 60 Ser Gln Thr Gly Leu Ser Phe Glu Glu Leu Asp Trp Leu Ile Ala Asn Ala Ser Arg Ser Val Pro Asp His His Asp Lys Ile Val Leu Asp Lys 65 Pro Val Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Glu Tyr Val Ser Leu Lys Gln Arg Tyr

| | Gly | Leu | Asp | Ala | Asn 165 | Thr | Phe | Ala | Thr | Phe 170 | .Ile | Ser | Ala | Val | Asn 175 | Pro |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Tyr | Thr | Pro | Asp 180 | Gln | Thr | Pro | Ser | Phe 185 | Tyr | Glu | Thr | Ala | Phe 190 | Arg | Ser |
| | Ala | Asp | Gly 195 | Asn | His | Val | Ile | Ala 200 | Leu | Gly | Thr | Glu | Val 205 | Lys | Tyr | Ala |
| 10 | Glu | Asn 210 | Glu | Gln | Asp | Glu | Leu 215 | Ala | Ala | Ile | Cys | Cys 220 | Lys | Ala | Leu | Gly |
| 15 | Val 225 | Thr | Ser | Asp | Glu | Leu 230 | Leu | Arg | Ile | Gly | Arg 235 | Tyr | Cys | Phe | Gly | Asn 240 |
| | Ala | Gly | Arg | Phe | Thr 245 | Leu | Asp | Glu | Tyr | Thr 250 | Ala | Ser | Gln | Leu | Tyr 255 | |
| 20 | Phe | Gly | Ala | Ile 260 | Pro | Arg | Leu | Phe | Gly 265 | Leu | Thr | Phe | Ala | Gln 270 | Ala | Glu |
| | Ile | Leu | Trp 275 | Arg | Leu | Met | Glu | Gly 280 | Gly | Lys | Asp | Ile | Leu 285 | Leu | Gln | Gln |
| 25 | Xxx | Gly 290 | Gln | Ala | Lys | Ser | Leu 295 | Gln | Pro | Leu | Ala | Ile 300 | Leu | Arg | Arg | Thr |
| 30 | Glu 305 | Gln | Val | Leu | Asp | Trp 310 | Met | Ser | Pro | Val | Asn 315 | Leu | Ser | Leu | Thr | Tyr 320 |
| | Leu | Gln | Gly | Met | Val 325 | Ser | Thr | Gln | Trp | Ser 330 | Gly | Thr | Ala | Thr | Ala 335 | Glu |
| 35 | Met | Phe | Asn | Phe 340 | Leu | Glu | Asn | Val | Cys 345 | Asp | Ser | Val | Asn | Ser 350 | Gln | Ala |
| | Xxx | Thr | Lys 355 | Glu | Thr | Met | Asp | Ser 360 | Ala | Leu | Gln | Gln | Lys 365 | Val | Leu | Arg |
| 40 | Ala | Leu 370 | Ser | Ala | Gly | Phe | Gly 375 | Ile | Lys | Ser | Asn | Val 380 | Met | Gly | Ile | Val |
| 45 | Thr 385 | Phe | Trp | Leu | Glu | Lys 390 | Ile | Thr | Ile | Gly | Arg 395 | Asp | Asn | Pro | Phe | Thr 400 |
| | Leu | Ala | Asn | Tyr | Trp 405 | His | Asp | Ile | Gln | Thr 410 | Leu | Phe | Ser | His | Asp 415 | Asn |
| 50 | Ala | Thr | Leu | Glu 420 | Ser | Leu | Gln | Thr | Asp 425 | Thr | Ser | Leu | Val | 11e 430 | Ala | Thr |
| | Gln | Gln | Leu 435 | Ser | Gln | Leu | Val | Leu 440 | Ile | Val | Lys | Trp | Val 445 | Ser | Leu | Thr |
| 55 | Glu | Gln 450 | Asp | Leu | Gln | Leu | Leu 455 | Thr | Thr | Tyr | Pro | Glu 460 | Arg | Leu | Ile | Asn |
| 60 | Gly 465 | Ile | Thr | Asn | Val | Pro 470 | Val | Pro | Asn | Pro | Glu 475 | Leu | Leu | Leu | Thr | Leu 480 |
| | Ser | Arg | Phe | Lys | Gln 485 | Trp | Glu | Thr | Gln | Val 490 | Thr | Val | Ser | Arg | Asp 495 | Glu |
| 65 | Ala | Met | Arg | Суs 500 | Phe | Asp | Gln | Leu | Asn 505 | Ala | Asn | Asp | Met | Thr 510 | Thr | Glu |
| | | | Gly 515 | | | | | 520 | | - | | | 525 | - | - | |
| 70 | Gly | Ala 530 | Gln | Val | Asn | Thr | Leu 535 | Leu | Leu | Gly | Glu | Asn 540 | Asn | Trp | Pro | Lys |

Ser Phe Thr Ser Leu Trp Gln Leu Leu Thr Trp Leu Arg Val Gly Gln 545 550 555 5 Arg Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Thr Thr Leu Gly Asn Leu Leu Ser Met Met Gln Ala Asp Pro Ala Ala Glu Ser Ser Ala Leu Leu Ala Ser Val Ala 585 10 Gln Asn Leu Ser Ala Ala Ile Ser Asn Arg Gln * 15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 2557 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid 20 (C) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36 (tcdA internal fragment): 25 GAATTCGGCT TGCGTTTAAT ATTGATGATG TCTCGCTCTT CCGCCTGCTT AAAATTACCG 60 ACCATGATAA TAAAGATGGA AAAATTAAAA ATAACCTAAA GAATCTTTCC AATTTATATA 120 TTGGAAAATT ACTGGCAGAT ATTCATCAAT TAACCATTGA TGAACTGGAT TTATTACTGA 180 TTGCCGTAGG TGAAGGAAAA ACTAATTTAT CCGCTATCAG TGATAAGCAA TTGGCTACCC 240 30 TGATCAGAAA ACTCAATACT ATTACCAGCT GGCTACATAC ACAGAAGTGG AGTGTATTCC AGCTATTTAT CATGACCTCC ACCAGCTATA ACAAAACGCT AACGCCTGAA ATTAAGAATT 360 TGCTGGATAC CGTCTACCAC GGTTTACAAG GTTTTGATAA AGACAAAGCA GATTTGCTAC 420 ATGTCATGGC GCCCTATATT GCGGCCACCT TGCAATTATC ATCGGAAAAT GTCGCCCACT 480 CGGTACTCCT TTGGGCAGAT AAGTTACAGC CCGGCGACGG CGCAATGACA GCAGAGGGAN 540 35 TCTGGGACTG GTTGAATACT AAGTATACGC CGGGTTCATC GGAAGCCGTA GAAACGCAGG 600 AACATATCGT TCAGTATTGT CAGGCTCTGG CACAATTGGA AATGGTTTAC CATTCCACCG 660 GCATCAACGA AAACGCCTTC CGTCTATTTG TGACAAAACC AGAGATGTTT GGCGCTGCAA 720 CTGGAGCAGC GCCCGCGCAT GATGCCCTTT CACTGATTAT GCTGACACGT TTTGCGGATT GGGTGAACGC ACTAGGCGAA AAAGCGTCCT CGGTGCTAGC GGCATTTGAA GCTAACTCGT 840 40 TAACGGCAGA ACAACTGGCT GATGCCATGA ATCTTGATGC TAATTTGCTG TTGCAAGCCA 900 GTATTCAAGC ACAAAATCAT CAACATCTTC CCCCAGTAAC TCCAGAAAAT GCGTTCTCCT GTTGGACATC TATCAATACT ATCCTGCAAT GGGTTAATGT CGCACAACAA TTGAAATGTC 1020 GCCCCACAGG GCGTTTCCGC TTTGGTCGGG CTGGATTATA TTCAATCAAT GAAAGAGACA 1080 CCGACCTATG CCCAGTGGGA AAACGCGGCA GGCGTATTAA CCGCCGGGTT GAATTCAACA 1140 45 ACAGGCTAAT ACATTACAAC GCTTTTCTGG ATGAATCTCG CAGTGCCGCA TTAAGCACCT 1200 ACTATATCCG TCAAGTCGCC AAGGCAGCGG CGGCTATTAA AAGCCGTGAT GACTTGTATC AATACTTACT GATTGATAAT CAGGTTTCTG CGGCAATAAA AACCACCCGG ATCGCCGAAG 1320 CCATTGCCAG TATTCAACTG TACGTCAACC GGGCATTGGA AAATGTGGAA GAAAATGCCA 1380 ATTCGGGGGT TATCAGCCGC CAATTCTTTA TCGACTGGGA CAAATACAAT AAACGCTACA 50 GCACTTGGGC GGGTGTTTCT CAATTAGTTT ACTACCCGGA AAACTATATT GATCCGACCA 1500 TGCGTATCGG ACAAACCAAA ATGATGGACG CATTACTGCA ATCCGTCAGC CAAAGCCAAT TAAACGCCGA TACCGTCGAA GATGCCTTTA TGTCTTATCT GACATCGTTT GAACAAGTGG 1620 CTAATCTTAA AGTTATTAGC GCATATCACG ATAATATTAA TAACGATCAA GGGCTGACCT 1680 ATTTTATCGG ACTCAGTGAA ACTGATGCCG GTGAATATTA TTGGCGCAGT GTCGATCACA 1740

GTAAATTCAA CGACGGTAAA TTCGCGGCTA ATGCCTGGAG TGAATGGCAT AAAATTGATT

55

| | GTCCAATTAA CCCTTATAAA AGCACTATCC GTCCAGTGAT ATATAAATCC CGCCTGTATC | 1860 |
|----|---|------|
| | TGCTCTGGTT GGAACAAAAG GAGATCACCA AACAGACAGG AAATAGTAAA GATGGCTATC | 1920 |
| | AAACTGAAAC GGATTATCGT TATGAACTAA AATTGGCGCA TATCCGCTAT GATGGCACTT | 1980 |
| | GGAATACGCC AATCACCTTT GATGTCAATA AAAAAATATC CGAGCTAAAA CTGGAAAAAA | 2040 |
| 5 | ATAGAGCGCC CGGACTCTAT TGTGCCGGTT ATCAAGGTGA AGATACGTTG CTGGTGATGT | 2100 |
| | TTTATAACCA ACAAGACACA CTAGATAGTT ATAAAAACGC TTCAATGCAA GGACTATATA | 2160 |
| | TCTTTGCTGA TATGGCATCC AAAGATATGA CCCCAGAACA GAGCAATGTT TATCGGGATA | 2220 |
| | ATAGCTATCA ACAATTTGAT ACCAATAATG TCAGAAGAGT GAATAACCGC TATGCAGAGG | 2280 |
| | ATTATGAGAT TCCTTCTTCG GTAAGTAGCC GTAAAGACTA TGGTTGGGGA GATTATTACC | 2340 |
| 10 | TCAGCATGGT ATATAACGGA GATATTCCAA CTATCAATTA CAAAGCCGCA TCAAGTGATT | 2400 |
| | TAAAAATTTA TATTTCACCA AAATTAAGAA TTATTCATAA TGGATATGAA GGACAGAAGC | 2460 |
| | GCAATCAATG CAATTTGATG AATAAATATG GCAAACTAGG TGATAAATTT ATTGTGTATA | 2520 |
| | CCAGCCTGGG CGTTAATCCG AATAATAAGC CGAATTC | 2557 |
| | | |
| 15 | | |
| | (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37: | |
| | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: | |
| | (A) LENGTH: 845 amino acids | |
| 20 | (B) TYPE: amino acids (C) TOPOLOGY: linear | |
| | (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (partial) | |
| | (wi) CECHENCE DECEDITION, CEO ID NO 27 (made internal | |
| 25 | <pre>(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37 (TcdA internal peptide):</pre> | |
| | papatas, . | |
| | Ala Phe Asn Ile Asp Asp Val Ser Leu Phe Arg Leu Leu Lys Ile Thr 1 10 15 | |
| | | |
| 30 | Asp His Asp Asn Lys Asp Gly Lys Ile Lys Asn Asn Leu Lys Asn Leu 20 25 30 | |
| | | |
| | Ser Asn Leu Tyr Ile Gly Lys Leu Leu Ala Asp Ile His Gln Leu Thr 35 40 45 | |
| 35 | | |
| | Ile Asp Glu Leu Asp Leu Leu Ile Ala Val Gly Glu Gly Lys Thr 50 55 60 | |
| | | |
| 40 | Asn Leu Ser Ala Ile Ser Asp Lys Gln Leu Ala Thr Leu Ile Arg Lys 65 70 75 80 | |
| 40 | 65 /0 /3 | |
| | Leu Asn Thr Ile Thr Ser Trp Leu His Thr Gln Lys Trp Ser Val Phe 85 90 95 | |
| | 50 55 | |
| 45 | Gln Leu Phe Ile Met Thr Ser Thr Ser Tyr Asn Lys Thr Leu Thr Pro 100 105 110 | |
| | • | |
| | Glu Ile Lys Asn Leu Leu Asp Thr Val Tyr His Gly Leu Gln Gly Phe 115 120 125 | |
| 50 | | |
| | Asp Lys Asp Lys Ala Asp Leu Leu His Val Met Ala Pro Tyr Ile Ala 130 135 140 | |
| | 120 130 | |
| 55 | Ala Thr Leu Gln Leu Ser Ser Glu Asn Val Ala His Ser Val Leu Leu 145 150 155 160 | |
| 55 | | |
| | Trp Ala Asp Lys Leu Gln Pro Gly Asp Gly Ala Met Thr Ala Glu Gly 165 170 | |
| | 165 170 175 | |
| 60 | Phe Trp Asp Trp Leu Asn Thr Lys Tyr Thr Pro Gly Ser Ser Glu Ala 180 185 190 | |
| | | |
| | Val Glu Thr Gln Glu His Ile Val Gln Tyr Cys Gln Ala Leu Ala Gln | |

| | | | 195 | | | | | 200 | | | | | 205 | | | |
|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| - | Leu | Glu 210 | Met | Val | Tyr | His | Ser 215 | Thr | Gly | Ile | Asn | Glu 220 | Asn | Ala | Phe | Arg |
| 5 | Leu 225 | Phe | Val | Thr | Lys | Pro 230 | Glu | Met | Phe | Gly | Ala 235 | Ala | Thr | Gly | Ala | Ala 240 |
| 10 | Pro | Ala | His | Asp | Ala 245 | Leu | Ser | Leu | Ile | Met 250 | Leu | Thr | Arg | Phe | Ala 255 | Asp |
| | Trp | Val | Asn | Ala 260 | Leu | Gly | Glu | Lys | Ala 265 | Ser | Ser | Val | Leu | Ala 270 | Ala | Phe |
| 15 | Glu | Ala | Asn 275 | Ser | Leu | Thr | Ala | Glu 280 | Gln | Leu | Ala | Asp | Ala 285 | Met | Asn | Leu |
| 20 | Ąsp | Ala 290 | Asn | Leu | Leu | Leu | Gln 295 | Ala | Ser | Ile | Gln | Ala 300 | Gln | Asn | His | Gln |
| 20 | His 305 | Leu | Pro | Pro | Val | Thr 310 | Pro | Glu | Asn | Ala | Phe 315 | Ser | Cys | Trp | Thr | Ser 320 |
| 25 | Ile | Asn | Thr | Ile | Leu 325 | Gln | Trp | Val | Asn | Val 330 | Ala | Gln | Gln | Leu | Lys 335 | Cys |
| | Arg | Pro | Thr | Gly 340 | | Phe | Arg | Phe | Gly 345 | Arg | Ala | Gly | Leu | Tyr 350 | Ser | Ile |
| 30 | Asn | Glu | Arg 355 | Asp | Thr | Asp | Leu | Cys 360 | Pro | Val | Gly | Lys | Arg 365 | Gly | Arg | Arg |
| 35 | Ile | Asn 370 | Arg | Arg | Val | Glu | Phe 375 | Asn | Asn | Arg | Leu | Ile 380 | His | Tyr | Asn | Ala |
| | Phe 385 | Leu | Asp | Glu | Ser | Arg 390 | Ser | Ala | Ala | Leu | Ser 395 | Thr | Tyr | Tyr | Ile | Arg 400 |
| 40 | Gln | Val | Ala | Lys | Ala 405 | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ile | Lys 410 | Ser | Arg | Asp | Asp | Leu 415 | Tyr |
| | | Tyr | Leu | Leu 420 | Ile | Asp | Asn | Gln | Val 425 | Ser | Ala | Ala | Ile | Lys 430 | Thr | Thr |
| 45 | | | 435 | | | | | 440 | | | | | 445 | | | Ala |
| 50 | | 450 | Asn | | | | 455 | | | | | 460 | | | | |
| | 465 | | Ile | | | 470 | | | | | 475 | | | | | 480 |
| 55 | | | Ser | | 485 | | | | | 490 | | | | - | 495 | |
| 60 | | | Ile | 500 | | | | | 505 | | | | | 510 | | |
| 60 | | | Ser 515 | | | | | 520 | | | | | 525 | | | |
| 65 | | 530 | Thr | | | | 535 | | | | | 540 | | | | |
| | 545 | | Asp | | | 550 | | | | | 555 | | | | | 560 |
| 70 | ьeu | ser | Glu | rnr | Asp 565 | Ala | GIY | GIU | ıyr | Tyr 570 | Trp | Arg | Ser | val | Asp 575 | His |

| | Ser | Lys | Phe | Asn 580 | Asp | Gly | Lys | Phe | Ala 585 | Ala | Asn | Ala | Trp | Ser 590 | Glu | Trp |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | His | Lys | Ile 595 | Asp | Cys | Pro | Ile | Asn 600 | Pro | Tyr | Lys | Ser | Thr 605 | Ile | Arg | Pro |
| | Val | Ile 610 | Tyr | Lys | Ser | Arg | Leu 615 | Tyr | Leu | Leu | Trp | Leu 620 | Glu | Gln | Lys | Glu |
| 10 | Ile 625 | Thr | Lys | Gln | Thr | Gly 630 | Asn | Ser | Lys | Asp | Gly 635 | Tyr | Gln | Thr | Glu | Thr 640 |
| 15 | Asp | Tyr | Arg | Tyr | Glu 645 | Leu | Lys | Leu | Ala | His 650 | Ile | Arg | Tyr | Asp | Gly 655 | Thr |
| 1.7 | Trp | Asn | Thr | Pro 660 | Ile | Thr | Phe | Asp | Val 665 | Asn | Lys | Lys | Ile | Ser 670 | Glu | Leu |
| 20 | Lys | Leu | Glu 675 | Lys | Asn | Arg | Ala | Pro 680 | Gly | Leu | Tyr | Cys | Ala 685 | Gly | Tyr | Gln |
| | Gly | Glu 690 | Asp | Thr | Leu | Leu | Val 695 | | Phe | Tyr | Asn | Gln 700 | Gln | Asp | Thr | Leu |
| 25 | Asp 705 | Ser | Tyr | Lys | Asn | Ala 710 | Ser | Met | Gln | Gly | Leu 715 | Tyr | Ile | Phe | Ala | Asp 720 |
| 30 | Met | Ala | Ser | Lys | Asp 725 | Met | Thr | Pro | Glu | Gln 730 | Ser | Asn | Val | Tyr | Arg 735 | Asp |
| 30 | Asn | Ser | Tyr | Gln 740 | Gln | Phe | Asp | Thr | Asn 745 | Asn | Val | Arg | Arg | Val 750 | Asn | Asn |
| 35 | Arg | Tyr | Ala 755 | Glu | Asp | Tyr | Glu | Ile 760 | Pro | Ser | Ser | Val | Ser 765 | Ser | Arg | Lys |
| | Asp | Tyr 770 | Gly | Trp | Gly | Asp | Tyr 775 | Tyr | Leu | Ser | Met | Val 780 | Tyr | Asn | Gly | Āsp |
| 40 | Ile 785 | Pro | Thr | Ile | Asn | Tyr 790 | Lys | Ala | Ala | Ser | Ser 795 | Asp | Leu | Lys | Ile | Tyr 800 |
| 45 | Ile | Ser | Pro | Lys | Leu 805 | Arg | Ile | Ile | His | Asn 810 | Gly | Tyr | Glu | Gly | Gln 815 | Lys |
| 45 | Arg | Asn | Gln | Cys 820 | Asn | Leu | Met | Asn | Lys 825 | Tyr | Gly | Lys | Leu | Gly 830 | Asp | Lys |
| 50 | Phe | Ile | Val 835 | Tyr | Thr | Ser | Leu | Gly 840 | Val | Asn | Pro | Asn | Asn 845 | | | |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

- 55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein

60

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38 (TcdA $_{ii}$ pk71 internal peptide):
- Arg Tyr Tyr Asn Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Leu Ser Gln Phe Ile Gly
 1 5 10 15

Lys

```
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:
 5
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                 (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
                 (B) TYPE: amino acid
                 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
                 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
10
          (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
           (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39 (TcdA<sub>ii</sub>- pK44 internal
15
     peptide):
     Gly Thr Ala Thr Asp Val Ser Gly Pro Val Glu Ile Asn Thr Ala
20
     Ile Ser Pro Ala Lys
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:
25
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                 (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
                 (B) TYPE: amino acid
                 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
30
                 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40 (TcbA; i N-terminus):
35
     Ala Asn Ser Leu Thr Ala Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln
40
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
45
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
           (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
50
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41 (TcdA_{iii} N-terminus):
     Leu Arg Ser Ala Asn Thr Leu Thr Asp Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln
55
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids 5 (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal 10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42 (TcdA-pk57 internal peptide): Arg Ala Leu Glu Val Glu Arg Thr Val Ser Leu Ala Glu Val Tyr 15 Ala Gly Leu Glu 20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid 25 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal 30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43 (TcdA;ii-pK20 internal peptide): Ile Arg Glu Asp Tyr Pro Ala Ser Leu Gly Lys 35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 40 (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein 45 (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44: Asp Asp Ser Gly Asp Asp Asp Lys Val Thr Asn Thr Asp Ile His Arg 50 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45: 55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein 60 (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

Asp Val Xaa Gly Ser Glu Lys Ala Asn Glu Lys Leu Lys 1 10

| 5 | (2) | INFO | RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46: |
|----|-----|------|--|
| 10 | | | SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 7551 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: double (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| | | (11) | MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) |
| 15 | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46 (tcd |
| | | | |

| 1 5 | | (xi | .) SI | EQUE | NCE | DESC | CRIP | TION | 1: S | EQ I | D NC | :46 | (to | dA) | : | | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-----|
| 15 | | | GAG Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| 20 | GGT Gly | TTT Phe | AAT Asn | TGT Cys 20 | CTG Leu | ACA Thr | GAT Asp | ATT Ile | AGC Ser 25 | CAC His | AGC Ser | TCT Ser | TTT Phe | AAT Asn 30 | GAA Glu | TTT Phe | 96 |
| 25 | | | CAA Gln 35 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 |
| 30 | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 192 |
| 35 | | | CTC Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 |
| 33 | | | CTC Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 288 |
| 40 | AGC Ser | GGT Gly | AGA Arg | GCC Ala 100 | AGT Ser | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr | GTT Val | GCG Ala 105 | CCG Pro | GGT Gly | ACC Thr | GTT Val | TCT Ser 110 | TCC Ser | ATG Met | 336 |
| 45 | | | CCC Pro 115 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 384 |
| 50 | | | GCA Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 432 |
| = - | | | TCA Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 480 |
| 55 | | | TCT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
| 60 | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
| 65 | | | TCC Ser 195 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| | | | ATC Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |

| | | 210 | | | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | | GCA Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| 10 | | TCA Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 |
| 10 | GAA Glu | GGT Gly | AAT Asn | GCT Ala 260 | GAG Glu | GAA Glu | CTT Leu | TAT Tyr | AAG Lys 265 | AAA Lys | AAT Asn | TTT Phe | GGT Gly | AAT Asn 270 | ATC Ile | GAA Glu | 816 |
| 15 | CCG Pro | GCC Ala | TCA Ser 275 | TTG Leu | GCT Ala | ATG Met | CCG Pro | GAA Glu 280 | TAC Tyr | CTT Leu | AAA Lys | CGT Arg | TAT Tyr 285 | TAT Tyr | AAT Asn | TTA Leu | 864 |
| 20 | | GAT Asp 290 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 912 |
| 25 | CAA Gln 305 | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | TAT Tyr | AGT Ser | AAT Asn 310 | AAC Asn | CAA Gln | CTT Leu | ATT Ile | ACT Thr 315 | CCG Pro | GTA Val | GTC Val | AAC Asn | AGC Ser 320 | 960 |
| 20 | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| 30 | AAT Asn | GCT Ala | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln 340 | ATG Met | GAT Asp | G T G Val | GAG Glu | CTA Leu 345 | TTT Phe | CCC Pro | TTC Phe | GGT Gly | GGT Gly 350 | GAG Glu | AAT Asn | 1056 |
| 35 | TAT Tyr | CGG Arg | TTA Leu 355 | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | AAA Lys | TTC Phe | AAA Lys 360 | AAT Asn | TTT Phe | TAT Tyr | AAT Asn | GCC Ala 365 | TCT Ser | TAT Tyr | TTA Leu | 1104 |
| 40 | TCC Ser | ATC Ile 370 | AAG Lys | TTA Leu | AAT Asn | GAT Asp | AAA Lys 375 | AGA Arg | GAA Glu | CTT Leu | GTT Val | CGA Arg 380 | ACT Thr | GAA Glu | GGC Gly | GCT Ala | 1152 |
| 45 | CCT Pro 385 | CAA Gln | GTC Val | AAT Asn | ATA Ile | GAA Glu 390 | TAC Tyr | TCC Ser | GCA Ala | AAT Asn | ATC Ile 395 | ACA Thr | TTA Leu | AAT Asn | ACC Thr | GCT Ala 400 | 1200 |
| 50 | GAT Asp | ATC Ile | AGT Ser | CAA Gln | CCT Pro 405 | TTT Phe | GAA Glu | ATT Ile | GGC Gly | CTG Leu 410 | ACA Thr | CGA Arg | GTA Val | CTT Leu | CCT Pro 415 | TCC Ser | 1248 |
| 30 | GGT Gly | TCT Ser | TGG Trp | GCA Ala 420 | TAT Tyr | GCC Ala | GCC Ala | GCA Ala | AAA Lys 425 | TTT Phe | ACC Thr | GTT Val | GAA Glu | GAG Glu 430 | TAT Tyr | AAC Asn | 1296 |
| 55 | CAA Gln | TAC Tyr | TCT Ser 435 | TTT Phe | C T G Leu | CTA Leu | AAA Lys | CTT Leu 440 | AAC Asn | AAG Lys | GCT Ala | ATT Ile | CGT Arg 445 | CTA Leu | TCA Ser | CGT Arg | 1344 |
| 60 | GCG Ala | ACA Thr 450 | GAA Glu | TTG Leu | TCA Ser | CCC Pro | ACG Thr 455 | ATT Ile | CTG Leu | GAA Glu | GGC Gly | ATT Ile 460 | GTG Val | CGC Arg | AGT Ser | GTT Val | 1392 |
| 65 | AAT Asn 465 | CTA Leu | CAA Gln | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | ATC Ile 470 | AAC Asn | ACA Thr | GAC Asp | GTA Val | TTA Leu 475 | GGT Gly | AAA Lys | GTT Val | TTT Phe | CTG Leu 480 | 1440 |
| - 70 | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1488 |
| , 0 | ATA | CTA | TGC | AAC | GCG | CCT | TTA | TCA | | CGT | TCA | TAT | GAT | TAA | CAA | CCT | 1536 |

| | Ile | Leu | Cys | Asn 500 | Ala | Pro | Ile | Ser | Gln 505 | Arg | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Asn 510 | Gln | Pro | |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | | | | GA T Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1584 |
| 10 | | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1632 |
| 1.5 | | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1680 |
| 15 | TCG Ser | CTC Leu | TTC Phe | CGC Arg | CTG Leu 565 | CTT Leu | AAA Lys | ATT Ile | ACC Thr | GAC Asp 570 | CAT His | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | AAA Lys | GAT Asp 575 | GGA Gly | 1728 |
| 20 | | | | AAT Asn 580 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1776 |
| 25 | | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1824 |
| 30 | CTG Leu | ATT Ile 610 | GCC Ala | GTA Val | GGT Gly | GAA Glu | GGA Gly 615 | AAA Lys | ACT Thr | AAT Asn | TTA Leu | TCC Ser 620 | GCT Ala | ATC Ile | AGT Ser | GAT Asp | 1872 |
| 35 | AAG Lys 625 | CAA Gln | TTG Leu | GCT Ala | ACC Thr | CTG Leu 630 | ATC Ile | AGA Arg | AAA Lys | CTC Leu | AAT Asn 635 | ACT Thr | ATT Ile | ACC Thr | AGC Ser | TGG Trp 640 | 1920 |
| 33 | | | | CAG Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1968 |
| 40 | | | | AAC Asn 660 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2016 |
| 45 | | | | CAC His | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2064 |
| 50 | CTA Leu | CAT His 690 | GTC Val | ATG Met | GCG Ala | CCC Pro | TAT Tyr 695 | ATT Ile | GCG Ala | GCC Ala | ACC Thr | TTG Leu 700 | CAA Gln | TTA Leu | TCA Ser | TCG Ser | 2112 |
| 55 | GAA Glu 705 | AAT Asn | GTC Val | GCC Ala | CAC His | TCG Ser 710 | GTA Val | CTC Leu | CTT Leu | TGG Trp | GCA Ala 715 | GAT Asp | AAG Lys | TTA Leu | CAG Gln | CCC Pro 720 | 2160 |
| JJ | | | | GCA Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2208 |
| 60 | | | | CCG Pro 740 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2256 |
| 65 | | | | TGT Cys | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2304 |
| 70 | | | | AAC Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2352 |

| | ATG Met 785 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TCA Ser 800 | 2400 |
|----|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| 5 | CTG Leu | ATT Ile | ATG Met | CTG Leu | ACA Thr 805 | CGT Arg | TTT Phe | GCG Ala | GAT Asp | TGG Trp 810 | GTG Val | AAC Asn | GCA Ala | CTA Leu | GGC Gly 815 | GAA Glu | 2448 |
| 10 | AAA Lys | GCG Ala | TCC Ser | TCG Ser 820 | GTG Val | CTA Leu | GCG Ala | GCA Ala | TTT Phe 825 | GAA Glu | GCT Ala | AAC Asn | TCG Ser | TTA Leu 830 | ACG Thr | GCA Ala | 2496 |
| 15 | GAA Glu | CAA Gln | CTG Leu 835 | GCT Ala | GAT Asp | GCC Ala | ATG Met | AAT Asn 840 | CTT Leu | GAT Asp | GCT Ala | AAT Asn | TTG Leu 845 | CTG Leu | TTG Leu | CAA Gln | 2544 |
| 20 | GCC Ala | AGT Ser 850 | ATT Ile | CAA Gln | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | AAT Asn 855 | CAT His | CAA Gln | CAT His | CTT Leu | CCC Pro 860 | CCA Pro | GTA Val | ACT Thr | CCA Pro | 2592 |
| | GAA Glu 865 | AAT Asn | GCG Ala | TTC Phe | TCC Ser | TGT Cys 870 | TGG Trp | ACA Thr | TCT Ser | ATC Ile | AAT Asn 875 | ACT Thr | ATC Ile | CTG Leu | CAA Gln | TGG Trp 880 | 2640 |
| 25 | GTT Val | AAT Asn | GTC Val | GCA Ala | CAA Gln 885 | CAA Gln | TTG Leu | AAT Asn | GTC Val | GCC Ala 890 | CCA Pro | CAG Gln | GGC Gly | GTT Val | TCC Ser 895 | GCT Ala | 2688 |
| 30 | TTG Leu | GTC Val | GGG Gly | CTG Leu 900 | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | ATT Ile | CAA Gln | TCA Ser 905 | ATG Met | AAA Lys | GAG Glu | ACA Thr | CCG Pro 910 | ACC Thr | TAT Tyr | 2736 |
| 35 | GCC Ala | CAG Gln | TGG Trp 915 | GAA Glu | AAC Asn | GCG Ala | GCA Ala | GGC Gly 920 | GTA Val | TTA Leu | ACC Thr | GCC Ala | GGG Gly 925 | TTG Leu | AAT Asn | TCA Ser | 2784 |
| 40 | CAA Gln | CAG Gln 930 | GCT Ala | AAT Asn | ACA Thr | TTA Leu | CAC His 935 | GCT Ala | TTT Phe | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | GAA Glu 940 | TCT Ser | CGC Arg | AGT Ser | GCC Ala | 2832 |
| 10 | GCA Ala 945 | TTA Leu | AGC Ser | ACC Thr | TAC Tyr | TAT Tyr 950 | ATC Ile | CGT Arg | CAA Gln | GTC Val | GCC Ala 955 | AAG Lys | GCA Ala | GCG Ala | GCG Ala | GCT Ala 960 | 2880 |
| 45 | ATT Ile | AAA Lys | AGC Ser | CGT Arg | GAT Asp 965 | GAC Asp | TTG Leu | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln | TAC Tyr 970 | TTA Leu | CTG Leu | ATT Ile | GAT Asp | AAT Asn 975 | CAG Gln | 2928 |
| 50 | GTT Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2976 |
| 55 | ATT Ile | CAA Gln | CTG Leu 995 | TAC Tyr | GTC Val | AAC Asn | CGG Arg | GCA Ala 1000 | Leu | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | GTG Val | GAA Glu 1005 | Glu | AAT Asn | GCC Ala | 3024 |
| 60 | AAT Asn | TCG Ser 1010 | Gly | GTT Val | ATC Ile | AGC Ser | CGC Arg 1015 | Gln | TTC Phe | TTT Phe | ATC Ile | GAC Asp 1020 | Trp | GAC Asp | AAA Lys | TAC Tyr | 3072 |
| 00 | AAT Asn 1025 | Lys | CGC Arg | TAC Tyr | AGC Ser | ACT Thr 1030 | Trp | GCG Ala | GGT Gly | GTT Val | TCT Ser 1035 | Gln | TTA Leu | GTT Val | TAC Tyr | TAC Tyr 1040 | 3120 |
| 65 | CCG Pro | GAA Glu | AAC Asn | TAT Tyr | ATT Ile 1045 | Asp | CCG Pro | ACC Thr | ATG Met | CGT Arg 1050 | Ile | GGA Gly | CAA Gln | ACC Thr | AAA Lys 1055 | Met | 3168 |
| 70 | ATG Met | GAC Asp | GCA Ala | TTA Leu 106 | Leu | CAA Gln | TCC Ser | GTC Val | AGC Ser 1065 | Gln | AGC Ser | CAA Gln | TTA Leu | AAC Asn 1070 | Ala | GAT Asp | 3216 |

| 5 | ACC Thr | | | Asp | | | | | Tyr | | | | | Glu | | | 3264 |
|-----|--------------------|------------|-------------------|-----|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|-----|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|-----|------------|------------|------|
| J | GCT Ala | | Leu | | | | | Ala | | | | | Ile | | | | 3312 |
| 10 | CAA Gln 1105 | Gly | | | | | Ile | | | | | Thr | | | | | 3360 |
| 15 | TAT Tyr | | | - | | Val | | | | | Phe | | | | | Phe | 3408 |
| 20 | GCG Ala | | | | Trp | | | | | Lys | | | | | Ile | | 3456 |
| 25 | CCT Pro | | | Ser | | | | | Val | | | | | Arg | | | 3504 |
| 20 | CTG Leu | | Trp | | | | | Glu | | | | | Thr | | | | 3552 |
| 30 | AAA Lys 1185 | Asp | | | | | Glu | | | | | Tyr | | | | | 3600 |
| 35 | GCG Ala | | | | | Asp | | | | | Thr | | | | | Asp | 3648 |
| 40 | GTC Val | | | | Ile | | | | | Leu | | | | | Ala | | 3696 |
| 45 | GGA Gly | CTC Leu | TAT Tyr 123 | Cys | GCC Ala | GGT Gly | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln 1240 | Gly | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | ACG Thr | TTG Leu 1245 | Leu | GTG Val | ATG Met | 3744 |
| 43 | | | Asn | | | | | CTA Leu 5 | | | | | Asn | | | | 3792 |
| 50_ | | Gly | | | | | Ala | GAT Asp | | | | Lys | | | | | 3840 |
| 55 | | | | | | Tyr | | GAT Asp | | | Tyr | | | | | Thr | 3888 |
| 60 | | | | | Arg | | | AAC Asn | | Tyr | | | | | Glu | | 3936 |
| 65 | | | | Val | | | | AAA Lys 132 | Asp | | | | | Asp | | | 3984 |
| 63 | | | Met | | | | | GAT Asp 5 | | | | | Asn | | | | 4032 |
| 70 | | | | | | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | 4080 |

| | 1345 | AT AAT GGA TAT GA | | | 135 | 0 | | | | .135 | 5 | | | | 1360 | | |
|----|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| 5 | CAT A | AAT Asn | GGA Gly | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu 136 | Gly | CAG Gln | AAG Lys | CGC Arg | AAT Asn 137 | Gln | TGC Cys | AAT Asn | CTG Leu | ATG Met 137 | Asn | 4128 |
| 10 | AAA T Lys T | TAT Tyr | GGC Gly | Lys | Leu | GGT Gly | GAT Asp | AAA Lys | TTT Phe 138 | Ile | GTT Val | TAT Tyr | ACT Thr | AGC Ser 139 | Leu | GGG Gly | 4176 |
| 10 | GTC A | AAT Asn | Pro | Asn | AAC Asn | TCG Ser | TCA Ser | AAT Asn 140 | Lys | CTC Leu | ATG Met | TTT Phe | TAC Tyr 140 | Pro | GTC Val | TAT Tyr | 4224 |
| 15 | CAA T Gln T | TAT Tyr 1410 | Ser | GGA Gly | AAC Asn | ACC Thr | AGT Ser 141 | Gly | CTC Leu | AAT Asn | CAA Gln | GGG Gly 1420 | Arg | CTA Leu | CTA Leu | TTC Phe | 4272 |
| 20 | CAC C His A 1425 | GT | GAC Asp | ACC Thr | ACT Thr | TAT Tyr 1430 | Pro | TCT Ser | AAA Lys | GTA Val | GAA Glu 143 | Ala | TGG Trp | ATT Ile | CCT Pro | GGA Gly 1440 | 4320 |
| 25 | GCA A Ala L | AA .ys | CGT Arg | TCT Ser | CTA Leu 1445 | Thr | AAC Asn | CAA Gln | AAT Asn | GCC Ala 1450 | Ala | ATT Ile | GGT Gly | GAT Asp | GAT Asp 145 | Tyr | 4368 |
| 30 | GCT A Ala T | CA hr | GAC Asp | TCT Ser 1460 | Leu | AAT Asn | AAA Lys | CCG Pro | GAT Asp 1465 | Asp | CTT Leu | AAG Lys | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr 1470 | Ile | TTT Phe | 4416 |
| 30 | ATG A Met T | CT hr | GAC Asp 1475 | Ser | AAA Lys | GGG Gly | ACT Thr | GCT Ala 1480 | Thr | GAT Asp | GTC Val | TCA Ser | GGC Gly 1485 | Pro | GTA Val | GAG Glu | 4464 |
| 35 | ATT A Ile A 1 | AT sn 490 | Thr | GCA Ala | ATT Ile | TCT Ser | CCA Pro 1495 | Ala | AAA Lys | GTT Val | CAG Gln | ATA Ile 1500 | Ile | GTC Val | AAA Lys | GCG Ala | 4512 |
| 40 | GGT G Gly G 1505 | GC ly | AAG Lys | GAG Glu | CAA Gln | ACT Thr 1510 | Phe | ACC Thr | GCA Ala | GAT Asp | AAA Lys 1515 | Asp | GTC Val | TCC Ser | ATT Ile | CAG Gln 1520 | 4560 |
| 45 | CCA TO | CA | CCT Pro | AGC Ser | TTT Phe 1525 | Asp | GAA Glu | ATG Met | AAT Asn | TAT Tyr 1530 | Gln | TTT Phe | AAT Asn | GCC Ala | CTT Leu 1535 | Glu | 4608 |
| 50 | ATA G. Ile A | AC .sp | GGT Gly | TCT Ser 1540 | Gly | CTG Leu | AAT Asn | TTT Phe | ATT Ile 1545 | Asn | AAC Asn | TCA Ser | GCC Ala | AGT Ser 1550 | Ile | GAT Asp | 4656 |
| | GTT A | CT hr | TTT Phe 1555 | Thr | GCA Ala | TTT Phe | GCG Ala | GAG Glu 1560 | Asp | GGC Gly | CGC Arg | AAA Lys | CTG Leu 1565 | Gly | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | 4704 |
| 55 | AGT T | TC he 570 | Ser | ATT Ile | CCT Pro | GTT Val | ACC Thr 1575 | Leu | AAG Lys | GTA Val | AGT Ser | ACC Thr 1580 | Asp | AAT Asn | GCC Ala | CTG Leu | 4752 |
| 60 | ACC C Thr L 1585 | TG | CAC His | CAT His | AAT Asn | GAA Glu 1590 | Asn | GGT Gly | GCG Ala | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr 1595 | Met | CAA Gln | TGG Trp | CAA Gln | TCC Ser 1600 | 4800 |
| 65 | TAT C | GT .rg | ACC Thr | CGC Arg | CTG Leu 1605 | Asn | ACT Thr | CTA Leu | TTT Phe | GCC Ala 1610 | Arg | CAG Gln | TTG Leu | GTT Val | GCA Ala 1615 | Arg | 4848 |
| 70 | GCC A | CC hr | ACC Thr | GGA Gly 1620 | Ile | GAT Asp | ACA Thr | ATT Ile | CTG Leu 1625 | Ser | ATG Met | GAA Glu | ACT Thr | CAG Gln 1630 | Asn | ATT Ile | 4896 |
| - | CAG G | AA | CCG | CAG | TTA | GGC | AAA | GGT | TTC | TAT | GCT | ACG | TTC | GTG | ATA | CCT | 4944 |

| | Gln Glu | Pro Gln 1635 | Leu G | ly Lys | Gly 1640 | | Tyr | Ala | Thr | Phe 164 | _ | Ile | Prc | |
|-----|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------|
| 5 | | AAC CTA Asn Leu O | | | Gly | | | | | Phe | | | | 4992 |
| 10 | | CAT GTT His Val | Val A | | | | His | | | | | | | 5040 |
| 1 5 | CTA ACA Leu Thr | GAT ACA Asp Thr | AAT A' Asn I 1685 | ra AAC Le Asn | ATC Ile | ACA Thr | TTA Leu 1690 | Phe | ATT Ile | CCT Pro | CTT Leu | GAT Asp 169 | Asp | 5088 |
| 15 | | TTG AAT Leu Asn 170 | Gln A | | | | Lys | | | | | Phe | | 5136 |
| 20 | AAA TCA Lys Ser | CCA TCA Pro Ser 1715 | GAT GO Asp G | GT ACC ly Thr | TGG Trp 1720 | Trp | GGC Gly | CCT Pro | CAC His | TTT Phe 1725 | Val | AGA Arg | GAT Asp | 5184 |
| 25 | | GGA ATA Gly Ile O | | | Asn | | | | | Leu | | | | 5232 |
| 30 | | GTC AAT Val Asn | Val L | | | | | | Glu | | | | | 5280 |
| 35 | | GCT AAC Ala Asn | | | | | | Leu | | | | | Pro | 5328 |
| 33 | ATG CTG | GTT GCT Val Ala 178 | Gln A | | | | Glu | | | | | Glu | | 5376 |
| 40 | | TGG CTG Trp Leu 1795 | | | | Ser | | | | | Ile | | | 5424 |
| 45 | | ATT CAG Ile Gln O | | | Trp | | | | | Leu | | | | 5472 |
| 50 | | TGG AAC Trp Asn | Ser A | | | | | | Asp | | | | | 5520 |
| E E | | CAC GAT His Asp | | | | | | Ser | | | | | Thr | 5568 |
| 55 | | CTA TTG Leu Leu 186 | Ile A | | | | His | | | | | Leu | | 5616 |
| 60 | | ACA CTC Thr Leu 1875 | | | | Met | | | | | Ala | | | 5664 |
| 65 | | GGT GAC Gly Asp 0 | | | Leu | | | | | Thr | | | | 5712 |
| 70 | | CTA GAC Leu Asp | Arg A | | | | | | Gln | | | | | 5760 |

| | AGC GCA Ser Ala | ATA GTC G | GCT CTG Ala Leu 1925 | CGG CA Arg G1 | AG AAT Ln Asn | ATA (Ile 1 1930 | CCT AC Pro Th | A CCG r <u>Pro</u> | GCA Ala | CCT Pro 1935 | Leu | 3808 |
|----|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| 5 | TCA TTG Ser Leu | CGC AGC G Arg Ser A 1940 | GCT AAT Ala Asn | ACC CT Thr Le | G ACT eu Thr 1945 | Asp I | CTC TT Leu Ph | C CTG e Leu | CCG Pro 1950 | Gln | ATC Ile | 5856 |
| 10 | AAT GAA Asn Glu | GTG ATG A Val Met M 1955 | ATG AAT Met Asn | Tyr Tr | GG CAG p Gln 960 | ACA 1 | ITA GC Leu Al | T CAG a Gln 196 | Arg | GTA Val | TAC Tyr | 5904 |
| 15 | AAT CTG Asn Leu 1970 | CGT CAT A Arg His A) | AAC CTC Asn Leu | TCT AT Ser Il 1975 | C GAC Le Asp | GGC (| CAG CC Gln Pr 19 | o Leu | TAT Tyr | CTG Leu | CCA Pro | 5952 |
| 20 | Ile Tyr 1985 | GCC ACA C | Pro Ala 1990 | Asp Pr | o Lys | Ala I | Leu Le 1995 | u Ser | Ala | Ala | Val 2000 | 6000 |
| | GCC ACT Ala Thr | TCT CAA G Ser Gln_G | GGT GGA Sly Gly 2005 | GGC AA Gly Ly | s Leu | CCG (Pro (2010 | GAA TC Glu Se | A TTT r Phe | ATG Met | TCC Ser 2015 | Leu | 6048 |
| 25 | TGG CGT Trp Arg | TTC CCG C Phe Pro H 2020 | CAC ATG | CTG GA Leu Gl | AAAT .u Asn 2025 | Ala <i>P</i> | CGC GG Arg Gl | C ATG y Met | GTT Val 2030 | Ser | CAG Gln | 6096 |
| 30 | CTC ACC Leu Thr | CAG TTC G Gln Phe G 2035 | GGC TCC Gly Ser | Thr Le | CA CAA eu Gln 040 | AAT A Asn 1 | ATT AT | C GAA e Glu 2045 | Arg | CAG Gln | GAC Asp | 6144 |
| 35 | GCG GAA Ala Glu 2050 | GCG CTC A Ala Leu A) | AAT GCG Asn Ala | TTA TT Leu Le 2055 | A CAA eu Gln | AAT (Asn (| CAG GC Gln Al 20 | a Ala | GAG Glu | CTG Leu | ATA Ile | 6192 |
| 40 | | AAC CTG A Asn Leu S | | Gln As | | Thr 1 | | | | | | 6240 |
| 10 | | ACG GTG T Thr Val I | | | | | | | | | Phe | 6288 |
| 45 | | TAC GGC A Tyr Gly I 2100 | | | | Asn 1 | | | | Glu | | 6336 |
| 50 | CAA GCC Gln Ala | ATG ACG C Met Thr I 2115 | CTA CGA Leu Arg | Ala Se | CC GCC er Ala .20 | GCC (Ala (| GGG CT Gly Le | T ACC u Thr 2125 | Thr | GCA Ala | GTT Val | 6384 |
| 55 | | TCC CGT (Ser Arg I) | | | | | | u Val | | | | 6432 |
| 60 | TTC GGC Phe Gly 2145 | TTT GCC C | GGT GGC Gly Gly 2150 | Gly Se | GC CGT er Arg | Trp (| GGG GC Gly Al 2155 | T ATC a Ile | GCT Ala | GAG Glu | GCG Ala 2160 | 6480 |
| 00 | | TAT GTG A | | | | | | | | | Ala | 6528 |
| 65 | GAT AAA Asp Lys | ATT AGC (Ile Ser (2180 | CAA TCT Gln Ser | GAA AC Glu Th | CC TAC or Tyr 2185 | Arg A | CGT CG Arg Ar | C CGT g Arg | CAG Gln 2190 | Glu | TGG Trp | 6576 |
| 70 | | CAG CGG A Gln Arg A 2195 | | Ala Gl | | | | | Ile | | | 6624 |

| 5 | CAG CTC Gln Leu 2210 | Lys Ser | | | Arg | | | | | Val | | | | 6672 |
|----|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| J | ACC AGT Thr Ser 2225 | | Thr Gl | | | | | | Ser | | | | | 6720 |
| 10 | CTG CAA Leu Gln | | | | | | | Tyr | | | | | Gly | 6768 |
| 15 | CGA CTG Arg Leu | | Ile Ty | | | | Tyr | | | | | Ala | | 6816 |
| 20 | TGC CTG Cys Leu | Met Ala 2275 | Glu Gl | n Ala | Tyr 2280 | Arg O | Trp | Glu | Leu | Asn 2285 | Asp | Asp | Ser | 6864 |
| 25 | GCC CGC Ala Arg 2290 | Phe Ile | Lys Pr | o Gly 229: | Ala 5 | Trp | Gln | Gly | Thr 2300 | Tyr | Ala ~- | Gly | Leu | 6912 |
| | CTT GCA Leu Ala 2305 | | | u Met | | | | | Gln | | | | | 6960 |
| 30 | CAT CTG His Leu | | | | | | | Val | | | | | Ser | 7008 |
| 35 | CTG GCC Leu Ala | | Tyr Al | | | | Lys | | | | | Phe | | 7056 |
| 40 | CTG GCT Leu Ala | | | | | Val | | | | | Gly | | | 7104 |
| 45 | GGC AGT Gly-Ser 2370 | Gly Asn | | | Ala | | | | | Thr | | | | 7152 |
| | ACC TCT Thr Ser 2385 | | | r Val | | | | | Leu | | | | | 7200 |
| 50 | GAT TAC Asp Tyr | CCG GCA Pro Ala | TCG CT Ser Le 2405 | r GGC u Gly | AAA Lys | ATT Ile | CGA Arg 2410 | Arg | ATC Ile | AAA Lys | CAG Gln | ATC Ile 2415 | Ser | 7248 |
| 55 | GTC ACT Val Thr | Leu Pro 242 | Ala Le O | u Leu | Gly | Pro 2425 | Tyr | Gln | Asp | Val | Gln 2430 | Ala) | Ile | 7296 |
| 60 | TTG TCT Leu Ser | TAC GGC Tyr Gly 2435 | GAT AA Asp Ly | A GCC s Ala | GGA Gly 2440 | Leu | GCT Ala | AAC Asn | GGC Gly | TGT Cys 2445 | Glu | GCG Ala | CTG Leu | 7344 |
| 65 | GCA GTT Ala Val 2450 | Ser His | GGT AT Gly Me | G AAT E Asn 2455 | Asp | AGC Ser | GGC Gly | CAA Gln | TTC Phe 2460 | Gln | CTC Leu | GAT Asp | TTC Phe | 7392 |
| | AAC GAT Asn Asp 2465 | GGC AAA Gly Lys | TTC CT Phe Le 24 |) Pro | TTC Phe | GAA Glu | GGC Gly | ATC Ile 2475 | Ala | ATT Ile | GAT Asp | CAA Gln | GGC Gly 2480 | 7440 |
| 70 | ACG CTG Thr Leu | ACA CTG Thr Leu | AGC TT Ser Ph | C CCA Pro | AAT Asn | GCA Ala | TCT Ser | ATG Met | CCG Pro | GAG Glu | AAA Lys | GGT Gly | AAA Lys | 7488 |

2485 2490 2495 CAA GCC ACT ATG TTA AAA ACC CTG AAC GAT ATC ATT TTG CAT ATT CGC Gln Ala Thr Met Leu Lys Thr Leu Asn Asp Ile Ile Leu His Ile Arg 5 2500 2505 2510 7551 TAC ACC ATT AAA TAA Tyr Thr Ile Lys ••• 2516 10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 15 (A) LENGTH: 2516 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acids (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein 20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47 (TcdA): Features From To Description Peptide 1 2516 TcdA proteins 89 Peptide 1937 TcdAii peptide 25 89 Fragment 100 TcdAii N-terminus (SEQ ID NO:13) 284 299 (SEQ ID NO:38) Fragment 563 (SEQ ID NO:17) 554 Fragment 1080 1092 (SEQ ID NO:23; 12/13) Fragment 1400 (SEQ ID NO:18) Fragment 1385 30 1478 1497 (SEQ ID NO:39) Fragment Fragment 1620 1642 (SEQ ID NO:21; 19/23) Fragment 1938 1948 (SEQ ID NO:41) Peptide 1938 2516 TcdAiii peptide Fragment 2327 2345 (SEQ ID NO:42) 35 2398 2408 Fragment (SEQ ID NO:43) Met Asn Glu Ser Val Lys Glu Ile Pro Asp Val Leu Lys Ser Gln Cys 40 Gly Phe Asn Cys Leu Thr Asp Ile Ser His Ser Ser Phe Asn Glu Phe Arg Gln Gln Val Ser Glu His Leu Ser Trp Ser Glu Thr His Asp Leu 45 Tyr His Asp Ala Gln Gln Ala Gln Lys Asp Asn Arg Leu Tyr Glu Ala Arg Ile Leu Lys Arg Ala Asn Pro Gln Leu Gln Asn Ala Val His Leu 50 Ala Ile Leu Ala Pro Asn Ala Glu Leu Ile Gly Tyr Asn Asn Gln Phe 55 Ser Gly Arg Ala Ser Gln Tyr Val Ala Pro Gly Thr Val Ser Ser Met Phe Ser Pro Ala Ala Tyr Leu Thr Glu Leu Tyr Arg Glu Ala Arg Asn 60 Leu His Ala Ser Asp Ser Val Tyr Tyr Leu Asp Thr Arg Arg Pro Asp Leu Lys Ser Met Ala Leu Ser Gln Gln Asn Met Asp Ile Glu Leu Ser 65 150 155 Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Glu Leu Leu Glu Ser Ile Lys Thr Glu

| | | | | | 165 | | | | | 170 | | | | | 175 | |
|----|------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| - | Ser | Lys | Leu | Glu 180 | Asn | Tyr | Thr | Lys | Val 185 | Met | Glu | Met | Leu | Ser 190 | Thr | Phe |
| 5 | Arg | Pro | Ser 195 | Gly | Ala | Thr | Pro | Tyr 200 | His | Asp | Ala | Tyr | Glu 205 | Asn | Val | Arg |
| 10 | Glu | Val 210 | Ile | Gln | Leu | Gln | Asp 215 | Pro | Gly | Leu | Glu | Gln 220 | Leu | Asn | Ala | Ser |
| | Pro 225 | Ala | Ile | Ala | Gly | Leu 230 | Met | His | Gln | Ala | Ser 235 | Leu | Leu | Gly | Ile | Asn 240 |
| 15 | Ala | Ser | Ile | Ser | Pro 245 | Glu | Leu | Phe | Asn | Ile 250 | Leu | Thr | Glu | Glu | Ile 255 | Thr |
| 20 | Glu | Gly | Asn | Ala 260 | Glu | Glu | Leu | Tyr | Lys 265 | Lys | Asn | Phe | Gly | Asn 270 | Ile | Glu |
| 20 | Pro | Ala | Ser 275 | Leu | Ala | Met | Pro | Glu 280 | Tyr | Leu | Lys | Arg | Tyr 285 | Tyr | Asn | Leu |
| 25 | Ser | Asp 290 | Glu | Glu | Leu | Ser | Gln 295 | Phe | Ile | Gly | Lys | Ala 300 | Ser | Asn | Phe | Gly |
| | Gln 305 | Gln | Glu | Tyr | Ser | Asn 310 | Asn | Gln | Leu | Ile | Thr 315 | Pro | Val | Val | Asn | Ser 320 |
| 30 | Ser | Asp | Gly | Thr | Val 325 | Lys | Val | Tyr | Arg | Ile 330 | Thr | Arg | Glu | Tyr | Thr 335 | Thr |
| 35 | Asn | Ala | Tyr | Gln 340 | Met | Asp | Val | Glu | Leu 345 | Phe | Pro | Phe | Gly | Gly 350 | Glu | Asn |
| | Tyr | Arg | Leu 355 | Asp | Tyr | Lys | Phe | Lys 360 | Asn | Phe | Tyr | Asn | Ala 365 | Ser | Tyr | Leu |
| 40 | Ser | Ile 370 | Lys | Leu | Asn | Asp | Lys 375 | Arg | Glu | Leu | Val | Arg 380 | Thr | Glu | Gly | Ala |
| | 385 | | | | | 390 | | | | | 395 | | | Asn | | 400 |
| 45 | | | | | 405 | | | | | 410 | | | | Leu | 415 | |
| 50 | ** | | - | -420 | | | | | 425 | | | | | Glu 430 | | |
| | | - | 435 | | | | - | 440 | | - | | | 445 | Leu | | , |
| 55 | | 450 | | | | | 455 | | | | | 460 | | Arg | | |
| | 465 | | | | | 470 | | | | | 475 | | | Val | | 480 |
| 60 | | _ | | | 485 | | | | | 490 | | | | Thr | 495 | |
| 65 | | | | 500 | | | | | 505 | | | - | • | Asn 510 | | |
| | | | 515 | | | | | 520 | | | | | 525 | Gly | | _ |
| 70 | Phe | Ser 530 | Thr | GLy | Asp | Glu | Glu 535 | Ile | Asp | Leu | Asn | Ser 540 | Gly | Ser | Thr | Gly |

| | Asp 545 | Trp | Arg | Lys | Thr | Ile 550 | Leu | Lys | Arg | Ala | .Phe 555 | Asn | Ile | Asp | Asp | Val 560 |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Ser | Leu | Phe | Arg | Leu 565 | Leu | Lys | Ile | Thr | Asp 570 | His | Asp | Asn | Lys | Asp 575 | Gly |
| | Lys | Ile | Lys | Asn 580 | Asn | Leu | Lys | Asn | Leu 585 | Ser | Asn | Leu | Tyr | Ile 590 | Gly | Lys |
| 10 | Leu | Leu | Ala 595 | Asp | Ile | His | Gln | Leu 600 | Thr | Ile | Asp | Glu | Leu 605 | qzA | Leu | Leu |
| 15 | Leu | Ile 610 | Ala | Val | Gly | Glu | Gly 615 | Lys | Thr | Asn | Leu | Ser 620 | Ala. | Ile | Ser | Asp |
| 10 | Lys 625 | Gln | Leu | Ala | Thr | Leu 630 | Ile | Arg | Lys | Leu | Asn 635 | Thr | Ile | Thr | Ser | Trp 640 |
| 20 | Leu | His | Thr | Gln | Lys 645 | Trp | Ser | Val | Phe | Gln 650 | Leu | Phe | Ile | Met | Thr 655 | Ser |
| | Thr | Ser | Tyr | Asn 660 | Lys | Thr | Leu | Thr | Pro 665 | Glu | Ile | Lys | | Leu 670 | Leu | Asp |
| 25 | Thr | Vāl | Tyr 675 | His | Gly | Leu | Gln | Gly 680 | Phe | Asp | Lys | Asp | Lys 685 | Ala | Asp | Leu |
| 30 | Leu | His 690 | Val | Met | Ala | Pro | Tyr 695 | Ile | Ala | Ala | Thr | Leu 700 | Gln | Leu | Ser | Ser |
| 30 | Glu 705 | Asn | Val | Ala | His | Ser 710 | Val | Leu | Leu | Trp | Ala 715 | Asp | Lys | Leu | Gln | Pro 720 |
| 35 | Gly | Asp | Gly | Ala | Met 725 | Thr | Ala | Glu | Lys | Phe 730 | Trp | Asp | Trp | Leu | Asn 735 | Thr |
| | Lys | Tyr | Thr | Pro 740 | Gly | Ser | Ser | Glu | Ala 745 | Val | Glu | Thr | Gln | Glu 750 | His | Ile |
| 40 | Val | Gln | Tyr 755 | Cys | Gln | Ala | Leu | Ala 760 | Gln | Leu | Glu | Met | Val 765 | Tyr | His | Ser |
| 45 | Thr- | Gly 770 | Ile | Asn | Glu | Asn | Ala 775 | Phe | Arg | Leu | Phe | Val 780 | Thr | Lys | Pro | Glu |
| | Met 785 | Phe | Gly | Ala | Ala | Thr 790 | Gly | Ala | Ala | Pro | Ala 795 | His | Asp | Ala | Leu | Ser 800 |
| 50 | Leu | Ile | Met | Leu | Thr 805 | Arg | Phe | Ala | Asp | Trp 810 | Val | Asn | Ala | Leu | Gly 815 | Glu |
| | Lys | Ala | Ser | Ser 820 | Val | Leu | Ala | Ala | Phe 825 | Glu | Ala | Asn | Ser | Leu 830 | Thr | Ala |
| 55 | Glu | Gln | Leu 835 | Ala | Asp | Ala | Met | Asn 840 | Leu | Asp | Ala | Asn | Leu 845 | Leu | Leu | Gln |
| 60 | Ala | Ser 850 | Ile | Gln | Ala | Gln | Asn 855 | His | Gln | His | Leu | Pro 860 | Pro | Val | Thr | Pro |
| | Glu 865 | Asn | Ala | Phe | Ser | Cys 870 | Trp | Thr | Ser | Ile | Asn 875 | Thr | Ile | Leu | Gln | Trp 880 |
| 65 | Val | Asn | Val | Ala | Gln 885 | Gln | Leu | Asn | Val | Ala 890 | Pro | Gln | Gly | Val | Ser 895 | Ala |
| | Leu | Val | Gly | Leu 900 | Asp | Tyr | Ile | Gln | Ser 905 | Met | Lys | Glu | Thr | Pro 910 | Thr | Tyr |
| 70 | Ala | Gln | Trp 915 | Glu | Asn | Ala | Ala | Gly 920 | Val | Leu | Thr | Ala | Gly 925 | Leu | Asn | Ser |

| | Gln | Gln 930 | Ala | Asn | Thr | Leu | His 935 | Ala | Phe | Leu | Asp | Glu 940 | Ser | Arg | Ser | Ala |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Ala 945 | Leu | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Tyr 950 | Ile | Arg | Gln | Val | Ala 955 | Lys | Ala | Ala | Ala | Ala 960 |
| | Ile | Lys | Ser | Arg | Asp 965 | Asp | Leu | Tyr | Gln | Tyr 970 | Leu | Leu | Ile | Asp | Asn 975 | Gln |
| 10 | Val | Ser | Ala | Ala 980 | Ile | Lys | Thr | Thr | Arg 985 | Ile | Ala | Glu | Ala | Ile 990 | Ala | Ser |
| 15 | Ile | Gln | Leu 995 | Tyr | Val | Asn | Arg | Ala 1000 | | Glu | Asn | Val | Glu 1009 | | Asn | Ala |
| | Asn | Ser 1010 | Gly) | Val | Ile | Ser | Arg 1015 | | Phe | Phe | Ile | Asp 1020 | | Asp | Lys | Tyr |
| 20 | Asn 1025 | | Arg | Tyr | Ser | Thr 1030 | | Ala | Gly | Val | Ser 1035 | | Leu | Val | Tyr | Tyr 1040 |
| | Pro | Glu | Asn | Tyr | Ile 1045 | | Pro | Thr | Met | Arg 1050 | | Gly | Gln | Thr | Lys 1055 | _ |
| 25 | Met | Asp | Ala | Leu 1060 | | Gln | Ser | Val | Ser 1065 | | Ser | Gln | Leu | Asn 1070 | | Asp |
| 30 | Thr | Val | Glu 1075 | | Ala | Phe | Met | Ser 1080 | | Leu | Thr | Ser | Phe 1085 | | Gln | Val |
| | Ala | Asn 1090 | Leu) | Lys | Val | Ile | Ser 1095 | | Tyr | His | Asp | Asn 1100 | | Asn | Asn | Asp |
| 35 | Gln 1105 | | Leu | Thr | Tyr | Phe 1110 | | Gly | Leu | Ser | Glu 1115 | | Asp | Ala | Gly | Glu 1120 |
| | Tyr | Tyr | Trp | Arg | Ser 1125 | | Asp | His | Ser | Lys 1130 | | Asn | Asp | Gly | Lys 1135 | |
| 40 | Ala | Ala | Asn | Ala 1140 | | Ser | Glu | Trp | His 1145 | | Ile | qzA | Cys | Pro 1150 | | Asn |
| 45 | Pro | Tyr | Lys 1155 | | Thr | Ile | Arg | Pro 1160 | | Ile | Tyr | Lys | Ser 1165 | | Leu | Tyr |
| | Leu | Leu 1170 | Trp | Leu | Glu | Gln | Lys 1175 | | Ile | Thr | Lys | Gln 1180 | | Gly | Asn | Ser |
| 50 | Lys 1185 | Asp | Gly | Tyr | Gln | Thr 1190 | Glu) | Thr | Asp | Tyr | Arg 1195 | | Glu | Leu | Lys | Leu 1200 |
| | Ala | His | Ile | Arg | Tyr 1205 | | Gly | Thr | Trp | Asn 1210 | | Pro | Ile | Thr | Phe 1215 | |
| 55 | Val | Asn | Lys | Lys 1220 | | Ser | Glu | Leu | Lys 1225 | | Glu | Lys | Asn | Arg 1230 | | Pro |
| 60 | Gly | Leu | Tyr 1235 | | Ala | Gly | Tyr | Gln 1240 | | Glu | Asp | Thr | Leu 1245 | | Val | Met |
| | Phe | Tyr 1250 | Asn) | Gln | Gln | qaA | Thr 1255 | Leu | Asp | Ser | Tyr | Lys 1260 | | Ala | Ser | Met |
| 65 | Gln 1265 | | Leu | Tyr | Ile | Phe 1270 | | Asp | Met | Ala | Ser 1275 | | Asp | Met | Thr | Pro 1280 |
| | Glu | Gln | Ser | Asn | Val 1285 | | Arg | Asp | Asn | Ser 1290 | | Gln | Gln | Phe | Asp 1295 | |
| 70 | Asn | Asn | Val | Arg | Arg | Val | Asn | Asn | Arg | Tyr | Ala | Glu | Asp | Tyr | Glu | Ile |
| | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | |

| | | | | 1300 |) | | | | 1305 | . | | | | 1310 |) | |
|-----|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| _ | Pro | Ser | Ser 1315 | | Ser | Ser | Arg | Lys 1320 | | Tyr | Gly | Trp | Gly 1325 | | Tyr | Tyr |
| 5 | Leu | Ser 1330 | Met) | Val | Tyr | Asn | Gly 1335 | | Ile | Pro | Thr | Ile 1340 | | Tyr | Lys | Ala |
| 10 | Ala 1345 | | Ser | Asp | Leu | Lys 1350 | | Tyr | Ile | Ser | Pro 1355 | | Leu | Arg | Ile | Ile 1360 |
| | His | Asn | Gly | Tyr | Glu 1365 | | Gln | Lys | Arg | Asn 1370 | | Cys | Asn | Leu | Met 1375 | |
| 15 | Lys | Tyr | Gly | Lys 1380 | | Gly | Asp | Lys | Phe 1385 | | Val | Tyr | Thr | Ser 1390 | | Gly |
| 20 | Val | Asn | Pro 1395 | | Asn | Ser | Ser | Asn 1400 | | Leu | Met | Phe | Tyr 1405 | | Val | Tyr |
| 20 | Gln | Tyr 1410 | Ser | Gly | Asn | Thr | Ser 1415 | | Leu | Asn | Gln | Gly 1420 | | Leu | Leu | Phe |
| 25 | His 1425 | | Asp | Thr | Thr | Tyr 1430 | | Ser | Lys | Val | Glu 1435 | | Trp | Ile | Pro | Gly 1440 |
| | Ala | Lys | Arg | Ser | Leu 1445 | | Asn | Gln | Asn | Ala 1450 | | Ile | Gly | Asp | Asp 1455 | |
| 30 | Ala | Thr | Asp | Ser 1460 | | Asn | Lys | Pro | Asp 1465 | | Leu | Lys | Gln | Tyr 1470 | | Phe |
| 35 | Met | Thr | Asp 1475 | | Lys | Gly | Thr | Ala 1480 | | Asp | Val | Ser | Gly 1485 | | Val | Glu |
| | Ile | Asn 1490 | Thr | Ala | Ile | Ser | Pro 1495 | | Lys | Val | Gln | Ile 1500 | | Val | Lys | Ala |
| 40 | Gly 1505 | | Lys | Glu | Gln | Thr 1510 | | Thr | Ala | Asp | Lys 1515 | | Val | Ser | Ile | Gln 1520 |
| | Pro | Ser | Pro | Ser | Phe 1525 | | Glu | Met | Asn | Tyr 1530 | Gln) | Phe | Asn | Ala | Leu 1535 | |
| 45 | | | Gly | 1540 |) | | | | 1545 | , | | | | 1550 |) | |
| 50 | *- | | Phe 1555 | | | | | 1560 |) | | | | 1565 | | | |
| | | 1570 | | | | | 1575 | , | - | | | 1580 |) | | | |
| 55_ | 1585 | > | His | | | 1590 |) | | | | 1595 | 5 | | | | 1600 |
| | | | Thr | | 1605 | i | | | | 1610 |) | | | | 1615 | 5 |
| 60 | | | Thr | 1620 |) | | | | 1625 | ; | | | | 1630 | • | |
| 65 | | | Pro 1635 | , | | | _ | 1640 |) | - | | | 1645 | . | | |
| | | 1650 | | | | | 1655 | 5 | - | | | 1660 |) | _ | | |
| 70 | Ile 1665 | | His | Vāl | Val | Asp 1670 | | Asn | Ser | | 11e 1675 | Ile | Tyr | Ser | GLY | Gln 1680 |

| | Leu | Thr | Asp | Thr | Asn 1685 | | Asn | Ile | Thr | Leu. 1690 | | Ile | Pro | Leu | Asp 169 | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Val | Pro | Leu | Asn 1700 | | Asp | Tyr | His | Ala 170 | | Val | Tyr | Met | Thr 171 | | Lys |
| | Lys | Ser | Pro 1715 | | Asp | Gly | Thr | Trp 1720 | | Gly | Pro | His | Phe 172 | | Arg | Asp |
| 10 | Asp | Lys 1730 | Gly) | Ile | Val | Thr | Ile 1735 | | Pro | Lys | Ser | Ile 1740 | | Thr | His | Phe |
| 1 5 | Glu 1745 | | Val | Asn | Val | Leu 1750 | | Asn | Ile | Ser | Ser 175 | | Pro | Met | Asp | Phe 176 |
| 15 | Ser | Gly | Ala | Asn | Ser 1765 | | Tyr | Phe | Trp | Glu 1770 | | Phe | Tyr | Tyr | Thr 1775 | |
| 20 | Met | Leu | Val | Ala 1780 | | Arg | Leu | Leu | His 1785 | | Gln | Asn | Phe | Asp 1790 | | Ala |
| | Asn | Arg | Trp 1795 | | Lys | Tyr | Val | Trp 1800 | | Pro | Ser | Gly | Tyr 1805 | | Val | His |
| 25 | Gly | Gln 1810 | Ile | Gln | Asn | Tyr | Gln 1815 | | Asn | Val | Arg | Pro 1820 | | Leu | Glu | Asp |
| 20 | Thr 1825 | | Trp | Asn | Ser | Asp 1830 | | Leu | Asp | Ser | Val 1839 | | Pro | Asp | Ala | Val 1840 |
| 30 | Ala | Gln | His | Asp | Pro 1845 | | His | Tyr | Lys | Val 1850 | | Thr | Phe | Met | Arg 1855 | _ |
| 35 | Leu | Asp | Leu | Leu 1860 | | Ala | Arg | Gly | Asp 1865 | | Ala | Tyr | Arg | Gln 1870 | | Glu |
| | Arg | Asp | Thr 1875 | | Asn | Glu | Ala | Lys 1880 | | Trp | Tyr | Met | Gln 1885 | | Leu | His |
| 40 | Leu | Leu 1890 | Gly | Asp | Lys | Pro | Tyr 1895 | | Pro | Leu | Ser | Thr 1900 | | Trp | Ser | Asp |
| 4.5 | Pro 1905 | | Leu | Asp | Arg | Ala 1910 | | Asp | Ile | Thr | Thr 1915 | | Asn | Ala | His | Asp 1920 |
| 45 | Ser | Ala | Ile | Val | Ala 1925 | | Arg | Gln | Asn | Ile 1930 | | Thr | Pro | Ala | Pro 1935 | |
| 50 | Ser | Leu | Arg | Ser 1940 | | Asn | Thr | Leu | Thr 1945 | | Leu | Phe | Leu | Pro 1950 | | Ile |
| | Asn | Glu | Val 1955 | | Met | Asn | Tyr | Trp 1960 | | Thr | Leu | Ala | Gln 1965 | | Val | Tyr |
| 55 | Asn | Leu 1970 | Arg | His | Asn | Leu | Ser 1975 | | qzA | Gly | Gln | Pro 1980 | | Tyr | Leu | Pro |
| CO | Ile 1985 | Tyr | Ala | Thr | Pro | Ala 1990 | Asp) | Pro | Lys | Ala | Leu 1995 | | Ser | Ala | Ala | Val 2000 |
| 60 | Ala | Thr | Ser | Gln | Gly 2005 | Gly | Gly | Lys | Leu | Pro 2010 | | Ser | Phe | Met | Ser 2015 | |
| 65 | Trp | Arg | Phe | Pro 2020 | | Met | Leu | Glu | Asn 2025 | | Arg | Gly | Met | Val 2030 | | Gln |
| | Leu | Thr | Gln 2035 | Phe | Gly | Ser | Thr | Leu 2040 | | Asn | Ile | Ile | Glu 2045 | | Gln | Asp |
| 70 | Ala | Glu 2050 | Ala) | Leu | Asn | Ala | Leu 2055 | | Gln | Asn | Gln | Ala 2060 | | Glu | Leu | Ile |

| | Leu 2065 | | Asn | Leu | Ser | Ile 2070 | | Asp | Lys | Thr | Ile 2075 | | Glu | Leu | Asp | Ala 2080 |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Glu | Lys | Thr | Val | Leu 2085 | | Lys | Ser | Lys | Ala 2090 | | Ala | Gln | Ser | Arg 2095 | |
| 10 | Asp | Ser | Tyr | Gly 2100 | | Leu | Tyr | Asp | Glu 2105 | | Ile | Asn | Ala | Gly 2110 | | Asn |
| 10 | Gln | Ala | Met 2115 | | Leu | Arg | Ala | Ser 2120 | | Ala | Gly | Leu | Thr 2125 | | Ala | Val |
| 15 | Gln | Ala 2130 | Ser) | Arg | Leu | Ala | Gly 2135 | | Ala | Ala | Asp | Leu 2140 | | Pro | Asn | Ile |
| | Phe 2145 | | Phe | Ala | Gly | Gly 2150 | | Ser | Arg | Trp | Gly 2155 | | Ile | Ala | Glu | Ala 2160 |
| 20 | Thr | Gly | Tyr | Val | Met 2165 | | Phe | Ser | Ala | Asn 2170 | | Met | Asn | Thr | Glu 2175 | |
| 25 | Asp | Lys | Ile | Ser 2180 | | Ser | Glu | Thr | Tyr 2185 | | Arg | Arg | Arg | Gln 2190 | | Trp |
| | Glu | Ile | Gln 2195 | | Asn | Asn | Ala | Glu 2200 | | Glu | Leu | Lys | Gln 2205 | | Asp | Ala |
| 30 | Gln | Leu 2210 | Lys) | Ser | Leu | Ala | Val 2215 | | Arg | Glu | Ala | Ala 2220 | | Leu | Gln | Lys |
| | Thr 2225 | | Leu | Lys | Thr | Gln 2230 | | Glu | Gln | Thr | Gln 2235 | | Gln | Leu | Ala | Phe 2240 |
| 35 | Leu | Gln | Arg | Lys | Phe 2245 | | Asn | Gln | Ala | Leu 2250 | | Asn | Trp | Leu | Arg 2255 | - |
| 40 | Arg | Leu | Ala | Ala 2260 | | Tyr | Phe | Gln | Phe 2265 | | Asp | Leu | Ala | Val 2270 | | Arg |
| 10 | Cys | Leu | Met 2275 | | Glu | Gln | Ala | Tyr 2280 | | Trp | Glu | Leu | Asn 2285 | | Asp | Ser |
| 45 | Ala | Arg 2290 | Phe) | Ile | Lys | Pro | Gly 2295 | Ala | Trp | Gln | Gly | Thr 2300 | | Ala | Gly | Leu |
| | Leu 2305 | | Gly | Glu | Thr | Leu 2310 | | Leu | Ser | Leu | Ala 2315 | | Met | Glu | Asp | Ala 2320 |
| 50 | His | Leu | Lys | Arg | Asp 2325 | Lys | Arg | Ala | Leu | Glu 2330 | | Glu | Arg | Thr | Val 2335 | Ser |
| 55 | Leu | Ala | Glu | Val 2340 | | Ala | Gly | Leu | Pro 2345 | | Asp | Asn | Gly | Pro 2350 | | Ser |
| | Leu | Ala | Gln 2355 | | Ile | Asp | Lys | Leu 2360 | | Ser | Gln | Gly | Ser 2365 | | Ser | Ala |
| 60 | Gly | Ser 2370 | Gly | Asn | Asn | Asn | Leu 2375 | | Phe | Gly | Ala | Gly 2380 | | Asp | Thr | Lys |
| | Thr 2385 | | Leu | Gln | Ala | Ser 2390 | | Ser | Phe | Ala | Asp 2395 | | Lys | Ile | Arg | Glu 2400 |
| 65 | Asp | Tyr | Pro | Ala | Ser 2405 | | Gly | Lys | Ile | Arg 2410 | | Ile | Lys | Gln | Ile 2415 | |
| 70 | Val | Thr | Leu | Pro 2420 | | Leu | Leu | Gly | Pro 2425 | Tyr | Gln | Asp | Val | Gln 2430 | | Ile |
| . • | Leu | Ser | Tyr | Gly | Asp | Lys | Ala | Gly | | Ala 30- | Asn | Gly | Cys | Glu | Ala | Leu |
| | | | | | | | | | - | ~ ~ | | | | | | |

2440 2435 2445 Ala Val Ser His Gly Met Asn Asp Ser Gly Gln Phe Gln Leu Asp Phe 5 Asn Asp Gly Lys Phe Leu Pro Phe Glu Gly Ile Ala Ile Asp Gln Gly 2470 2475 Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Phe Pro Asn Ala Ser Met Pro Glu Lys Gly Lys 10 2485 2490 2495 Gln Ala Thr Met Leu Lys Thr Leu Asn Asp Ile Ile Leu His Ile Arg 2500 15 Tyr Thr Ile Lys 2516 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48: 20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 5547 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: double 25 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48 (tcdAii coding region): 30 CTG ATA GGC TAT AAC AAT CAA TTT AGC GGT AGA GCC AGT CAA TAT GTT 48 Leu Ile Gly Tyr Asn Asn Gln Phe Ser Gly Arg Ala Ser Gln Tyr Val 35 GCG CCG GGT ACC GTT TCT TCC ATG TTC TCC CCC GCC GCT TAT TTG ACT 96 Ala Pro Gly Thr Val Ser Ser Met Phe Ser Pro Ala Ala Tyr Leu Thr GAA CTT TAT CGT GAA GCA CGC AAT TTA CAC GCA AGT GAC TCC GTT TAT 144 40 Glu Leu Tyr Arg Glu Ala Arg Asn Leu His Ala Ser Asp Ser Val Tyr 40 TAT CTG GAT ACC CGC CGC CCA GAT CTC AAA TCA ATG GCG CTC AGT CAG 192 Tyr Leu Asp Thr Arg Arg Pro Asp Leu Lys Ser Met Ala Leu Ser Gln 45 CAA AAT ATG GAT ATA GAA TTA TCC ACA CTC TCT TTG TCC AAT GAG CTG 240 Gln Asn Met Asp Ile Glu Leu Ser Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Glu Leu 50 TTA TTG GAA AGC ATT AAA ACT GAA TCT AAA CTG GAA AAC TAT ACT AAA 288 Leu Leu Glu Ser Ile Lys Thr Glu Ser Lys Leu Glu Asn Tyr Thr Lys 55 GTG ATG GAA ATG CTC TCC ACT TTC CGT CCT TCC GGC GCA ACG CCT TAT 336 Val Met Glu Met Leu Ser Thr Phe Arg Pro Ser Gly Ala Thr Pro Tyr 105 CAT GAT GCT TAT GAA AAT GTG CGT GAA GTT ATC CAG CTA CAA GAT CCT 384 60 His Asp Ala Tyr Glu Asn Val Arg Glu Val Ile Gln Leu Gln Asp Pro 115 120 GGA CTT GAG CAA CTC AAT GCA TCA CCG GCA ATT GCC GGG TTG ATG CAT 432 Gly Leu Glu Gln Leu Asn Ala Ser Pro Ala Ile Ala Gly Leu Met His 65 130. 135 CAA GCC TCC CTA TTG GGT ATT AAC GCT TCA ATC TCG CCT GAG CTA TTT 480 Gln Ala Ser Leu Leu Gly Ile Asn Ala Ser Ile Ser Pro Glu Leu Phe

150

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| 5 | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------|
| J | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
| 10 | TAC Tyr | CTT Leu | AAA Lys 195 | CGT Arg | TAT Tyr | TAT Tyr | AAT Asn | TTA Leu 200 | AGC Ser | GAT Asp | GAA Glu | GAA Glu | CTT Leu 205 | AGT Ser | CAG Gln | TTT Phe | 624 |
| 15 | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| 20 | CTT Leu 225 | ATT Ile | ACT Thr | CCG Pro | GTA Val | GTC Val 230 | AAC Asn | AGC Ser | AGT Ser | GAT Asp | GGC Gly 235 | ACG Thr | GTT Val | AAG Lys | GTA Val | TAT Tyr 240 | 720 |
| 25 | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 |
| | | | CCC Pro | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 816 |
| 30 | | | TAT Tyr 275 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 864 |
| 35 | | | GTT Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 912 |
| 40 | | | ATC Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| 45 | | | ACA Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1056 |
| 50 | | | GCT Ala 355 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1104 |
| 55 | | | GGC Gly | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1152 |
| 60 | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1200 |
| 65 | | | CAT. His | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1248 |
| 9 9 | | | TCA Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1296 |
| 70 | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1344 |

| | | | 435 | | | | | 440 | | | | | 445 | | | | |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1392 |
| 10 | CGT Arg 465 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1440 |
| 10 | | | CAT His | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1488 |
| 15 | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1536 |
| 20 | | | GAT Asp 515 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1584 |
| 25 | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1632 |
| 20 | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1680 |
| 30 | | | CTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1728 |
| 35 | CCT Pro | GAA Glu | ATT Ile | AAG Lys 580 | AAT Asn | TTG Leu | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | ACC Thr 585 | GTC Val | TAC Tyr | CAC His | GGT Gly | TTA Leu 590 | CAA Gln | GGT Gly | 1776 |
| 40 | | | AAA Lys 595 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1824 |
| 45 | GCG Ala | GCC Ala 610 | ACC Thr | TTG Leu | CAA Gln | TTA Leu | TCA Ser 615 | TCG Ser | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | GTC Val | GCC Ala 620 | CAC His | TCG Ser | GTA Val | CTC Leu | 1872 |
| 50 | | | GCA Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1920 |
| 50 | | | TGG Trp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1968 |
| 55 | GCC Ala | GTA Val | GAA Glu | ACG Thr 660 | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | CAT His | ATC Ile | GTT Val 665 | CAG Gln | TAT Tyr | TGT Cys | CAG Gln | GCT Ala 670 | CTG Leu | GCA Ala | 2016 |
| 60 | CAA Gln | TTG Leu | GAA Glu 675 | ATG Met | GTT Val | TAC Tyr | CAT His | TCC Ser 680 | ACC Thr | GGC Gly | ATC Ile | AAC Asn | GAA Glu 685 | AAC Asn | GCC Ala | TTC Phe | 2064 |
| 65 | CGT Arg | CTA Leu 690 | Phe | GTG Val | ACA Thr | AAA Lys | CCA Pro 695 | GAG Glu | ATG Met | TTT Phe | GGC Gly | GCT Ala 700 | GCA Ala | ACT Thr | GGA Gly | GCA Ala | 2112 |
| 70 | GCG Ala 705 | CCC Pro | GCG Ala | CAT His | GAT Asp | GCC Ala 710 | CTT Leu | TCA Ser | CTG Leu | ATT Ile | ATG Met 715 | CTG Leu | ACA Thr | CGT Arg | TTT Phe | GCG Ala 720 | 2160 |
| 70 | GAT | TGG | GTG | AAC | GCA | CTA | GGC | GAA | | GCG | TCC | TCG | GTG | CTA | GCG | GCA | 2208 |

| | Asp | Trp | Val | Asn | Ala 725 | Leu | Gly | Glu | Lys | Ala. 730 | Ser | Ser | Val | Leu | Ala 735 | Ala | |
|-----|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | TTT Phe | G A A Glu | GCT Ala | AAC Asn 740 | TCG Ser | TTA Leu | ACG Thr | GCA Ala | GAA Glu 745 | CAA Gln | CTG Leu | GCT Ala | GAT Asp | GCC Ala 750 | ATG Met | AAT Asn | 2256 |
| 10 | CTT Leu | GAT Asp | GCT Ala 755 | AAT Asn | TTG Leu | CTG Leu | TTG Leu | CAA Gln 760 | GCC Ala | AGT Ser | ATT Ile | CAA Gln | GCA Ala 765 | CAA Gln | AAT Asn | CAT His | 2304 |
| | CAA Gln | CAT His 770 | CTT Leu | CCC Pro | CCA Pro | GTA Val | ACT Thr 775 | CCA Pro | GAA Glu | AAT Asn | GCG Ala | TTC Phe 780 | TCC Ser | TGT Cys | TGG Trp | ACA Thr | 2352 |
| 15 | TCT Ser 785 | ATC Ile | AAT Asn | ACT Thr | ATC Ile | CTG Leu 790 | CAA Gln | TGG Trp | GTT Val | AAT Asn | GTC Val 795 | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | CAA Gln | TTG Leu | AAT Asn 800 | 2400 |
| 20 | GTC Val | GCC Ala | CCA Pro | Gln | GGC Gly 805 | GTT Val | TCC Ser | GCT Ala | TTG Leu | GTC Val 810 | GGG Gly | CTG Leu | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | ATT Ile 815 | CAA Gln | 2448 |
| 25 | | | | | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | 2496 |
| 30 | GTA Val | TTA Leu | ACC Thr 835 | GCC Ala | GGG Gly | TTG Leu | AAT Asn | TCA Ser 840 | CAA Gln | CAG Gln | GCT Ala | AAT Asn | ACA Thr 845 | TTA Leu | CAC His | GCT Ala | 2544 |
| 35 | TTT Phe | CTG Leu 850 | GAT Asp | GAA Glu | TCT Ser | CGC Arg | AGT Ser 855 | GCC Ala | GCA Ala | TTA Leu | AGC Ser | ACC Thr 860 | TAC Tyr | TAT Tyr | ATC Ile | CGT Arg | 2592 |
| 33 | | | | | | | GCG Ala | | | | | | | | | | 2640 |
| 40 | | | | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | 2688 |
| 45 | | | | | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | | | | | 2736 |
| 50 | | | | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | 2784 |
| c c | | | | | | | AAA Lys 935 | | | | | | | | | | 2832 |
| 55 | | | | | | | TAC Tyr | | | | | | | | | | 2880 |
| 60 | | | | | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | 2928 |
| 65 | | | | | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | | | | | 2976 |
| 70 | | | | | | | CAA Gln | | Ala | | | | | Ile | | | 3024 |

| | TAT CAC Tyr His 101 | Asp | AAT Asn | ATT Ile | AAT Asn | AAC Asn 1015 | Asp | CAA Gln | GGG Gly | CTG Leu | ACC Thr 1020 | Tyr | TTT Phe | ATC Ile | GGA Gly | 3072 |
|----|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------|------|
| 5 | CTC AGT Leu Ser 1025 | GAA Glu | ACT Thr | GAT Asp | GCC Ala 1030 | Gly | GAA Glu | TAT Tyr | TAT Tyr | TGG Trp 1035 | Arg | AGT Ser | GTC Val | GAT Asp | CAC His 1040 | |
| 10 | AGT AAA Ser Lys | | | | Gly | | | | | Asn | | | | | Trp | 3168 |
| 15 | CAT AAA His Lys | | | Cys | | | | | Tyr | | | | | Arg | | 3216 |
| 20 | GTG ATA Val Ile | | Lys | | | | | Leu | | | | | Gln | | | 3264 |
| 20 | ATC ACC Ile Thr 109 | Lys | | | | | Ser | | | | | Gln | | | | 3312 |
| 25 | GAT TAT Asp Tyr 1105 | | | | | Lys | | | | | Arg | | | | | |
| 30 | TGG AAT Trp Asn | | | | Thr | | | | | Lys | | | | | Leu | 3408 |
| 35 | AAA CTG Lys Leu | | | Asn | | | | | Leu | | | | | Tyr | | 3456 |
| 40 | GGT GAA Gly Glu | | Thr | | | | | Phe | | | | | Asp | | | 3504 |
| 40 | GAT AGT Asp Ser 117 | Tyr | AAA Lys | AAC Asn | GCT Ala | TCA Ser 1175 | Met | CAA Gln | GGA Gly | CTA Leu | TAT Tyr 1180 | Ile | TTT Phe | GCT Ala | GAT Asp | 3552 |
| 45 | ATG GCA Met Ala 1185 | | | | | Thr | | | | | Asn | | | | | |
| 50 | AAT AGC Asn Ser | | | | Phe | | | | | Val | | | | | Asn | 3648 |
| 55 | CGC TAT Arg Tyr | | | Asp | | | | | Ser | | | | | Arg | | 3696 |
| 60 | GAC TAT Asp Tyr | | Trp | | | | | Leu | | | | | Asn | | | 3744 |
| 00 | ATT CCA Ile Pro 125 | Thr | | | | | Ala | | | | | Leu | | | | 3792 |
| 65 | ATC TCA Ile Ser 1265 | | | | | Ile | | | | | Tyr | | | | | |
| 70 | CGC AAT Arg Asn | | | | Leu | | | | | Gly | | | | | Lys | 3888 |

11 1511, 3512

| 5 | | | GTT Val | | Thr | | | | | Asn | | | | | Ser | | 3936 |
|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| J | | | ATG Met 1315 | Phe | | | | | Gln | | | | | Thr | | | 3984 |
| 10. | | | Gln | | | | | Phe | | | | | Thr | | | | 4032 |
| 15 | | Val | GAA Glu | | | | Pro | | | | | Ser | | | | | 4080 |
| 20 | | | GCC Ala | | | Asp | | | | | Asp | | | | | Pro | 4128 |
| 25 | GAT Asp | GAT Asp | CTT Leu | AAG Lys 1380 | Gln | TAT Tyr | ATC Ile | TTT Phe | ATG Met 1385 | Thr | GAC Asp | AGT Ser | AAA Lys | GGG Gly 1390 | Thr | GCT Ala | 4176 |
| 23 | | | GTC Val 1395 | Ser | | | Val | | | | | Ala | | | | | 4224 |
| 30 | AAA Lys | GTT Val 1410 | Gln | ATA Ile | ATA Ile | GTC Val | AAA Lys 1415 | Ala | GGT Gly | GGC Gly | AAG Lys | GAG Glu 1420 | Gln | ACT Thr | TTT Phe | ACC Thr | 4272 |
| 35 | GCA Ala 1425 | Asp | AAA Lys | GAT Asp | GTC Val | TCC Ser 1430 | Ile | CAG Gln | CCA Pro | TCA Ser | CCT Pro 1435 | Ser | TTT Phe | GAT Asp | GAA Glu | ATG Met 1440 | 4320 |
| 40 | | | CAA Gln | | | Ala | | | | | Gly | | | | | Phe | 4368 |
| 45 | | | AAC Asn | | Ala | | | | | Thr | | | | | Ala | | 4416 |
| 10 | | | CGC Arg 1475 | Lys | | | | | Ser | | | | | Val | | | 4464 |
| 50 | | | Ser | | | | | Leu | | | | | Asn | | | | 4512 |
| 55 | GCG Ala 1505 | Gln | TAT Tyr | ATG Met | CAA Gln | TGG Trp 1510 | Gln | TCC Ser | TAT Tyr | CGT Arg | ACC Thr 1515 | Arg | CTG Leu | AAT Asn | ACT Thr | CTA Leu 1520 | 4560 |
| 60 | TTT Phe | GCC Ala | CGC Arg | CAG Gln | TTG Leu 1525 | Val | GCA Ala | CGC Arg | GCC Ala | ACC Thr 1530 | Thr | GGA Gly | ATC Ile | GAT Asp | ACA Thr 1539 | Ile | 4608 |
| 65 | CTG Leu | AGT Ser | ATG Met | GAA Glu 1540 | Thr | CAG Gln | AAT Asn | ATT Ile | CAG Gln 1545 | Glu | CCG Pro | CAG Gln | TTA Leu | GGC Gly 1550 | Lys | GGT Gly | 4656 |
| 00 | | | GCT Ala 1555 | Thr | | | | | Pro | | | | | Thr | | | 4704 |
| 70 | | | CGT Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4752 |

| | 1570 | 1575 | . 1580 |
|----|--|--|--|
| 5 | | | ACA GAT ACA AAT ATA AAC ATC 4800 Thr Asp Thr Asn Ile Asn Ile 1595 1600 |
| 10 | | o Leu Asp Asp Val P | CCA TTG AAT CAA GAT TAT CAC 4848 Pro Leu Asn Gln Asp Tyr His 1610 1615 |
| 10 | | | TCA CCA TCA GAT GGT ACC TGG 4896 Ser Pro Ser Asp Gly Thr Trp 1630 |
| 15 | | | AAA GGA ATA GTA ACA ATA AAC 4944 Lys Gly Ile Val Thr Ile Asn 1645 |
| 20 | CCT AAA TCC ATT TT Pro Lys Ser Ile Le 1650 | G ACC CAT TTT GAG A u Thr His Phe Glu S 1655 | AGC GTC AAT GTC CTG AAT AAT 4992 Ser Val Asn Val Leu Asn Asn 1660 |
| 25 | | | GGC GCT AAC AGC CTC TAT TTC 5040 Gly Ala Asn Ser Leu Tyr Phe 1675 1680 |
| 30 | | r Tyr Thr Pro Met L | CTG GTT GCT CAA CGT TTG CTG 5088 Leu Val Ala Gln Arg Leu Leu 1690 1695 |
| 30 | | | CGT TGG CTG AAA TAT GTC TGG 5136 Arg Trp Leu Lys Tyr Val Trp 1710 |
| 35 | | | CAG ATT CAG AAC TAC CAG TGG 5184 Gln Ile Gln Asn Tyr Gln Trp 1725 |
| 40 | | | AGT TGG AAC AGT GAT CCT TTG 5232 Ser Trp Asn Ser Asp Pro Leu 1740 |
| 45 | | | CAG CAC GAT CCA ATG CAC TAC 5280 Gln His Asp Pro Met His Tyr 1755 1760 |
| 50 | Lys Val Ser Thr Ph | e Met Arg Thr Leu A | GAT CTA TTG ATA GCA CGC GGC 5328 Asp Leu Leu Ile Ala Arg Gly 1770 1775 |
| 30 | GAC CAT GCT TAT CG Asp His Ala Tyr Ar 1780 | C CAA CTG GAA CGA G g Gln Leu Glu Arg A 1785 | GAT ACA CTC AAC GAA GCG AAG 5376 Asp Thr Leu Asn Glu Ala Lys 1790 |
| 55 | ATG TGG TAT ATG CA Met Trp Tyr Met Gl 1795 | A GCG CTG CAT CTA T n Ala Leu His Leu I 1800 | TTA GGT GAC AAA CCT TAT CTA 5424 Leu Gly Asp Lys Pro Tyr Leu 1805 |
| 60 | | | CGA CTA GAC AGA GCC GCG GAT 5472 Arg Leu Asp Arg Ala Ala Asp 1820 |
| 65 | ATC ACT ACC CAA AA Ile Thr Thr Gln As 1825 | T GCT CAC GAC AGC G n Ala His Asp Ser A 1830 | GCA ATA GTC GCT CTG CGG CAG 5520 Ala Ile Val Ala Leu Arg Gln 1835 1840 |
| 70 | AAT ATA CCT ACA CC Asn Ile Pro Thr Pr 18 | _ | 5547 |

For Silver in the end with the first

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

```
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                 (A) LENGTH: 1849 amino acids
 5
                  (B) TYPE: amino acids
                  (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
                 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49 (TcdAii):
10
                                  To
                         From
                                          Description
           Features
           Peptide
                         1
                                 1849
                                          TcdA<sub>ii</sub> peptide
                                 12
           Fragment
                                          TcdAii N-terminus (SEQ ID NO:13)
                                 211
                                           (SEQ ID NO:38)
            Fragment
                         196
15
                         466
                                 475
                                           (SEQ ID NO:17)
           Fragment
                         993
                                 1004
                                           (SEQ ID NO:23; 12/13)
           Fragment
                         1297
                                 1312
                                           (SEQ ID NO:18)
           Fragment
                         1390
                                 1409
            Fragment
                                           (SEQ ID NO:39)
                         1532
                                 1554
                                           (SEQ ID NO:21; 19/23)
            Fragment
20
     Leu Ile Gly Tyr Asn Asn Gln Phe Ser Gly Arg Ala Ser Gln Tyr Val 10 10 15
     Ala Prc Gly Thr Val Ser Ser Met Phe Ser Pro Ala Ala Tyr Leu Thr \frac{20}{100}
25
     Glu Leu Tyr Arg Glu Ala Arg Asn Leu His Ala Ser Asp Ser Val Tyr
35 40 45
30
     Tyr Leu Asp Thr Arg Arg Pro Asp Leu Lys Ser Met Ala Leu Ser Gln
     Gln Asn Met Asp Ile Glu Leu Ser Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Glu Leu
35
     Leu Leu Glu Ser Ile Lys Thr Glu Ser Lys Leu Glu Asn Tyr Thr Lys
     Val Met Glu Met Leu Ser Thr Phe Arg Pro Ser Gly Ala Thr Pro Tyr
40
     His Asp Ala Tyr Glu Asn Val Arg Glu Val Ile Gln Leu Gln Asp Pro
45
     Gly Leu Glu Gln Leu Asn Ala Ser Pro Ala Ile Ala Gly Leu Met His
                              135
     Gln Ala Ser Leu Leu Gly Ile Asn Ala Ser Ile Ser Pro Glu Leu Phe
                                               155
50
     Asn Ile Leu Thr Glu Glu Ile Thr Glu Gly Asn Ala Glu Glu Leu Tyr
     Lys Lys Asn Phe Gly Asn Ile Glu Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Met Pro Glu
55
     Tyr Leu Lys Arg Tyr Tyr Asn Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Leu Ser Gln Phe
                                  200
     Ile Gly Lys Ala Ser Asn Phe Gly Gln Gln Glu Tyr Ser Asn Asn Gln 210 215 220
60
```

250

Leu Ile Thr Pro Val Val Asn Ser Ser Asp Gly Thr Val Lys Val Tyr

Arg Ile Thr Arg Glu Tyr Thr Thr Asn Ala Tyr Gln Met Asp Val Glu

65

| | Leu | Phe | Pro | Phe 260 | Gly | Gly | Glu | Asn | Туг 265 | Arg. | Leu | Asp | Tyr | Lys 270 | Phe | Lys |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Asn | Phe | Tyr 275 | Asn | Ala | Ser | Tyr | Leu 280 | Ser | Ile | Lys | Leu | Asn 285 | Asp | Lys | Arg |
| | Glu | Leu 290 | Val | Arg | Thr | Glu | Gly 295 | Ala | Pro | Gln | Val | Asn 300 | Ile | Glu | Tyr | Ser |
| 10 | Ala 305 | Asn | Ile | Thr | Leu | Asn 310 | Thr | Ala | Asp | Ile | Ser 315 | Gln | Pro | Phe | Glu | Ile 320 |
| 15 | Gly | Leu | Thr | Arg | Val 325 | Leu | Pro | Ser | Gly | Ser 330 | Trp | Ala | Tyr | Ala | Ala 335 | Ala |
| | Lys | Phe | Thr | Val 340 | Glu | Glu | Tyr | Asn | Gln 345 | Tyr | Ser | Phe | Leu | Leu 350 | Lys | Leu |
| 20 | Asn | Lys | Ala 355 | Ile | Arg | Leu | Ser | Arg 360 | Ala | Thr | Glu | Leu | Ser 365 | Pro | Thr | Ile |
| | Leu | Glu 370 | Gly | Ile | Val | Arg | Ser 375 | Val | Asn | Leu | Gln | Leu 380 | Asp | Ile | Asn | Thr |
| 25 | Asp 385 | Val | Leu | Gly | Lys | Val 390 | Phe | Leu | Thr | Lys | Tyr 395 | Tyr | Met | Gln | Arg | Tyr 400 |
| 30 | Ala | Ile | His | | Glu 405 | Thr | Ala | Leu | Ile | Leu 410 | Cys | Asn | Ala | Pro | Ile 415 | Ser |
| | Gln | Arg | Ser | Tyr 420 | Asp | Asn | Gln | Pro | Ser 425 | Gln | Phe | Asp | Arg | Leu 430 | Phe | Asn |
| 35 | Thr | Pro | Leu 435 | Leu | Asn | Gly | Gln | Tyr 440 | Phe | Ser | Thr | Gly | Asp 445 | Glu | Glu | Ile |
| | Asp | Leu 450 | Asn | Ser | Gly | Ser | Thr 455 | Gly | Asp | Trp | Arg | Lys 460 | Thr | Ile | Leu | Lys |
| 40 | Arg 465 | Ala | Phe | Asn | Ile | Asp 470 | Asp | Val | Ser | Leu | Phe 475 | Arg | Leu | Leu | Lys | Ile 480 |
| 45 | Thr | Asp | His | Asp | Asn 485 | Lys | Asp | Gly | Lys | Ile 490 | Lys | Asn | Asn | Leu | Lys 495 | Asn |
| | Leu | Ser | Asn | Leu 500 | Tyr | Ile | Gly | Lys | Leu 505 | Leu | Ala | Asp | Ile | His 510 | Gln | Leu |
| 50 | Thr | Ile | Asp 515 | Glu | Leu | Asp | Leu | Leu 520 | Leu | Ile | Ala | Val | Gly 525 | Glu | Gly | Lys |
| | Thr | Asn 530 | Leu | Ser | Ala | Ile | Ser 535 | Asp | Lys | Gln | Leu | Ala 540 | Thr | Leu | Ile | Arg |
| 55 | Lys 545 | Leu | Asn | Thr | Ile | Thr 550 | Ser | Trp | Leu | His | Thr 555 | Gln | Lys | Trp | Ser | Val 560 |
| 60 | Phe | Gln | Leu | Phe | 11e 565 | Met | Thr | Ser | Thr | Ser 570 | Tyr | Asn | Lys | Thr | Leu 575 | Thr |
| | Pro | Glu | Ile | Lys 580 | Asn | Leu | Leu | Asp | Thr 585 | Val | Tyr | His | Gly | Leu 590 | Gln | Gly |
| 65 | Phe | Asp | Lys 595 | Asp | Lys | Ala | Asp | Leu 600 | Leu | His | Val | Met | Ala 605 | Pro | Tyr | Ile |
| .• | Ala | Ala 610 | Thr | Leu | Gln | Leu | Ser 615 | Ser | Glu | Asn | Val | Ala 620 | His | Ser | Val | Leu |
| 70 | Leu 625 | Trp | Ala | Asp | Lys | Leu 630 | Gln | Pro | Gly | Asp | Gly 635 | Ala | Met | Thr | Ala | Glu 640 |

| | Lys | Phe | Trp | Asp | Trp 645 | Leu | Asn | Thr | Lys | Tyr 650 | Thr | Pro | Gly | Ser | Ser 655 | Glu |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Ala | Val | Glu | Thr 660 | Gln | Glu | His | Ile | Val 665 | Gln | Tyr | Cys | Gln | Ala 670 | Leu | Ala |
| 10 | Gln | Leu | Glu 675 | Met | Val | Tyr | His | Ser 680 | Thr | Gly | Ile | Asn | Glu 685 | Asn | Ala | Phe |
| 10 | Arg | Leu 690 | Phe | Val | Thr | Lys | Pro 695 | Glu | Met | Phe | Gly | Ala 700 | Ala | Thr | Gly | Ala |
| 15 | 705 | | Ala Val | | - | 710 | | | | | 715 | | | - | | 720 |
| | - | | Ala | | 725 | | | | | 730 | | | | | 735 | |
| 20 | | | | 740 | | | | | 745 | | | | - | 750 | | |
| | Leu | Asp | Ala 755 | Asn | Leu | Leu | Leu | 760 | Ala | Ser | Ile | Gln | Ala 765 | Gln | Asn | His |
| 25 | Gln | His 770 | Leu | Pro | Pro | Val | Thr 775 | Pro | Glu | Asn | Ala | Phe 780 | Ser | Cys | Trp | Thr |
| 30 | Ser 785 | Ile | Asn | Thr | Ile | Leu 790 | Gln | Trp | Val | Asn | Val 795 | Ala | Gln | Gln | Leu | Asn 800 |
| 30 | Val | Ala | Pro | Gln | Gly 805 | Val | Ser | Ala | Leu | Val 810 | Gly | Leu | Asp | Tyr | Ile 815 | Gln |
| 35 | Ser | Met | Lys | Glu 820 | Thr | Pro | Thr | Tyr | Ala 825 | Gln. | Trp | Glu | Asn | Ala 830 | Ala | Gly |
| | Val | Leu | Thr 835 | Ala | Gly | Leu | Asn | Ser 840 | Gln | Gln | Ala | Asn | Thr 845 | Leu | His | Ala |
| 40 | Phe | Leu 850 | Asp | Glu | Ser | Arg | Ser 855 | Ala | Ala | Leu | Ser | Thr 860 | Tyr | Tyr | Ile | Arg |
| 45 | Gln 865 | Val | Ala | Lys | Ala | Ala 870 | Ala | Ala | Ile | Lys | Ser 875 | Arg | Asp | Asp | Leu | Tyr 880 |
| | Gln | Tyr | Leu | Leu | 11e 885 | Asp | Asn | Gln | Val | Ser 890 | Ala | Ala | Ile | Lys | Thr 895 | Thr |
| 50 | Arg | -1la | Ala | 900 900 | | Ile | Ala | Ser | 11e 905 | | Leu | Tyr | | Asn 910 | | Ala |
| | Leu | Glu | Asn 915 | Val | Glu | Glu | Asn | Ala 920 | Asn | Ser | Gly | Val | Ile 925 | Ser | Arg | Gln |
| 55 | Phe | Phe 930 | Ile | Asp | Trp | Asp | Lys 935 | Tyr | Asn | Lys | Arg | Tyr 940 | Ser | Thr | Trp | Ala |
| 60 | Gly 945 | Val | Ser | Gln | Leu | Val 950 | Tyr | Tyr | Pro | Glu | Asn 955 | Tyr | Ile | Asp | Pro | Thr 960 |
| | Met | Arg | Ile | Gly | Gln 965 | Thr | Lys | Met | Met | Asp 970 | Ala | Leu | Leu | Gln | Ser 975 | Val |
| 65 | Ser | Gln | Ser | Gln 980 | Leu | Asn | Ala | Asp | Thr 985 | Val | Glu | Asp | Ala | Phe 990 | Met | Ser |
| | Tyr | Leu | Thr 995 | Ser | Phe | Glu | Gln | Val 100 | | Asn | Leu | Lys | Val 100 | | Ser | Ala |
| 70 | Tyr | His 101 | Asp 0 | Asn | Ile | Asn | Asn 101 | | Gln | Gly | Leu | Thr 102 | | Phe | Ile | Gly |

| | Leu 1025 | | Glu | Thr | Asp | Ala 1030 | | Glu | Tyr | Tyr | Trp 1035 | | Ser | Val | Asp | His 1040 |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Ser | Lys | Phe | Asn | Asp 1045 | | Lys | Phe | Ala | Ala 1050 | | Ala | Trp | Ser | Glu 105 | Trp 5 |
| 10 | His | Lys | Ile | Asp 1060 | | Pro | Ile | Asn | Pro 1065 | | Lys | Ser | Thr | Ile 1076 | | Pro |
| 10 | Val | Ile | Tyr 1075 | | Ser | Arg | Leu | Tyr 1080 | | Leu | Trp | Leu | Glu 1085 | | Lys | Glu |
| 15 | Ile | Thr 1090 | Lys) | Gln | Thr | Gly | Asn 1095 | | Lys | Asp | Gly | Tyr 1100 | | Thr | Glu | Thr |
| | Asp 1105 | | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Leu 1110 | | Leu | Ala | His | Ile 1115 | | Tyr | Asp | Gly | Thr 1120 |
| 20 | Trp | Asn | Thr | Pro | Ile 1125 | Thr | Phe | Asp | Val | Asn 1130 | | Lys | Ile | Ser | Glu 113 | |
| 25 | Lys | Leu | Glu | Lys 1140 | | Arg | Ala | Pro | Gly 1145 | | Tyr | Cys | Ala | Gly 1150 | | Gln |
| 23 | Gly | Glu | Asp 1155 | | Leu | Leu | Val | Met 1160 | | Tyr | Asn | Gln | Gln 1165 | | Thr | Leu |
| 30 | Asp | Ser 1170 | Tyr | Lys | Asn | Ala | Ser 1175 | | Gln | Gly | Leu | Tyr 1180 | | Phe | Ala | Asp |
| | Met 1185 | | Ser | Lys | Asp | Met 1190 | | Pro | Glu | Gln | Ser 1195 | | Val | Tyr | Arg | Asp 1200 |
| 35 | Asn | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Gln 1205 | | Asp | Thr | Asn | Asn 1210 | | Arg | Arg | Val | Asn 1215 | |
| 40 | Arg | Tyr | Ala | Glu 1220 | | Tyr | Glu | Ile | Pro 1225 | | Ser | Val | Ser | Ser 1230 | | Lys |
| 40 | Asp | Tyr | Gly 1235 | | Gly | Asp | Tyr | Tyr 1240 | | Ser | Met | Val | Tyr 1245 | | Gly | Asp |
| 45 | Ile | Pro 1250 | Thr | Ile | Asn | Tyr | Lys 1255 | | Ala | Ser | Ser | Asp 1260 | | Lys | Ile | Tyr |
| | Ile 1265 | Ser | Pro | Lys | Leu | Arg 1270 | | Ile | His | Asn | Gly 1275 | | Glu | Gly | Gln | Lys 1280 |
| 50 | Arg | Asn | Gln | Cys | Asn 1285 | Leu | Met | Asn | Lys | Tyr 1290 | | Lys | Leu | Gly | Asp 129 | |
| 55 | Phe | Ile | Val | Tyr 1300 | | Ser | Leu | Gly | Val 1305 | | Pro | Asn | Asn | Ser 1310 | | Asn |
| | Lys | Leu | Met 1315 | | Tyr | Pro | Val | Tyr 1320 | | Tyr | Ser | Gly | Asn 1325 | | Ser | Gly |
| 60 | Leu | Asn 1330 | Gln | Gly | Arg | Leu | Leu 1335 | Phe | His | Arg | Asp | Thr 1340 | | Tyr | Pro | Ser |
| | Lys 1345 | | Glu | Ala | Trp | Ile 1350 | | Gly | Ala | Lys | Arg 1355 | | Leu | Thr | Asn | Gln 1360 |
| 65 | Asn | Ala | Ala | Ile | Gly 1365 | | Asp | Tyr | Ala | Thr 1370 | | Ser | Leu | Asn | Lys 1375 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | Asp | Asp | Leu | Lys 1380 | | Tyr | Ile | Phe | Met 1385 | | Asp | Ser | Lys | Gly 1390 | | Ala |

والمراجع والمتعلقة للشطيع والمتاري والمتارين

| | | | 1395 | 5 | | | 1 | 1400 | | | | 1 | 1405 | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Lys | Val 1410 | Gln) | Ile | Ile | Val | Lys 1415 | | Gly | Gly | Lys | Glu 1420 | | Thr | Phe | Thr |
| J | Ala 1425 | | Lys | Asp | Val | Ser 1430 | | Gln | Pro | Ser | Pro 1435 | | Phe | Asp | Glu | Met 1440 |
| 10 | Asn | Tyr | Gln | Phe | Asn 1445 | | Leu | Glu | Ile | Asp 1450 | | Ser | Gly | Leu | Asn 1455 | |
| | Ile | Asn | Asn | Ser 1460 | | Ser | Ile | Asp | Val 1465 | | Phe | Thr | Ala | Phe 1470 | | Glu |
| 15 | Asp | Gly | Arg 1475 | | Leu | Gly | Tyr | Glu 1480 | | Phe | Ser | Ile | Pro 1485 | | Thr | Leu |
| 20 | Lys | Val 1490 | Ser | Thr | Asp | Asn | Ala 1495 | | Thr | Leu | His | His 1500 | | Glu | Asn | Gly |
| | Ala 1505 | | Tyr | Met | Gln | Trp 1510 | | Ser | Tyr | Arg | Thr 1515 | | Leu | Asn | Thr | Leu 1520 |
| 25 | Phe | Ala | Arg | Gln | Leu 1525 | | Ala | Arg | Ala | Thr 1530 | | Gly | Ile | Asp | Thr 1535 | |
| | Leu | Ser | Met | Glu 1540 | | Gln | Asn | Ile | Gln 1545 | | Pro | Gln | Leu | Gly 1550 | | Gly |
| 30 | Phe | Tyr | Ala 1555 | | Phe | Val | Ile | Pro 1560 | | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Ser 1569 | | His | Gly |
| 35 | Asp | Glu 1570 | Arg | Trp | Phe | Lys | Leu 1575 | | Ile | Lys | His | Val 1580 | | Asp | Asn | Asn |
| 33 | Ser 1585 | | Ile | Ile | Tyr | Ser 1590 | | Gln | Leu | Thr | Asp 1595 | | Asn | Ile | Asn | Ile 1600 |
| 40 | Thr | Leu | Phe | Ile | Pro 1605 | | Asp | Asp | Val | Pro 1610 | | Asn | Gln | Asp | Tyr 1615 | |
| | Ala | Lys | Val | Tyr 1620 | | Thr | Phe | Lys | Lys 1625 | | Pro | Ser | Asp | Gly 1630 | | Trp |
| 45 | Trp | Gly | Pro 1635 | | Phe | Val | Arg | Asp 1640 | | Lys | Gly | Ile | Val 1645 | | Ile | Asn |
| 50 | Pro | Lys 1650 | Ser | Ile | Leu | Thr | His 1655 | | Glu | Ser | Val | Asn 1660 | | Leu | Asn | Asn |
| 30 | Ile 1665 | | Ser | Glu | Pro | Met 1670 | | Phe | Ser | Gly | Ala 1675 | | Ser | Leu | Tyr | Phe 168 |
| 55 | Trp | Glu | Leu | Phe | Tyr 1685 | | Thr | Pro | Met | Leu 1690 | | Ala | Gln | Arg | Leu 1699 | |
| | His | Glu | Gln | Asn 1700 | | Asp | Glu | Ala | Asn 1705 | | Trp | Leu | Lys | Tyr 171 | | Trp |
| 60 | Ser | Pro | Ser 1715 | | Tyr | Ile | Val | His 1720 | Gly | Gln | Ile | Gln | Asn 1725 | | Gln | Trp |
| 65 | Asn | Val 1730 | Arg O | Pro | Leu | Leu | Glu 173 | | Thr | Ser | Trp | Asn 1740 | | Asp | Pro | Leu |
| 0 3 | Asp 1745 | | Val | Asp | Pro | Asp 1750 | | Val | Ala | Gln | His 1755 | | Pro | Met | His | Tyr 176 |
| | Lys | Val | Ser | Thr | Phe | Met | Arg | Thr | Leu | | | Leu | Ile | Ala | | |
| 70 | | | | | 176 | 5 | | | | 1770 |) | | | | 1779 | 5 |

Asp His Ala Tyr Arg Gln Leu Glu Arg Asp Thr Leu Asn Glu Ala Lys 1780 1785 Met Trp Tyr Met Gln Ala Leu His Leu Leu Gly Asp Lys Pro Tyr Leu 5 1800 Pro Leu Ser Thr Trp Ser Asp Pro Arg Leu Asp Arg Ala Ala Asp 1815 10 Ile Thr Thr Gln Asn Ala His Asp Ser Ala Ile Val Ala Leu Arg Gln 1830 1835 Asn Ile Pro Thr Pro Ala Pro Leu Ser 1845 15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 20 (A) LENGTH: 1740 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: double (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) 25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50 (tcdAiii coding region): TTG CGC AGC GCT AAT ACC CTG ACT GAT CTC TTC CTG CCG CAA ATC AAT 48 30 Leu Arg Ser Ala Asn Thr Leu Thr Asp Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Ile Asn GAA GTG ATG ATT AAT TAC TGG CAG ACA TTA GCT CAG AGA GTA TAC AAT 96 Glu Val Met Met Asn Tyr Trp Gln Thr Leu Ala Gln Arg Val Tyr Asn 35 CTG CGT CAT AAC CTC TCT ATC GAC GGC CAG CCG TTA TAT CTG CCA ATC 144 Leu Arg His Asn Leu Ser Ile Asp Gly Gln Pro Leu Tyr Leu Pro Ile 40 40 TAT GCC ACA CCG GCC GAT CCG AAA GCG TTA CTC AGC GCC GCC GTT GCC 192 Tyr Ala Thr Pro Ala Asp Pro Lys Ala Leu Leu Ser Ala Ala Val Ala 50 45 ACT TCT CAA GGT GGA GGC AAG CTA CCG GAA TCA TTT ATG TCC CTG TGG 240 Thr Ser Gln Gly Gly Lys Leu Pro Glu Ser Phe Met Ser Leu Trp CGT TTC CCG CAC ATG CTG GAA AAT GCG CGC GGC ATG GTT AGC CAG CTC 288 50 Arg Phe Pro His Met Leu Glu Asn Ala Arg Gly Met Val Ser Gln Leu ACC CAG TTC GGC TCC ACG TTA CAA AAT ATT ATC GAA CGT CAG GAC GCG 336 Thr Gln Phe Gly Ser Thr Leu Gln Asn Ile Ile Glu Arg Gln Asp Ala 55 100 105 GAA GCG CTC AAT GCG TTA TTA CAA AAT CAG GCC GCC GAG CTG ATA TTG 384 Glu Ala Leu Asn Ala Leu Leu Gln Asn Gln Ala Ala Glu Leu Ile Leu 115 120 60 ACT AAC CTG AGC ATT CAG GAC AAA ACC ATT GAA GAA TTG GAT GCC GAG 432 Thr Asn Leu Ser Ile Gln Asp Lys Thr Ile Glu Glu Leu Asp Ala Glu AAA ACG GTG TTG GAA AAA TCC AAA GCG GGA GCA CAA TCG CGC TTT GAT 480 65 Lys Thr Val Leu Glu Lys Ser Lys Ala Gly Ala Gln Ser Arg Phe Asp

AGC TAC GGC AAA CTG TAC GAT GAG AAT ATC AAC GCC GGT GAA AAC CAA 528

| | Ser | Tyr | Gly | Lys | Leu 165 | Tyr | Asp | Glu | Asn | Ile 170 | Asn | Ala | Gly | Glu | Asn 175 | Gln | |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | GCC Ala | ATG Met | ACG Thr | CTA Leu 180 | CGA Arg | GCG Ala | TCC Ser | GCC Ala | GCC Ala 185 | GGG Gly | CTT Leu | ACC Thr | ACG Thr | GCA Ala 190 | GTT Val | CAG Gln | 576 |
| 10 | GCA Ala | TCC Ser | CGT Arg 195 | CTG Leu | GCC Ala | GGT Gly | GCG Ala | GCG Ala 200 | GCT Ala | GAT Asp | CTG Leu | GTG Val | CCT Pro 205 | AAC Asn | ATC Ile | TTC Phe | 624 |
| 1 5 | GGC Gly | TTT Phe 210 | GCC Ala | GGT Gly | GGC Gly | GGC Gly | AGC Ser 215 | CGT Arg | TGG Trp | GGG Gly | GCT Ala | ATC Ile 220 | GCT Ala | GAG Glu | GCG Ala | ACA Thr | 672 |
| 15 | GGT Gly 225 | TAT Tyr | GTG Val | ATG Met | GAA Glu | TTC Phe 230 | TCC Ser | GCG Ala | AAT Asn | GTT Val | ATG Met 235 | AAC Asn | ACC Thr | GAA Glu | GCG Ala | GAT Asp 240 | 720 |
| 20 | AAA Lys | ATT Ile | AGC Ser | CAA Gln | TCT Ser 245 | GAA Glu | ACC Thr | TAC Tyr | CGT Arg | CGT Arg 250 | CGC Arg | CGT Arg | CAG Gln | GAG Glu | TGG Trp 255 | GAG Glu | 768 |
| 25 | ATC Ile | CAG Gln | CGG Arg | AAT Asn 260 | AAT Asn | GCC Ala | GAA Glu | GCG Ala | GAA Glu 265 | TTG Leu | AAG Lys | CAA Gln | ATC Ile | GAT Asp 270 | GCT Ala | CAG Gln | 816 |
| 30 | CTC Leu | AAA Lys | TCA Ser 275 | CTC Leu | GCT Ala | GTA Val | CGC Arg | CGC Arg 280 | GAA Glu | GCC Ala | GCC Ala | GTA Val | TTG Leu 285 | CAG Gln | AAA Lys | ACC Thr | 864 |
| 35 | AGT Ser | CTG Leu 290 | AAA Lys | ACC Thr | CAA Gln | CAA Gln | GAA Glu 295 | CAG Gln | ACC Thr | CAA Gln | TCT Ser | CAA Gln 300 | TTG Leu | GCC Ala | TTC Phe | CTG Leu | 912 |
| 33 | | | | TTC Phe | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| 40 | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| 45 | | | | GAA Glu 340 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1056 |
| 50 | | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1104 |
| 55 | | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1152 |
| 33 | | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1200 |
| 60 | | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1248 |
| 65 | | | | ATT Ile 420 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1296 |
| 70 | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1344 |

TCT TTG CAG GCA TCA GTT TCA TTC GCT GAT TTG AAA ATT CGT GAA GAT 1392 Ser Leu Gln Ala Ser Val Ser Phe Ala Asp Leu Lys Ile Arg Glu Asp 455 TAC CCG GCA TCG CTT GGC AAA ATT CGA CGT ATC AAA CAG ATC AGC GTC 1440 Tyr Pro Ala Ser Leu Gly Lys Ile Arg Arg Ile Lys Gln Ile Ser Val ACT TTG CCC GCG CTA CTG GGA CCG TAT CAG GAT GTA CAG GCA ATA TTG 1488 Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Leu Gly Pro Tyr Gln Asp Val Gln Ala Ile Leu 10 485 490 TCT TAC GGC GAT AAA GCC GGA TTA GCT AAC GGC TGT GAA GCG CTG GCA 1536 Ser Tyr Gly Asp Lys Ala Gly Leu Ala Asn Gly Cys Glu Ala Leu Ala 15 505 500 GTT TCT CAC GGT ATG AAT GAC AGC GGC CAA TTC CAG CTC GAT TTC AAC 1584 Val Ser His Gly Met Asn Asp Ser Gly Gln Phe Gln Leu Asp Phe Asn 520 20 GAT GGC AAA TTC CTG CCA TTC GAA GGC ATC GCC ATT GAT CAA GGC ACG 1632 Asp Gly Lys Phe Leu Pro Phe Glu Gly Ile Ala Ile Asp Gln Gly Thr 25 CTG ACA CTG AGC TTC CCA AAT GCA TCT ATG CCG GAG AAA GGT AAA CAA 1680 Leu Thr Leu Ser Phe Pro Asn Ala Ser Met Pro Glu Lys Gly Lys Gln 550 555 GCC ACT ATG TTA AAA ACC CTG AAC GAT ATC ATT TTG CAT ATT CGC TAC 1728 Ala Thr Met Leu Lys Thr Leu Asn Asp Ile Ile Leu His Ile Arg Tyr 30 ACC ATT AAA TAA 1740 Thr Ile Lys ••• 35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 40 (A) LENGTH: 579 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acids (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 45 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51 (TcdAiii): Leu Arg Ser Ala Asn Thr Leu Thr Asp Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Ile Asn 50 Glu Val Met Met Asn Tyr Trp Gln Thr Leu Ala Gln Arg Val Tyr Asn

55 Leu Arg His Asn Leu Ser Ile Asp Gly Gln Pro Leu Tyr Leu Pro Ile

60

Tyr Ala Thr Pro Ala Asp Pro Lys Ala Leu Leu Ser Ala Ala Val Ala

Thr Ser Gln Gly Gly Gly Lys Leu Pro Glu Ser Phe Met Ser Leu Trp

Arg Phe Pro His Met Leu Glu Asn Ala Arg Gly Met Val Ser Gln Leu 65

Thr Gin Phe Gly Ser Thr Leu Gln Asn Ile Ile Glu Arg Gln Asp Ala

| | Glu | Ala | Leu 115 | Asn | Ala | Leu | Leu | Gln 120 | Asn | Gln | Ala | Ala | Glu 125 | Leu | ļle | Leu |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Thr | Asn 130 | Leu | Ser | Ile | Gln | Asp 135 | Lys | Thr | Ile | Glu | Glu 140 | Leu | Asp | Ala | Glu |
| | Lys 145 | Thr | Val | Leu | Glu | Lys 150 | Ser | Lys | Ala | Gly | Ala 155 | Gln | Ser | Arg | Phe | Asp 160 |
| 10 | Ser | Tyr | Gly | Lys | Leu 165 | Tyr | Asp | Glu | Asn | Ile 170 | Asn | Ala | Gly | Glu | Asn 175 | Gln |
| 15 | Ala | Met | Thr | Leu 180 | Arg | Ala | Ser | Ala | Ala 185 | Gly | Leu | Thr | Thr | Ala 190 | Val | Gln |
| | Ala | Ser | Arg 195 | Leu | Ala | Gly | Ala | Ala 200 | Ala | Asp | Leu | Val | Pro 205 | Asn | Ile | Phe |
| 20 | Gly | Phe 210 | Ala | Gly | Gly | Gly | Ser 215 | Arg | Trp | Gly | Ala | Ile 220 | Ala | Glu | Ala | Thr |
| | Gly 225 | Tyr | Val | Met | Glu | Phe 230 | Ser | Ala | Asn | Val | Met 235 | Asn | Thr | Glu | Ala | Asp 240 |
| 25 | Lys | Ile | Ser | Gln | Ser 245 | Glu | Thr | Tyr | Arg | Arg 250 | Arg | Arg | Gln | Glu | Trp 255 | Glu |
| 30 | Ile | Gln | Arg | Asn 260 | Asn | Ala | Glu | Ala | Glu 265 | Leu | Lys | Gln | Ile | Asp 270 | Ala | Gln |
| 30 | Leu | Lys | Ser 275 | Leu | Ala | Val | Arg | Arg 280 | Glu | Ala | Ala | Val | Leu 285 | Gln | Lys | Thr |
| 35 | Ser | Leu 290 | Lys | Thr | Gln | Gln | Glu 295 | Gln | Thr | Gln | Ser | Gln 300 | Leu | Ala | Phe | Leu |
| | Gln 305 | Arg | Lys | Phe | Ser | Asn 310 | Gln | Ala | Leu | Tyr | Asn 315 | Trp | Leu | Arg | Gly | Arg 320 |
| 40 | Leu | Ala | Ala | Ile | Tyr 325 | Phe | Gln | Phe | Tyr | Asp 330 | Leu | Ala | Val | Ala | Arg 335 | Cys |
| 45 | Leu | Met | Ala | Glu 340 | Gln | Ala | Tyr | Arg | Trp 345 | Glu | Leu | Asn | Asp | Asp 350 | Ser | Ala |
| .0 | Arg | Phe | Ile 355 | Lys | Pro | Gly | Ala | Trp 360 | Gln | Gly | Thr | Tyr | Ala 365 | Gly | Leu | Leu |
| 50 | Ala | Gly 370 | Glu | Thr | Leu | Met | Leu 375 | Ser | Leu | Ala | Gln | Met 380 | Glu | Asp | Ala | His |
| | Leu 385 | Lys | Arg | Asp | Lys | Arg 390 | Ala | Leu | Glu | Val | Glu 395 | Arg | Thr | Val | Ser | Leu 400 |
| 55 | Ala | Glu | Val | Tyr | Ala 405 | Gly | Leu | Pro | Lys | Asp 410 | Asn | Gly | Pro | Phe | Ser 415 | Leu |
| 60 | Ala | Gln | Glu | Ile 420 | Asp | Lys | Leu | Val | Ser 425 | Gln | Gly | Ser | Gly | Ser 430 | Ala | Gly |
| 00 | Ser | Gly | Asn 435 | Asn | Asn | Leu | Ala | Phe 440 | Gly | Ala | Gly | Thr | Asp 445 | Thr | Lys | Thr |
| 65 | Ser | Leu 450 | Gln | Ala | Ser | Val | Ser 455 | Phe | Ala | Asp | Leu | Lys 460 | Ile | Arg | Glu | qzA |
| | Tyr 465 | Pro | -Ala | Ser | Leu | Gly 470 | Lys | Ile | Arg | Arg | Ile 475 | Lys | Gln | Ile | Ser | Val 480 |
| 70 | Thr | Leu | Pro | Ala | Leu 485 | Leu | Gly | Pro | Tyr | Gln 490 | Asp | Val | Gln | Ala | Ile 495 | Leu |

Ser Tyr Gly Asp Lys Ala Gly Leu Ala Asn Gly Cys Glu Ala Leu Ala 500 505 Val Ser His Gly Met Asn Asp Ser Gly Gln Phe Gln Leu Asp Phe Asn 520 Asp Gly Lys Phe Leu Pro Phe Glu Gly Ile Ala Ile Asp Gln Gly Thr 10 Leu Thr Leu Ser Phe Pro Asn Ala Ser Met Pro Glu Lys Gly Lys Gln 550 Ala Thr Met Leu Lys Thr Leu Asn Asp Ile Ile Leu His Ile Arg Tyr 15 Thr Ile Lys ••• 579 20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 5532 base pairs 25 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: double (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic) 30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52 (tcbAii coding region): TTT ATA CAA GGT TAT AGT GAT CTG TTT GGT AAT CGT GCT GAT AAC TAT 48 Phe Ile Gln Gly Tyr Ser Asp Leu Phe Gly Asn Arg Ala Asp Asn Tyr 35 GCC GCG CCG GGC TCG GTT GCA TCG ATG TTC TCA CCG GCG GCT TAT TTG 96 Ala Ala Pro Gly Ser Val Ala Ser Met Phe Ser Pro Ala Ala Tyr Leu 20 25 40 ACG GAA TTG TAC CGT GAA GCC AAA AAC TTG CAT GAC AGC AGC TCA ATT 144 Thr Glu Leu Tyr Arg Glu Ala Lys Asn Leu His Asp Ser Ser Ser Ile 45 TAT TAC CTA GAT AAA CGT CGC CCG GAT TTA GCA AGC TTA ATG CTC AGC 192 Tyr Tyr Leu Asp Lys Arg Arg Pro Asp Leu Ala Ser Leu Met Leu Ser 55 50 CAG AAA AAT ATG GAT GAG GAA ATT TCA ACG CTG GCT CTC TCT AAT GAA 240 50 Gln Lys Asn Met Asp Glu Glu Ile Ser Thr Leu Ala Leu Ser Asn Glu TTG TGC CTT GCC GGG ATC GAA ACA AAA ACA GGA AAA TCA CAA GAT GAA 288 Leu Cys Leu Ala Gly Ile Glu Thr Lys Thr Gly Lys Ser Gln Asp Glu 55 90 GTG ATG GAT ATG TTG TCA ACT TAT CGT TTA AGT GGA GAG ACA CCT TAT 336 Val Met Asp Met Leu Ser Thr Tyr Arg Leu Ser Gly Glu Thr Pro Tyr 100 105 60 CAT CAC GCT TAT GAA ACT GTT CGT GAA ATC GTT CAT GAA CGT GAT CCA 384 His His Ala Tyr Glu Thr Val Arg Glu Ile Val His Glu Arg Asp Pro 115 GGA TTT CGT CAT TTG TCA CAG GCA CCC ATT GTT GCT GCT AAG CTC GAT 432 Gly Phe Arg His Leu Ser Gln Ala Pro Ile Val Ala Ala Lys Leu Asp

CCT GTG ACT TTG TTG GGT ATT AGC TCC CAT ATT TCG CCA GAA CTG TAT 480

| | Pro 145 | Val | Thr | Leu | Leu | Gly 150 | Ile | Ser | Ser | His | .Ile .155 | Ser | Pro | Glu | Leu | Tyr 160 | |
|----|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| 5 | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
| 10 | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 |
| | | | AGT Ser 195 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| 15 | | | GTG Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 672 |
| 20 | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| 25 | | | CGA Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 |
| 30 | | | TAT Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 816 |
| | | | AGT Ser 275 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 864 |
| 35 | TCC Ser | GCT Ala 290 | GAT Asp | TGG Trp | ACT Thr | GAG Glu | ATT Ile 295 | GCC Ala | CAT His | AAT Asn | CCC Pro | TAT Tyr 300 | CCT Pro | GAT Asp | ATG Met | GTC Val | 912 |
| 40 | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 |
| 45 | | | ATA Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1008 |
| 50 | _ | | GCC Ala | | | _ | ~ 1 | | | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | - • | 1056 |
| | | | CTT Leu 355 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1104 |
| 55 | | | TTT Phe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1152 |
| 60 | | | ATC Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1200 |
| 65 | | | GAT Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1248 |
| 70 | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1296 |

| | | | | TTT Phe | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1344 |
|------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| 5 | AGT Ser | GAG Glu 450 | GAC Asp | AAC Asn | TCC Ser | AAA Lys | CAT His 455 | CTT Leu | CCT Pro | AAT Asn | CCT Pro | GAT Asp 460 | CTG Leu | AAC Asn | CTT Leu | AAA Lys | 1392 |
| 10 | | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1440 |
| 15 | | | | AAC Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1488 |
| 20 | | | | GAC Asp 500 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1536 |
| 20 | | | | GTT Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1584 |
| 25 | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1632 |
| 30 | | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | Leu | | 1680 |
| 35 | | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1728 |
| 40 | | | | ACC Thr 580 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1776 |
| •• | | | | ACG Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1824 |
| 45 | | | | GAA Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1872 |
| 50 | | | | TTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1920 |
| 55 _ | | | | ATT Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1968 |
| 60 | | | | ACA Thr 660 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2016 |
| | | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2064 |
| 65 | | | | TCA Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2112 |
| 70 | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2160 |

| r | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2208 |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | GCG Ala | GCG Ala | TTG Leu | AAA Lys 740 | GAC Asp | GGA Gly | GCC Ala | TTG Leu | ACA Thr 745 | GTT Val | ACC Thr | GAT Asp | GTA Val | GCA Ala 750 | CAA Gln | GCT Ala | 2256 |
| 10 | | | AAG Lys 755 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2304 |
| 15 | | | CTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2352 |
| 20 | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2400 |
| 25 | | | ATG Met | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2448 |
| 23 | | | GCT Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2496 |
| 30 | | | AAA Lys 835 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2544 |
| 35 | | | GCT Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2592 |
| 40 | | | ACC Thr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2640 |
| 45 | | | CGT Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2688 |
| 4.0 | | | TTA Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2736 |
| 50 | CGT Arg | CAG Gln | TTC Phe 915 | TTC Phe | ACT Thr | GAC Asp | TGG Trp | GAA Glu 920 | CGT Arg | TAC Tyr | AAT Asn | AAA Lys | CGT Arg 925 | TAC Tyr | AGT Ser | ACT Thr | 2784 |
| 55 | TGG Trp | GCT Ala 930 | GGT Gly | GTC Val | TCT Ser | GAA Glu | CTG Leu 935 | GTC Val | TAT Tyr | TAT Tyr | CCA Pro | GAA Glu 940 | AAC Asn | TAT Tyr | GTT Val | GAT Asp | 2832 |
| 60 | CCC Pro 945 | ACT Thr | CAG Gln | CGC Arg | ATT Ile | GGG Gly 950 | CAA Gln | ACC Thr | AAA Lys | ATG Met | ATG Met 955 | GAT Asp | GCG Ala | CTG Leu | TTG Leu | CAA Gln 960 | 2880 |
| 65 | | | AAC Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2928 |
| 00 | AAA Lys | ACT Thr | TAT Tyr | TTG Leu 980 | ACC Thr | AGC Ser | TTT Phe | GAG Glu | CAG Gln 985 | GTA Val | GCA Ala | AAT Asn | CTG Leu | AAA Lys 990 | GTA Val | ATT Ile | 2976 |
| 70 | AGT Ser | GCT Ala | TAC Tyr | CAC His | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | GTG Val | AAT Asn | GTG Val | GAT Asp | CAA Gln | GGA Gly | TTA Leu | ACT Thr | TAT Tyr | TTT Phe | 3024 |

| | 995 | | 1000 . | 1005 |
|-----|------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 5 | ATC GGT ATC Ile Gly Ile 1010 | GAC CAA GCA GCT Asp Gln Ala Ala 101 | Pro Gly Thr Tyr | TAC TGG CGT AGT GTT 3072 Tyr Trp Arg Ser Val 1020 |
| 1.0 | GAT CAC AGC Asp His Ser 1025 | AAA TGT GAA AAT Lys Cys Glu Asn 1030 | GGC AAG TTT GCC Gly Lys Phe Ala 103 | GCT AAT GCT TGG GGT 3120 Ala Asn Ala Trp Gly 5 1040 |
| 10 | | | | TGG AAA AAT ATC ATC 3168 Trp Lys Asn Ile Ile 1055 |
| 15 | | | | CTA TGG CTG GAG CAG 3216 Leu Trp Leu Glu Gln 1070 |
| 20 | | Lys Ser Asp Asp | | ATT TAT CAA TAT AAC 3264 Ile Tyr Gln Tyr Asn 1085 |
| 25 | | | Tyr Asp Gly Ser | TGG AAT ACA CCA TTT 3312 Trp Asn Thr Pro Phe 1100 |
| 30 | | | | ACG TCG AGT ACT GAT 3360 Thr Ser Ser Thr Asp 5 1120 |
| 30 | | | | TAT CAA GGG GAA GAC 3408 Tyr Gln Gly Glu Asp 1135 |
| 35 | | | | AGT TAT AGC TCC TAT 3456 Ser Tyr Ser Ser Tyr 1150 |
| 40 | | Asn Ala Pro Val | | ATT TTC GCT GAT ATG 3504 Ile Phe Ala Asp Met 1165 |
| 45 | | | Ala Gln Ala Thr | AAC TAT TGG AAT AAC 3552 Asn Tyr Trp Asn Asn 1180 |
| 50 | | | | CCG GAT AGC GAC AAT 3600 Pro Asp Ser Asp Asn 5 1200 |
| | | | | TAT GCG GAG GAT TAT 3648 Tyr Ala Glu Asp Tyr 1215 |
| 55 | | | | TAT TCT TGG GGT GAT 3696 Tyr Ser Trp Gly Asp 1230 |
| 60 | | Thr Met Leu Tyr | | CCT AAT ATT ACT TTT 3744 Pro Asn Ile Thr Phe 1245 |
| 65 | | | Arg Leu Ser Thr | AAT ATG GCA TTG AGT 3792 Asn Met Ala Leu Ser 1260 |
| 70 | | | | ATA CAA TGT AAT CTT 3840 Ile Gln Cys Asn Leu 5 1280 |
| - | ATG AAA CAA | A TAC GCT TCA TTA | GGT GAT AAA TTT | ATA ATT TAT GAT TCA 3888 |

للهافل والمصفور والمراجع والمتالية

Met Lys Gln Tyr Ala Ser Leu Gly Asp Lys Phe Ile Ile Tyr Asp Ser TCA TTT GAT GAT GCA AAC CGT TTT AAT CTG GTG CCA TTG TTT AAA TTC 3936 Ser Phe Asp Asp Ala Asn Arg Phe Asn Leu Val Pro Leu Phe Lys Phe 1300 1305 --GGA AAA GAC GAG AAC TCA GAT GAT AGT ATT TGT ATA TAT AAT GAA AAC 3984 Gly Lys Asp Glu Asn Ser Asp Asp Ser Ile Cys Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asn 10 CCT TCC TCT GAA GAT AAG AAG TGG TAT TTT TCT TCG AAA GAT GAC AAT 4032 Pro Ser Ser Glu Asp Lys Lys Trp Tyr Phe Ser Ser Lys Asp Asp Asn 1335 1340 15 AAA ACA GCG GAT TAT AAT GGT GGA ACT CAA TGT ATA GAT GCT GGA ACC 4080 Lys Thr Ala Asp Tyr Asn Gly Gly Thr Gln Cys Ile Asp Ala Gly Thr 1350 1355 20 AGT AAC AAA GAT TTT TAT TAT AAT CTC CAG GAG ATT GAA GTA ATT AGT 4128 Ser Asn Lys Asp Phe Tyr Tyr Asn Leu Gln Glu Ile Glu Val Ile Ser 1365 1370 GTT ACT GGT GGG TAT TGG TCG AGT TAT AAA ATA TCC AAC CCG ATT AAT 4176 Val Thr Gly Gly Tyr Trp Ser Ser Tyr Lys Ile Ser Asn Pro Ile Asn 25 1380 1385 1390 ATC AAT ACG GGC ATT GAT AGT GCT AAA GTA AAA GTC ACC GTA AAA GCG 4224 Ile Asn Thr Gly Ile Asp Ser Ala Lys Val Lys Val Thr Val Lys Ala 30 1395 1400 GGT GGT GAC GAT CAA ATC TTT ACT GCT GAT AAT AGT ACC TAT GTT CCT 4272 Gly Gly Asp Asp Gln Ile Phe Thr Ala Asp Asn Ser Thr Tyr Val Pro 1410 35 CAG CAA CCG GCA CCC AGT TTT GAG GAG ATG ATT TAT CAG TTC AAT AAC 4320 Gln Gln Pro Ala Pro Ser Phe Glu Glu Met Ile Tyr Gln Phe Asn Asn 1430 1435 40 CTG ACA ATA GAT TGT AAG AAT TTA AAT TTC ATC GAC AAT CAG GCA CAT 4368 Leu Thr Ile Asp Cys Lys Asn Leu Asn Phe Ile Asp Asn Gln Ala His 1445 1450 ATT GAG ATT GAT TTC ACC GCT ACG GCA CAA GAT GGC CGA TTC TTG GGT 4416 45 Ile Glu Ile Asp Phe Thr Ala Thr Ala Gln Asp Gly Arg Phe Leu Gly GCA GAA ACT TTT ATT ATC CCG GTA ACT AAA AAA GTT CTC GGT ACT GAG 4464 Ala Giu Thr Phe Ile Ile Pro Val Thr Lys Lys Val Leu Gly Thr Glu 50 1475 1480 1485 ___ AAC GTG ATT GCG TTA TAT AGC GAA AAT AAC GGT GTT CAA TAT ATG CAA 4512 Asn Val Ile Ala Leu Tyr Ser Glu Asn Asn Gly Val Gln Tyr Met Gln 1495 55 ATT GGC GCA TAT CGT ACC CGT TTG AAT ACG TTA TTC GCT CAA CAG TTG 4560 Ile Gly Ala Tyr Arg Thr Arg Leu Asn Thr Leu Phe Ala Gln Gln Leu 1510 60 GTT AGC CGT GCT AAT CGT GGC ATT GAT GCA GTG CTC AGT ATG GAA ACT 4608 Val Ser Arg Ala Asn Arg Gly Ile Asp Ala Val Leu Ser Met Glu Thr 1525 1530 CAG AAT ATT CAG GAA CCG CAA TTA GGA GCG GGC ACA TAT GTG CAG CTT 4656 65 Gln Asn Ile Gln Glu Pro Gln Leu Gly Ala Gly Thr Tyr Val Gln Leu GTG TTG GAT AAA TAT GAT GAG TCT ATT CAT GGC ACT AAT AAA AGC TTT 4704 Val Leu Asp Lys Tyr Asp Glu Ser Ile His Gly Thr Asn Lys Ser Phe 70 1560

| | GCT Ala | ATT Ile 1570 | Glu | TAT Tyr | GTT Val | GAT Asp | ATA Ile 1575 | Phe | AAA Lys | GAG Glu | AAC Asn | GAT Asp 1580 | Ser | TTT Phe | GTG Val | ATT Ile | 4752 |
|----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| 5 | | ${\tt Gln}$ | | | | | Glu | | | | ACT Thr 1595 | Val | | | | | 4800 |
| 10 | | | | | | Glu | | | | | Lys | | | | | Val | 4848 |
| 15 | CGT Arg | GCT Ala | AAA Lys | TAC Tyr 1620 | Gln | AAG Lys | GAA Glu | ACG Thr | ACT Thr 1625 | Asp | AAG Lys | ATC Ile | TTG Leu | TTC Phe 1630 | Asp | CGT Arg | 4896 |
| 20 | ACT Thr | GAT Asp | GAG Glu 1639 | Lys | GAT Asp | CCG Pro | CAC His | GGT Gly 1640 | Trp | TTT Phe | CTC Leu | AGC Ser | GAC Asp 1645 | Asp | CAC His | AAG Lys | 4944 |
| 20 | ACC Thr | TTT Phe 1650 | Ser | GGT Gly | CTC Leu | TCT Ser | TCC Ser 1655 | Ala | CAG Gln | GCA Ala | TTA Leu | AAG Lys 1660 | Asn | GAC Asp | AGT Ser | GAA Glu | 4992 |
| 25 | CCG Pro 1665 | Met | GAT Asp | TTC Phe | TCT Ser | GGC Gly 1670 | Ala | AAT Asn | GCT Ala | CTC Leu | TAT Tyr 1675 | Phe | TGG Trp | GAA Glu | CTG Leu | TTC Phe 1680 | 5040 |
| 30 | TAT Tyr | TAC Tyr | ACG Thr | CCG Pro | ATG Met 1685 | Met | ATG Met | GCT Ala | CAT His | CGT Arg 1690 | Leu | TTG Leu | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | CAG Gln 1695 | Asn | 5088 |
| 35 | TTT Phe | GAT Asp | GCG Ala | GCG Ala 1700 | Asn | CAT His | TGG Trp | TTC Phe | CGT Arg 1705 | Tyr | GTC Val | TGG Trp | AGT Ser | CCA Pro 1710 | Ser | GGT Gly | 5136 |
| 40 | | | | Asp | | | | | Ile | | CAC His | | | Val | | | 5184 |
| 40 | | | Glu | | | | | Asn | | | CAA Gln | | Asp | | | | 5232 |
| 45 | | Asp | | | | | Asp | | | | CAC His 1755 | Tyr | | | | | 5280 |
| 50 | | | | | | Asp | | | | | Arg | | | | | Tyr | 5328 |
| 55 | | | | | Arg | | | | | Glu | GCT Ala | | | | Tyr | | 5376 |
| 60 | | | | Asn | | | | | Glu | | CAA Gln | | | Leu | | | 5424 |
| | | | Ala | | | | | Gly | | | GCT Ala | | Lys | | | | 5472 |
| 65 | CAG Gln 1825 | Val | CGT Arg | CAG Gln | CAA Gln | GTG Val 1830 | Leu | ACC Thr | CAG Gln | TTG Leu | CGT Arg 1835 | Leu | AAT Asn | AGC Ser | AGG Arg | GTA Val 1840 | 5520 |
| 70 | | | CCG Pro | | | 532 | | | | | | | | | | | |

Control of the Salar Artifacts and the Salar

```
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:
 5
            (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                       LENGTH: 1844 amino acids
                  (A)
                  (B)
                       TYPE: amino acids
                  (C)
                       STRANDEDNESS: single
                       TOPOLOGY: linear
                  (D)
10
         (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53 (TcbAii):
                                   To
             Features From
                                              Description
                                  1844
             Peptide
                          1
                                              TcbA<sub>ii</sub> peptide
15
             Fragment
                          1
                                  11
                                              (SEQ ID NO:1)
                          978
                                  990
             Fragment
                                               (SEQ ID NO:23)
                                  1401
                          1387
             Fragment
                                               (SEQ ID NO:22)
                          1484
                                  1505
             Fragment
                                               (SEQ ID NO:24)
             Fragment
                           1527
                                  1552
                                              (SEQ ID NO:21)
20
     Phe Ile Gln Gly Tyr Ser Asp Leu Phe Gly Asn Arg Ala Asp Asn Tyr 1 5 10
     Ala Ala Pro Gly Ser Val Ala Ser Met Phe Ser Pro Ala Ala Tyr Leu 20 25 30
25
     Thr Glu Leu Tyr Arg Glu Ala Lys Asn Leu His Asp Ser Ser Ser Ile 35 40 45
     Tyr Tyr Leu Asp Lys Arg Arg Pro Asp Leu Ala Ser Leu Met Leu Ser 50 55 60
30
     Gln Lys Asn Met Asp Glu Glu Ile Ser Thr Leu Ala Leu Ser Asn Glu 65 70 75 80
35
     Leu Cys Leu Ala Gly Ile Glu Thr Lys Thr Gly Lys Ser Gln Asp Glu 85 90 95
     Val Met Asp Met Leu Ser Thr Tyr Arg Leu Ser Gly Glu Thr Pro Tyr
40
     His His Ala Tyr Glu Thr Val Arg Glu Ile Val His Glu Arg Asp Pro
45
     Gly Phe Arg His Leu Ser Gln Ala Pro Ile Val Ala Ala Lys Leu Asp
      Pro Val Thr Leu Leu Gly Ile Ser Ser His Ile Ser Pro Glu Leu Tyr
50
     Asn Leu Leu Ile Glu Glu Ile Pro Glu Lys Asp Glu Ala Ala Leu Asp
165 170 175
      Thr Leu Tyr Lys Thr Asn Phe Gly Asp Ile Thr Thr Ala Gln Leu Met
55
                                        185
                   180
      Ser Pro Ser Tyr Leu Ala Arg Tyr Tyr Gly Val Ser Pro Glu Asp Ile
195 200 205
60
      Ala Tyr Val Thr Thr Ser Leu Ser His Val Gly Tyr Ser Ser Asp Ile
      Leu Val Ile Pro Leu Val Asp Gly Val Gly Lys Met Glu Val Val Arg 225 230 235 240
65
      Val Thr Arg Thr Pro Ser Asp Asn Tyr Thr Ser Gln Thr Asn Tyr Ile
```

| | Glu | Leu | Tyr | Pro 260 | Gln | Gly | Gly | Asp | Asn 265 | Tyr | . Leu | Ile | Lys | Туг 270 | Asn | Leu |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Ser | Asn | Ser 275 | Phe | Gly | Leu | Asp | Asp 280 | Phe | Tyr | Leu | Gln | Туг 285 | Lys | Asp | Gly |
| | Ser | Ala 290 | Asp | Trp | Thr | Glu | Ile 295 | Ala | His | Asn | Pro | Tyr 300 | Pro | Asp | Met | Val |
| 10 | Ile 305 | Asn | Gln | Lys | Tyr | Glu 310 | Ser | Gln | Ala | Thr | Ile 315 | Lys | Arg | Ser | Asp | Ser 320 |
| 15 | Asp | Asn | Ile | Leu | Ser 325 | Ile | Gly | Leu | Gln | Arg 330 | Trp | His | Ser | Gly | Ser 335 | Tyr |
| 10 | Asn | Phe | Ala | Ala 340 | Ala | Asn | Phe | Lys | Ile 345 | Asp | Gln | Tyr | Ser | Pro 350 | Lys | Ala |
| 20 | Phe | Leu | Leu 355 | Lys | Met | Asn | Lys | Ala 360 | Ile | Arg | Leu | Leu | Lys 365 | Ala | Thr | Gly |
| | Leu | Ser 370 | Phe | Ala | Thr | Leu | Glu 375 | Arg | Ile | Val | Asp | Ser 380 | Val | Asn | Ser | Thr |
| 25 | Lys 385 | Ser | Ile | Thr | Val | Glu 390 | Val | Leu | Asn | Lys | Val 395 | Tyr | Arg | Val | Lys | Phe 400 |
| 30 | Tyr | Ile | Asp | Arg | Tyr 405 | Gly | Ile | Ser | Glu | Glu 410 | Thr | Ala | Ala | Ile | Leu 415 | Ala |
| 30 | Asn | Ile | Asn | Ile 420 | Ser | Gln | Gln | Ala | Val 425 | Gly | Asn | Gln | Leu | Ser 430 | Gln | Phe |
| 35 | Glu | Gln | Leu 435 | Phe | Asn | His | Pro | Pro 440 | Leu | Asn | Gly | Ile | Arg 445 | Tyr | Glu | Ile |
| | Ser | Glu 450 | Asp | Asn | Ser | Lys | His 455 | Leu | Pro | Asn | Pro | Asp 460 | Leu | Asn | Leu | Lys |
| 40 | Pro 465 | Asp | Ser | Thr | Gly | Asp 470 | Asp | Gln | Arg | Lys | Ala 475 | Val | Leu | Lys | Arg | Ala 480 |
| 45 | Phe | Gln | Val | Asn | Ala 485 | Ser | Glu | Leu | Tyr | Gln 490 | Met | Leu | Leu | Ile | Thr 495 | Asp |
| 40 | Arg | Lys | Glu | Asp 500 | Gly | Val | Ile | Lys | Asn 505 | Asn | Leu | Glu | Asn | Leu 510 | Ser | Asp |
| 50 | Leu | Tyr | Leu 515 | Val | Ser | Leu | Leu | Ala 520 | Gln | Ile | His | Asn | Leu 525 | Thr | Ile | Ala |
| | Glu | Leu 530 | Asn | Ile | Leu | Leu | Val 535 | Ile | Cys | Gly | Tyr | Gly 540 | Asp | Thr | Asn | Ile |
| 55 | Tyr 545 | Gln | Ile | Thr | Asp | Asp 550 | Asn | Leu | Ala | Lys | Ile 555 | Val | Glu | Thr | | Leu 60 |
| 60 | Trp | Ile | Thr | Gln | Trp 565 | Leu | Lys | Thr | Gln | Lys 570 | Trp | Thr | Val | Thr | Asp 575 | Leu |
| 00 | Phe | Leu | Met | Thr 580 | Thr | Ala | Thr | Tyr | Ser 585 | Thr | Thr | Leu | Thr | Pro 590 | Glu | Ile |
| 65 | Ser | Asn | Leu 595 | Thr | Ala | Thr | Leu | Ser 600 | Ser | Thr | Leu | His | Gly 605 | Lys | Glu | Ser |
| | Leu | Ile 610 | Gly | Glu | Asp | Leu | Lys 615 | Arg | Ala | Met | Ala | Pro 620 | Cys | Phe | Thr | Ser |
| 70 | Ala 625 | Leu | His | Leu | Thr | Ser 630 | Gln | Glu | Val | Ala | Tyr 635 | Asp | Leu | Leu | Leu | Trp 640 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Ile | Asp | Gln | Ile | Gln 645 | Pro | Ala | Gln | Ile | Thr 650 | Val | Asp | Gly | Phe | Trp 655 | Glu |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Glu | Val | Gln | Thr 660 | Thr | Pro | Thr | Ser | Leu 665 | Lys | Val | Ile | Thr | Phe 670 | Ala | Gln |
| 10 | Val | Leu | Ala 675 | Gln | Leu | Ser | Leu | Ile 680 | Tyr | Arg | Arg | Ile | Gly 685 | Leu | Ser | Glu |
| 10 | Thr | Glu 690 | Leu | Ser | Leu | Ile | Val 695 | Thr | Gln | Ser | Ser | Leu 700 | Leu | Val | Ala | Gly |
| 15 | Lys 705 | Ser | Ile | Leu | Asp | His 710 | Gly | Leu | Leu | Thr | Leu 715 | Met | Ala | Leu | Glu | Gly 720 |
| | Phe | His | Thr | Trp | Val 725 | Asn | Gly | Leu | Gly | Gln 730 | His | Ala | Ser | Leu | Ile 735 | Leu |
| 20 | Ala | Ala | Leu | Lys 740 | Asp | Gly | Ala | Leu | Thr 745 | Val | Thr | Asp | Val | Ala 750 | Gln | Ala |
| 25 | Met | Asn | Lys 755 | Glu | Glu | Ser | Leu | Leu 760 | Gln | Met | Ala | Ala | Asn 765 | Gln | Val | Glu |
| 23 | Lys | Asp 770 | Leu | Thr | Lys | Leu | Thr 775 | Ser | Trp | Thr | Gln | Ile 780 | Asp | Ala | Ile | Leu |
| 30 | Gln 785 | Trp | Leu | Gln | Met | Ser 790 | Ser | Ala | Leu | Ala | Val 795 | Ser | Pro | Leu | Asp | Leu 800 |
| | Ala | Gly | Met | Met | Ala 805 | Leu | Lys | Tyr | Gly | Ile 810 | Asp | His | Asn | Tyr | Ala 815 | Ala |
| 35 | Trp | Gln | Ala | Ala 820 | Ala | Ala | Ala | Leu | Met 825 | Ala | Asp | His | Ala | Asn 830 | Gln | Ala |
| 40 | Gln | Lys | Lys 835 | Leu | Asp | Glu | Thr | Phe 840 | Ser | Lys | Ala | Leu | Cys 845 | Asn | Tyr | Tyr |
| 40 | Ile | Asn 850 | Ala | Val | Val | Asp | Ser 855 | Ala | Ala | Gly | Val | Arg 860 | Asp | Arg | Asn | Gly |
| 45 | Leu 865 | Tyr | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Leu 870 | Ile | Asp | Asn | Gln | Val 875 | Ser | Ala | Asp | Val | 11e 880 |
| | Thr | Ser | Arg | Ile | Ala 885 | Glu | Ala | Ile | Ala | Gly 890 | Ile | Gln | Leu | Tyr | Val 895 | Asn |
| 50 | Arg | Ala | Leu | Asn 900 | Arg | Asp | Glu | Gly | Gln 905 | Leu | Ala | Ser | qsA | Val 910 | Ser | Thr |
| 55 | Arg | Gln | Phe 915 | Phe | Thr | Asp | Trp | Glu 920 | Arg | Tyr | Asn | Lys | Arg 925 | Tyr | Ser | Thr |
| | Trp | Ala 930 | Gly | Val | Ser | Glu | Leu 935 | Val | Tyr | Tyr | Pro | Glu 940 | Asn | Tyr | Val | Asp |
| 60 | Pro 945 | Thr | Gln | Arg | Ile | Gly 950 | Gln | Thr | Lys | Met | Met 955 | Asp | Ala | Leu | Leu | Gln 960 |
| | Ser | Ile | Asn | Gln | Ser 965 | Gln | Leu | Asn | Ala | Asp 970 | Thr | Val | Glu | Asp | Ala 975 | Phe |
| 65 | Lys | Thr | Tyr | Leu 980 | Thr | Ser | Phe | Glu | Gln 985 | Val | Ala | Asn | Leu | Lys 990 | Val | Ile |
| 70 | Ser | Ala | Tyr 995 | His | Asp | Asn | Val | Asn 1000 | | Asp | Gln | Gly | Leu 1005 | _ | Tyr | Phe |
| . 0 | Ile | Gly | Ile | qzA | Gln | Ala | Ala | Pro | Gly | Thr | Tyr | Tyr | Trp | Arg | Ser | Val |

| | | 1010 |) | | | , | 1015 | j | | | | 1020 |) | | | |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Asp 1025 | | Ser | Lys | Cys | Glu 1030 | | Gly | Lys | Phe | Ala 1039 | | Asn | Ala | Trp | Gly 1040 |
| | Glu | Trp | Asn | Lys | Ile 1045 | | Cys | Ala | Val | Asn 1050 | | Trp | Lys | Asn | Ile 1055 | |
| 10 | Arg | Pro | Val | Val 1060 | - | Met | Ser | Arg | Leu 1065 | | Leu | Leu | Trp | Leu 1070 | | Gln |
| | Gln | Ser | Lys 1075 | | Ser | Asp | Asp | Gly 1080 | | Thr | Thr | Ile | Tyr 1085 | | Tyr | Asn |
| 15 | Leu | Lys 1090 | Leu) | Ala | His | Ile | Arg 1095 | | Asp | Gly | Ser | Trp 1100 | | Thr | Pro | Phe |
| 20 | 1105 | i | Asp | | | 1110 |) | | | | 1115 | • | | | v | 1120 |
| | Ala | Ala | Glu | | Leu 1125 | | Leu | Tyr | Cys | Thr 1130 | | Tyr | Gln | Gly | Glu 1135 | |
| 25 | Thr | Leu | Leu | Val 1140 | | Phe | Tyr | Ser | Met 1145 | | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Ser 1150 | | Tyr |
| | Thr | Asp | Asn 1155 | | Ala | Pro | Val | Thr 1160 | | Leu | Tyr | Ile | Phe 1165 | | Asp | Met |
| 30 | Ser | Ser 1170 | Asp) | Asn | Met | Thr | Asn 1175 | | Gln | Ala | Thr | Asn 1180 | | Trp | Asn | Asn |
| 35 | 1185 | 5 | Pro | | | 1190 |) | | | | 1195 | 5 | _ | | - | 1200 |
| | ~ | - | Val | | 1205 | 5 | | | | 1210 |) | | | | 1215 | , |
| 40 | | | Pro | 1220 |) | | | | 1225 | 5 | | - | | 1230 |) _ | • |
| 4.5 | | | Leu 1235 | 5 | | | _ | 1240 |) | | | | 1245 | 5 | | |
| 45 | | 1250 | | | | - | 1255 | 5 | | | | 1260 |) | | | |
| 50 | 1265 | 5 | His | | | 1270 |) | | | | 1275 | 5 | | | | 1280 |
| | | | Gln | | 1285 | 5 | | | | 1290 |) | | | | 1295 | , |
| 55 | | | Asp | 1300 |) | | | | 1305 | 5 | | | | 1310 |) | |
| 60 | | | Asp 1315 | 5 | | | | 1320 |) | | | | 1325 | 5 | | |
| 60 | | 1330 | | | | | 1335 | 5 | _ | | | 1340 |) | _ | | |
| 65 | 1345 | 5 | Ala | | | 1350 |) | | | | 1355 | 5 | | | | 1360 |
| | | - | Lys | | 1369 | 5 | | | | 1370 |) | | | | 1375 | • |
| 70 | vaı | ınr | Gly | 1380 | | rrp | ser | ser | Tyr 1385 | | TTE | ser | Asn | 1390 | | ASN |

 $\gamma = -1 - 3 - 3 \mu \pi ^{2}$, which is the second

| | Ile | Asn | Thr 1395 | | Ile | Asp | Ser | Ala 1400 | | Val. | Lys | Val | Thr 1405 | | Lys | Ala |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | Gly | Gly 1410 | | Asp | Gln | Ile | Phe 1415 | | Ala | Asp | Asn | Ser 1420 | | Tyr | Val | Pro |
| | Gln 1425 | | Pro | Ala | Pro | Ser 1430 | | Glu | Glu | Met | Ile 1435 | | Gln | Phe | Asn | Asn 144(|
| 10 | Leu | Thr | Ile | Asp | Cys 1445 | | Asn | Leu | Asn | Phe 1450 | | Asp | Asn | Gln | Ala 1455 | |
| 15 | Ile | Glu | Ile | Asp 1460 | | Thr | Ala | Thr | Ala 1465 | | Asp | Gly | Arg | Phe 1470 | Leu) | Gly |
| 10 | Ala | Glu | Thr 1475 | | Ile | Ile | Pro | Val 1480 | | Lys | Lys | Val | Leu 1485 | - | Thr | Glu |
| 20 | Asn | Val 1490 | | Ala | Leu | Tyr | Ser 1495 | | Asn | Asn | Gly | Val 1500 | | Tyr | Met | Gln |
| | Ile 1505 | | Ala | Tyr | Arg | Thr 1510 | | Leu | Asn | Thr | Leu 1515 | | Ala | Gln | Gln | Leu 1520 |
| 25 | Val | Ser | Arg | Ala | Asn 1525 | | Gly | Ile | Asp | Ala 1530 | | Leu | Ser | Met | Glu 1535 | |
| 30 | Gln | Asn | Ile | Gln 1540 | | Pro | Gln | Leu | Gly 1545 | | Gly | Thr | Tyr | Val 1550 | Gln) | Leu |
| 30 | Val | Leu | Asp 1555 | | Tyr | Asp | Glu | Ser 1560 | | His | Gly | Thr | Asn 1565 | | Ser | Phe |
| 35 | Ala | Ile 1570 | | Tyr | Val | Asp | Ile 1575 | | Lys | Glu | Asn | Asp 1580 | | Phe | Val | Ile |
| | Tyr 1585 | | Gly | Glu | Leu | Ser 1590 | | Thr | Ser | Gln | Thr 1595 | | Val | Lys | Val | Phe 1600 |
| 40 | Leu | Ser | Tyr | Phe | Ile 1605 | | Ala | Thr | Gly | Asn 1610 | | Asn | His | Leu | Trp 1615 | |
| 45 | Arg | Ala | Lys | Tyr 1620 | | Lys | Glu | Thr | Thr 1625 | | Lys | Ile | Leu | Phe 1630 | Asp | Arg |
| 10 | Thr | Asp | Glu 1635 | | Asp | Pro | His | Gly 1640 | Trp | Phe | Leu | Ser | Asp 1645 | | His | Lys |
| 50 | Thr | Phe 1650 | Ser) | Gly | Leu | Ser | Ser 1655 | Ala | Gln | Ala | Leu | Lys 1660 | | Asp | Ser | Glu |
| | Pro 1665 | | Asp | Phe | Ser | Gly 1670 | | Asn | Ala | Leu | Tyr 1675 | | Trp | Glu | Leu | Phe 1680 |
| 55 | Tyr | Tyr | Thr | Pro | Met 1685 | | Met | Ala | His | Arg 1690 | | Leu | Gln | Glu | Gln 1695 | |
| 60 | Phe | Asp | Ala | Ala 1700 | | His | Trp | Phe | Arg 1705 | Tyr | Val | Trp | Ser | Pro 1710 | Ser | Gly |
| | Tyr | Ile | Val 1715 | Asp | Gly | Lys | Ile | Ala 1720 | | Tyr | His | Trp | Asn 1725 | | Arg | Pro |
| 65 | Leu | Glu 1730 | | Asp | Thr | Ser | Trp 1735 | | Ala | Gln | Gln | Leu 1740 | | Ser | Thr | Asp |
| | Pro 1745 | | Ala | Val | Ala | Gln 1750 | Asp) | Asp | Pro | Met | His 1755 | | Lys | Val | Ala | Thr 1760 |
| 70 | Phe | Met | Ala | Thr | Leu 1765 | | Leu | Leu | Met | Ala 1770 | | Gly | Asp | Ala | Ala 1775 | |

Arg Gln Leu Glu Arg Asp Thr Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Met Trp Tyr Thr 1780 1785 1790

- 5 Gln Ala Leu Asn Leu Leu Gly Asp Glu Pro Gln Val Met Leu Ser Thr 1795 1800 1805
- Thr Trp Ala Asn Pro Thr Leu Gly Asn Ala Ala Ser Lys Thr Thr Gln
 1810 1815 1820
- 10
 Gln Val Arg Gln Gln Val Leu Thr Gln Leu Arg Leu Asn Ser Arg Val
 1825
 1830
 1835
 1840
- Lys Thr Pro Leu 15 1844

45

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:
- 20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1722 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- 25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54 ($tcbA_{ii}$ coding region):
- 30 CTA GGA ACA GCC AAT TCC CTG ACC GCT TTA TTC CTG CCG CAG GAA AAT 48 Leu Gly Thr Ala Asn Ser Leu Thr Ala Leu Phe Leu Pro Gln Glu Asn 1 5 10 15
- AGC AAG CTC AAA GGC TAC TGG CGG ACA CTG GCG CAG CGT ATG TTT AAT 96

 Ser Lys Leu Lys Gly Tyr Trp Arg Thr Leu Ala Gln Arg Met Phe Asn
 20 25 30
- TTA CGT CAT AAT CTG TCG ATT GAC GGC CAG CCG CTC TCC TTG CCG CTG 144
 Leu Arg His Asn Leu Ser Ile Asp Gly Gln Pro Leu Ser Leu Pro Leu
 40 35 40 45
 - TAT GCT AAA CCG GCT GAT CCA AAA GCT TTA CTG AGT GCG GCG GTT TCA 192
 Tyr Ala Lys Pro Ala Asp Pro Lys Ala Leu Leu Ser Ala Ala Val Ser
 50 55 60
 - GCT TCT CAA GGG GGA GCC GAC TTG CCG AAG GCG CCG CTG ACT ATT CAC 240 Ala Ser Gln Gly Gly Ala Asp Leu Pro Lys Ala Pro Leu Thr Ile His 65 70 75 80
- 50 CGC TTC CCT CAA ATG CTA GAA GGG GCA CGG GGC TTG GTT AAC CAG CTT 288
 Arg Phe Pro Gln Met Leu Glu Gly Ala Arg Gly Leu Val Asn Gln Leu
 85 90 95
- ATA CAG TTC GGT AGT TCA CTA TTG GGG TAC AGT GAG CGT CAG GAT GCG 336

 11e Gln Phe Gly Ser Ser Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ser Glu Arg Gln Asp Ala
 100 105 110
- GAA GCT ATG AGT CAA CTA CTG CAA ACC CAA GCC AGC GAG TTA ATA CTG 384
 Glu Ala Met Ser Gln Leu Leu Gln Thr Gln Ala Ser Glu Leu Ile Leu
 115 120 125
 - ACC AGT ATT CGT ATG CAG GAT AAC CAA TTG GCA GAG CTG GAT TCG GAA 432
 Thr Ser Ile Arg Met Gln Asp Asn Gln Leu Ala Glu Leu Asp Ser Glu
 130
 135
 140
- AAA ACC GCC TTG CAA GTC TCT TTA GCT GGA GTG CAA CAA CGG TTT GAC 480 Lys Thr Ala Leu Gln Val Ser Leu Ala Gly Val Gln Gln Arg Phe Asp 145 150 155 160

| | AGC Ser | TAT Tyr | AGC Ser | CAA Gln | CTG Leu 165 | TAT Tyr | GAG Glu | GAG Glu | AAC Asn | ATC Ile 170 | Asn | GCA Ala | GGT Gly | GAG Glu | CAG Gln 175 | CGA Arg | 528 |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | GCG Ala | CTG Leu | GCG Ala | TTA Leu 180 | CGC Arg | TCA Ser | GAA Glu | TCT Ser | GCT Ala 185 | ATT Ile | GAG Glu | TCT Ser | CAG Gln | GGA Gly 190 | GCG Ala | CAG Gln | 576 |
| 10 | ATT Ile | TCC Ser | CGT Arg 195 | ATG Met | GCA Ala | GGC Gly | GCG Ala | GGT Gly 200 | GTT Val | GAT Asp | ATG Met | GCA Ala | CCA Pro 205 | AAT Asn | ATC Ile | TTC Phe | 624 |
| 15 | GGC Gly | CTG Leu 210 | GCT Ala | GAT Asp | GGC Gly | GGC Gly | ATG Met 215 | CAT His | TAT Tyr | GGT Gly | GCT Ala | ATT Ile 220 | GCC Ala | TAT Tyr | GCC Ala | ATC Ile | 672 |
| 20 | GCT Ala 225 | GAC Asp | GGT Gly | ATT Ile | GAG Glu | TTG Leu 230 | AGT Ser | GCT Ala | TCT Ser | GCC Ala | AAG Lys 235 | ATG Met | GTT Val | GAT Asp | GCG Ala | GAG Glu 240 | 720 |
| | | | | CAG Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 |
| 25 | ATT Ile | CAG Gln | CGT Arg | GAC Asp 260 | AAC Asn | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | GCG Ala | GAG Glu 265 | ATT Ile | AAC Asn | CAG Gln | TTA Leu | AAC Asn 270 | GCG Ala | CAA Gln | 816 |
| 30 | CTG Leu | GAA Glu | TCA Ser 275 | CTG Leu | TCT Ser | ATT Ile | CGC Arg | CGT Arg 280 | GAA Glu | GCC Ala | GCT Ala | GAA Glu | ATG Met 285 | CAA Gln | AAA Lys | GAG Glu | 864 |
| 35 | TAC Tyr | CTG Leu 290 | AAA Lys | ACC Thr | CAG Gln | CAA Gln | GCT Ala 295 | CAG Gln | GCG Ala | CAG Gln | GCA Ala | CAA Gln 300 | CTT Leu | ACT Thr | TTC Phe | TTA Leu | 912 |
| 40 | AGA Arg 305 | AGC Ser | AAA Lys | TTC Phe | AGT Ser | AAT Asn 310 | CAA Gln | GCG Ala | TTA Leu | TAT Tyr | AGT Ser 315 | TGG Trp | TTA Leu | CGA Arg | GGG Gly | CGT Arg 320 | 960 |
| 40 | TTG Leu | TCA Ser | GGT Gly | ATT Ile | TAT Tyr 325 | TTC Phe | CAG Gln | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | GAC Asp 330 | TTG Leu | GCC Ala | GTA Val | TCA Ser | CGT Arg 335 | TGC Cys | 1008 |
| 45 | CTG Leu | ATG Met | GCA Ala | GAG Glu 340 | CAA Gln | TCC Ser | TAT Tyr | CAA Gln | TGG Trp 345 | GAA Glu | GCT Ala | AAT Asn | GAT Asp | AAT Asn 350 | TCC Ser | ATT Ile | 1056 |
| 50 | AGC Ser | TTT Phe | GTC Val 355 | AAA Lys | CCG Pro | GGT Gly | GCA Ala | TGG Trp 360 | CAA Gln | GGA Gly | ACT Thr | TAC Tyr | GCC Ala 365 | GGC Gly | TTA Leu | TTG Leu | 1104 |
| 55 | TGT Cys | GGA Gly 370 | GAA Glu | GCT Ala | TTG Leu | ATA Ile | CAA Gln 375 | AAT Asn | CTG Leu | GCA Ala | CAA Gln | ATG Met 380 | GAA Glu | GAG Glu | GCA Ala | TAT Tyr | 1152 |
| 60 | CTG Leu 385 | AAA Lys | TGG Trp | GAA Glu | TCT Ser | CGC Arg 390 | GCT Ala | TTG Leu | GAA Glu | GTA Val | GAA Glu 395 | CGC Arg | ACG Thr | GTT Val | TCA Ser | TTG Leu 400 | 1200 |
| | GCA Ala | GTG Val | GTT Val | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp 405 | TCA Ser | CTG Leu | GAA Glu | GGT Gly | AAT Asn 410 | GAT Asp | CGT Arg | TTT Phe | AAT Asn | TTA Leu 415 | GCG Ala | 1248 |
| 65 | GAA Glu | CAA Gln | ATA Ile | CCT Pro 420 | GCA Ala | TTA Leu | TTG Leu | GAT Asp | AAG Lys 425 | GGG Gly | GAG Glu | GGA Gly | ACA Thr | GCA Ala 430 | GGA Gly | ACT Thr | 1296 |
| 70 | AAA Lys | GAA Glu | AAT Asn 435 | GGG Gly | TTA Leu | TCA Ser | TTG Leu | GCT Ala 440 | AAT Asn | GCT Ala | ATC Ile | CTG Leu | TCA Ser 445 | GCT Ala | TCG Ser | GTC Val | 1344 |

| 5 | AAA Lys | TTG Leu 450 | TCC Ser | GAC Asp | TTG Leu | AAA Lys | CTG Leu 455 | GGA Gly | ACG Thr | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | CCA Pro 460 | GAC Asp | AGT Ser | ATC Ile | GTT Val | 1392 |
|-------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|------|
| J | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CTA Leu | | 1440 |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TAT Tyr 495 | | 1488 |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TCT Ser | | 1536 |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GGC Gly | | 1584 |
| 25 . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CTG Leu | | 1632 |
| 23 . | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CAA Gln | | 1680 |
| 30 | ATG Met | AGC Ser | GAT Asp | ATT Ile | ATT Ile 565 | TTG Leu | CAT His | ATT Ile | CGT Arg | TAT Tyr 570 | ACC Thr | ATC Ile | CGT Arg 573 | TAA | | 1722 | |
| 35 | (2) | INF | 'ORMI | OITA | N FC | R SI | EQ I | D NC |):55 | : | | | | | | | |
| 40 | | | .) SI | (B) (C) (D) | LENC TYPE STRA TOPO | GTH: E: and ANDE OLOG | 573 minc DNES Y: 1 | am: ac: S: : | ino ids sing ar | acid | ls | | | | | | |
| 45 | | (xi | .) : | SEQU | ENCE | DES | SCRI | PTIC | on: | SEQ | ID N | 10:5 | 5 (T | cbA _j | Lii) | : | |
| 40 | | Gly | Thr | Ala | Asn 5 | Ser | Leu | Thr | Ala | Leu 10 | Phe | Leu | Pro | Gln | Glu 15 | Asn | |
| 50 | Ser | Lys | Leu | Lys 20 | Gly | Tyr | Trp | Arg | Thr 25 | Leu | Ala | Gln | Arg | Met_ 30 | Phe | Asn | |
| | Leu | Arg | His 35 | Asn | Leu | Ser | Ile | Asp 40 | Gly | Gln | Pro | Leu | Ser 45 | Leu | Pro | Leu | |
| 55 | Tyr | Ala 50 | Lys | Pro | Ala | Asp | Pro 55 | Lys | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ser 60 | Ala | Ala | Val | Ser | |
| 60 | Ala 65 | Ser | Gln | Gly | Gly | Ala 70 | Asp | Leu | Pro | Lys | Ala 75 | Pro | Leu | Thr | Ile | His 80 | |
| | Arg | Phe | Pro | Gln | Met 85 | Leu | Glu | Gly | Ala | Arg 90 | Gly | Leu | Val | Asn | Gln 95 | Leu | |
| 65 | Ile | Gln | Phe | Gly 100 | Ser | Ser | Leu | Leu | Gly 105 | Tyr | Ser | Glu | Arg | Gln 110 | Asp | Ala | |
| | Glu | Ala | Met 115 | Ser | Gln | Leu | Leu | Gln 120 | Thr | Gln | Ala | Ser | Glu 125 | Leu | Ile | Leu | |

| | Thr | Ser 130 | Ile | Arg | Met | Gln | Asp 135 | Asn | Gln | Leu | .Ala | Glu 140 | Leu | Asp | Ser | Glu |
|----|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Lys 145 | Thr | Ala | Leu | Gln | Val 150 | Ser | Leu | Ala | Gly | Val 155 | Gln | Gln | Arg | Phe | Asp 160 |
| | Ser | Tyr | Ser | Gln | Leu 165 | Tyr | Glu | Glu | Asn | Ile 170 | Asn | Ala | Gly | Glu | Gln 175 | Arg |
| 10 | Ala | Leu | Ala | Leu 180 | Arg | Ser | Glu | Ser | Ala 185 | Ile | Glu | Ser | Gln | Gly 190 | Ala | Gln |
| 15 | Ile | Ser | Arg 195 | Met | Ala | Gly | Ala | Gly 200 | Val | Asp | Met | Ala | Pro 205 | Asn | Ile | Phe |
| 10 | Gly | Leu 210 | Ala | Asp | Gly | Gly | Met 215 | His | Tyr | Gly | Ala | Ile 220 | Ala | Tyr | Ala | Ile |
| 20 | Ala 225 | Asp | Gly | Ile | Glu | Leu 230 | Ser | Ala | Ser | Ala | Lys 235 | Met | Val | Asp | Ala | Glu 240 |
| | Lys | Val | Ala | Gln | Ser 245 | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Arg | Arg 250 | Arg | Arg | Gln | Glu | Trp 255 | Lys |
| 25 | Ile | Gln | Arg | Asp 260 | Asn | Ala | Gln | Ala | Glu 265 | Ile | Asn | Gln | Leu | Asn 270 | Ala | Gln |
| 30 | Leu | Glu | Ser 275 | Leu | Ser | Ile | Arg | Arg 280 | Glu | Ala | Ala | Glu | Met 285 | Gln | Lys | Glu |
| | Tyr | Leu 290 | Lys | Thr | Gln | Gln | Ala 295 | Gln | Ala | Gln | Ala | Gln 300 | Leu | Thr | Phe | Leu |
| 35 | Arg 305 | Ser | Lys | Phe | Ser | Asn 310 | Gln | Ala | Leu | Tyr | Ser 315 | Trp | Leu | Arg | Gly | Arg 320 |
| | Leu | Ser | Gly | Ile | Tyr 325 | Phe | Gln | Phe | Tyr | Asp 330 | Leu | Ala | Val | Ser | Arg 335 | Cys |
| 40 | Leu | Met | Ala | Glu 340 | Gln | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Trp 345 | Glu | Ala | Asn | Asp | Asn 350 | Ser | Ile |
| 45 | Ser | Phe | Val 355 | Lys | Pro | Gly | Ala | Trp 360 | Gln | Gly | Thr | Tyr | Ala 365 | Gly | Leu | Leu |
| | Cys | Gly 370 | Glu | Ala | Leu | Ile | Gln 375 | Asn | Leu | Ala | Gln | Met 380 | Glu | Glu | Ala | Tyr |
| 50 | Leu 385 | Lys | Trp | Glu | Ser | Arg 390 | Ala | Leu | Glu | Val | Glu 395 | Arg | Thr | Val | Ser | Leu 400 |
| | Ala | Val | Val | Tyr | Asp 405 | Ser | Leu | Glu | Gly | Asn 410 | Asp | Arg | Phe | Asn | Leu 415 | Ala |
| 55 | Glu | Gln | Ile | Pro 420 | Ala | Leu | Leu | Asp | Lys 425 | Gly | Glu | Gly | Thr | Ala 430 | Gly | Thr |
| 60 | Lys | Glu | Asn 435 | Gly | Leu | Ser | Leu | Ala 440 | Asn | Ala | Ile | Leu | Ser 445 | Ala | Ser | Val |
| | Lys | Leu 450 | Ser | Asp | Leu | Lys | Leu 455 | Gly | Thr | Asp | Tyr | Pro 460 | Asp | Ser | Ile | Val |
| 65 | Gly 465 | Ser | Asn | Lys | Val | Arg 470 | Arg | Ile | Lys | Gln | 11e 475 | Ser | Val | Ser | Leu | Pro 480 |
| | | | Val | | 485 | | | | | 490 | | | | | 495 | |
| 70 | Gly | Ser | Thr | Gln 500 | Leu | Pro | Lys | Gly | Cys 505 | Ser | Ala | Leu | Ala | Val 510 | Ser | His |

| | Gly | Thr | Asn <i>I</i> 515 | Asp | Ser | Gly | | Phe 520 | Gln | Leu. | Asp | Phe | Asn . 525 | Asp | Gly | Lys | |
|----|------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|-------|------|------------|------------|
| 5 | Tyr | Leu 1 530 | Pro 1 | Phe | Glu | | Ile 535 | Ala | Leu | Asp | Asp | Gln 540 | Gly | Thr | Leu | Asn | |
| 10 | Leu 545 | Gln : | Phe 1 | Pro | | Ala 550 | Thr | Asp | Lys | | Lys 555 | Ala | Ile | Leu | Gln | Thr 560 | |
| 10 | Met | Ser i | Asp : | | Ile 565 | Leu | His | Ile | Arg | Tyr 570 | Thr | Ile | Arg 573 | • • • | | | |
| 15 | (2) | INF | ORMA | TIOI | 1 FO | R SE | Q II | OM C | :56 | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | | (i | | (A) (B) (C) (D) | LENG TYP: STR. TOP | GTH: E: n ANDE OLOG | 299 ucle DNES Y:] | 4 beic s SS: | ase ació doub ar | pai: | | | | | ٠ | | |
| 25 | _ | (X ATG A Met A | | AA C | TC G | CC A | GT C | CC C | TG A | TT T | CC C | GC A | | AA G | AG A | | 48 16 |
| 30 | 49 17 | AAC ' Asn ' | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 32 |
| 35 | | GTG (| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 144 48 |
| 40 | 145 49 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TAT | 192 64 |
| _ | 193 65 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GCT Ala | 240 80 |
| 45 | 241 81 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TAC | 288 96 |
| 50 | 289 97 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CCA Pro | 336 112 |
| 55 | 337 113 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CAT His | 384 128 |
| 60 | 385 129 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ATT | 432 144 |
| | 433 145 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ATT | 480 160 |
| 65 | 481 161 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | AAT Asn | 528 176 |

| | 529 177 | | | | AAA Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 192 |
|-----|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | 577 193 | | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 208 |
| 10 | 625 209 | TAT Tyr | CAT His | TAT Tyr | GGT Gly | CAT His | CAG Gln | CAG Gln | ATT Ile | CAG Gln | ACA Thr | GCT Ala | CAA Gln | TCG Ser | GTA Val | TTG Leu | GGT Gly | 672 224 |
| 15 | 673 225 | | | | CAA Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 240 |
| | 721 241 | | | | GCA Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 256 |
| 20 | 769 257 | GCT Ala | TTG Leu | ACC Thr | CGA Arg | CTG Leu | CAA Gln | ATC Ile | ATG Met | GCG Ala | AGT Ser | CAG Gln | TTT Phe | TCG Ser | CCA Pro | GAG Glu | CAG Gln | 816 272 |
| 25 | 817 273 | CAG Gln | AAA Lys | ATC Ile | ATT Ile | ACG Thr | GAG Glu | ACT Thr | GTC Val | GGT Gly | CAG Gln | GAT Asp | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | CAG Gln | CTT Leu | AAC Asn | 864 288 |
| 30 | 865 289 | TAT Tyr | GGT Gly | GAC Asp | AGT Ser | TCG Ser | CTT Leu | ACT Thr | GTG Val | AAT Asn | AGT Ser | TTC Phe | AGC Ser | GAC Asp | ATG Met | ACC Thr | ATA Ile | 912 304 |
| 35 | 913 305 | | | | CGA Arg | | | | | | | | | | | | | 960 320 |
| 40 | 961 1008 321 | | | | GTC Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | 336 |
| 4 = | 1009 1056 337 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ATT | 352 |
| 45 | 1057 1104 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GAG | |
| 50 | 353- 1105 | | | | | | | | | | | | - | <u> </u> | | | Glu GAC | 368 |
| 55 | 1152 369 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ı Asp | 384 |
| 60 | 1153 1200 385 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TAT Tyr | 400 |
| 65 | 1201 1248 401 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GGA | 416 |
| 70 | 1249 1296 417 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GTG Val | 432 |

| | 1297 | TTC | AAA | CAT | TAT | CAG | GCG | AAG | TAT | GĢT | GTT | AGC | GCT | AAA | CAA | TTT | GCT | |
|-----|---------------------|------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|------|------------|-------------|
| | 1344 433 | Phe | Lys | His | Tyr | Gln | Ala | Lys | Tyr | Gly | Val | Ser | Ala | Lys | Gln | Phe | Ala | 448 |
| 5 ` | 1345 1392 | GGC | TGG | CTG | CGC | GTA | GTG | GCC | CCG | TTT | GCC | ATT | ACA | CCG | GCA | ACG | CCG | |
| | 449 | Gly | Trp | Leu | Arg | Val | Val | Ala | Pro | Phe | Ala | Ile | Thr | Pro | Ala | Thr | Pro | 464 |
| 10 | 1393 1440 | TTT | TTA | GAC | CAA | GTG | TTT | AAC | TCC | GTC | GGC | ACC | TTT | GAT | ACA | CCG. | _TTT | |
| 7.5 | 465 | Phe | Leu | Asp | Gln | Val | Phe | Asn | Ser | Val | Gly | Thr | Phe | Asp | Thr | Pro | Phe | 480 |
| 15 | 1441 1488 | GTG | ATA | GAT | AAT | CAG | GAT | TTT | GTC | TAT | ACA | TTG | ACC | ACC | GGG | GGC | GAT | |
| 20 | 481 | Val | Ile | Asp | Asn | Gln | Asp | Phe | Val | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Thr | Thr | Gly | Gly | Asp | 496 |
| 20 | 1489 1536 | GGG | GCG | CGT | GTT | AAG | CAT | ATC | AGC | ACG | GCA | CTG | GGC | CTC | AAT | CAT | CGT | |
| 25 | 497 | Gly | Ala | Arg | Val | Lys | His | Ile | Ser | Thr | Ala | Leu | Gly | Leu | Asn | His | Arg | 512 |
| 23 | 1537 1584 | | TTC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 513 | Gln | Phe | Leu | Leu | Leu | Ala | Asp | Asn | Ile | Ala | Arg | Gln | Gln | Gly | Asn | Val | 528 |
| 50 | 1585 1632 | | CAA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 529 | Thr | Gln | Ser | Thr | Leu | Asn | Cys | Asn | Leu | Phe | Val | Val | Ser | Ala | Phe | Tyr | 544 |
| | 1633 1680 | | CTG | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | 5.50 |
| 40 | 545 | Arg | Leu | Ala | Asn | Leu | Ala | Arg | rnr | Leu | GIÀ | 116 | Asn | Pro | GIU | Ser | Pne | 560 |
| | 1681 1728 | | GCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 57 <i>6</i> |
| 4.5 | 561 | Cys | Ala | neu | vai | Asp | Arg | цец | Asp | ATA | GIY | 1111 | GIY | 116 | vai | пр | GIII | 576 |
| | 1729 1776 577 | | TTG Leu | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | 592 |
| 50 | 3// | GIII | neu | AIG | CLY | 2,5 | 110 | 1114 | 110 | 11 | Val | 110 | 0111 | шуз | ASP | UCI | 110 | 332 |
| | 1777 1824 593 | | GCG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GCT Ala | 608 |
| 55 | 323 | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | 000 |
| | 1825 1872 609 | | TGG T≆p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CTG | 624 |
| 60 | | | • | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1873 1920 625 | | AGT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 640 |
| 65 | | | | - | | | | | | | | - | | - | _ | | | |
| | 1921 1968 641 | | TTT Phe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Gly | 656 |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | 1969 | GCA | ACA | TTG | TTG | TCC | CGC | AGT | GGG | GÇA | CCA | TTA | GTC | GAT | ACC | AAC | GGC | |
|----------|--------------|------|---------|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------|-----|-------------|-----|-----|
| | 2016 657 | Ala | Thr | Leu | Leu | Ser | Arg | Ser | Gly | Ala | Pro | Leu | Val | Asp | Thr | Asn | Gly | 672 |
| 5 | 2017 | CAC | GCT | ATT | GAC | TGG | TTT | GCT | CTG | CTC | TCA | GCA | GGT | AAT | AGT | CCG | CTT | |
| | 2064 673 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Leu | 688 |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2065 | | | | GTT | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 689 | TIE | Asp | гÀг | vaı | GIY | Leu | vaı | Thr | Asp | Ala | GIY | ile | GIn | Ser | Val | Ile | 704 |
| 1.0 | 2113 2160 | GCA | ACG | GTG | GTC | AAT | ACA | CAA | AGC | TTA | TCT | GAT | GAA | GAT | AAG | AAG | CTG | |
| | 705 | Ala | Thr | Val | Val | Asn | Thr | Gln | Ser | Leu | Ser | qaA | Glu | Asp | Lys | Lys | Leu | 720 |
| 20 | 2161 | GCA | ATC | ACT | ACT | CTG | ACT | AAT | ACG | TTG | AAT | CAG | GTA | CAG | AAA | ACT | CAA | |
| | 2208 721 | Ala | Ile | Thr | Thr | Leu | Thr | Asn | Thr | Leu | Asn | Gln | Val | Gln | Lys | Thr | Gln | 736 |
| 25 | | | | | | c=0 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2209 2256 | | | | GCC Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | 750 |
| 30 | 737 | GIII | GIÀ | vaı | Ala | Val | SEL | neu | пеп | MIG | GIII | IIII | пеп | ASII | Val | ser | GIN | 752 |
| | 2257 2304 | TCA | CTG | CCT | GCG | TTA | TTG | TTG | CGC | TGG | AGT | GGA | CAA | ACA | ACC | TAC | CAG | |
| | 753 | Ser | Leu | Pro | Ala | Leu | Leu | Leu | Arg | Trp | Ser | Gly | Gln | Thr | Thr | Tyr | Gln | 768 |
| 35 | 2305 | TGG | TTG | AGT | GCG | ACT | TGG | GCA | TTG | AAG | GAT | GCC | GTT | AAG | ACT | GCC | GCC | |
| | 2352 769 | Trp | Leu | Ser | Ala | Thr | Trp | Ala | Leu | Lys | Asp | Ala | Val | Lys | Thr | Ala | Ala | 784 |
| 40 | 2353 | CAT | ידיני מ | ccc | GCT | GAC | ጥልጥ | СТС | ССТ | CAA | ጥጥል | CGT | GAA | GTG | GTA | CGC | cec | |
| | 2400 785 | | | | Ala | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | 800 |
| 45 | | | | | | • | • | | 3 | | | | | | | · · · · · · | J | |
| | 2401 2448 | | | | ACC | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| . | 801 | Ser | Leu | Leu | Thr | Gln | Gln | Phe | Thr | Leu | Ser | Pro | Ala | Met | Val | Gln | Thr | 816 |
| 50 | 2449 | TTG | CTG | GAC | TAT | CCA | GCC | TAT | TTT | GGC | GCT | TCC | GCA | GAA | ACA | GTG | ACC | |
| | 2496 817 | Leu | Leu | Asp | Tyr | Pro | Ala | Tyr | Phe | Gly | Ala | Ser | Ala | Glu | Thr | Val | Thr | 832 |
| 55 | 2497 | GAT | ATC | AGT | TTG | TGG | ATG | CTT | TAT | ACC | CTG | AGC | TGT | TAT | AGC | GAT | TTA | |
| | 2544 833 | | | | Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 848 |
| 60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2545 2592 | | | | ATG | | | | | | | | | | | | | 064 |
| 65 | 849 | ьeu | nen | GIN | Met | GTÅ | GIU | ATS | GTÅ | GTÅ | rnr | GIU | ASP | ASP | val | Leu | HIG | 864 |
| 0.5 | 2593 2640 | TAC | TTA | CGC | ACA | GCT | AAT | GCT | ACC | ACA | CCG | TTG | AGC | CAA | TCT | GAT | GCT | |
| •• | 865 | Tyr | Leu | Arg | Thr | Ala | Asn | Ala | Thr | Thr | Pro | Leu | Ser | Gln | Ser | Asp | Ala | 880 |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 2641 2688 | GCA | CAG | ACG | TTG | GCA | ACG | CTA | TTG | GGT | TGG | GAG | GTT | AAC | GAG | TTG | CAA | |
|----|--------------|------------|-------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------|--------------|-------|--------|-------|---------------|-------------|------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | 881 | Ala | Gln | Thr | Leu | Ala | Thr | Leu | Leu | Gly | Trp | Glu | Val | Asn | Glu | Leu | Gln | 896 |
| 5 | 2689 | GCC | GCT | TGG | ምርና | ATD: | יוייר | GGC | . GGG | עייר ע | פרר | 444 | ACC | מרמ | ררפ | 24 2 | CTG | |
| | 2736 897 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Leu | 912 |
| 10 | 837 | ALG | ALG | 112 | 501 | ,,,, | Dua | . Oly | Oly | 110 | ALG | цуз | 1111 | *** | 110 | 0111 | Dea | 7.4.4 |
| 10 | 2737 2784 | GAT | GCG | CTT | CTG | CGT | TTG | CAA | CAG | GCA | CAG | AAC | CAA | ACT | GGT | CTT | GGC | |
| | 913 | Asp | Ala | Leu | Leu | Arg | Leu | Gln | Gln | Ala | Gln | Asn | Gln | Thr | Gly | Leu | Gly | 928 |
| 15 | 2785 | COTO | אריא | CNC | ראא | CNG | ר מי | ccc | ጥ አጥ | CTC | CTTC | אכיתי | COT | מאמ | አ ርሞ | C እ ጥ | TAT | |
| | 2832 929 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Tyr | 944 |
| 20 | 723 | Val | 1111 | GIII | | . 0111 | . 0111 | . Giy | 171 | пец | Deu | Ser | AL 9 | rob | 361 | Asp | TYL | 723 |
| 20 | 2833 2880 | ACC | CTT | TGG | CAA | AGC | ACC | GGT | CAG | GCG | CTG | GTG | GCT | GGC | GTA | TCC | CAT | |
| | 945 | Thr | Leu | Trp | Gln | Ser | Thr | Gly | Gln | Ala | Leu | Val | Ala | Gly | Val | Ser | His | 960 |
| 25 | 2881 | GTC | AAC | GGC | י אכיד י | י אאר | ' ጥርል | GCA | TGGC | AGA I | ርርጥር | አ <i>ር</i> ሞል | ሮር ፕ | _{ርልር} ጥ | ርርል ጥ | ጥ ጥር | ידיידייני מ | |
| | 2934 961 | _ | | | Ser | | | | 11000 | aua ' | ocic. | ACIA | | CACI | COMI | 1 10 | A111 | 965 |
| 30 | 307 | Val | בענם | Gly | 361 | MOII | . 13110 | • | | | | • | ÷ | | | | | 70. |
| 30 | 2935 2994 | TTCC | GTAT | GG C | CTAA | TGAG | G CI | 'ATTT | 'CTAA | ACC | GCCA | TTT | AAGT | AAGG | CA G | ATAA | TTATG | ; |
| | 2994 | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | (2) | INFO | RMAT | CION | FOR | SEÇ |) ID | NO: | 57 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (i) | _ | • | | | | | ICS: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (E | 3) T | YPE: | am | ino | acid | | cias | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | | (ii) | • | • | | | | near otei | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (xi) | SEC | UEN | CE D | ESCI | RIPT | ION: | SEC |) ID | NO: | 57 | (Tcc. | A pe | ptio | ie) | | |
| 45 | | | | | ure | | Fron | | T | 0 | Des | cri | otio NO: | n | • | | | |
| 45 | , | Met | 7 ~ ~ | <i>C</i> 15 | Lau | λla | | - | | | | - | | | Glu | Tle | uie | 16 |
| | | Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 32 |
| 50 | 17 | Val | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 |
| | 33 | | | - | | | _ | | | | | _ | | | | | | 64 |
| 55 | 49 | Leu His | - | • | | | | _ | | _ | _ | | | | | | | 80 |
| 55 | 65 | Gln | | | | | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | | 96 |
| | 81 | Asn | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | _ | | | | | 112 |
| 60 | 97 | Glv | | | | | | | | - | = | - | - | | | | | 128 |
| | 113 | Tyr | | | | | | - | | | | | - | | | | | 144 |
| 65 | 129 145 | Asn | | | | | | | | - | | _ | | | | | | 160 |
| J | 161 | Asp | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 176 |
| | | _ | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 177 | Ile | ⊔eu | Ser | nys | MIG | TTE | GIII | пÀр | пåр | ne a | SGI | neu | TILL | vaħ | neu | OTIL | 192 |

| | 193 | Ala | Val | Asn | Ala | Arg | Leu | Ser | Thr | Thr | Arg | Tyr | Pro | Asn | Asn | Leu | Pro | 208 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| _ | 209 | Tyr | His | Tyr | Gly | His | Gln | Gln | Ile | Gln | Thr | Ala | Gln | Ser | Val | Leu | Gly | 224 |
| 5 | 225 | Thr | Thr | Leu | Gln | Asp | Ile | Thr | Leu | Pro | Gln | Thr | Leu | Asp | Leu | Pro | Gln | 240 |
| | 241 | Asn | Phe | Trp | Ala | Thr | Ala | Lys | Gly | Lys | Leu | Ser | Asp | Thr | Thr | Ala | Ser | 256 |
| 10 | 257 | Ala | Leu | Thr | Arg | Leu | Gln | Ile | Met | Ala | Ser | Gln | Phe | Ser | Pro | Glu | Gln | 272 |
| | 273 | Gln | Lys | Ile | Ile | Thr | Glu | Thr | Val | Gly | Gln | Asp | Phe | Tyr | Gln | Leu | Asn | 288 |
| 1.5 | 289 | Tyr | Gly | Asp | Ser | Ser | Leu | Thr | Val | Asn | Ser | Phe | Ser | Asp | Met | Thr | Ile | 304 |
| 15 | 305 | Met | Thr | Asp | Arg | Thr | Ser | Leu | Thr | Val | Pro | Gln | Val | Glu | Leu | Met | Leu | 320 |
| | 321 | Cys | Ser | Thr | Val | Gly | Gly | Ser | Thr | Val | Val | Lys | Ser | Asp | Asn | Val | Ser | 336 |
| 20 | 337 | Ser | Gly | Asp | Thr | Thr | Ala | Thr | Pro | Phe | Ala | Tyr | Gly | Ala | Arg | Phe | Ile | 352 |
| | 353 | His | Ala | Gly | Lys | Pro | Glu | Ala | Ile | Thr | Leu | Ser | Arg | Ser | Gly | Ala | Glu | 368 |
| 25 | 369 | Ala | His | Phe | Ala | Leu | Thr | Val | Asn | Asn | Leu | Thr | Asp | Asp | Lys | Leu | Asp | 384 |
| 23 | 385 | Arg | Ile | Asn | Arg | Thr | Val | Arg | Leu | Gln | Lys | Trp | Leu | Asn | Leu | Pro | Tyr | 400 |
| | 401 | Glu | Asp | Ile | Asp | Leu | Leu | Val | Thr | Ser | Ala | Met | Asp | Ala | Glu | Thr | Gly | 416 |
| 30 | 417 | Asn | Thr | Ala | Leu | Ser | Met | Asn | Asp | Asn | Thr | Leu | Arg | Met | Leu | Gly | Val | 432 |
| | 433 | Phe | Lys | His | Tyr | Gln | Ala | Lys | Tyr | Gly | Val | Ser | Ala | Lys | Gln | Phe | Ala | 448 |
| 35 | 449 | Gly | Trp | Leu | Arg | Val | Val | Ala | Pro | Phe | Ala | Ile | Thr | Pro | Ala | Thr | Pro | 464 |
| 33 | 465 | Phe | Leu | Asp | Gln | Val | Phe | Asn | Ser | Val | Gly | Thr | Phe | Asp | Thr | Pro | Phe | 480 |
| | 481 | Val | Ile | Asp | Asn | Gln | Asp | Phe | Val | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Thr | Thr | Gly | Gly | Asp | 496 |
| 40 | 497 | Gly | Ala | Arg | Val | Lys | His | Ile | Ser | Thr | Ala | Leu | Gly | Leu | Asn | His | Arg | 512 |
| | 513 | Gln | Phe | Leu | Leu | Leu | Ala | Asp | Asn | Ile | Ala | Arg | Gln | Gln | Gly | Asn | Val | 528 |
| 45 | 529 | Thr | Gln | Ser | Thr | Leu | Asn | Cys | Asn | Leu | Phe | Val | Val | Ser | Ala | Phe | Tyr | 544 |
| 10 | 545 | Arg | Leu | Ala | Asn | Leu | Ala | Arg | Thr | Leu | Gly | Ile | Asn | Pro | Glu | Ser | Phe | 560 |
| | 561 | Cys | Ala | Leu | Val | Asp | Arg | Leu | Asp | Ala | Gly | Thr | Gly | Ile | Val | Trp | Gln | 576 |
| 50 | 577 | Gln | Leu | Ala | Gly | Lys | Pro | Thr | Ile | Thr | Val | Pro | Gln | Lys | Asp | Ser | Pro | 592 |
| | 593 | Leu | Ala | Ala | Asp | Ile | Leu | Ser | Leu | Leu | Gln | Ala | Leu | Ser | Ala | Ile | Ala | 608 |
| 55 | 609 | Gln | Trp | Gln | Gln | Gln | His | Asp | Leu | Glu | Phe | Ser | Ala | Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu | 624 |
| | 625 | Leu | Ser | Asp | Asn | Pro | Ile | Ser | Thr | Ser | Gln | Gly | Thr | Asp | Asp | Gln | Leu | 640 |
| | 641 | Asn | Phe | _Ile | Arg | Gln | Val | Trp | Gln | Asn | Leu | Gly | Ser | Thr | Phe | Val | Gly | 656 |
| 60 | 657 | Ala | Thr | Leu | Leu | Ser | Arg | Ser | Gly | Ala | Pro | Leu | Val | Asp | Thr | Asn | Gly | 672 |
| | 673 | His | Ala | Ile | Asp | Trp | Phe | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ser | Ala | Gly | Asn | Ser | Pro | Leu | 688 |
| 65 | 689 | Ile | Asp | Lys | Val | Gly | Leu | Val | Thr | Asp | Ala | Gly | Ile | Gln | Ser | Val | Ile | 704 |
| | 705 | Ala | Thr | Val | Val | Asn | Thr | Gln | Ser | Leu | Ser | Asp | Glu | Asp | Lys | Lys | Leu | 720 |
| | 721 | Ala | Ile | Thr | Thr | Leu | Thr | Asn | Thr | Leu | Asn | Gln | Val | Gln | Lys | Thr | Gln | 736 |
| 70 | 737 | Gln | Gly | Val | Ala | Val | Ser | Leu | Leu | Ala | Gln | Thr | Leu | Asn | Val | Ser | Gln | 752 |

| | 753 | Ser | Leu | Pro | Ala | Leu | Leu | Leu | Arg | Trp | Ser | Gly | Gln | Thr | Thr | Tyr | Gln | 768 |
|-----|-----------|------------|-------|---------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------|---------|-------|-----------------|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| | 769 | Trp | Leu | ser | Ala | Thr | Trp | Ala | Leu | Lys | Asp | Ala | Val | Lys | Thr | Ala | Ala | 784 |
| 5 | 785 | Asp | Ile | Pro | Ala | Asp | Tyr | Leu | Arg | Gln | Leu | Arg | Glu | Val | Val | Arg | Arg | 800 |
| | 801 | Ser | Leu | Leu | Thr | Gln | Gln | Phe | Thr | Leu | Ser | Pro | Ala | Met | Val | Gln | Thr | 816 |
| 10 | 817 | Leu | Leu | Asp | Tyr | Pro | Ala | Tyr | Phe | Gly | Ala | Ser | Ala | Glu | Thr | Val | Thr | 832 |
| 10 | 833 | Asp | Ile | Ser | Leu | Trp | Met | Leu | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Ser | Cys | Tyr | Ser | Asp | Leu | 848 |
| | 849 | Leu | Leu | Gln | Met | Gly | Glu | Ala | Gly | Gly | Thr | Glu | Asp | Asp | Val | Leu | Ala | 864 |
| 15 | 865 | Tyr | Leu | Arg | Thr | Ala | Asn | Ala | Thr | Thr | Pro | Leu | Ser | Gln | Ser | Asp | Ala | 880 |
| | 881 | Ala | Gln | Thr | Leu | Ala | Thr | Leu | Leu | Gly | Trp | Glu | Val | Asn | Glu. | Leu | Gln | 896 |
| 20 | 897 | Ala | Ala | Trp | Ser | Val | Leu | Gly | Gly | Ile | Ala | Lys | Thr | Thr | Pro | Gln | Leu | 912 |
| | 913 | Asp | Ala | Leu | Leu | Arg | Leu | Gln | Gln | Ala | Gln | Asn | Gln | Thr | Gly | Leu | Gly | 928 |
| | 929 | Val | | | | | | _ | _ | | | | _ | _ | | _ | - | 944 |
| 25 | 945 | Thr | Leu | Trp | Gln | Ser | Thr | Gly | Gln | Ala | Leu | Val | Ala | Gly | Val | Ser | His | 960 |
| | 961 | Val | Lys | Gly | Ser | Asn | 90 | 55 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | (2) | INFO | RMAI | CION | FOF | R SE | Q IE | NO: | :58 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (i) | SEC | UEN | CE C | HAR | ACTE | RIST | rics | : | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | ba: | | airs | ; | | | | | | | |
| 35 | | | | | | | | : d | | е | | | | | | | | |
| | | (ii) | • | • | | | | | | mic) | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | | (xi) | SEÇ | QUEN | CE I | DESC | RIPT | CION | : SE | Q ID | NO: | :58 | (tcc | B) | | | | |
| 40 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GCG Ala | 48 16 |
| | 1 | мес | . neo | ı sei | L 1111 | L Me | . G1 | u Lly: | 5 G11 | ı nec | i wei | i Git | 361 | GII | , wr | , wer | Ala | 10 |
| 45 | 49 17 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GTC Val | 96 32 |
| | Ι, | 200 | | | | , -,. | | | | , , , , | | | | | , | | | ~- - |
| 50 | 97 33 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ATT Ile | 144 48 |
| | | | • | | | | | | | • | | • | | - | | | | |
| | 145 49 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GCG Ala | 192 64 |
| 55 | 193 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GAA | 240 |
| | 65 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Glu | 80 |
| 60 | 241 | | | | | | | G GA | | | | | | | | | GAT | 288 |
| | 81 | PIC | , GT | , TT | 9 01. | | | | | | | | | | 1 | , wr | , ASP | 96 |
| | 289 | TAA | GA1 | AA 1 | - C CA | A TA' | r gc | | | G GC1 | | | | | GT | CGF | AAT | 336 |
| 6 E | | TAA | GA1 | AA 1 | - C CA | A TA' | r gc | | | G GC1 | | | | | GT | CGF | | |
| 65 | 289 | AAT Asn | GAT | AAC ASI | C CAI n Gli | A TA' n Ty: C TA' | r GC r Al | a Il. T TC. | e Trī | G GCT | a Ala | Gly | Ala CAC | Glu GA | GTT 1 Val | CGA L Arg | AAT | 336 |

| | 385 129 | TAT Tyr | TTC Phe | TCG Ser | GAG Glu | CTG Leu | GAG Glu | ACG Thr | ACT Thr | TTA Leu | AAT Asn | CAG Gln | TAA naA | CGA Arg | CTC Leu | GAT Asp | CCG Pro | 432 144 |
|-----|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 5 | 433 145 | | | | CAG Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | 480 160 |
| 10 | 481 161 | GTG Val | AGT Ser | AAT Asn | CTA Leu | TAT Tyr | GTG Val | CTC Leu | AGT Ser | GGT Gly | TAT Tyr | ATT Ile | AAT Asn | CAG Gln | GAT Asp | AAA Lys | TTT Phe | 528 176 |
| 15 | 529 177 | | | | ATC Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | 576 192 |
| | 577 193 | CGC Arg | TAC Tyr | TAC Tyr | TGG Trp | CGT Arg | CAG Gln | ATG Met | GAT Asp | TTG Leu | AGT Ser | AAG Lys | AAC Asn | CGT Arg | CAA Gln | GAT Asp | CCG Pro | 624 208 |
| 20 | 625 209 | GCA Ala | GGG Gly | AAT Asn | CCG Pro | GTG Val | ACG Thr | CCA Pro | AAT Asn | TGC Cys | TGG Trp | AAT Asn | GAT Asp | TGG Trp | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | ATC Ile | 672 224 |
| 25 | 673 225 | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 720 240 |
| 30 | 721 241 | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | 768 256 |
| 35 | 769 257 | | | | AAG Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | 816 272 |
| 4.0 | 817 273 | TAC Tyr | AAC Asn | ATA Ile | AAG Lys | TTT Phe | GGT Gly | TAT Tyr | AAA Lys | CGT Arg | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp | GAT Asp | ACT Thr | TGG Trp | ACA Thr | GCG Ala | 864 288 |
| 40 | 865 289 | CCG Pro | AAT Asn | ACG Thr | ACC Thr | ACG Thr | TTA Leu | ATG Met | ACA Thr | CAA Gln | CAA Gln | GCA Ala | GGG Gly | GAA Glu | AGT Ser | TCA Ser | GAA Glu | 912 304 |
| 45 | 913 305 | ACA Thr | CAG Gln | CGA Arg | TCC Ser | AGC Ser | CTG Leu | CTG Leu | ATT Ile | GAT Asp | GAA Glu | TCT Ser | AGC Ser | ACC Thr | ACA Thr | TTG Leu | CGC Arg | 960 320 |
| 50 | 961 1008 321 | | | | CTG Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 336 |
| 55 | 1009 1056 337 | | | | AGT Ser | | | | | | | | | | | | | 252 |
| 60 | 1057 1104 | | | | GAA | | | | | | | | | | | | | 352 |
| | 353 | | | | Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 368 |
| 65 | 1105 1152 369 | | | | CTC Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 384 |
| 70 | 1153 1200 385 | | | | AAG Lys | | | | | | | | | | | | | 400 |

| 5 | 1201 1248 | | | | AGC | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 5 | 401 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ile | 416 |
| | 1249 1296 | ACT | AAG | GTT | GTT | ACA | GGT | GCA | ACG | GAA | GAT | CCC | GAA | AAT | ACA | GGA | TGG | |
| 10 | 417 | Thr | Lys | Val | Val | Thr | Gly | Ala | Thr | Glu | Asp | Pro | Glu | Asn | Thr | Gly | Trp | 432 |
| | 1297 1344 | | | | GTT | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 433 | Val | Ser | ГÀЗ | Val | Asp | Asp | Leu | Lys | Gln | Gly | Thr | Thr | Gly | Ala | Tyr | Val | 448 |
| | 1345 13 9 2 | TAT | ATC | GAT | CAA | GAT | GGC | CTG | ACG | CTT | CAT | ATA | CAA | ACC | ACA | ACT | AAT | |
| 20 | 449 | Tyr | Ile | Asp | Gln | Asp | Gly | Leu | Thr | Leu | His | Ile | Gln | Thr | Thr | Thr | Asn | 464 |
| | 1393 | GGG | GAT | TTT | ATT | AAC | CGT | CAT | ACG | TTT | GGA | TAT | AAC | GAT | CTT | GTA | TAT | |
| 25 | 1440 465 | Gly | Asp | Phe | Ile | Asn | Arg | His | Thr | Phe | Gly | Tyr | Asn | Asp | Leu | Val | Tyr | 480 |
| | 1441 | GAT | TCT | AAG | TCT | GGT | TAT | GGT | TTC | ACG | TGG | TCA | GGA | AAT | GAA | GGT | TTT | |
| 30 | 1488 481 | Asp | Ser | Lys | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Gly | Phe | Thr | Trp | Ser | Gly | Asn | Glu | Gly | Phe | 496 |
| | 1489 1536 | TAT | CTG | GAT | TAC | CAT | GAT | GGA | AAT | TAT | TAC | ACC | TTT | CAT | AAT | GCA | ATA | |
| 35 | 497 | Tyr | Leu | Asp | Tyr | His | Asp | Gly | Asn | Tyr | Tyr | Thr | Phe | His | Asn | Ala | Ile | 512 |
| | 1537 | ATC | AAC | TAC | TAT | CCG | TCT | GGA | TAT | GGT | GGT | GGA | TCT | GTT | CCT | AAT | GGA | |
| 40 | 1584 513 | | | | Tyr | | | | | | | | | | | | | 528 |
| | 1505 | 200 | maa | | | a. a | | | | | | | | | | | | ., ' |
| . = | 1585 1632 | | | | TTA | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 529 | | | | Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 544 |
| | 1633 1680 | CTG | CTT | GAT | ACT | CTC | CAT | ACT | GTT | ACT | GTG | AAG | GGC | AGT | TAT | ATC | GCT | |
| 50 | 545 | Leu | Leu | Asp | Thr | Leu | His | Thr | Val | Thr | Val | Lys | Gly | Ser | Tyr | Ile | Ala | 560 |
| | 1681 | TGG | GAA | GGG | GAA | ACA | CCT | ACC | GGT | TAT | AAT | CTG | TAT | ATT | CCA | GAT | GGT | |
| 55 | 1728 561 | Trp | Glu | Gly | Glu | Thr | Pro | Thr | Gly | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Tyr | Ile | Pro | Asp | Gly | 576 |
| | 1729 | ACC | GTG | TTG | CTA | GAT | TGG | TTT | GAT | AAA | ATA | AAT | TTT | GCT | ATT | GGT | CTT | |
| 60 | 1776 577 | Thr | Val | Leu | Leu | Asp | Trp | Phe | Asp | Lys | Ile | Asn | Phe | Ala | Ile | Gly | Leu | 592 |
| | 1777 | AAT | AAG | CTT | GAG | TCT | GTA | TTT | ACG | TCG | CCA | GAT | TGG | CCA | ACA | CTA | ACC | |
| 65 | 1824 593 | Asn | Lys | Leu | Glu | Ser | Val | Phe | Thr | Ser | Pro | Asp | Trp | Pro | Thr | Leu | Thr | 608 |
| | 1825 | ACT | ATC | AAA | AAT | TTC | AGT | AAA | ATC | GCC | GAT | AAC | CGC | AAA | TTC | TAT | CAG | |
| 70 | 1872 609 | | | | Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | 624 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 1873 | GAA | ATC | AAT | GCT | GAG | ACG | GCG | GAT | GGA | CGC | AAC | CTG | TTT | AAA | CGT | TAC | |
|-----|--------------|----------|-------|-------|------|---------|-------|-----|------|-----|------|--------|---------|---------|-------|--------|-----------------|-----|
| - | 1920 625 | Glu | Ile | Asn | Ala | Glu | Thr | Ala | Asp | Gly | Arg | Asn | Leu | Phe | Lys | Arg | Tyr | 640 |
| 5 | | | | | 3 cm | | | ~~~ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1921 1968 | | | | ACT | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 641 | ser | Thr | GIN | Thr | Pne | GIÀ | Leu | Thr | ser | GIÀ | ATA | Thr | туг | ser | Thr | Thr | 656 |
| | 1969 | TAT | ACT | TTG | TCT | GAG | GCG | GAT | TTC | TCC | ACT | GAT | CCG | GAC | AAA | AAC | TAC | |
| 1 5 | 2016 657 | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Ser | Glu | Ala | Asp | Phe | Ser | Thr | Asp | Pro | Asp | Lys | Asn | Tyr | 672 |
| 15 | 2017 | CITI N | G A G | amm. | mam. | 10.00C | 7.7.0 | ama | ama. | | CAT. | C N TT | | C | 000 | 000 | ma _n | |
| | 2017 2064 | | | | TGT | | | | | | | | | | | | | 600 |
| 20 | 673 | Leu | GIN | vai | Cys | neu | ASII | vai | vai | rrp | Asp | HIS | TAL | Asp | Arg | PIO | ser | 688 |
| | 2065 | GGG | AAA | AAA | GGG | GCT | TAT | TCT | TGG | GTC | AGT | AAG | TGG | TTT | AAC | GTC | TAT | |
| 25 | 2112 689 | Gly | Lys | Lys | Gly | Ala | Tyr | Ser | Trp | Val | Ser | Lys | Trp | Phe | Asn | Val | Tyr | 704 |
| 23 | 2113 | باستناسا | ccc | שתוכי | CAA | ርእጥ | NGC | אאא | CCT | ccc | CAT | ccc | א תייתי | רכת | ממא | איזייי | Catara | |
| | 2160 705 | | | | Gln | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | 720 |
| 30 | 705 | vaı | Ala | Deu | GIII | vaħ | 361 | цуз | AIA | FLO | ASP | ALA | 116 | PLO | Arg | Dea | Vai | 720 |
| | 2161 2208 | TCC | CGT | TAC | GAT | AGT | AAA | CGT | GGT | CTG | GTG | CAA | TAT | CTG | GAC | TTC | TGG | |
| 35 | 721 | Ser | Arg | Tyr | Asp | Ser | Lys | Arg | Gly | Leu | Val | Gln | Tyr | Leu | Asp | Phe | Trp | 736 |
| 55 | 2209 | ACC | тса | тсь | TTA | ccc | GCG | ДДД | ACC | CGT | CTT | AAC | ACC | ACC | ተ | GTG | CGT | |
| | 2256 737 | | | | Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | 752 |
| 40 | , , , | **** | 501 | - | | | | _10 | | | 200 | | | | 2.1.0 | | 5 | |
| | 2257 2304 | ACT | TTG | ATT | GAG | AAG | GCT | AAT | CTG | GGG | CTG | GAT | AGT | TTG | CTG | GAT | TAC | |
| 45 | 753 | Thr | Leu | Ile | Glu | Lys | Ala | Asn | Leu | Gly | Leu | Asp | Ser | Leu | Leu | Asp | Tyr | 768 |
| | 2305 | ACC | TTG | CAG | GCA | GAT | CCT | TCT | CTG | GAA | GCA | GAT | TTA | GTG | ACT | GAC | GGC | |
| | 2352 769 | | | | _ | | | | | _ | | | | | | | Gly | 784 |
| 50 | | | | | | • | | | | | | - | | | | - | • | |
| | 2353 2400 | AAA | AGC | GAA | CCA | ATG | GAC | TTT | AAT | GGT | TCA | AAC | GGT | CTC | TAT | TTC | TGG | |
| 55 | 785 | Lys | Ser | Glu | Pro | Met | Asp | Phe | Asn | Gly | Ser | Asn | Gly | Leu | Tyr | Phe | Trp | 800 |
| | 2401 | GAA | TTG | TTC | TTT | CAC | CTG | CCG | TTT | TTG | GTT | GCT | ACA | CGC | TTT | GCC | AAC | |
| | 2448 801 | Glu | Leu | Phe | Phe | His | Leu | Pro | Phe | Leu | Val | Ala | Thr | Arg | Phe | Ala | Asn | 816 |
| 60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| | 2449 2496 | | | | TTT | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 65 | 817 | Glu | Gln | Gln | Phe | Ser | Pro | Ala | Gln | Lys | Ser | Leu | His | Tyr | Ile | Phe | Asp | 832 |
| | 2497 | CÇG | GCG | ATG | AAA | AAC | AAG | CCA | CAC | AAT | GCC | CCG | GCT | TAT | TGG | AAT | GTA | |
| | 2544 833 | Pro | Ala | Met | Lys | Asn | Lys | Pro | His | Asn | Ala | Pro | Ala | Tyr | Trp | Asn | Val | 848 |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 2545 2592 849 | | | | | | GGA Gly | | | • | | | | | | | | 864 |
|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|-----|------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 5 | 2593 | TCT | ATA | GAC | CCA | GAT | ACT | CAA | GCT | TAT | GCT | CAT | CCG | GTG | ATA | TAC | CAG | |
| | 2640 865 | Ser | Ile | Asp | Pro | Asp | Thr | Gln, | Ala | Tyr | Ala | His | Pro | Val | Ile | Tyr | Gln | 880 |
| 10 | 2641 2688 | AAA | GCG | GTG | T TT | ATT | GCC | TAT | GTC | AGT | AAC | CTG | ATT | GCT | CAG | GGA | GAT | |
| 1.5 | 881 | Lys | Ala | Val | Phe | Ile | Ala | Tyr | Val | Ser | Asn | Leu | Ile | Ala | Gln | Gly | Asp | 896 |
| 15 | 2689 2736 | ATG | TGG | TAT | CGC | CAA | TTG | ACT | CGT | GAC | GGT | CTG | ACT | CAG | GCC | CGT | GTC | |
| 20 | 897 | Met | Trp | Tyr | Arg | Gln | Leu | Thr | Arg | Asp | Gly | Leu | Thr | Gln | Ala | Arg | Val | 912 |
| 20 | 2737 2784 | | | | | | GCT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | 913 | Tyr | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Ala | Ala | Glu | Leu | Leu | Gly | Pro | Arg | Pro | Asp | Val | Ser | 928 |
| 20 | 2785 2832 | | | | | | ACG | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | 929 | Leu | Ser | Ser | Ile | Trp | Thr | Pro | Gln | Thr | Leu | Asp | Thr | Leu | Ala | Ala | Gly | 944 |
| 30 | 2833 2880 | CAA | AAA | GCG | GTT | TTA | CGT | GAT | TTT | GAG | CAC | CAG | TTG | GCT | AAT | AGT | GAT | |
| 25 | 945 | Gln | Lys | Ala | Val | Leu | Arg | Asp | Phe | Glu | His | Gln | Leu | Ala | Asn | Ser | Asp | 960 |
| 35 | 2881 2928 | ACC | GCT | TTA | CCC | GCA | TTG | CCG | GGC | CGC | AAT | GTC | AGC | TAC | TTG | AAA | CTG | |
| 4.0 | 961 | Thr | Ala | Leu | Pro | Ala | Leu | Pro | Gly | Arg | Asn | Val | Ser | Tyr | Leu | Lys | Leu | 976 |
| 40 | 2929 2976 | GCA | GAT | AAT | GGC | TAC | TTT | AAT | GAA | CCG | CTC | AAT | GTT | CTG | ATG | TTG | TCT | ~ |
| 4 5 | | Ala | Asp | Asn | Gly | Tyr | Phe | Asn | Glu | Pro | Leu | Asn | Val | Leu | Met | Leu | Ser | 992 |
| 45 | 2977 3024 | CAC | TGG | GAT | ACG | TTG | GAT | GCA | CGG | TTA | TAC | AAT | CTG | CGT | CAT | AAC | CTG | |
| E 0 | 993 1008 | His | Trp | Asp | Thr | Leu | Asp | Ala | Arg | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Arg | His | Asn | Leu | |
| 50 | 3025 | ACC | GTT | GAT | GGC | AAG | CCG | CTT | TCG | CTG | CCG | CTG | TAT | GCT | GCG | CCT | GTT | |
| . . | 3072 1009 | | | | | | Pro | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55 | 1024 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 3073 3120 | | | | | | TTG | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 1025 1040 | Asp | Pro | Val | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ala | Gln | Arg | Ala | Gln | Ser | Gly | Thr | Leu | Thr | |
| 65 | 3121 3168 | AAT | GGC | GTC | AGT | GGC | GCC | ATG | TTG | ACG | GTG | CCG | CCA | TAC | CGT | TTC | AGC | |
| | 1041 | Asn | Gly | Val | Ser | Gly | Ala | Met | Leu | Thr | Val | Pro | Pro | Tyr | Arg | Phe | Ser | |
| 70 | 3169 3216 | GCT | ATG | TTG | CCG | CGA | GCT | TAC | AGC | GCC | GTG | GGT | ACG | TTG | ACC | AGT | TTT | |

| | 1057 1072 | Ala | Met | Leu | Pro | Arg | Ala | Tyr | Ser | Ala · | Val | Gly | Thr | Leu | Thr | Ser | Phe |
|----|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 5 | 3217 | GGT | CAG | AAC | CTG | CTT | AGT | TTG | TTG | GAA | CGT | AGC | GAA | CGA | GCC | TGT | CAA |
| | 3264 1073 1088 | Gly | Gln | Asn | Leu | Leu | Ser | Leu | Leu | Glu | Arg | Ser | Glu | Arg | Ala | Cys | Gln |
| 10 | 3265 | GAA | GAG | TTG | GCG | CAA | CAG | CAA | CTG | TTG | GAT | ATG | TCC | AGC | TAT | GCC | ATC |
| | 3312 1089 1104 | Glu | Glu | Leu | Ala | Gln | Gln | Gln | Leu | Leu | Asp | Met | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Ala | Ile |
| 15 | 1104 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3313 3360 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | GCG |
| 20 | 1105 1120 | Thr | Leu | Gln | Gln | Gln | Ala | Leu | Asp | Gly | Leu | Ala | Ala | Asp | Arg | Leu | Ala |
| | 3361 3408 | CTG | CTA | GCT | AGT | CAG | GCT | ACG | GCA | CAA | CAG | CGT | CAT | GAC | CAT | TAT | TAC |
| 25 | 1121 1136 | Leu | Leu | Ala | Ser | Gln | Ala | Thr | Ala | Gln | Gln | Arg | His | Asp | His | Tyr | Tyr |
| 20 | 3409 | ACT | CTG | TAT | CAG | AAC | AAC | ATC | TCC | AGT | GCG | GAA | CAA | CTG | GTG | DTA | GAC |
| 30 | 3456 1137 1152 | Thr | Leu | Tyr | Gln | Asn | Asn | Ile | Ser | Ser | Ala | Glu | Gln | Leu | Val | Met | Asp |
| 35 | 3457 | ACC | CAA | ACG | TCA | GCA | CAA | TCC | CTG | TTA | TCT | TCT | TCC | ACT | GGT | GTA | CAA |
| | 3504 1153 1168 | Thr | Gln | Thr | Ser | Ala | Gln | Ser | Leu | Ile | Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Gly | Val | Gln |
| 40 | 1100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3505 3552 | | | | GGG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 1169 1184 | Thr | Ala | Ser | Gly | Ala | Leu | Lys | Val | Ile | Pro | Asn | Ile | Phe | Gly | Leu | Ala |
| | 3553 3600 | GAT | GGC | GGC | TCG | CGC | TAT | GAA | GGA | GTA | ACG | GAA | GCG | TTA | GCC | ATC | GGG |
| 50 | 1185 1200 | Asp | Gly | Gly | Ser | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Gly | Val | Thr | Glu | Ala | Ile | Ala | Ile | Gly |
| | 3601 | TTA | ATG | GCT | GCC | GGA | CAA | GCC | ACC | AGC | GTG | GTG | GCC | GAG | CGT | CTG | GCA |
| 55 | 3648 1201 1216 | Leu | Met | Ala | Ala | Gly | Gln | Ala | Thr | Ser | Val | Val | Ala | Glu | Arg | Leu | Ala |
| 60 | 3649 | ACC | ACG | GAG | AAT | TAC | CGC | CGC | CGC | CGT | GAA | GAG | TGG | CAA | DTA | CAA | TAC |
| 60 | 3696 1217 1232 | Thr | Thr | Glu | Asn | Tyr | Arg | Arg | Arg | Arg | Glu | Glu | Trp | Gln | Ile | Gln | Tyr |
| 65 | 3697 | CAG | CAG | GCA | CAG | TCT | GAG | GTC | GAC | GCA | TTA | CAG | AAA | CAG | TTG | GAT | GCG |
| | 3744 1233 1248 | Gln | Gln | Ala | Gln | Ser | Glu | Val | Asp | Ala | Leu | Gln | Lys | Gln | Leu | Asp | Ala |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | 3745 3792 | CTG | GCA | GTG | CGC | GAG | AAA | GCA | GCT | CAA | ACT | TCC | CTG | CAA | CAG | GCG | AAG |
|----|----------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|-----|------------------|-----|-----|------|-----|--------------------|------|------|-----|
| 5 | 1249 1264 | Leu | Ala | Val | Arg | Glu | Lys | Ala | Ala | Gln | Thr | Ser | Leu | Gln | Gln | Ala | Lys |
| J | 3793 | GCA | CAG | CAG | GTA | CAA | АТТ | CGG | ACC | ATG | CTG | ΔСТ | TAC | ттΔ | ልሮሞ | АСТ | CGT |
| | 3840 1265 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Arg |
| 10 | 1280 | A±a | | J1II | V.0.1 | 0111 | 110 | nrg | 1111 | Mec | Бец | 1111 | 171 | neu | 1111 | 1111 | Arg |
| | 3841 3888 | TTC | ACC | CAG | GCG | ACT | CTG | TAC | CAG | TGG | CTG | AGT | GGT | CAA | TTA | TCC | GCG |
| 15 | 1281 1296 | Phe | Thr | Gln | Ala | Thr | Leu | Tyr | Gln | Trp | Leu | Ser | Gly | Gln | Leu | Ser | Ala |
| 20 | 3889 | TTG | TAT | TAT | CAA | GCG | TAT | GAT | GCC | GTG | GTŢ | GCT | CTC | TGC | CTC | TCC | GCC |
| 20 | 3936 1297 1312 | Leu | Tyr | Tyr | Gln | Ala | Tyr | Asp | Ala | Val | Val | Ala | Leu | Cys | Leu | Ser | Ala |
| 25 | 3937 | CAA | GCT | TGC | TGG | CAG | TAT | GAA | TTG | GGT | GAT | TAC | GCT | ACC | ACT | TTT | ATC |
| | 3984 1313 1328 | Gln | Ala | Cys | Trp | Gln | Tyr | Glu | Leu | Gly | Asp | Tyr | Ala | Thr | Thr | Phe | Ile |
| 30 | 3985 | CAC | N.C.C | COT | አርር | TCC | AAC | CAC | _C አ ጥ | መልጣ | ccm | com | mma | <i>(</i> (3, 3, 3) | CTC. | ccc | ana |
| | 4032 1329 | | | | | | Asn | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 1344 | GIII | 1111 | Gly | 1111 | пр | ASII | Asp | urs | TYL | Arg | GIY | Leu | GIII | Val | GIY | GIU |
| | 4033 4080 | ACA | CTG | CAA | CTC | AAT | TTG | CAT | CAG | ATG | GAA | GCG | GCC | TAT | TTA | GTT | CGT |
| 40 | 1345 1360 | Thr | Leu | Gln | Leu | Asn | Leu | His | Gln | Met | Glu | Ala | Ala | Tyr | Leu | Val | Arg |
| | 4081 | CAC | GAA | CGC | CGT | CTT | TAA | GTG | ATC | CGT | ACT | GTG | TCG | CTC | AAA | AGC | CTA |
| 45 | 4128 1361 1376 | His | Glu | Arg | Arg | Leu | Asn | Val | Ile | Arg | Thr | Val | Ser | Leu | Lys | Ser | Leu |
| | 4129 | TTG | -GGT | GAT | GAT | GGT | TTT | GGT | AAG | TTA | AAA | ACC | GAA | GGC | AAA | GTC | GAC |
| 50 | 4176 1377 1392 | | | | | | Phe | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55 | 4177 | TTT | CCA | TTA | AGC | GAA | AAG | CTG | TTT | GAC | AAC | GAC | TAT | CCG | GGG | CAC | TAT |
| - | 4224 1393 1408 | | | | | | Lys | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4225 4272 | | | | | | ACT | | | | | | | | | | |
| 65 | 1409 1424 | Leu | Arg | Gln | Ile | Lys | Thr | Val | Ser | Val | Thr | Leu | Pro | Thr | Leu | Val | Gly |
| | 4273 | CCG | TAT | CAA | AAC | GTG | AAG | GCA | ACG | CTC | ACT | CAG | ACC | AGC | AGC | AGT | ATA |
| 70 | 4320 1425 1440 | Pro | Tyr | Gln | Asn | Val | Lys | Ala | Thr | Leu | Thr | Gln | Thr | Ser | Ser | Ser | Ile |

| | 4321 4368 | TTG | TTA | GCA | GCA | GAT | ATC | AAT | GGT | GTT | AAA | CGT | CTC | AAT | GAT | CCG | ACA | |
|----|----------------------|--------------|-------|-------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------------|------|-------|-------|--------|--------------|
| 5 | 1441 1456 | | Leu | Ala | Ala | Asp | Ile | Asn | Gly | Val | Lys | Arg | Leu | Asn | Asp | Pro | Thr | |
| | 4369 | | AAA | GAG | GGT | GAT | GCG | ACG | CAT | ATT | GTC | ACC | AAT | CTG | CGT | GCC | AGC | |
| 10 | 4416 1457 1472 | | Lys | Glu | Gly | Asp | Ala | Thr | His | Ile | Val | Thr | Asn | Leu | Arg | Ala | Ser | |
| | 4417 | CAG | CAG | GTG | GCG | CTC | TCT | TCT | GGC | ATT | AAT | GAT | GCC | GGT | AGC | TTT | GAG | |
| 15 | 4464 1473 1488 | Gln | Gln | Val | Ala | Leu | Ser | Ser | Gly | Ile | Asn | Asp | Ala | Gly | Ser | Phe | Glu | • |
| 20 | 4465 | TTG | CGT | TTG | GAA | GAT | GAG | CGC | TAT | CTA | TCA | TTT | GAG | GGG | ACT | GGA | GCT | |
| | 4512 1489 1504 | Leu | Arg | Leu | Glu | Asp | Glu | Arg | Tyr | Leu | Ser | Phe | Glu | Gly | Thr | Gly | Ala | |
| 25 | 4513 | ىلىش | ፕሮሮ | ааа | TGG | ACT | CTT | AAC | ፕፕሮ | CCG | CGT | ידיטיד | GTG | GAT | GAG | CAT | Δጥጥ | |
| | 4560 1505 1520 | | | | Trp | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4561 4608 | GAC | GAT | AAG | ACA | TTG | AAA | GCG | GAT | GAG | ATG | CAG | GCC | GCA | CTG | TTG | GCG | |
| 35 | 1521 1536 | Asp | Asp | Lys | Thr | Leu | Lys | Ala | Asp | Glu | Met | Gln | Ala | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ala | |
| | 4609 | AAT | ATG | GAT | GAT | GTG | CTG | GTG | CAG | GTG | CAT | TAT | ACC | GCC | TGC | GAC | GGC | |
| 40 | 4656 1537 1552 | Asn | Met | Asp | Asp | Val | Leu | Val | Gln | Val | His | Tyr | Thr | Ala | Cys | Asp | Gly | - |
| 45 | | GGC (| | | | | | | | | | | | | | CATTA | ACTTT | 4708 1565 |
| 50 | 4709 | TAA | CTAA! | rcc (| CTCC | CACTO | CT GT | rtcg | CCAGA | A GTC | GGAC | GAAG | GTTT | GTC | ATA T | CTA | AATCA | 4768 |
| 30 | 4770 | ATC. | TTGC | GAT (| CTTT | CTCC | AT T | rcat: | rggaj | A GGC | BAAGO | CTGT | AAA | CAAZ | ATA A | AGGA | ATATGA | 4828 |
| 55 | 4829 | TATO | G | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4932 |
| | (2) | INFO | TAMS | ION | FOR | SEQ | ID | №: | 59 | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | | | | (| E CH A) I B) T | LENG TYPE TOPO | TH: : an LOGY | 1569 nino (: 1 | 5 am aci inea | d | acio | ds | | | | • | | |
| 65 | | (ii) (xi) | SEQ | | E DI | ESCR | _ | ON: | | ID | | | TccE tion | | ptid | e) | | |
| | 1 | Met | | | | | | | | Leu | | _ | | | Arq | Aso | Ala | |
| | 16 | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | _ | • | | |

| | 17 32 | Leu | Val | Thr | Gly | Tyr | Met | Asn | Phe | Val | Ala | Pro | Thr | Leu | Lys | Gly | Val |
|----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 5 | 33 48 | Ser | Gly | Gln | Pro | Val | Thr | Val | Glu | Asp | Leu | Tyr | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Leu | Ile |
| 10 | 49 64 | Asp | Pro | Glu | Val | Ala | Asp | Glu | Val | Glu | Thr | Ser | Arg | Val | Ala | Gln | Ala |
| 10 | 65 80 | Ile | Ala | Ser | Ile | Gln | Gln | Tyr | Met | Thr | Arg | Leu | Val | Asn | Gly | Ser | -Glu |
| 15 | 81 96 | Pro | Gly | Arg | Gln | Ala | Met | Glu | Pro | Ser | Thr | Ala | Asn | Glu | Trp | Arg | Asp |
| | 97 112 | Asn | Asp | Asn | Gln | Tyr | Ala | Ile | Trp | Ala | Ala | Gly | Ala | Glu | Val | Arg | Asn |
| 20 | 113 128 | Tyr | Ala | Glu | Asn | Tyr | Ile | Ser | Pro | Ile | Thr | Arg | Gln | Glu | Lys | Ser | His |
| 25 | 129 144 | Tyr | Phe | Ser | Glu | Leu | Glu | Thr | Thr | Leu | Asn | Gln | Asn | Arg | Leu | Asp | Pro |
| 23 | 145 160 | Asp | Arg | Val | Gln | Asp | Ala | Val | Leu | Ala | Tyr | Leu | Asn | Glu | Phe | Glu | Ala |
| 30 | 161 176 | Val | Ser | Asn | Leu | Tyr | Val | Leu | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Ile | Asn | Gln | Asp | Lys | Phe |
| | 177 192 | Asp | Gln | Ala | Ile | Tyr | Tyr | Phe | Ile | Gly | Arg | Thr | Thr | Thr | Lys | Pro | Tyr |
| 35 | 193 208 | Arg | Tyr | Tyr | Trp | Arg | Gln | Met | Asp | Leu | Ser | Lys | Asn | Arg | Gln | Asp | Pro |
| 40 | 209 224 | Ala | Gly | Asn | Pro | Val | Thr | Pro | Asn | Cys | Trp | Asn | Asp | Trp | Gln | Glu | Ile |
| 40 | 225 240 | Thr | Leu | Pro | Leu | Ser | Gly | Asp | Thr | Val | Leu | Glu | His | Thr | Val | Arg | Pro |
| 45 | 241 256 | Val | Phe | Tyr | Asn | Asp | Arg | Leu | Tyr | Val | Ala | Trp | Val | Glu | Arg | Asp | Pro |
| | 257 272 | Ala | Val | Gln | Lys | Asp | Ala | Asp | Gly | Lys | Asn | Ile | Gly | Lys | Thr | His | Ala |
| 50 | 273 288 | Tyr | Asn | Ile | Lys | Phe | Gly | Tyr | Lys | Arg | Tyr | Asp | Asp | Thr | Trp | Thr | Ala |
| 55 | 289 304 | Pro | Asn | Thr | Thr | Thr | Leu | Met | Thr | Gln | Gln | Ala | Gly | Glu | Ser | Ser | Glu |
| 55 | 305 320 | Thr | Gln | Arg | Ser | Ser | Leu | Leu | Ile | Asp | Glu | Ser | Ser | Thr | Thr | Leu | Arg |
| 60 | 321 336 | Gln | Val | Asn | Leu | Leu | Ala | Thr | Thr | Asp | Phe | Ser | Ile | Asp | Pro | Thr | Glu |
| | 337 352 | Glu | Thr | Asp | Ser | Asn | Pro | Tyr | Gly | Arg | Leu | Met | Leu | Gly | Val | Phe | Val |
| 65 | 353 368 | Arg | Gln | Phe | Glu | Gly | Asp | Gly | Ala | Asn | Arg | Lys | Asn | Lys | Pro | Val | Val |
| 70 | 369 384 | Tyr | Gly | Tyr | Leu | Tyr | Cys | Asp | Ser | Ala | Phe | Asn | Arg | His | Val | Leu | Arg |

| | 385 400 | Pro | Leu | Ser | Lys | Asn | Phe | Leu | Phe | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Arg | Asp | Glu | Thr | Asp |
|----|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 5 | 401 416 | Gly | Gln | Asn | Ser | Leu | Gln | Phe | Ala | Val | Tyr | Asp | ГЛа | Lys | Tyr | Val | Ile |
| | 417 432 | Thr | Lys | Val | Val | Thr | Gly | Ala | Thr | Glu | Asp | Pro | Glu | Asn | Thr | Gly | Trp |
| 10 | 433 448 | Val | Ser | Lys | Val | Asp | Asp | Leu | Lys | Gln | Gly | Thr | Thr | Gly | Ala | Tyr | Val |
| 16 | 449 464 | Tyr | Ile | Asp | Gln | Asp | Gly | Leu | Thr | Leu | His | Ile | Gln | Thr | Thr | Thr | Asn |
| 15 | 465 480 | Gly | Asp | Phe | Ile | Asn | Arg | His | Thr | Phe | Gly | Tyr | Asn | Asp | Leu | Val | Tyr |
| 20 | 481 496 | Asp | Ser | Lys | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Gly | Phe | Thr | Trp | Ser | Gly | Asn | Glu | Gly | Phe |
| | 497 512 | Tyr | Leu | Asp | Tyr | His | Asp | Gly | Asn | Tyr | Tyr | Thr | Phe | His | Asn | Ala | Ile |
| 25 | 513 528 | Ile | Asn | Tyr | Tyr | Pro | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Gly | Gly | Gly | Ser | Val | Pro | Asn | Gly |
| 30 | 529 544 | Thr | Trp | Ala | Leu | Glu | Gln | Arg | Ile | Asn | Glu | Gly | Trp | Ala | Ile | Ala | Pro |
| 30 | 545 560 | Leu | Leu | Asp | Thr | Leu | His | Thr | Val | Thr | Val | Lys | Gly | Ser | Tyr | Ile | Ala |
| 35 | 561 5 76 | Trp | Glu | Gly | Glu | Thr | Pro | Thr | Gly | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Tyr | Ile | Pro | Asp | Gly |
| | 577 592 | Thr | Val | Leu | Leu | Asp | Trp | Phe | Asp | Lys | Ile | Asn | Phe | Ala | Ile | Gly | Leu |
| 40 | 593 608 | Asn | Lys | Leu | Glu | Ser | Val | Phe | Thr | Ser | Pro | Asp | Trp | Pro | Thr | Leu | Thr |
| 45 | 609 624 | Thr | Ile | Lys | Asn | Phe | Ser | Lys | Ile | Ala | Asp | Asn | Arg | Lys | Phe | Tyr | Gln |
| 43 | 625 640 | Glu | Ile | Asn | Ala | Glu | Thr | Ala | Asp | Gly | Arg | Asn | Leu | Phe | Lys | Arg | Tyr |
| 50 | 641 656 | Ser | Thr | Gln | Thr | Phe | Gly | Leu | Thr | Ser | Gly | Ala | Thr | Tyr | Ser | Thr | Thr |
| | 657 672 | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Ser | Glu | Ala | Asp | Phe | Ser | Thr | Asp | Pro | Asp | Lys | Asn | Tyr |
| 55 | 673 688 | Leu | Gln | Val | Cys | Leu | Asn | Val | Val | Trp | Asp | His | Tyr | Asp | Arg | Pro | Ser |
| 60 | 689 704 | Gly | Lys | Lys | Gly | Ala | Tyr | Ser | Trp | Val | Ser | Lys | Trp | Phe | Asn | Val | Tyr |
| 00 | 705 720 | Val | Ala | Leu | Gln | Asp | Ser | Lys | Ala | Pro | Asp | Ala | Ile | Pro | Arg | Leu | Val |
| 65 | 721 736 | Ser | Arg | Tyr | Asp | Ser | Lys | Arg | Gly | Leu | Val | Gln | Tyr | Leu | Asp | Phe | Trp |
| , | 737 752 | Thr | Ser | Ser | Leu | Pro | Ala | Lys | Thr | Arg | Leu | Asn | Thr | Thr | Phe | Val | Arg |
| 70 | 753 768 | Thr | Leu | Ile | Glu | Lys | Ala | Asn | Leu | Gly | Leu | Asp | Ser | Leu | Leu | Asp | Tyr |

| | 769 784 | Thr | Leu | Gln | Ala | Asp | Pro | Ser | Leu | Glu | Ala | Asp | Leu | Val | Thr | Asp | Gly |
|----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 5 | 785 800 | Lys | Ser | Glu | Pro | Met | Asp | Phe | Asn | Gly | Ser | Asn | Gly | Leu | Tyr | Phe | Trp |
| 10 | 801 816 | Glu | Leu | Phe | Phe | His | Leu | Pro | Phe | Leu | Val | Ala | Thr | Arg | Phe | Ala | Asn |
| 10 | 817 832 | Glu | Gln | Gln | Phe | Ser | Pro | Ala | Gln | Lys | Ser | Leu | His | Tyr | Ile | Phe | Asp |
| 15 | 833 848 | Pro | Ala | Met | Lys | Asn | Lys | Pro | His | Asn | Ala | Pro | Ala | Tyr | Trp | Asn | Val |
| | 849 864 | Arg | Pro | Leu | Val | Glu | Gly | Asn | Ser | Asp | Leu | Ser | Arg | His | Leu | Asp | Asp |
| 20 | 865 880 | Ser | Ile | Asp | Pro | Asp | Thr | Gln | Ala | Tyr | Ala | His | Pro | Val | Ile | Tyr | Gln |
| 25 | 881 896 | Lys | Ala | Val | Phe | Ile | Ala | Tyr | Val | Ser | Asn | Leu | Ile | Ala | Gln | Gly | Asp |
| 25 | 897 912 | Met | Trp | Tyr | Arg | Gln | Leu | Thr | Arg | Asp | Gly | Leu | Thr | Gln | Ala | Arg | Val |
| 30 | 913 928 | Tyr | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Ala | Ala | Glu | Leu | Leu | Gly | Pro | Arg | Pro | Asp | Val | Ser |
| | 929 944 | Leu | Ser | Ser | Ile | Trp | Thr | Pro | Gln | Thr | Leu | Asp | Thr | Leu | Ala | Ala | Gly |
| 35 | 945 960 | Gln | Lys | Ala | Val | Leu | Arg | Asp | Phe | Glu | His | Gln | Leu | Ala | Asn | Ser | Asp |
| 40 | 961 976 | Thr | Ala | Leu | Pro | Ala | Leu | Pro | Gly | Arg | Asn | Val | Ser | Tyr | Leu | Lys | Leu |
| 40 | 977 992 | Ala | Asp | Asn | Gly | Tyr | Phe | Asn | Glu | Pro | Leu | Asn | Val | Leu | Met | Leu | Ser |
| 45 | 993 1008 | His | Trp | Asp | Thr | Leu | Asp | Ala | Arg | Leu | Tyr | Asn | Leu | Arg | His | Asn | Leu |
| | 1009 1024 | Thr | Val | Asp | Gly | Lys | Pro | Leu | Ser | Leu | Pro | Leu | Tyr | Ala | Ala | Pro | Val |
| 50 | 1025 1040 | Asp | Pro | Val | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ala | Gln | Arg | Ala | Gln | Ser | Gly | Thr | Leu | Thr |
| 55 | 1041 1056 | Asn | Gly | Val | Ser | Gly | Ala | Met | Leu | Thr | Val | Pro | Pro | Tyr | Arg | Phe | Ser- |
| 33 | 1057 1072 | Ala | Met | Leu | Pro | Arg | Ala | Tyr | Ser | Ala | Val | Gly | Thr | Leu | Thr | Ser | Phe |
| 60 | 1073 1088 | Gly | Gln | Asn | Leu | Leu | Ser | Leu | Leu | Glu | Arg | Ser | Glu | Arg | Ala | Cys | Gln |
| | 1089 1104 | Glu | Glu | Leu | Ala | Gln | Gln | Gln | Leu | Leu | Asp | Met | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Ala | Ile |
| 65 | 1105 1120 | Thr | Leu | Gln | Gln | Gln | Ala | Leu | Asp | Gly | Leu | Ala | Ala | Asp | Arg | Leu | Ala |
| 70 | 1121 1136 | Leu | Leu | Ala | Ser | Gln | Ala | Thr | Ala | Gln | Gln | Arg | His | Asp | His | Tyr | Tyr |

| | 1137 1152 | Thr | Leu | Tyr | Gln | Asn | Asn | Ile | Ser | Ser | Ala | Glu | Gln | Leu | Val | Met | Asp |
|----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| 5 | 1153 1168 | Thr | Gln | Thr | Ser | Ala | Gln | Ser | Leu | Ile | Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Gly | Val | Gln |
| | 1169 1184 | Thr | Ala | Ser | Gly | Ala | Leu | Lys | Val | Ile | Pro | Asn | Ile | Phe | Gly | Leu | Ala |
| 10 | 1185 1200 | Asp | Gly | Gly | Ser | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Gly | Val | Thr | Glu | Ala | Ile | Ala | Ile | Gly |
| 15 | 1201 1216 | Leu | Met | Ala | Ala | Gly | Gln | Ala | Thr | Ser | Val | Val | Ala | Glu | Arg | Leu | Ala |
| | 1217 1232 | Thr | Thr | Glu | Asn | Tyr | Arg | Arg | Arg | Arg | Glu | Glu | Trp | Gln | Ile | Gln | Tyr |
| 20 | 1233 1248 | Gln | Gln | Ala | Gln | Ser | Glu | Val | Asp | Ala | Leu | Gln | Lys | Gln | Leu | Asp | Ala |
| | 1249 1264 | Leu | Ala | Val | Arg | Glu | Lys | Ala | Ala | Gln | Thr | Ser | Leu | Gln | Gln- | Ala | Lys |
| 25 | 1265 1280 | Ala | Gln | Gln | Val | Gln | Ile | Arg | Thr | Met | Leu | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Thr | Thr | Arg |
| 30 | 1281 1296 | Phe | Thr | Gln | Ala | Thr | Leu | Tyr | Gln | Trp | Leu | Ser | Gly | Gln | Leu | Ser | Ala |
| | 1297 1312 | Leu | Tyr | Tyr | Gln | Ala | Tyr | Asp | Ala | Val | Val | Ala | Leu | Cys | Leu | Ser | Ala |
| 35 | 1313 1328 | Gln | Ala | Cys | Trp | Gln | Tyr | Glu | Leu | Gly | Asp | Tyr | Ala | Thr | Thr | Phe | Ile |
| | 1329 1344 | Gln | Thr | Gly | Thr | Trp | Asn | Asp | His | Tyr | Arg | Gly | Leu | Gln | Val | Gly | Glu |
| 40 | 1345 1360 | Thr | Leu | Gln | Leu | Asn | Leu | His | Gln | Met | Glu | Ala | Ala | Tyr | Leu | Val | Arg |
| 45 | 1361 1376 | His | Glu | Arg | Arg | Leu | Asn | Val | Ile | Arg | Thr | Val | Ser | Leu | Lys | Ser | Leu |
| | 1377 1392 | Leu | Gly | Asp | Asp | Gly | Phe | Gly | Lys | Leu | Lys | Thr | Glu | Gly | Lys | Val | Asp |
| 50 | 1393 1408 | Phe | Pro | Leu | Ser | Glu | Lys | Leu | Phe | Asp | Asn | Asp | Tyr | Pro | Gly | His | Tyr |
| | 1409 1424 | Leu | Arg | Gln | Ile | Lys | Thr | Val | Ser | Val | Thr | Leu | Pro | Thr | Leu | Val | Gly |
| 55 | 1425 1440 | Pro | Tyr | Gln | Asn | Val | Lys | Ala | Thr | Leu | Thr | Gln | Thr | Ser | Ser | Ser | Ile |
| 60 | 1441 1456 | Leu | Leu | Ala | Ala | Asp | Ile | Asn | Gly | Val | Lys | Arg | Leu | Asn | Asp | Pro | Thr |
| | 1457 1472 | Gly | Lys | Glu | Gly | Asp | Ala | Thr | His | Ile | Val | Thr | Asn | Leu | Arg | Ala | Ser |
| 65 | 1473 1488 | Gln | Gln | Val | Ala | Leu | Ser | Ser | Gly | Ile | Asn | Asp | Ala | Gly | Ser | Phe | Glu |
| | 1489 1504 | Leu | Arg | Leu | Glu | Asp | Glu | Arg | Tyr | Leu | Ser | Phe | Glu | Gly | Thr | Gly | Ala |
| 70 | 1505 1520 | Val | Ser | rys | Trp | Thr | Leu | Asn | Phe | Pro | Arg | Ser | Val | Asp | Glu | His | Ile |

| | 1521 1536 | Asp | Asp | Lys | Thr | Leu | Lys | Ala | Asp | Glu | Met | Gln | Ala | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ala | |
|----|------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|----------|-----|------|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|----------|
| 5 | 1537 1552 | Asn | Met | Asp | Asp | Val | Leu | Val | Gln | Val | His | Tyr | Thr | Ala | Cys | Asp | Gly | |
| | 1553 | Gly | Ala | Ser | Phe | Ala | Asn | Gln | Val | Lys | Lys | Thr | Leu | Ser | 1 | 565 | | |
| 10 | (2) | INFO | RMAT | ION | FOR | SEQ | ID | NO: | 60 | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | (i) (ii) | (A (B (C (D | .) LI .) T? !) S? !) TO | E CHENGTI PE: TRANI POLO E TY | H: 3 nuc DEDN DGY: | 132 leid ESS lin | bas cac do near | e pa id uble | : | | | - | | | | | |
| 20 | | (xi) | SEQ | UENC | E DI | ESCR | IPTI | ON: | SEQ | ID | NO: | 60 (| tcc | Z) | | | | |
| | 1 | ATG A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 16 |
| 25 | 49 17 | | | | AAT Asn | | | | | | | | | | | | | 96 32 |
| 30 | 97 | ATT | GTA | ATC | GGG | GGG | GAT | ACT | GAC | ACC | CGC | GTC | ACC | CGT | CAC | CAG | TAT | |
| | 144 33 | Ile | Val | Ile | Gly | Gly | Asp | Thr | Asp | Thr | Arg | Val | Thr | Arg | His | Gln | Tyr | 48 |
| 35 | 145 | GAT | GCC | CGT | GGA | CAC | CTG | AAC | TAC | AGT | ATT | GAC | CCA | CGC | TTG | TAT | GAT | |
| | 192 49 | Asp | Ala | Arg | Gly | His | Leu | Asn | Tyr | Ser | Ile | Asp | Pro | Arg | Leu | Tyr | Asp | 64 |
| 40 | 193 240 | GCA | AAG | CAG | GCT | GAT | AAC | TCA | GTA | AAG | CCT | AAT | TTT | GTC | TGG | CAG | CAT | |
| | 65 | Ala | Lys | Gln | Ala | Asp | Asn | Ser | Val | Lys | Pro | Asn | Phe | Val | Trp | Gln | His | 80 |
| 45 | 241 288 | GAT | CTG | GCC | GGT | CAT | GCC | CTG | CGG | ACA | GAG | AGT | GTC | GAT | GCT | GGT | CGT | |
| | 81 | Asp | Leu | Ala | Gly | His | Ala | Leu | Arg | Thr | Glu | Ser | Val | Asp | Ala | Gly | Arg | · 96 |
| 50 | 289 | ACT | GTT | GCA | TTG | AAT | GAT | ATT | GAA | GGT | CGT | TCG | GTA | ATG | ACA | ATG | AAT | |
| | 336 97 112 | Thr | Val | Ala | Leu | Asn | Asp | Ile | Glu | Gly | Arg | Ser | Val | Met | Thr | Met | Asn | |
| 55 | 337 | GCG | ACC | GGT | GTT | CGT | CAG | ACC | CGT | CGC | TAT | GAA | GGC | AAC | ACC | TTG | ccc | |
| | 384 113 | Ala | Thr | Gly | Val | Arg | Gln | Thr | Arg | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Gly | Asn | Thr | Leu | Pro | |
| 60 | 128 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 385 432 | | | | TTA | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 65 | 129 144 | Gly | Arg | Leu | Leu | Ser | Val | Ser | Glu | Gln | Val | Phe | Asn | Gln | Glu | Ser | Ala | |
| | 433 480 | AAA | GTG | ACA | GAG | CGC | TTT | ATC | TGG | GCT | GGG | AAT | ACA | ACC | TCG | GAG | AAA | |

| | 145 160 | Lys | Val | Thr | Glu | Arg | Phe | Ile | Trp | Ala | Gly | Asn | Thr | Thr | Ser | Glu | Lys | |
|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| 5 | 481 528 | | TAT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.0 | 161 176 | GIU | Tyr | Asn | Leu | ser | GIY | Leu | Cys | IIe | Arg | His | Tyr | Asp | Thr | Ala | GIA | |
| 10 | 529 576 | | ACC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 177 192 | Val | Thr | Arg | Leu | Met | Ser | Gln | Ser | Leu | Ala | Gly | Ala | Met | Leu | Ser | Gln | |
| | 577 624 | TCT | CAC | CAA | TTG | CTG | GCG | GAA | GGG | CAG | GAG | GCT | AAC | TGG | AGC | GGT | GAC | |
| 20 | 193 208 | Ser | His | Gln | Leu | Leu | Ala | Glu | Gly | Gln | Glu | Ala | Asn | Trp | Ser | Gly | Asp | |
| | 625 672 | GAC | GAA | ACT | GTC | TGG | CAG | GGA | ATG | CTG | GCA | AGT | GAG | GTC | TAT | ACG | ACA | |
| 25 | 209 224 | qaA | Glu | Thr | Val | Trp | Gln | Gly | Met | Leu | Ala | Ser | Glu | Val | Tyr | Thr | Thr | _ |
| 30 | 673 720 | CAA | AGT | ACC | ACT | AAT | GCC | ATC | GGG | GCT | TTA | CTG | ACC | CAA | ACC | GAT | GCG | |
| | 225 240 | Gln | Ser | Thr | Thr | Asn | Ala | Ile | Gly | Ala | Leu | Leu | Thr | Gln | Thr | Asp | Ala | |
| 35 | 721 768 | AAA | GGC | AAT | ATT | CAG | CGT | CTG | GCT | TAT | GAC | ATT | GCC | GGT | CAG | TTA | AAA | |
| | 241 256 | Lys | Gly | Asn | Ile | Gln | Arg | Leu | Ala | Tyr | Asp | Ile | Ala | Gly | Gln | Leu | Lys | |
| 40 | 769 | GGG | AGT | TGG | TTG | ACG | GTG | AAA | GGC | CAG | AGT | GAA | CAG | GTG | ATT | GTT | AAG | |
| 45 | 816 257 272 | Gly | Ser | Trp | Leu | Thr | Val | Lys | Gly | Gln | Ser | Glu | Gln | Val | Ile | Val | Lys | |
| | 817 864 | TCC | CTG | AGC | TGG | TCA | GCC | GCA | GGT | CAT | AAA | TTG | CGT | GAA | GAG | CAC | GGT | |
| 50 | 273 288 | Ser | Leu | Ser | Trp | Ser | Ala | Ala | Gly | His | Lys | Leu | Arg | Glu | Glu | His | Gly | |
| | 865 912 | AAC | GGC | GTG | GTT | ACG | GAG | TAC | AGT | TAT | GAG | CCG | GAA | ACT | CAA | CGT | CTG | |
| 55 | 289 304 | Asn | Gly | Val | Val | Thr | Glu | Tyr | Ser | Tyr | Glu | Pro | Glu | Thr | Gln | Arg | Leu | 1. P. Sangaga |
| 60 | 913 960 | ATA | GGT | ATC | ACC | ACC | CGG | CGT | GCC | GAA | GGG | agt | CAA | TCA | GGA | GCC | AGA | |
| | 305 320 | Ile | Gly | Ile | Thr | Thr | Arg | Arg | Ala | Glu | Gly | Ser | Gln | Ser | Gly | Ala | Arg | |
| 65 | 961 1008 | GTA | TTG | CAG | GAT | CTA | CGC | TAT | AAG | TAT | GAT | CCG | GTG | GGG | AAT | GTT | ATC | |
| | 321 | Val | Leu | Gln | Asp | Leu | Arg | Tyr | Lys | Tyr | Asp | Pro | Val | Gly | Asn | Val | Ile | 336 |
| 70 | 1009 1056 | AGT | ATC | CAT | AAT | GAT | GCC | GAA | GCT | ACC | CGC | TTT | TGG | CGT | AAT | CAG | AAA | |

| | 337 | Ser | Ile | His | Asn | Asp | Ala | Glu | Ala | Thr | Arg | Phe | Trp | Arg | Asn | Gln | Lys | 352 |
|----|---------------------|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|
| 5 | 1057 1104 353 | | GAG Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 368 |
| | 1105 | | GCG | | | | | | | - | _ | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 1152 369 384 | Ser | Ala | Thr | Gly | Arg | Glu | Met | Ala | Asn | Ile | Gly | Gln | Gln | Ser | Asn | Gln | |
| 15 | 1153 1200 | | CCC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 385 | Leu | Pro | Ser | Pro | Val | Ile | Pro | Val | Pro | Thr | Asp | Asp | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Thr | 400 |
| 20 | 1201 1248 401 | | TAC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | CAA Gln | 416 |
| 25 | 1249 | | CGA | | - | | - | | | _ | | _ | _ | | | | | |
| 23 | 1296 417 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Ile | 432 |
| 30 | 1297 1344 | | GTT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 433 | | | | | · | | | _ | | | | | | | | Thr | 448 |
| 35 | 1345 1392 449 | | CCA Pro | | | | | | | | | | | | | | AAG Lys | 464 |
| 40 | 1393 | ATG | TTA | ATA | CCG | GGG | CAA | AAT | CTG | GAT | TGG | AAT | ATT | CGG | GGT | GAA | TTG | |
| | 1440 465 | Met | Leu | Ile | Pro | Gly | Gln | Asn | Leu | Asp | Trp | Asn | Ile | Arg | Gly | Glu | Leu | 480 |
| 45 | 1441 1488 481 | | CGA Arq | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 496 |
| 50 | 1489 | TAT | CGC | TAT | AGC | AGT | GAT | GGC | ATG | CGG | CTG | CTA | AAA | GTG | AGT | GAA | CAG | |
| | 1536 497 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Gln. | 512 |
| 55 | 1537 1584 | CAG | ACG | GGC | AAC | AGT | ACT | CAA | GTA | CAA | CGG | GTG | ACT | TAT | CTG | CCG | GGA | |
| | 513 | Gln | Thr | Gly | Asn | Ser | Thr | Gln | Val | Gln | Arg | Val | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Pro | Gly | 528 |
| 60 | 1585 1632 529 | | GAG Glu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TTG Leu | 544 |
| 65 | 1633 | | GTG | | | | | | | | - | - | | | | _ | | |
| | 1680 545 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Leu | 560 |
| 70 | 1681 1728 | CAC | TGG | GAA | AGT | GGT | AAG | CCG | ACA | GAT | ATT | GAC | AAC | AAT | CAG | GTG | CGC | |

| | 561 | His | Trp | Glu | Ser | Gly | Lys | Pro | Thr | Asp | Ile | Asp | Asn | Asn | Gln | Val | Arg | 576 |
|-----|---------------------|------|-----|------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|----------|-----|------|---------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|
| 5 | 1729 1776 577 | | AGC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | AGC Ser | 592 |
| | 377 | 171 | DCI | 171 | ADD | A311 | Deu | Deu | Cly | JCI | JCI | GIII | Deu | Olu | шец | vaħ | Jer | 392 |
| 10 | 1777 1824 | GAA | GGG | CAG | ATT | CTC | AGT | CAG | GAA | GAG | TAT | TAT | CCG | TAT | GGC | GGT | ACG | |
| | 593 | Glu | Gly | Gln | Ile | Leu | Ser | Gln | Glu | Glu | Tyr | Tyr | Pro | Tyr | Gly | Gly | Thr | 608 |
| 7 6 | 1825 | GCG | ATA | TGG | GCG | GCG | AGA | AAT | CAG | ACA | GAA | GCC | AGC | TAC | AAA | TTT | ATT | |
| 15 | 1872 609 | Ala | Ile | Trp | Ala | Ala | Arg | Asn | Gln | Thr | Glu | Ala | Ser | Tyr | Lys | Phe | Ile | 624 |
| | 1873 | CGT | TAC | TCC | GGT | AAA | GAG | CGG | GAT | GCC | ACT | GGA | TTG | TAT | TAT | TAC | GGC | |
| 20 | 1920 625 | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | Gly | 640 |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | _ | | | _ | | _ | |
| 25 | 1921 1968 | | CGT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 641 | Tyr | Arg | Tyr | Tyr | Gln | Pro | Trp | Val | Gly | Arg | Trp | Leu | Ser | Ala | Asp | Pro | 656 |
| 30 | 1969 2016 | GCG | GGA | ACC | GTG | GAT | GGG | CTG | AAT | TTG | TAC | CGA | ATG | GTG | AGG | AAT | AAC | |
| 30 | 657 | Ala | Gly | Thr | Val | Asp | Gly | Leu | Asn | Leu | Tyr | Arg | Met | Val | Arg | Asn | Asn | 672 |
| | 2017 | CCC | ATC | ACA | TTG | ACT | GAC | CAT | GAC | GGA | TTA | GCA | CCG | TCT | CCA | AAT | AGA | |
| 35 | 2064 673 | Pro | Ile | Thr | Leu | Thr | Asp | His | Asp | Gly | Leu | Ala | Pro | Ser | Pro | Asn | Arg | 688 |
| | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 2065 2112 | | CGA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 704 |
| | 689 | ASII | Arg | ASII | Inr | PHE | тър | Pne | AIA | ser | РПе | Leu | Pne | Arg | ьys | Pro | Asp | 704 |
| 45 | 2113 2160 | GAG | GGA | ATG | TCC | GCG | TCA | ATG | AGA | CGG | GGA | CAA | AAA | ATT | GGC | AGA | GCC | |
| | 705 | Glu | Gly | Met | Ser | Ala | Ser | Met | Arg | Arg | Gly | Gln | Lys | Ile | Gly | Arg | Ala | 720 |
| | 2161 | ATT | GCC | GGC | GGG | ATT | GCG | ATT | GGC | GGT | CTT | GCG | GCT | ACC | ATT | GCC | GCT | - |
| 50_ | 2208 721 | Ile | Ala | Gly | Gly | Ile | Ala | Ile | Gly | Gly | Leu | Ala | Ala | Thr | Ile | Ala | Ala | 736 |
| | 2209 | acc. | GCT | ccc | GCG | CCT | מידיכי | ccc | GTC. | א ידיידי | CTC | ccc | بليملين | aca | GCC | CTA | ccc | |
| 55 | 2256 737 | | Ala | | | | | | | | | • | - | | | | | 752 |
| | , , | | | 1 | | | | | | | Jeu | 017 | •42 | | | | , | |
| 60 | 2257 2304 | | GGG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 753 | Ala | Gly | Ile | Gly | Ala | Leu | Met | Gly | Tyr | Asn | Val | Gly | Ser | Leu | Leu | Glu | 768 |
| 65 | 2305 | AAA | GGC | GGG | GCA | TTA | CTT | GCT | CGA | CTC | GTA | CAG | GGG | AAA | TCG | ACG | TTA | |
| 65 | 2352 769 | Lys | Gly | Gly | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ala | Arg | Leu | Val | Gln | Gly | Lys | Ser | Thr | Leú | 784 |
| | 2353 | GTA | CAG | TCG | GCG | GCT | GGC | GCG | GCT | GCC | GGA | GCG | AGT | TCA | GCC | GCG | GCT | |
| 70 | 2400 785 | | Gln | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 800 |
| | | | | | | | - | _ | | | 1 | | | | | | - | |

| | 2401 | TAT | GGC | GCA | CGG | GCA | CAA | GGT | GTC | GGT | GTT | GCA | TCA | GCC | GCC | GGG | GCG | |
|-----------|---------------------------|--------|------|--------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|-----|----------------|------|---------|-----|-------|------|-------|------|----------|
| 5 | 2448 801 | Tyr | Gly | Ala | Arg | Ala | Gln | Gly | Val | Gly | Val | Ala | Ser | Ala | Ala | Gly | Ala | 816 |
| | 2449 | CITTA | ACA | GCG | CCT | стс | GGA | יירי <i>א</i> | TCC | አሞአ | יתאא | አአጥ | CCT | Cam | ccc | ccc | a mm | |
| 10 | 2496 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 020 |
| 10 | 817 | Val | 1111 | GIY | Ala | vai | GIY | ser | 11p | 116 | ASII | ASII | Ala | Asp | Arg | GIY | Ile | 832 |
| | 2497 2544 | GGC | GGC | GCT | ATT | GGG | GCC | GGG | AGT | GCG | GTA | GGC | ACC | ATT | GAT | ACT | ATG | |
| 15 | 833 | Gly | Gly | Ala | Ile | Gly | Ala | Gly | Ser | Ala | Val | Gly | Thr | Ile | Asp | Thr | Met | 848 |
| | 2545 | ∆ידייד | GGG | ልሮሞ | GCC | тст | ACC | רידי | ልሮሮ | ሮልጥ | GAA | GTC | GGG | GCA | GCG | GCG | ССТ | |
| 20 | 2592 849 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Gly | 864 |
| 20 | 015 | | O.J | | | 502 | | | | ·**** | 014 | • • • • | Cly | 71.14 | ALG | 77.11 | O17 | 004 |
| | 2593 2640 | GGG | GCG | GCG | GGT | GGG | ATG | ATC | ACC | GGT | ACG | CAA | GGG | AGT | ACT | CGG | GCA | |
| 25 | 865 | Gly | Ala | Ala | Gly | Gly | Met | Ile | Thr | Gly | Thr | Gln | Gly | Ser | Thr | Arg | Ala | 880 |
| | 2641 | GGT | ATC | CAT | GCC | GGT | ATT | GGC | ACC | TAT | TAT | GGC | TCC | TGG | ATT | GGT | TTT | |
| 30 | 2688 881 | | Ile | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | : 896 |
| | | • | | | | • | | 1 | | • | • | | | | | | | |
| | 2689 2736 | GGT | TTA | GAT | GTC | GCT | AGT | AAC | CCC | GCC | GGA | CAT | ATT | GCG | TAA | TAC | GCA | |
| 35 | 897 | Gly | Leu | Asp | Val | Ala | Ser | Asn | Pro | Ala | Gly | His | Leu | Ala | Asn | Tyr | Ala | 912 |
| | 2737 | GTG | GGT | TAT | GCC | GCT | GGT | TTG | GGT | GCT | GAA | ATG | GCT | GTC | AAC | AGA | ATA | |
| 40 | 2784 913 | Val | Gly | Tyr | Ala | Ala | Gly | Leu | Gly | Ala | Glu | Met | Ala | Val | Asn | Arg | Ile | 928 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ~ |
| 4 E | 2785 ⁻ 2832 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 929 | met | GIY | Gly | СТА | Pne | Leu | ser | Arg | Leu | Leu | GIÀ | Arg | Val | Val | Ser | Pro | 944 |
| | 2833 | TAT | GCC | GCC | GGT | TTA | GCC | AGA | CAA | TTA | GTA | CAT | TTC | AGT | GTC | GCC | AGA | |
| 50 | 2880 945 | Tyr | Ala | Ala | Gly | Leu | Ala | Arg | Gln | Leu | Val | His | Phe | Ser | Val | Ala | Arg | 960 |
| | 2881 | CCT | GTC | مانسات | GAG | רכפ | ልሞል | դուրու | ልርም | ינייניט | CTC | aac | aca | Cutur | CTC | CCT | ccm | |
| 55 | 2928 961 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Gly | 976 |
| | | | | | | | | | 501 | 7 4 4 1 | Lcu | Gry | Cly | DCu | Va.1 | GIY | GIY | 270 |
| | 2929 2976 | ATT | GGA | ACT | GGC | CTG | CAC | AGA | GTG | ATG | GGA | AGA | GAG | AGT | TGG | ATT | TCC | |
| 60 | 977 | Ile | Gly | Thr | Gly | Leu | His | Arg | Val | Met | Gly | Arg | Glu | Ser | Trp | Ile | Ser | 992 |
| | 2977 | AGA | GCG | TTA | AGT | GCT | GCC | GGT | AGT | GGT | АТА | GAT | CAT | GTC | GCT | GGC | ATG | |
| 65 | 3024 993 | | Ala | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1008 | | | | | | , | • | | • | | | | - | | 2 | | |
| . | 3025 | ATT | GGT | AAT | CAG | ATC | AGA | GGC | AGG | GTC | TTG | ACC | ACA | ACC | GGG | ATC | GCT | |
| 70 | 3072 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | |

Ile Gly Asn Gln Ile Arg Gly Arg Val Leu Thr Thr Thr Gly Ile Ala AAT GCG ATA GAC TAT GGC ACC AGT GCT GTG GGA GCC GCA CGA GTT Asn Ala Ile Asp Tyr Gly Thr Ser Ala Val Gly Ala Ala Arg Arg Val TTT TCT TTG TAA Phe Ser Leu End (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1043 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61 (TccC peptide) Met Ser Pro Ser Glu Thr Thr Leu Tyr Thr Gln Thr Pro Thr Val Ser Val Leu Asp Asn Arg Gly Leu Ser Ile Arg Asp Ile Gly Phe His Arg Ile Val Ile Gly Gly Asp Thr Asp Thr Arg Val Thr Arg His Gln Tyr Asp Ala Arg Gly His Leu Asn Tyr Ser Ile Asp Pro Arg Leu Tyr Asp Ala Lys Gln Ala Asp Asn Ser Val Lys Pro Asn Phe Val Trp Gln His Asp Leu Ala Gly His Ala Leu Arg Thr Glu Ser Val Asp Ala Gly Arg Thr Val Ala Leu Asn Asp Ile Glu Gly Arg Ser Val Met Thr Met Asn Ala Thr Gly Val Arg Gln Thr Arg Arg Tyr Glu Gly Asn Thr Leu Pro Gly Arg Leu Leu Ser Val Ser Glu Gln Val Phe Asn Gln Glu Ser Ala Lys Val Thr Glu Arg Phe Ile Trp Ala Gly Asn Thr Thr Ser Glu Lys Glu Tyr Asn Leu Ser Gly Leu Cys Ile Arg His Tyr Asp Thr Ala Gly Val Thr Arg Leu Met Ser Gln Ser Leu Ala Gly Ala Met Leu Ser Gln Ser His Gln Lew Leu Ala Glu Gly Gln Glu Ala Asn Trp Ser Gly Asp 208 Asp Glu Thr Val Trp Gln Gly Met Leu Ala Ser Glu Val Tyr Thr Thr Gln Ser Thr Thr Asn Ala Ile Gly Ala Leu Leu Thr Gln Thr Asp Ala Lys Gly Asn Ile Gln Arg Leu Ala Tyr Asp Ile Ala Gly Gln Leu Lys Gly Ser Trp Leu Thr Val Lys Gly Gln Ser Glu Gln Val Ile Val Lys Ser Leu Ser Trp Ser Ala Ala Gly His Lys Leu Arg Glu Glu His Gly Asn Gly Val Val Thr Glu Tyr Ser Tyr Glu Pro Glu Thr Gln Arg Leu Ile Gly Ile Thr Thr Arg Arg Ala Glu Gly Ser Gln Ser Gly Ala Arg Val Leu Gln Asp Leu Arg Tyr Lys Tyr Asp Pro Val Gly Asn Val Ile Ser Ile His Asn Asp Ala Glu Ala Thr Arg Phe Trp Arg Asn Gln Lys

| | 353 | Val | Glu | Pro | Glu | Asn | Arg | Tyr | Val | Tyr | Asp | Ser | Leu | Tyr | Gln | Leu | Met | 368 |
|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 369 | Ser | Ala | Thr | Gly | Arg | Glu | Met | Ala | Asn | Ile | Gly | Gln | Gln | Ser | Asn | Gln | 384 |
| 5 | 385 | Leu | Pro | Ser | Pro | Val | Ile | Pro | Val | Pro | Thr | Asp | Asp | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Thr | 400 |
| | 401 | Asn | Tyr | Leu | Arg | Thr | Tyr | Thr | Tyr | Asp | Arg | Gly | Gly | Asn | Leu | Val | Gln | 416 |
| 10 | 417 | Ile | Arg | His | Ser | Ser | Pro | Ala | Thr | Gln | Asn | Ser | Tyr | Thr | Thr | Asp | Ile | 432 |
| 10 | 433 | Thr | Val | Ser | Ser | Arg | Ser | Asn | Arg | Ala | Val | Leu | Ser | Thr | Leu | Thr | Thr | 448 |
| | 449 | Asp | Pro | Thr | Arg | Val | Asp | Ala | Leu | Phe | Asp | Ser | Gly | Gly | His | Gln | Lys | 464 |
| 15 | 465 | Met | Leu | Ile | Pro | Gly | Gln | Asn | Leu | Asp | Trp | Asn | Ile | Arg | Gly | Glu | Leu | 480 |
| | 481 | Gln | Arg | Val | Thr | Pro | Val | Ser | Arg | Glu | Asn | Ser | Ser | Asp | Ser | Glu | Trp | 496 |
| 20 | 497 | Tyr | Arg | Tyr | Ser | Ser | Asp | Gly | Met | Arg | Leu | Leu | Lys | Val | Ser | Glu | Gln | 512 |
| 20 | 513 | Gln | Thr | Gly | Asn | Ser | Thr | Gln | Val | Gln | Arg | Val | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Pro | Gly | 528 |
| | 529 | Leu | Glu | Leu | Arg | Thr | Thr | Gly | Val | Ala | Asp | Lys | Thr | Thr | Glu | Asp | Leu | 544 |
| 25 . | 545 | Gln | Val | Ile | Thr | Val | Gly | Glu | Ala | Gly | Arg | Ala | Gln | Val | Arg | Val | Leu | 560 |
| | 561 | His | Trp | Glu | Ser | Gly | Lys | Pro | Thr | Asp | Ile | Asp | Asn | Asn | Gln | Val | Arg | 576 |
| 30 | 577 | Tyr | Ser | Tyr | Asp | Asn | Leu | Leu | Gly | Ser | Ser | Gln | Leu | Glu | Leu | Asp | Ser | 592 |
| 30 | 593 | Glu | Gly | Gln | Ile | Leu | Ser | Gln | Glu | Glu | Tyr | Tyr | Pro | Tyr | Gly | Gly | Thr | 608 |
| | 609 | Ala | Ile | Trp | Ala | Ala | Arg | Asn | Gln | Thr | Glu | Ala | Ser | Tyr | Lys | Phe | Ile | 624 |
| 35 | 625 | Arg | Tyr | Ser | Gly | Lys | Glu | Arg | Asp | Ala | Thr | Gly | Leu | Tyr | Tyr | Tyr | Gly | 640 |
| | 641 | Tyr | Arg | Tyr | Tyr | Gln | Pro | Trp | Val | Gly | Arg | Trp | Leu | Ser | Ala | Asp | Pro | 656 |
| 40 | 657 | Ala | Gly | Thr | Val | Asp | Gly | Leu | Asn | Leu | Tyr | Arg | Met | Val | Arg | Asn | Asn | 672 |
| 40 | 673 | Pro | Ile | Thr | Leu | Thr | Asp | His | Asp | Gly | Leu | Ala | Pro | Ser | Pro | Asn | Arg | 688 |
| | 689 | Asn | Arg | Asn | Thr | Phe | Trp | Phe | Ala | Ser | Phe | Leu | Phe | Arg | Lys | Pro | Asp | 704 |
| 45 | 705 | Glu | Gly | Met | Ser | Ala | Ser | Met | Arg | Arg | Gly | Gln | Lys | Ile | Gly | Arg | Ala | 720 |
| | 721 | Ile | Ala | Gly | Gly | Ile | Ala | Ile | Gly | Gly | Leu | Ala | Ala | Thr | Ile | Ala | Ala | 736 |
| 50 | 737- | Thr | Ala. | Gly | Ala | Ala | Ile | Pro | Val | Ile | Leu | Gly | Val | Ala | Ala | Val | Gly | 752 |
| 30 | 753 | Ala | Gly | Ile | Gly | Ala | Leu | Met | Gly | Tyr | Asn | Val | Gly | Ser | Leŭ | Leu | Glu | 768 |
| | 769 | Lys | Gly | Gly | Ala | Leu | Leu | Ala | Arg | Leu | Val | Gln | Gly | Lys | Ser | Thr | Leu | 784 |
| 55 | 785 | Val | Gln | Ser | Ala | Ala | Gly | Ala | Ala | Ala | Gly | Ala | Ser | Ser | Ala | Ala | Ala | 800 |
| | 801 | Tyr | Gly | Ala | Arg | Ala | Gln | Gly | Val | Gly | Val | Ala | Ser | Ala | Ala | Gly | Ala | 816 |
| 60 | 817 | Val | Thr | Gly | Ala | Val | Gly | Ser | Trp | Ile | Asn | Asn | Ala | Asp | Arg | Gly | Ile | 832 |
| 60 | 833 | Gly | Gly | Ala | Ile | Gly | Ala | Gly | Ser | Ala | Val | Gly | Thr | Ile | Asp | Thr | Met | 848 |
| | 849 | Leu | Gly | Thr | Ala | Ser | Thr | Leu | Thr | His | Glu | Val | Gly | Ala | Ala | Ala | Gly | 864 |
| 65 | 865 | Gly | Ala | Ala | Gly | Gly | Met | Ile | Thr | Gly | Thr | Gln | Gly | Ser | Thr | Arg | Ala | 880 |
| | 881 | Gly | Ile | His | Ala | Gly | Ile | Gly | Thr | Tyr | Tyr | Gly | Ser | Trp | Ile | Gly | Phe | 896 |
| 70 | 897 | Gly | Leu | Asp | Val | Ala | Ser | Asn | Pro | Ala | Gly | His | Leu | Ala | Asn | Tyr | Ala | 912 |
| 70 | 913 | Val | Gly | Tyr | Ala | Ala | Gly | Leu | Gly | Ala | Glu | Met | Ala | Val | Asn | Arg | Ile | 928 |

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929 Met Gly Gly Phe Leu Ser Arg Leu Leu Gly Arg Val Val Ser Pro 944
      945 Tyr Ala Ala Gly Leu Ala Arg Gln Leu Val His Phe Ser Val Ala Arg 960
      961 Pro Val Phe Glu Pro Ile Phe Ser Val Leu Gly Gly Leu Val Gly Gly 976
          Ile Gly Thr Gly Leu His Arg Val Met Gly Arg Glu Ser Trp Ile Ser 992
      977
10
          Arg Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Gly Ser Gly Ile Asp His Val Ala Gly Met 1008
      993
     1009 Ile Gly Asn Gln Ile Arg Gly Arg Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Ile Ala 1024
     1025 Asn Ala Ile Asp Tyr Gly Thr Ser Ala Val Gly Ala Ala Arg Arg Val 1040
15
     1041 Phe Ser Leu 1043
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62: TcaA;
20
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
25
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62: TcaAiv
30
          Asn Ile Gly Gly Asp
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63: TcaA;;-syn
35
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
40
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63: TcaA; -syn
45
          Cys Leu Arg Gly Asn Ser Pro Thr Asn Pro Asp Lys Asp Gly Ile
           Phe Ala Gln Val Ala
50
     (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64: TcaA;;;-syn
          (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS;
                (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
55
                (B) TYPE: amino acid
                (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
                (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
         (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: Internal
60
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64: TcaAiii-syn
          Cys Tyr Thr Pro Asp Gln Thr Pro Ser Phe Tyr Glu Thr Ala Phe
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. 10
             Arg Ser Ala Asp Gly
                                                                   15
   5
          (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65: TcaB:-syn
             (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                   (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
                   (B)
                        TYPE: amino acid
  10
                   (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
                   (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
           (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
            (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: Internal
           (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 65: TcaBi-syn
 15
             His Gly Gln Ser Tyr Asn Asp Asn Asn Tyr Cys Asn Phe Thr Leu
             Ser Ile Asn Thr
 20
      (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66: TcaBii-syn
            (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 25
                 (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
                 (B) TYPE: amino acid
                 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
                 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
 30
           (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
          (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66: TcaBii-syn
           Cys Val Asp Pro Lys Thr Leu Gln Arg Gln Gln Ala Gly Gly Asp
35
           Gly Thr Gly Ser Ser
      (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67: TcaC-syn
40
           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
                 (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
                 (B) TYPE: amino acid
                 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
45
                 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
          (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein
          (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
         (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67: TcaC-syn
50
           Cys Tyr Lys Ala Pro Gln Arg Gln Glu Asp Gly Asp Ser Asn Ala
           Val Thr Tyr Asp Lys
55
```

| | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68: TcbAii-syn |
|----|-----|--|
| 5 | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal |
| 10 | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68: TcbAii-syn |
| 15 | | Cys Tyr Asn Glu Asn Pro Ser Ser Glu Asp Lys Lys Trp Tyr Phe 1 5 10 15 Ser Ser Lys Asp Asp 20 |
| | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69: TcbAiii-syn |
| 20 | · | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| 25 | | <pre>(ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal</pre> |
| | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69: TcbA _{iii} -syn |
| 30 | | Cys Phe Asp Ser Tyr Ser Gln Leu Tyr Glu Glu Asn Ile Asn Ala 1 5 10 15 Gly Glu Gln Arg Ala 20 |
| 35 | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70: TcdA;;-syn |
| 33 | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 22 amino acids(B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single |
| 40 | | (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal |
| 45 | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70: TcdAii syn |
| - | | Cys Asn Pro Asn Asn Ser Ser Asn Lys Leu Met Phe Tyr Pro Val 1 5 10 15 Tyr Gln Tyr Ser Gly Asn Thr 20 |
| 50 | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71: TcdA;ii-syn |
| 55 | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| 60 | | <pre>(ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal</pre> |
| - | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71: TcdA;ii-syn |

Val Ser Gln Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Gly Ser Gly Asn Asn Leu Ala Phe Gly Ala Gly 5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 10 (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single — (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein 15 (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72: 160 kDa - Hb Met Gln Asp Ser Pro Glu Val Ala Ile Thr Thr Leu 20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 25 (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein 30 (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73: 170 kDa - WIR Met Gln Arg Ser Ser Glu Val Ser 35 5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 40 (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein 45 (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74: 180 kDa - H9 Met Gln Asp Ile Pro Glu Val Gln Leu Asn 50 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75: 170 kDa - Hm(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75: 55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single 60 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal 65 Met Gln Asp Ser Pro Glu Val Ser Val Thr Gln Asn

| | | Ţ | 5 | | • | 10 | | |
|----|-----|----------|--|--|---------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| 5 | (2) | INFOR | MATION FOR SE | O ID NO: | 76 : | | | |
| J | | (i) | SEQUENCE CHARA (A) LENGTH: (B) TYPE: am (C) STRANDED | 15 amino ino acid | acids | | | |
| 10 | | | (D) TOPOLOGY MOLECULAR TYPE FRAGMENT TYPE | : linear E: protei | in | | | |
| 15 | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCI | RIPTION: | SEQ II | NO:76: | 74 kDa | - H9 |
| | | Ser 1 | Glu Ser Leu Phe 5 | Thr Gln | Ser Leu | Lys Glu 10 | Ala Arg <i>I</i> | Arg Asp 15 |
| 20 | (2) | INFOR | MATION FOR SEC | Q ID NO:7 | 77: | | | |
| 25 | | (ii) | SEQUENCE CHARA (A) LENGTH: (B) TYPE: am (C) STRANDED (D) TOPOLOGY MOLECULAR TYPE FRAGMENT TYPE | 14 amino ino acid NESS: sin : linear E: protei | acids ngle .n | | | - |
| 30 | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCI | RIPTION: | SEQ ID | NO:77: | 71 kDa | - Hb |
| | | Met 1 | Asn Leu Ile Glu 5 | ı Ala Lys | Leu Gln | Glu Asn 10 | Arg Asp A | Ala |
| 35 | (2) | INFOR | MATION FOR SEC | Q ID NO:7 | 78: | | | |
| 40 | | (i) | SEQUENCE CHARMAN (A) LENGTH: (B) TYPE: am (C) STRANDED: (D) TOPOLOGY | 15 amino ino acid NESS: si | acids | | | |
| 45 | | | MOLECULAR TYPE FRAGMENT TYPE | | | | | |
| 10 | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCR | RIPTION: | SEQ ID | NO:78: | 170 kDa | - H9 |
| 50 | | Met 1 | Leu Ser Thr Met 5 | : Glu Lys | Gln Leu | Asn Glu 10 | Ser Gln A | Arg Asp 15 |
| | (2) | INFOR | RMATION FOR SEC | Q ID NO:7 | 79: | | | |
| 55 | | (i) | (A) LENGTH: (B) TYPE: am (C) STRANDED | 15 amino ino acid NESS: si | acids | | | |
| 60 | | | (D) TOPOLOGY MOLECULAR TYPE FRAGMENT TYPE | E: protei | | | | |
| , | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESC | RIPTION: | SEQ II | NO:79: | 109 kDa | - Hm |
| 65 | | Met 1 | Leu Asp Ile Met | Glu Lys | Gln Leu | Asn Glu 10 | Ser Glu A | Arg Asp 15 |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80: |
|----|-----|--|
| 5 | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| 10 | | (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80: 170 kDa - WX-1 |
| 15 | | Met Gln Asp Ser Arg Glu Val Ser 1 5 |
| 20 | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81: |
| | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids(B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single |
| 25 | | (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| 30 | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81: 69 kDa - H9 |
| 30 | | Leu Arg Ser Ala Xxx Ser Ala Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu 1 5 10 |
| 35 | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82: |
| 40 | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| 45 | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82: 64 kDa - HP88 |
| | | Leu Lys Leu Ala Asp Asn Gly Tyr Phe Asn Glu Pro Leu Asn Val 1 5 10 15 |
| 50 | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83: |
| 55 | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein |
| 60 | | (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83: 70 kDa - NC-1 |
| 65 | | Leu Lys Leu Ala Asp Asn Ser Tyr Phe Asn Glu Pro Leu Asn 1 5 10 15 |

| | (2) | INFOR | MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84: |
|----------|-----|----------|--|
| 5 | | (i) | SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| 10 | | | MOLECULAR TYPE: protein FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84: 60 kDa - WIR |
| 15 | | Ser 1 | Lys Asp Glu Ser Lys Ala Asp Ser Gln Leu Val Tyr His Thr 5 10 15 |
| | (2) | INFOR | MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85: |
| 20 | | (i) | SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| 25 | | | MOLECULAR TYPE: protein FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85: 58 kDa - NC-1 |
| 30 | | Met 1 | Lys Lys Arg Gly Leu Thr Thr Asn Ala Gly Ala Pro Val 5 10 |
| | (2) | INFOR | MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86: |
| 35 40 | | (i) | SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single |
| 40 | | | (D) TOPOLOGY: linear MOLECULAR TYPE: protein FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| 45 | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86: 60 kDa - WX-12 |
| 43 | | Met 1 | Leu Asn Pro Ile Val Arg Lys Phe Glu Tyr Gly Glu His Thr 5 10 15 |
| 50 | (2) | INFOR | MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87: |
| 55 | | (i) | SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single |
| , | | | (D) TOPOLOGY: linear MOLECULAR TYPE: protein FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal |
| 60 | | (xi) | SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87: 60 kDa - Hm |
| | | Ala 1 | Glu Ile Tyr Asn Lys Asp Gly Asn Lys Leu Asp Leu Tyr Gly 5 10 |
| 65 | | | |

| | (2) | INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88: |
|----|-----|--|
| 5 | | (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear |
| 10 | | <pre>(ii) MOLECULAR TYPE: protein (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal</pre> |
| | | (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88: 140 kDa - Hr |
| | | Asn Leu Ile Glu Ala Thr Leu Glu Cln Don Lou Dan La |

e Giu Ala Thr Leu Glu Gln Asn Leu Arg Asp Ala
5 10

We claim:

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1. A composition, comprising an effective amount of a *Photorhabdus* protein toxin that has functional activity against an insect.

- 2. The composition of Claim 1, wherein the *Photorhabdus* toxin is produced by a purified culture of *Photorhabdus*, a transgenic plant, baculovirus, or heterologous microbial host.
- 3. The composition of Claim 2, wherein the *Photorhabdus* toxin produced by a purified culture of *Photorhabdus* luminescens.
- 15 4. The composition of Claim 2, wherein the toxin is produced from a purified culture of *Photorhabdus luminescens* strain designated ATCC 55397.
- 5. The composition of Claim 2, wherein the toxin is produced by a purified culture of *Photorhabdus luminescens* strain designated W-14.
- The composition of Claim 1, wherein the toxin is produced by a purified culture of Photorhabdus strain
 designated WX-1, WX-2, WX-3, WX-4, WX-5, WX6, WX-7, WX-8, WX-9, WX-10, WX-11, WX-12, WX-14, WX-15, H9, Hb, Hm, HP88, NC-1, W30, WIR, B2, ATCC# 43948, ATCC# 43949, ATCC# 43950, ATCC# 43951, ATCC# 43952, DEP1, DEP2, DEP3, P. zealandrica, P. hepialus, HB-Arg, HB Oswego, HB Oswego, HB Lewiston, K-122, HMGD, Indicus, GD, PWH-5, Megidis, HF-85, A. Cows, MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, GL98, GL101, GL138, GL55, GL217, Or GL257.
- 7. The composition of Claim 2, wherein the toxin is produced from a purified culture of Photorhabdus luminescens strain designated WX-1, WX-2, WX-3, WX-4, WX-5, WX-6, WX-7, WX-8, WX-9, WX-10, WX-11, WX-12, WX-14, WX-15, H9, Hb, Hm, HP88, NC-1, W30, WIR, B2, ATCC# 43948, ATCC# 43949, ATCC# 43950, ATCC# 43951, ATCC# 43952, DEP1, DEP2, DEP3, P. zealandrica, P. hepialus, HB-Arg, HB Oswego, HB Oswego, HB Lewiston, K-122, HMGD, Indicus, GD, PWH-5, Megidis, HF-85, A. Cows, MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, GL98, GL101, GL138, GL55, GL217, or GL257.

8. The composition of Claim 1, wherein the toxin is represented by amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO:12.

- 9. The composition of Claim 6, wherein the composition is a mixture of one or more toxins produced from purified cultures of Photorhabdus.
- 10. The composition of Claim 1 or 6, wherein the insect is of the order Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Hymenoptera, Diptera, Dictyoptera, Acarina or Homoptera.
 - 11. The composition of Claim 1 or 6, wherein the insect species is from order Coleoptera and is Southern Corn Rootworm, Western Corn Rootworm, Colorado Potato Beetle, Mealworm, Boll Weevil or Turf Grub.

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- 12. The composition of Claim 1 or 6, wherein the insect species is from order *Lepidoptera* and is Beet Armyworm, Black Cutworm, Cabbage Looper, Codling Moth, Corn Earworm, European Corn Borer, Tobacco Hornworm, or Tobacco Budworm.
 - 13. The composition of Claim 1 or 6, wherein the toxin is formulated as a sprayable insecticide.
 - 14. The composition of Claim 1 or Claim 6, wherein the toxin is formulated as a bait matrix and delivered in an above ground or below ground bait station.
- 30 15. A method of controlling an insect, comprising orally delivering to an insect an effective amount of a protein toxin that has functional activity against an insect, wherein the protein is produced by a purified bacterial culture of the genus *Photorhabdus*.
 - 16. The method of Claim 15, wherein the bacterium is a purified culture of *Photorhabdus luminescens*.
- 17. The method of Claim 15, wherein the toxin is produced from a purified culture of *Photorhabdus luminescens* strain designated ATCC 55397.

18. The method of Claim 16, wherein the toxin is produced from a purified culture of *Photorhabdus luminescens* strain designated W-14.

19. The method of Claim 15, wherein the toxin is
produced from a purified culture of Photorhabdus strains
designated WX-1, WX-2, WX-3, WX-4, WX-5, WX-6, WX-7, WX-8, WX9, WX-10, WX-11, WX-12, WX-14, WX-15, H9, Hb, Hm, HP88, NC-1,
W30, WIR, B2, ATCC# 43948, ATCC# 43949, ATCC# 43950, ATCC#
10 43951, ATCC# 43952, DEP1, DEP2, DEP3, P. zealandrica, P.
hepialus, HB-Arg, HB Oswego, HB Oswego, HB Lewiston, K-122,
HMGD, Indicus, GD, PWH-5, Megidis, HF-85, A. Cows, MP1, MP2,
MP3, MP4, MP5, GL98,
GL101, GL138, GL155, GL217, or GL257.

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- 20. The method of Claim 15, wherein the toxin is produced from a purified culture of Photorhabdus luminescens strains designated WX-1, WX-2, WX-3, WX-4, WX-5, WX-6, WX-7, WX-8, WX-9, WX-10, WX-11, WX-12, WX-14, WX-15, H9, Hb, Hm, 20 HP88, NC-1, W30, WIR, B2, ATCC# 43948, ATCC# 43949, ATCC# 43950, ATCC# 43951, ATCC# 43952, DEP1, DEP2, DEP3, P. zealandrica, P. hepialus, HB-Arg, HB Oswego, HB Oswego, HB Lewiston, K-122, HMGD, Indicus, GD, PWH-5, Megidis, HF-85, A. Cows, MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, GL98, GL101, GL138, GL155, GL217, or GL257.
 - 21. The method of Claim 19, wherein a mixture of one or more toxins is produced from a purified culture of Photorhabdus and said toxins are orally delivered to an insect.
 - 22. The method of Claim 15, wherein the toxin is produced by a prokaryotic host transformed with a gene encoding the toxin.

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- 23. The method of Claim 15, wherein the toxin is produced by a eukaryotic host transformed with a gene encoding the toxin.
- 40 24. The method of Claim 23, wherein the eukaryotic host is baculovirus.

25. The method of Claim 15 or 19, wherein the insect is of the order Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Hymenoptera, Diptera, Dictyoptera, Acarina or Homoptera.

- 5 26. The method of Claim 15 or 19, wherein the insect species is from order Coleoptera and is Southern Corn Rootworm, Western Corn Rootworm, Colorado Potato Beetle, Mealworm, Boll Weevil or Turf Grub.
- 27. The method of Claim 15 or 19, wherein the insect species is from order Lepidoptera and is Beet Armyworm, Black Cutworm, Cabbage Looper, Codling Moth, Corn Earworm, European Corn Borer, Tobacco Hornworm, or Tobacco Budworm.
- 15 28. The method of Claim 15 or 19, wherein the toxin is formulated as a sprayable insecticide.
- 29. The method of Claim 15 or Claim 19, wherein the toxin is formulated as a bait matrix and delivered in an above ground or below ground bait station.

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A method of isolating a gene coding for a protein subunit, comprising the steps of: constructing at least one RNA or DNA oligonucleotide molecule that corresponds to at least a part of a DNA coding region of an amino acid sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NO:20, SEQ ID NO:21, SEQ ID NO:22, SEQ ID NO:23, SEQ ID NO:24, SEQ ID NO:36, SEQ ID NO:37, SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:39, SEQ ID NO:40, SEQ ID NO:41, SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:43, SEQ ID NO:62, SEQ ID NO:72, SEQ ID NO:73, SEQ ID NO:74, SEQ ID NO:75, SEQ ID NO:76, SEQ ID NO:77, SEQ ID NO:78, SEQ ID NO:79, SEQ ID NO:80, SEQ ID NO:81, SEQ ID NO:82, SEQ ID NO:83, SEQ ID NO:84, SEQ ID NO:85, SEQ ID NO:86, SEQ ID NO:87, and SEQ ID NO:88, wherein the nucleotide molecule is used to isolate genetic material from Photorhabdus or Photorhabdus luminescens.

31. A method for expressing a protein produced by a purified bacterial culture of the genus *Photorhabdus* in a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host in an effective amount so that

the protein has functional activity against an insect, wherein the method comprises: constructing a chimeric DNA construct having 5' to 3' a promoter, a DNA sequence encoding a protein, a transcription terminator, and then transferring the chimeric DNA construct into the host.

32. The method of Claim 31, wherein the protein has functional activity against insects selected from a group consisting of Coleoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera, Homoptera, Hymenoptera, Dictyoptera, and Acarina.

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- The method of Claim 31, wherein the protein encoded by the DNA sequence has an N-terminal amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ 15 ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NO:20, SEQ ID NO:21, SEQ ID NO:22, SEQ ID NO:23, SEQ ID NO:24, SEQ ID NO:36, SEQ ID NO:37, SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:39, SEQ ID NO:40, SEQ ID NO:41, SEQ ID 20 NO:42, SEQ ID NO:43, SEQ ID NO:62, SEQ ID NO:72, SEQ ID NO:73, SEQ ID NO:74, SEQ ID NO:75, SEQ ID NO:76, SEQ ID NO:77, SEQ ID NO:78, SEQ ID NO:79, SEQ ID NO:80, SEQ ID NO:81, SEQ ID NO:82, SEO ID NO:83, SEQ ID NO:84, SEQ ID NO:85, SEQ ID NO:86, SEQ ID 25 NO:87, and SEQ ID NO:88.
 - 34. The method of Claim 31, wherein the protein encoded by the DNA sequence includes the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:26, SEQ ID NO:28, SEQ ID NO:30, SEQ ID NO:32, SEQ ID NO:34, SEQ ID NO:35, SEQ ID NO:47, SEQ ID NO:49, SEQ ID NO:51, SEQ ID NO:53, SEQ ID NO:55, SEQ ID NO:57, SEQ ID NO:59, and SEQ ID NO:61.
- 35. A chimeric DNA construct, adapted for expression in a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host comprising, 5' to 3' a transcriptional promoter active in the host; a DNA sequence encoding a *Photorhabdus* protein that has functional activity against an insect; and a transcriptional terminator.
- 36. A chimeric DNA construct of Claim 35, wherein the protein encoded by the DNA sequence has an N-terminal amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ

ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:10,
SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ
ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NO:20, SEQ ID
NO:21, SEQ ID NO:22, SEQ ID NO:23, SEQ ID NO:24, SEQ ID NO:36,
SEQ ID NO:37, SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:39, SEQ ID NO:40, SEQ ID
NO:41, SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:43, SEQ ID NO:62, SEQ ID NO:72,
SEQ ID NO:73, SEQ ID NO:74, SEQ ID NO:75, SEQ ID NO:76, SEQ ID
NO:77, SEQ ID NO:78, SEQ ID NO:79, SEQ ID NO:80, SEQ ID NO:81,
SEQ ID NO:82, SEQ ID NO:83, SEQ ID NO:84, SEQ ID NO:85, SEQ ID
NO:86, SEQ ID NO:87, and SEQ ID NO:88.

37. The chimeric DNA construct of Claim 35, wherein the protein encoded by the DNA sequence has an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:26, SEQ ID NO:28, SEQ ID NO:30, SEQ ID NO:32, SEQ ID NO:34, SEQ ID NO:35, SEQ ID NO:47, SEQ ID NO:49, SEQ ID NO:51, SEQ ID NO:53, SEQ ID NO:55, SEQ ID NO:57, SEQ ID NO:59, and SEQ ID NO:61.

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- 20 38. The chimeric DNA construct of Claim 35, wherein the DNA sequence encoding the *Photorhabdus luminescens* protein is selected from the group comprising SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:25, SEQ ID NO:27, SEQ ID NO:29, SEQ ID NO:31, SEQ ID NO:33, SEQ ID NO:46, SEQ ID NO:48, SEQ ID NO:50, SEQ ID NO:52, SEQ ID NO:54, SEQ ID NO:56, SEQ ID NO: 58, and SEQ ID NO:60.
 - 39. The chimeric DNA construct of Claim 35, wherein the host is baculovirus or a plant cell.
- 40. An isolated and substantially purified preparation comprising, a DNA molecule capable of encoding an effective amount of a protein that is produced by a bacterium of the genus *Photorhabdus* and that has functional activity against an insect.

41. The preparation of Claim 40, wherein the bacterium is *Photorhabdus luminescens*.

42. A purified preparation comprising, a protein
40 produced by *Photorhabdus* or *Photorhabdus luminescens* having an N-terminal amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ

ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NO:20, SEQ ID NO:21, SEQ ID NO:22, SEQ ID NO:23, SEQ ID NO:24, SEQ ID NO:36, SEQ ID NO:37, SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:39, SEQ ID NO:40, SEQ ID NO:41, SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:43, SEQ ID NO:62, SEQ ID NO:72, SEQ ID NO:73, SEQ ID NO:74, SEQ ID NO:75, SEQ ID NO:76, SEQ ID NO:77, SEQ ID NO:78, SEQ ID NO:79, SEQ ID NO:80, SEQ ID NO:81, SEQ ID NO:82, SEQ ID NO:83, SEQ ID NO:84, SEQ ID NO:85, SEQ ID NO:86, SEQ ID NO:87, and SEQ ID NO:88.

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43. A purified protein preparation comprising, a protein that has an N-terminal amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:9, and SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO: 13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NO:20, SEQ ID NO:21, SEQ ID NO:22, SEQ ID NO:23, SEQ ID NO:24, SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:39, SEQ ID NO:40, SEQ ID NO:41, SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:43, SEQ ID NO:62, SEQ ID NO:72, SEQ ID NO:73, SEQ ID NO:74, SEQ ID NO:75, SEQ ID NO:76, SEQ ID NO:77, SEQ ID NO:78, SEQ ID NO:79, SEQ ID NO:80, SEQ ID NO:81, SEQ ID NO:82, SEQ ID NO:83, SEQ ID NO:84, SEQ ID NO:85, SEQ ID NO:86, SEQ ID NO:87, and SEQ ID NO:88.

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- 44. A purified protein preparation comprising, a protein selected from the group of SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:26, SEQ ID NO:28, SEQ ID NO:30, SEQ ID NO:32, SEQ ID NO:34, SEQ ID NO:35, SEQ ID NO:47, SEQ ID NO:49, SEQ ID NO:51, SEQ ID NO:53, SEQ ID NO:55, SEQ ID NO:57, SEQ ID NO:59, and SEQ ID NO:61.
- 45. A purified DNA preparation comprising, a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:25, SEQ ID NO:27, SEQ ID NO:29, SEQ ID NO:31, SEQ ID NO:33, SEQ ID NO:46, SEQ ID NO:48, SEQ ID NO:50, SEQ ID NO:52, SEQ ID NO:54, SEQ ID NO:56, SEQ ID NO:58 and SEQ ID NO:60, wherein the DNA sequence is isolated from its native host.
- 46. A purified protein preparation comprising, a
 40 Photorhabdus luminescens protein with at least one subunit
 having an approximate molecular weight between 18 kDa to about
 230 kDa; between about 160 kDa to about 230 kDa; 100 kDa to

160 kDa; about 80 kDa to about 100 kDa; or about 50 kDa to about 80 kDa.

- 47. A purified protein preparation comprising, a Photorhabdus luminescens protein with at least one subunit having an approximate molecular weight of about 280 kDa.
 - 48. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, ATCC 55397.

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- 49. The culture of Claim 48, wherein the culture is a derivative of ATCC 55397 that produces a protein toxin that has functional activity against an insect.
- 15 50. A transgenic plant comprising in its genome, a chimeric artificial gene construction imbuing the plant with an ability to express an effective amount of a *Photorhabdus* protein that has functional activity against an insect.
- 20 51. The transgenic plant of Claim 50, wherein the plant is transformed using acceleration of genetic material coated onto microparticles directly into cells, Agrobacteria, whiskers, or electroporation techniques
- 52. The transgenic plant of Claim 50, wherein the selectable marker is selected from the group consisting of kanamycin, neomycin, glyphosate, hygromycin, methotrexate, phosphinothricin (bialophos), chlorosulfuron, bromoxynil, dalapon and the like.

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- 53. The transgenic plant of Claim 50, wherein the promoter is selected from the group consisting of octopine synthase, nopaline synthase, mannopine synthase, 35S, 19S, 35T, ribulose-1,6-bisphosphate (RUBP) carboxylase small subunit (ssu), beta-conglycinin, phaseolin, alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH), heat-shock, ubiquitin, zein, oleosin, napin, or acyl carier protein (ACP).
- 54. The transgenic plant of Claim 50, wherein
 40 embryogenic tissue, callus tissue type I or II, hypocotyl,
 meristem, or plant tissue during dedifferentiation is used in
 preparing the transgenic plant.

55. The transgenic plant of Claim 50, wherein the chimeric gene is a DNA sequence which encodes a *Photorhabdus* protein that has functional activity against an insect and at least one codon of the gene has been modified so that the codon is a plant preferred codon.

- 56. A method of controlling an insect comprising orally delivering to an insect an effective amount of a protein toxin, wherein the protein is produced by a transgenic plant, which said insect feeds.
- 57. A composition of matter, comprising a purified DNA sequence from a purified bacterial culture from the genus.

 15. Photorhabdus.
 - 58. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising,
- 20 H9.

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59. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising,

HE

- 60. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising,
- 30 61. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising,
 HP88.
- 62. A substantially pure microorganism culture 35 comprising, NC-1.
 - 63. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising,
- 40 W30.
 - 64. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising,

WIR.

65. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising,

- 5 B2.
 - 66. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, P. zealandrica.
- 10 67. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, P. hepialus.
 - 68. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, HB-Arg.

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- 69. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, HB Oswego.
- 70. A substantially pure microorganism culture 20 comprising, HB Lewiston.
 - 71. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, K-122.
- 25 72. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, HMGD.
 - 73. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, Indicus.

- 74. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, GD.
- 75. A substantially pure microorganism culture 35 comprising, PWH-5.
 - 76. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, Megidis.
- 40 77. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, HF-85.

78. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, A. Cows.

- 79. A substantially pure microorganism culture 5 comprising, MP1.
 - 80. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, MP2.
- 10 81. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, MP3.
 - 82. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, MP4.
- 83. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, MP5.

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- 84. A substantially pure microorganism culture 20 comprising, GL98.
 - 85. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, GL155.
- 25 86. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, GL101.
 - 87. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, GL138.
 - 88. A substantially pure microorganism culture comprising, GL217.
- 89. A substantially pure microorganism culture 35 comprising, -GL257.
 - 90. A method of making an antibody against a protein fragment that is part of a protein having functional activity, where the protein is produced by bacteria of the Enterobacteracaea family, wherein the method comprises:
 - a) isolating a fragment of the protein, where the protein fragment is at least six amino acids;

b) immunizing a mammalian species with the protein fragment; and

- 5 c) harvesting serum containing antibody or antibody from the spleen of the mammalian species, where the antibody harvested is antibody to the protein fragment having functional activity.
- 91. The method of Claim 1, wherein the protein fragment is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:63, SEQ ID NO:64, SEQ ID NO:65, SEQ ID NO:66, SEQ ID NO:67, SEQ ID NO:68, SEQ ID NO:69, SEQ ID NO:70, and SEQ ID NO:71.
- 15 92. The method of Claim 90, wherein the bacteria is from the genus *Photorhabdus*.
 - 93. The method of Claim 90, wherein the bacteria is from the genus *Photorhabdus luminescens*.
 - 94. A method of selecting a DNA fragment which encodes a portion of a protein that has functional activity, where the protein is produced from a bacteria of the Enterobacteracaea family, wherein the method comprises:
 - a) isolating a fragment of the DNA sequence having at least 30 nucleotides;
- b) tagging the DNA fragment with a radioactive or 30 chemical agent;

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- c) hybridizing the DNA fragment to a DNA library, where the DNA library is an Enterobacteracaea cDNA or Enterobacteracaea genomic library; and.
- d) selecting the fragment that is hybridized to the DNA in the library that encodes for the protein that has functional activity.
- 40 95. The method of Claim 94, wherein the bacteria is from the genus *Photorhabdus*.

96. The method of Claim 95, wherein the bacteria is from the genus Photorhabdus luminescens.

- 97. A method of selecting a DNA fragment which encodes a portion of a protein that has functional activity, where the protein is produced from a bacteria of the *Enterobacteracaea* family, wherein the method comprises:
- a) isolating at least two primers, where a primer is a 10 fragment of DNA having at least twelve nucleotides;
 - b) using the primers from step a), amplifying a DNA fragment from Enterobacteracaea by using primers with polymerase chain reaction technology and purifying the DNA fragment;
 - c) tagging the purified DNA fragment with a radioactive or chemical agent;
- d) hybridizing the purified DNA fragment to a DNA library, where the DNA library is an *Enterobacteracaea* cDNA or *Enterobacteracaea* genomic library; and
- e) selecting a DNA fragment that is equal or larger in size to the purified DNA fragment from the library, where the selected DNA fragment or portion thereof encodes for a protein that has functional activity.
- 98. The method of Claim 97, wherein the bacteria is from 30 the genus *Photorhabdus*.
 - 99. The method of Claim 98, wherein the bacteria is fromthe genus Photorhabdus luminescens.

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FIG

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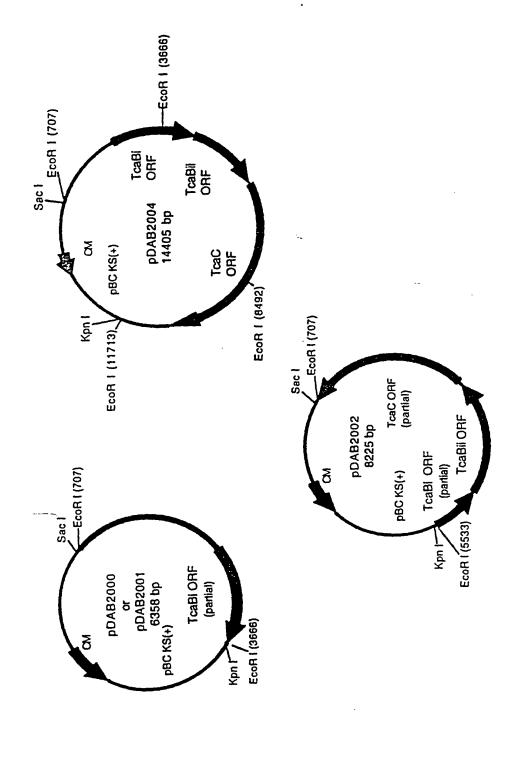


FIG. 2 Plasmids used in sequencing the Ica locus. CM = Chloramphenicol resistance gene. ORF = Open Reading Frame,

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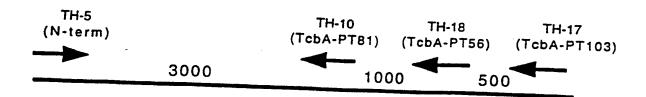


FIG. 3 Physical Map of DNA fragments of *tcb* locus. Estimated distance between fragments given in nucleotides.

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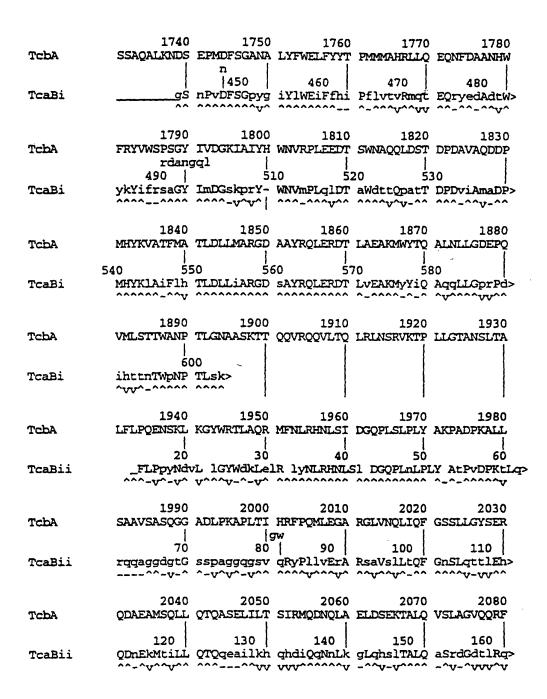


FIG. 4A

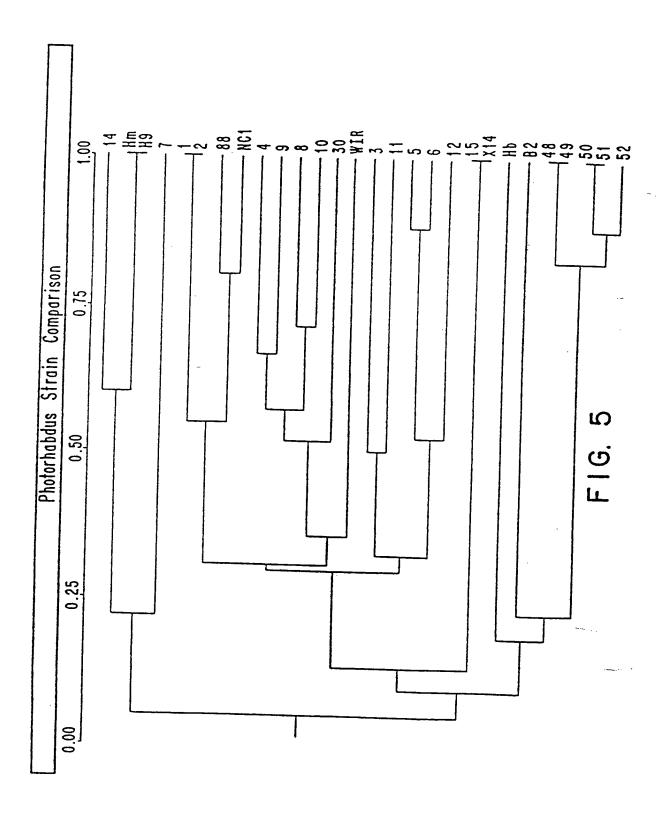
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| TcbA | 2090 DSYSQLYEEN | | 2110 LRSESAIESQ | 2120 GAQISRMAGA | |
|--------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| TcaBii | 170 khYSdLingg | 180 lsAaEiagLt | 190 LRStamI-tn | 200 Gvatglliag | a 210 GinavPNvFG> |
| TcbA | 2140 LADGGMHYGA | | — 2160 LSASAKMVDA | 2170 EKVAQSEIYR | |
| TcaBii | 220 LAnGGsewGA | 230 pligsgqatq | 240 vgAgiqdqsA | 250 gisevtagYq | 260 RRgeEWalQR> |
| TcbA | 2190 DNAQAEINQL | | 2210 REAAEMQKEY | 2220 LKTQQAQAQA | |
| TcaBii | 270 DiAdnEItQL | 280 dAQiqSLqeq | 290 itmAqkQitl | 300 seTeQAnAQA | 310 iydlqttrFt> |
| TcbA | 2240 | 2250 | 2260 | 2270 EQSYQWEAND | 2280 |
| TcaBii | 320 gQALYnWmaG | 330 RLSalYyQmY | 340 DstlpiClqp | kaalvqEgek | 360 eSdSlfqvpv> |
| TcbA | 2290 WQGTYAGLLC | 2300 GEALIONLAO | | 2320 RALEVERTVS | |
| TcaBii | 370 WndlwqGLLa | 380 GEgLsseLqk | 390 ldaiwLargg | 400 igLEaiRTVS | 410 LdtlfgtG> |
| TcbA | 2340 NDRFNLAEQI | | | 2370 ANAILSASVĶ | |
| TcaBii | | | | 440 tgdIfqAtld | 450 LSqLgLdnsY> |
| TcbA | 2390 PDSIVGSNKV | | | 2420 QAMLSYGGST | |
| TcaBii | | | | 490 eAtLvmGaea | 500 aLshGvndgg> |
| TcbA | 2440 VSHGTNDSGQ | 2450 FQLDFNDGKY | | | |
| TcaBii | | 520 F-LpF-eGrd | | | |

FIG. 4B

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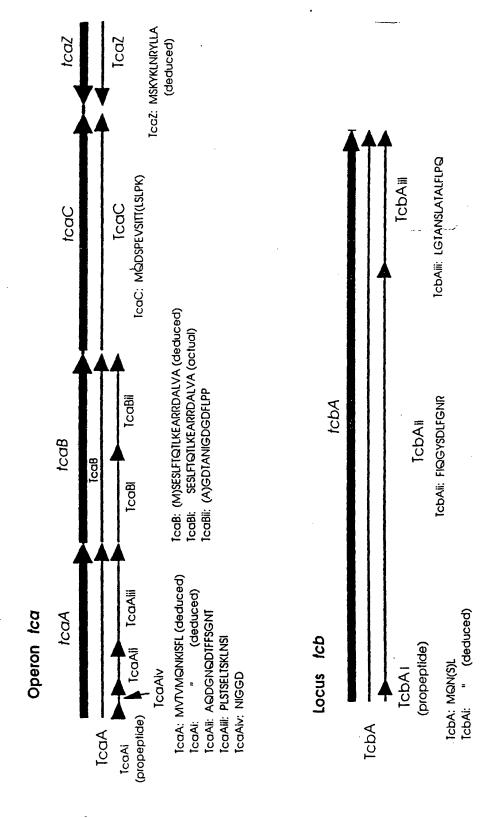


FIG.6A loci tca and tcb, primary gene products, and derived peptides

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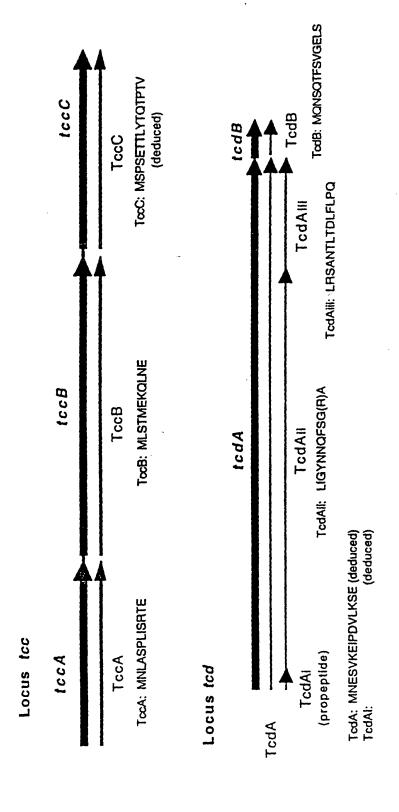


FIG. 6B Loci tcc and tcd, primary gene products, and derived peptides.

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